Melrose PFG Company Number 1 Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

FRIDAY

LD2 16/05/2014
COMPANIES HOUSE

#30

Melrose PFG Company Number 1 Limited Contents

| Company Information | 1 |
|--|---------|
| Strategic Report | 2 |
| Directors' Report | 3 |
| Statement of Directors' Responsibilities | 4 |
| Independent Auditor's Report | 5 to 6 |
| Profit and Loss Account | 7 |
| Balance Sheet | 8 |
| Notes to the Financial Statements | 9 to 13 |

Melrose PFG Company Number 1 Limited Company Information

Directors

G E Barnes

G P Martin

S A Peckham

Company secretary

A D C Westley

Registered office

11th Floor Colmore Plaza

20 Colmore Circus Queensway

Birmingham West Midlands B4 6AT

Auditor

Deloitte LLP

London

United Kingdom

Melrose PFG Company Number 1 Limited Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

The Directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2013

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company is to act as a guarantor to the FKI UK Pension Plan and Mckechnie Pension Plan, both pension schemes which are held within the Melrose Industries PLC group On 30 June 2013, the FKI UK Pension Plan was split into three separate independent plans, the FKI UK Pension Plan, the Brush Group (2013) Pension Plan and the Bridon Group (2013) Pension Plan The Company continued to be a guarantor to the FKI UK Pension Plan after this demerger

Fair review of the business

The operating profit for the year ended 31 December 2013 was £20,000 (year ended 31 December 2012 profit of £20,000) The retained profit for the year ended 31 December 2013 was £38,000 (year ended 31 December 2012 profit of £49,000)

The Company considers its key performance indicators to be in line with those of Melrose Industries PLC as disclosed in the Strategic Report of the 2013 Annual Report

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Company's activities expose it to a number of financial risks including credit risk and liquidity risk

Credit risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its receivables from other Group undertakings. The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet are net of allowances for doubtful receivables. An allowance for impairment is made where there is an identified loss event which, based on previous experience, is evidence of a reduction in the recoverability of the cash flows.

Liquidity risk

In order to maintain liquidity to ensure that sufficient funds are available for ongoing operations and future developments, the Company ensures regular communication with other Group companies

Going concern

The Directors have considered the going concern assumption given the current uncertain economic climate and have reviewed the Company forecast for the foreseeable future. After making enquiries and considering the above facts, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Approved by the Board on 15 May 2014 and signed on its behalf by

G E Bath

Melrose PFG Company Number 1 Limited Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year were as follows

G E Barnes

G P Martin

S A Peckham

Dividends

The Directors paid a dividend in the year of £20,000 (year ended 31 December 2012 £20,000)

Directors' indemnities

The ultimate parent undertaking has indemnified one or more Directors of the Company against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 2006 Such qualifying third party indemnity provision was in force throughout the year and at the date of this report

Disclosure of information to the auditor

Each director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditor is unaware.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

Approved by the Board on 15 May 2014 and signed on its behalf by

G E Barn

Melrose PFG Company Number 1 Limited Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Melrose PFG Company Number 1 Limited Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Melrose PFG Company Number 1 Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Melrose PFG Company Number 1 Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013, set out on pages 7 to 13 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (set out on page 4), the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice,
 and
- · have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Melrose PFG Company Number 1 Limited Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Melrose PFG Company Number 1 Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Jeremy Black (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP, Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

London United Kingdom

16 May 2014

Melrose PFG Company Number 1 Limited Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

| | Note | 2013 £ 000 | 2012 £ 000 |
|---|------|---------------|---------------|
| Other operating income | | 20 | 20 |
| Operating profit | | 20 | 20 |
| Interest receivable and similar income | 3 | 18 | 29 |
| Profit on ordinary activities before taxation | | 38 | 49 |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities | 6 | <u> </u> | |
| Profit for the financial year | 10 | 38 | 49 |

The above results derive from continuing operations

The company has no recognised gains or losses for the year other than the results above

Melrose PFG Company Number 1 Limited (Registration number: 01668314) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2013

| | Note | 2013 £ 000 | 2012 £ 000 |
|-------------------------|------|---------------|---------------|
| Current assets | | | |
| Debtors | 7 | 2,056 | 2,038 |
| Net assets | | 2,056 | 2,038 |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Called up share capital | 8 | 2,000 | 2,000 |
| Profit and loss account | 10 | 56 | 38 |
| Shareholders' funds | 11 | 2,056 | 2,038 |

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 15 May 2014 and signed on its behalf by

G E Barres Director

1 Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards, and on a going concern basis as described in the Strategic Report

Exemption from preparing a cash flow statement

The company is exempt from preparing a cash flow statement as 90% or more of the voting rights are held within the group

Going concern

The Directors have considered the going concern assumption given the current uncertain economic climate and have reviewed the Company forecast for the foreseeable future. After making enquiries and considering the above facts, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the Balance Sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the Balance Sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless by the Balance Sheet date there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued asset and the gain or loss expected to arise on sale has been recognised in the financial statements. Neither is deferred tax recognised when fixed assets are sold and it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over, being charged to tax only if and when the replacement assets are sold

Deferred tax is measured at the average rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

2 Auditor's remuneration

The fees payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the financial statements of £2,000 (year ended 31 December 2012 £2,000) were borne by a fellow Group undertaking

3 Interest receivable and similar income

| | 2013 | 2012 |
|---|-------|-------|
| | £ 000 | £ 000 |
| Interest on loans to group undertakings | 18 | 29 |

4 Particulars of employees

The Company did not have any employees in the current year or the prior year

5 Directors' remuneration

The Directors received no remuneration for their services to the Company during the year (year ended 31 December 2012 £nil) The Directors of the Company who served during the year were also Directors of a number of the companies within the Melrose Group and as such remuneration of directors is borne by a fellow company

6 Taxation

7

| Tax on profit on ordinary activities | | |
|--|----------|-------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | £ 000 | £ 000 |
| Total current tax | <u> </u> | |
| Total tax on profit on ordinary activities | | |

Factors affecting current tax charge for the year

The tax on profit on ordinary activities for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (2012 lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK) of 23 25% (2012 24 5%)

The differences are reconciled below

| | 2013 £ 000 | 2012 £ 000 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Profit on ordinary activities before tax | 38 | 49 |
| Corporation tax at standard rate Group relief at nil consideration | 9 (9) | 12 (12) |
| Total current tax | | <u>-</u> |
| Debtors | | |

| | 2013 | 2012 |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | £ 000 | £ 000 |
| Amounts owed by group undertakings | 2,056 | 2,038 |

8 Share capital

| | Allotted, called up and fully paid sha | res | | | |
|----|---|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | No. | 2013 £ 000 | No. | 2012 £ 000 |
| | Ordinary Shares of £1 each | 2,000,000 | 2,000 | 2,000,000 | 2,000 |
| 9 | Dividends | | | | |
| | | | | 2013 £ 000 | 2012 £ 000 |
| | Dividends paid | | | | |
| | Dividends paid | | | 20 | 20 |
| 10 | Reserves | | | | |
| | | | Pro | ofit and loss | |
| | | | | account | Total |
| | At 1 January 2013 | | | £ 000 38 | £ 000 38 |
| | Profit for the year | | | 38 | 38 |
| | Dividends | | | (20) | (20) |
| | At 31 December 2013 | | <u> </u> | 56 | 56 |
| | | | | | |
| 11 | Reconciliation of movement in share | holders' funds | | | |
| | | | | 2013 | 2012 |
| | Description 1 and 1 and 1 and 1 | | | £ 000 | £ 000 |
| | Profit attributable to the members of the Dividends | e company | | 38 | 49 |
| | | | | (20) | (20) |
| | Net addition to shareholders funds | | | 18 | 29 |
| | Shareholders' funds at 1 January | | | 2,038 | 2,009 |
| | Shareholders' funds at 31 December | | | 2,056 | 2,038 |

12 Contingent liabilities

The Company acts as a guarantor of the FKI UK Pension Plan and the Mckechnie UK Pension Plan whereby the Company provides guarantees to the trustees of each of the plans in respect of the obligations of the employers to make payments to the plans

13 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS8 "Related Party Disclosures" from disclosing transactions with other members of the group

14 Control

The immediate parent company is Melrose PLC, which is incorporated in England and Wales

The ultimate parent company and controlling party is Melrose Industries PLC, which is incorporated in England and Wales

The smallest and largest group in which results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Melrose Industries PLC Consolidated financial statements are available from the 11th Floor, Colmore Plaza, 20 Colmore Circus Queensway, Birmingham, West Midlands, B4 6AT