Company Registration Number: 01662682

MAERSK CREWING LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2018



MAERSK CREWING LIMITED

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STRATEGIC REPORT

The Directors present their Annual Report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Review of the business

The principal activity of the Company continues to be ship manning agents. The Directors consider that the Company's activities will continue for the foreseeable future.

The performance for the year shows a profit of £18,907 (2017: £45,632). The decrease in profit is primarily from a fall in interest income due to a lower cash balance being held throughout 2018.

At the end of the year the Company had total equity of £398,090 (2017: £379,183).

Total assets are £472,861 (2017: £522,779) of which cash and cash equivalents are £142,210 (2017: £454,638).

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Company actively reviews and manages risk. The principal risks and uncertainties of the Company are ultimately aligned with those of the global shipping industry. However as the Company's activities are entirely within the Maersk group the exposure to external market risk is limited.

Further information on the Company's financial risk management policies can be found in Note 13 of these financial statements.

By order of the Board

David Jeffrey Harris Director 3 June 2019 The Pearl 7 New Bridge Street West Newcastle upon Tyne United Kingdom NE1 8AQ

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company continues to be that of ship manning agents.

Future developments

The Directors consider that the Company's crew manning activities will continue for the foreseeable future.

Dividends

No dividend payments were made during the year (2017: nil). The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2017: nil). Transfers to reserves are shown in the reconciliation of the movement in shareholders' funds within the Statement of Changes in Equity on page 10.

Review of the business

The results for the year are shown in the Income Statement on page 7. For an analysis of the results and performance of the Company's business refer to the Strategic Report on page 1 of these financial statements.

Principal risks and uncertainties

For the principal risks and uncertainties refer to the Strategic Report on page 1 of these financial statements and Note 13 Financial Risk Management.

Prior year restatement

The Income Statement for the year ended 31 December 2017 has been restated to correctly reflect that costs directly attributable to the provision of services have been moved from administration expenses to cost of sales to better represent the nature of the costs.

Directors

The Directors in office during the year ended 31 December 2018 and to the date of approval of these financial statements, were:

John Kilby (Resigned: 1 December 2018)

Nigel Edmund Lehmann-Taylor (Resigned: 1 December 2018)

David Jeffrey Harris Marie Patricia Cooper

Graeme Thomson (Appointed: 1 December 2018)

No Director had a beneficial interest in the shares of the Company at any time during the year.

As permitted by the Articles of Association, the Directors have the benefit of an indemnity which is a qualifying third party indemnity provision as defined by Section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. The indemnity was in force throughout the last financial year and is currently in force.

Employment policies

The Company is committed to ensuring that no discrimination is practised against any employee or prospective employee on the grounds of colour, race, creed or sex. In particular the Company has a policy of giving full and fair consideration to applications for employment from registered disabled people. In cases where disablement occurs whilst in service, Company policy is, as far as possible, to continue employment and to arrange for any necessary re-training facilities. Opportunities for training, career development and promotion apply equally across the Company to disabled and non-disabled people alike.

The Company has developed harmonised arrangements for communication and consultation with employees including an intranet web site, electronic mail for the announcement of key issues, staff newsletters and magazines and senior management briefings to staff. The Company regularly consults employees so that the views of employees can be taken into account in making decisions that are likely to affect their interests.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Statement of disclosure of information to auditors

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and each Director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

Pursuant to section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will therefore continue in office.

On behalf of the Board

David Jeffrey Harris Director 3 June 2019 The Pearl 7 New Bridge Street West Newcastle upon Tyne United Kingdom NE1 8AQ

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable IFRSs as adopted by the European Union have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the Board

David Jeffrey Harris Director 3 June 2019 The Pearl
7 New Bridge Street West
Newcastle upon Tyne
United Kingdom
NE1 8AQ

Independent auditors' report to the members of Maersk Crewing Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, Maersk Crewing Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its profit and cash flows for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2018; the Income Statement, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flows, the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of the above matters.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. For example, the terms on which the United Kingdom may withdraw from the European Union are not clear, and it is difficult to evaluate all of the potential implications on the Company's trade, customers, suppliers and the wider economy.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report and Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Maersk Crewing Limited (continued)

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2018 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Stuart Macdougall (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London

3 June 2019

INCOME STATEMENT

for the year ended 31 December 2018	Notes	2018	2017 (restated)
		£	(restated) £
Continuing operations			
Revenue		511,736	531,021
Cost of sales		(273,604)	(287,483)
Gross Profit		238,132	243,538
Administrative expense	2/3	(220,722)	(224,262)
Other operating income	4	-	558
Other operating expense	5 _	(956)	
OPERATING PROFIT		16,454	19,834
Financial income	6	6,283	44,216
Financial expense	6 _	(1,247)	(11,713)
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX		21,490	52,337
Income tax expense	7	(2,583)	(6,705)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	_	18,907	45,632
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		18,907	45,632

The notes on pages 12 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the year ended 31 December 2018

for the year ended 31 December 2018	2018	2017 (restated)
	£	£
Profit for the year	18,907	45,632
Total comprehensive income for the year	18,907	45,632
Total comprehensive income attributable to : Owners of the parent	18,907	45,632

The notes on pages 12 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 31 December 2018	Note	2018 £	2017 £
ASSETS		~	-
Non-current assets			
Deferred tax assets	8	1,854	2,261
Current assets		1,854	2,261
Trade and other receivables	9	328,797	65,880
Cash and cash equivalents	10	142,210	454,638
		471,007	520,518
TOTAL ASSETS		472,861	522,779
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital	11	10,000	10,000
Retained earnings		388,090	369,183
Total equity		398,090	379,183
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Tax payable	7	11,732	27,706
Trade and other payables	12	63,039	115,890
		74,771	143,596
Total liabilities		74,771	143,596
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		472,861	522,779

The notes on pages 12 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 7 to 20 were approved by the Board of Directors on 3 June 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

David Jeffrey Harris

Director

Company registration number: 01662682

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the year ended 31 December 2018

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total Equity
Balance at 1 January 2017	10,000	323,551	333,551
Total profit and comprehensive income for the year	-	45,632	45,632
Balance at 31 December 2017	10,000	369,183	379,183
Balance at 1 January 2018	10,000	369,183	379,183
Total profit and comprehensive income for the year	-	18,907	18,907
Balance at 31 December 2018	10,000	388,090	398,090

The notes on pages 12 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 31 December 2018			
•	Notes	2018	2017
		£	£
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit for the year		18,907	45,632
Adjustments for:			
Foreign exchange losses/(gains)	4/5	956	(558)
Finance income	6	(6,283)	(44,216)
Finance expense	6	1,247	11,713
Income tax expense	7	2,583	6,705
Operating profit before changes in working capital		17,410	19,276
Increase in trade and other receivables		(262,917)	(40,310)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables		(52,851)	50,376
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on working capital	4/5	(956)	558
Cash (used in)/generated from operations		(299,314)	29,900
Interest paid	6	(1,247)	(763)
Income tax paid		(18,150)	(32,998)
Net cash used in operating activities		(318,711)	(3,861)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received	6	2,666	44,216
Net cash generated from investing activities		2,666	44,216
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(316,045)	40,355
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		454,638	425,233
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents		3,617	(10,950)
Cash and cash equivalents carried forward		142,210	454,638

The notes on pages 12 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been applied consistently to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

General information

Maersk Crewing Limited ("the Company") is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales and is domiciled in the United Kingdom. The registered office and principal place of business is The Pearl, 7 New Bridge Street West, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1 8AQ.

The principal activity of the Company continues to be that of ship manning agents.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared and approved by the Directors in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and interpretations issued by the IFRS interpretations committee (IFRS IC) as adopted by the European Union and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies reporting under IFRS.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis.

New standards, amendments and interpretations

IFRS 15 'Revenue from contracts with customers' has been adopted from 1 January 2018. The Company assessed the impact of IFRS 15 and concluded that revenue was already being recognised according to the standard as there was no significant change arising from the passage of control from risks and rewards transferring. There has therefore been no change in revenue recognition and no adjustments required to the financial statements. The revenue recognition policy has been updated to reflect the new recognition requirements prescribed by IFRS 15.

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' has been adopted from 1 January 2018. Given the straightforward nature of the Company's financial assets and liabilities, and the significant weighting towards intercompany transactions, the impact of this new standard is immaterial and no adjustments are required to the financial statements. A.P.Møller-Mærsk A/S is applying the simplified approach of providing for expected credit losses as prescribed by IFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables including those that are not due. This has also been adopted by the Company.

No new standards or amendments to published standards have had a material impact on the financial statements for the financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2018.

New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 31 December 2018 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the Company. There are no IFRS or IFRIC interpretations that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Company.

Prior year restatement

The Income Statement for the year ended 31 December 2017 has been restated to correctly reflect that costs directly attributable to the provision of services have been moved from administration expenses to cost of sales to better represent the nature of the costs.

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Prior year restatement (continued)

A summary of the impact of this prior year restatement, by line item, is shown below.

	Year ended 31 December 2017	Restatement	Year ended 31 December 2017 (restated)
	£	£	£
Revenue	531,021	-	531,021
Cost of sales	-	(287,483)	(287,483)
Gross Profit	531,021	(287,483)	243,538
Administrative expense	(511,745)	287,483	(224,262)
Other operating income	558	-	558
OPERATING PROFIT	19,834		19,834

Accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies. No judgements have been made during the year that have materially affected the reported numbers.

There have been no major sources of estimation that may result in a significant risk of material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Going concern

The Company is expected to continue to generate positive cash flows on its own account for the foreseeable future. The Company participates in the group's centralised treasury arrangements and so shares banking arrangements with A.P.Møller-Mærsk A/S. The Directors, having assessed the responses of the Directors of the Company's immediate parent to their enquiries, have a reasonable expectation that the Company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The Company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Functional and presentational currency

These financial statements are presented in Great British pounds sterling, which is the Company's functional currency.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of the Company, transactions in currencies other than the Company's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded in the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Income Statement, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges. Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Income Statement within 'Financial income' or 'Financial expenses'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Income Statement within 'Other operating income'.

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers in the ordinary course of business. If collection is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Financial Position includes cash at bank. Bank overdrafts are reported in current liabilities. For the purpose of the Cash Flow Statement, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts.

Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from vendors. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Revenue recognition

The Company provides manning services to other A.P. Møller-Mærsk A/S group subsidiaries. As services are provided directly by the Company, the Company is solely responsible for fulfilling the performance obligations and acts as a principal in all revenue transactions. Revenue generated through the provision of manning services is recognised at the point in time when the performance obligations in relation to the services rendered are achieved. Performance obligations are provided consistently through the year with annual revenue being recognised at the point in time when control is deemed to have taken place.

Expenses

Net financing costs comprise interest payable, interest receivable and foreign exchange gains and losses on loans, borrowings and financial assets.

Interest income and interest payable are recognised in the Income Statement as they accrue, using the effective interest method.

Costs directly attributable to the provision of services have been moved out of administration expenses and represented as cost of sales. The prior year has therefore been restated to reflect this.

Income tax expense and deferred tax

Income tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current tax and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the Income Statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Current income tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date. A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised at the same time as the liability to pay the related dividend.

Dividends paid

Dividends are recognised as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position in the year in which they are declared and approved by the board.

2	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE		
		2018	2017
	Expenses by nature	£	£
	The operating profit before finance costs is stated after charging:		
	Management fees	185,898	191,362
	Staff costs	273,604	287,483
	Other expenses	34,824	32,900
		494,326	511,745
	Auditors' remuneration	•	
		2018	2017
	Included within administration expenses is the following:	£	£
	Audit of financial statements	7,000	4,500
	There were no other fees paid to the auditors during the year.		
3	STAFF NUMBERS AND COSTS	2018	2017
	Monthly average number of staff (administration)	7	8
		2018	2017
		2016 £	2017 £
		-	~
	Wages and salaries	202,414	211,797
	Social security costs	26,702	27,954
	Pension costs	44,488	47,732
	Total staff costs	273,604	287,483
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Directors' emoluments	9,092	<u> </u>
		£	£
	The emoluments of the highest paid Director	9,092	-

There were no accrued pension contributions for Directors as at 31 December 2018 (2017: GBP nil).

All of the above emoluments relate to short-term employee benefits except for GBP 1,345 that are for postemployment benefits where contributions are made to a defined contribution pension scheme (2017: nil). The Directors do not participate in a defined benefit pension scheme.

Some of the Directors were not remunerated by the Company for their services as Directors of this Company. These Directors were remunerated by a fellow A.P.Møller-Mærsk A/S group subsidiary and there is no recharge to the Company as their services in respect of the entity are considered to be negligible in value.

4 OTHER OPERATING INCOME	2018 £	2017 £
Foreign exchange gains		558

Foreign exchange losses 956 - 6 FINANCIAL INCOME AND EXPENSE 2018 2017 f £ £ Interest income 2,666 44,216 Foreign exchange gains 3,617 1- Financial income 6,283 44,216 Interest expense (1,247) (763) Foreign exchange losses - (10,950) Financial expense (1,247) (11,713) Net financial income 5,036 32,503 7 INCOME TAX EXPENSE 8 2017 Recognised in the Income Statement 2018 2017 £ £ Current tax 2 2 £ £ Current tax on profits for the year 3,616 9,556 Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,440) (3,348) Deferred tax 2,176 6,208 497 Adjustment in respect of prior years (51) - Income tax expense 2,583 6,705 - Reconciliation of effective tax rate 2018 2017	5	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSE	2018 £	2017 £
Recognised in the Income Statement 2,666 44,216 5,036 3,617 -		Foreign exchange losses	956	
Foreign exchange gains 3,617 Financial income 6,283 44,216 Interest expense (1,247) (763) Foreign exchange losses - (10,950) Financial expense (1,247) (11,713) Net financial income 5,036 32,503 TINCOME TAX EXPENSE	6	FINANCIAL INCOME AND EXPENSE		
Interest expense		Foreign exchange gains	3,617	
Foreign exchange losses - (10,950)		Financial income	6,283	44,216
Financial expense (1,247) (11,713) Net financial income 5,036 32,503 7 INCOME TAX EXPENSE Recognised in the Income Statement 2018 2017 Example of Expenses 2018 2017 £ £ Current tax 2018 9,556 Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,440) (3,348) 6,208 Deferred tax 2,176 6,208 497 Adjustment in respect of prior years (51) - Income tax expense 2,583 6,705 6,705 Reconciliation of effective tax rate 2018 2017 £ £ Profit before income tax 21,490 52,337 Tax on profit before income tax at the standard UK rate of corporation tax of 19% (2017: 19,25%) 4,083 10,075 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 44 43 4,041 4,042 4,043 4,043 4,044 4,044 4,045 4,045 4,045 4,045 4,045 4,045 4,045 4,045 4,045 4,045 4,045 4,045 4,045			(1,247)	
7 INCOME TAX EXPENSE Recognised in the Income Statement 2018 2017 Current tax £ £ Current tax on profits for the year 3,616 9,556 Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,440) (3,348) Corigination and reversal of temporary timing differences 458 497 Adjustment in respect of prior years (51) - Income tax expense 2,583 6,705 Reconciliation of effective tax rate 2018 2017 £ £ Profit before income tax 21,490 52,337 Tax on profit before income tax at the standard UK rate of corporation tax of 19% (2017: 19.25%) 4,083 10,075 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 44 43 Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,491) (3,348) Effect of change in tax rates (53) (65)			(1,247)	
Recognised in the Income Statement 2018 £ 2017 £ Current tax 3,616 9,556 Current tax on profits for the year 3,616 9,556 Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,440) (3,348) Deferred tax 2,176 6,208 Deferred tax 458 497 Adjustment in respect of prior years (51) - Income tax expense 2,583 6,705 Reconciliation of effective tax rate 2018 2017 £ £ £ Profit before income tax 21,490 52,337 Tax on profit before income tax at the standard UK rate of corporation tax of 19% (2017: 19.25%) 4,083 10,075 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 44 43 Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,491) (3,348) Effect of change in tax rates (53) (65)		Net financial income	5,036	32,503
Current tax £ £ Current tax on profits for the year 3,616 9,556 Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,440) (3,348) Deferred tax Origination and reversal of temporary timing differences 458 497 Adjustment in respect of prior years (51) - Income tax expense 2,583 6,705 Reconciliation of effective tax rate 2018 2017 £ £ £ Profit before income tax 21,490 52,337 Tax on profit before income tax at the standard UK rate of corporation tax of 19% (2017: 19.25%) 4,083 10,075 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 44 43 Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,491) (3,348) Effect of change in tax rates (53) (65)	7	INCOME TAX EXPENSE		
Current tax on profits for the year 3,616 9,556 Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,440) (3,348) 2,176 6,208 Deferred tax Torgination and reversal of temporary timing differences 458 497 Adjustment in respect of prior years (51) - Income tax expense 2,583 6,705 Reconciliation of effective tax rate 2018 2017 £ £ £ Profit before income tax 21,490 52,337 Tax on profit before income tax at the standard UK rate of corporation tax of 19% (2017: 19.25%) 4,083 10,075 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 44 43 Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,491) (3,348) Effect of change in tax rates (53) (65)		Recognised in the Income Statement		
Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,440) (3,348) Deferred tax Origination and reversal of temporary timing differences 458 497 Adjustment in respect of prior years (51) - Income tax expense 2,583 6,705 Reconciliation of effective tax rate 2018 2017 £ £ £ Profit before income tax 21,490 52,337 Tax on profit before income tax at the standard UK rate of corporation tax of 19% (2017: 19.25%) 4,083 10,075 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 44 43 Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,491) (3,348) Effect of change in tax rates (53) (65)				
Deferred tax 2,176 6,208 Origination and reversal of temporary timing differences 458 497 Adjustment in respect of prior years (51) - Income tax expense 2,583 6,705 Reconciliation of effective tax rate 2018 2017 £ £ £ Profit before income tax 21,490 52,337 Tax on profit before income tax at the standard UK rate of corporation tax of 19% (2017: 19.25%) 4,083 10,075 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 44 43 Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,491) (3,348) Effect of change in tax rates (53) (65)			-	
Deferred tax Origination and reversal of temporary timing differences 458 497 Adjustment in respect of prior years (51) - Income tax expense 2,583 6,705 Reconciliation of effective tax rate 2018 2017 £ £ £ Profit before income tax 21,490 52,337 Tax on profit before income tax at the standard UK rate of corporation tax of 19% (2017: 19.25%) 4,083 10,075 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 44 43 Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,491) (3,348) Effect of change in tax rates (53) (65)		Adjustments in respect of prior years		
Adjustment in respect of prior years (51) - Income tax expense 2,583 6,705 Reconciliation of effective tax rate 2018 2017 £ £ £ Profit before income tax 21,490 52,337 Tax on profit before income tax at the standard UK rate of corporation tax of 19% (2017: 19.25%) 4,083 10,075 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 44 43 Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,491) (3,348) Effect of change in tax rates (53) (65)		Deferred tax	2,170	0,200
Income tax expense 2,583 6,705 Reconciliation of effective tax rate 2018 £ 2017 £ Profit before income tax 21,490 52,337 Tax on profit before income tax at the standard UK rate of corporation tax of 19% (2017: 19.25%) 4,083 10,075 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,491) (3,348) 43 43 Effect of change in tax rates (53) (65) (65)		Origination and reversal of temporary timing differences	458	497
Reconciliation of effective tax rate 2018 £ £ Profit before income tax Tax on profit before income tax at the standard UK rate of corporation tax of 19% (2017: 19.25%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Adjustments in respect of prior years Effect of change in tax rates 2018 2017 £ 4,083 10,075 (1,491) (3,348) (65)				
Profit before income tax 21,490 52,337 Tax on profit before income tax at the standard UK rate of corporation tax of 19% (2017: 19.25%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,491) Effect of change in tax rates £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ 65		Income tax expense	2,583	6,705
Profit before income tax Tax on profit before income tax at the standard UK rate of corporation tax of 19% (2017: 19.25%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,491) Effect of change in tax rates (53) 52,337 4,083 10,075 43 43 43 43 (3,348) (65)		Reconciliation of effective tax rate		
Tax on profit before income tax at the standard UK rate of corporation tax of 19% (2017: 19.25%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 44 43 Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,491) (3,348) Effect of change in tax rates (53) (65)			£	£
corporation tax of 19% (2017: 19.25%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 44 43 Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,491) (3,348) Effect of change in tax rates (53) (65)		Profit before income tax	21,490	52,337
Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,491) (3,348) Effect of change in tax rates (53) (65)			4,083	10,075
Adjustments in respect of prior years (1,491) (3,348) Effect of change in tax rates (53) (65)		Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	44	43
		Adjustments in respect of prior years	(1,491)	
Income tax expense				
		Income tax expense	2,583	6,705

The standard rate of corporation tax in the UK changed from 20% to 19% with effect from 1 April 2017. Accordingly the company's profits for this year are taxed at a rate of 19%. A further decrease in the main rate of corporation tax to 17% was substantively enacted as part of the Finance Act 2016 (on 7 September 2016) and will be effective from 1 April 2020. Deferred tax balances at the balance sheet date have been measured using the enacted rates and reflected in these financial statements.

Current tax liability

The current tax liability of £11,732 (2017: £27,706) represents the amount of income taxes payable in respect of current and prior years. Within income tax payable is an amount of £8,116 (2017: £18,150) which is due to a fellow A.P.Møller-Mærsk A/S group subsidiary and is included within Note 15.

8	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS		2018	2017
	Deferred tax assets are attributable to the following:		2018 £	2017 £
	Capital allowances		1,854	2,261
	The Company had no unrecognised deferred tax asset	s at 31 December :	2018 (2017: nil).	
	Movement in temporary differences during the year	•		
		At 1 January 2017 £	Recognised in Income Statement £	At 31 December 2017
	Capital allowances	2,758	(497)	2,261
		At 1 January 2018	Recognised in Income	At 31 December 2018
		£	£	£
	Capital allowances	2,261	(407)	1,854
	Amounts expected to be recovered or settled:			£
	No more than twelve months after the reporting period More than twelve months after the reporting period			334 1,520
				1,854
9	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		2018 £	2017 £
	Trade receivables		18	50,455
	Amounts due from group undertakings (Note 15) Other receivables and prepayments		323,062 5,717	3,346 12,079
	other receivables and prepayments		328,797	65,880

The carrying amount of the above receivables is a reasonable approximation of fair value. There are no amounts past due at the end of the reporting period. Management's policy is to assess all trade and other receivables for recoverability on a regular basis. All trade and other receivables, including amounts due from group undertakings, are due within less than one year from the reporting date and are interest free.

10 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank balance	142,210_	454,638

The bank balance forms part of cash pooling arrangements with A.P.Møller-Mærsk A/S and is aimed at concentration and management of liquidity at a group level, supplying entities with liquid funds to cover daily payments.

11 SHARE CAPITAL	2018	2017
Allotted, called up and fully paid:	£	£
10,000 (2017: 10,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000

All shares rank pari passu with all holders having full voting rights, as well as the right to dividends and to participate in a distribution (not liable to redemption).

12 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	2018 £	2017 £
Trade payables	30,351	16,811
Amount payable to group undertaking (Note 15)	20,570	22,531
Other payables and accruals	12,118.	76,548
	63,039	115,890

The Company's exposure to liquidity risk related to trade and other payables is disclosed in Note 13. The carrying value of all the above payables is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables, including amounts payable to group undertakings, are payable within less than one year from the reporting date and are interest-free.

13 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial instruments held by the Company comprise of cash balances, receivables and payables. The Company is not exposed to any significant risks with regards to its financial instruments.

Credit and Liquidity Risk

Financial instruments held by the Company comprise cash balances, receivables and payables. Cash, receivables and payables are due from fellow A.P.Møller-Mærsk A/S group subsidiaries and are therefore not exposed to the same risks as external market instruments. Exposure to credit risk and liquidity risk is therefore also limited. The Company applies the simplified approach to providing the expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade and other receivables. As the Company follows the group rule of not providing for intercompany balances the impact of the expected credit loss is immaterial.

2018	Note	Effective interest rate	Less than 1 year £	2-5 years £	Over 5 years £	Total £
Trade payables	12	nil	30,351	-		30,351
Amount payable to group undertaking	12	nil	20,570	-	-	20,570
Other payables and accruals	12	nil	12,118	-	-	12,118
2017		Effective				
		interest	Less than		Over 5	
	Note	rate	1 year	2-5 years	years	Total
		%	£	£	£	£
Trade payables	12	nil	16,811	-	-	16,811
Amount payable to group undertaking	12	nil	22,531	-	-	22,531
Other payables and accruals	12	nil	76,548	-	•	76,548

Foreign exchange risk

The Company operates internationally and is exposed to currency risk on sales and purchases, and cash balances that are in currencies other than the functional currency. As the Company transacts mainly in its functional currency, foreign exchange risk is low for all years presented.

13 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The financial assets of the Company that are not denominated in the functional currency are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	2018	2017
	£	£
USD	20,209	101,006

Sensitivity

The sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in the USD/GBP exchange rate arises from the retranslation of cash balances denominated in USD.

	2018	2017
	£	£
USD/GBP exchange rate - increase 3% (2%)	(684)	(1,566)
USD/GBP exchange rate - decrease 3% (2%)	684	1,566

Capital Management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future operations of the business. Capital consists of share capital and retained earnings. The Company regularly reviews its capital structure and is not subject to external controls on its capital structure. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, reduce capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The board monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

Total capital is calculated as 'equity', as shown in the balance sheet, plus net debt. Net debt is calculated as borrowings, less cash and cash equivalents as shown in Note 10. As the Company currently has no borrowings, total capital is equity less cash and cash equivalents.

14 CONTROLLING PARTIES

Immediate holding company

Maersk Crewing Limited's immediate holding company up to 6 March 2017 was The Maersk Company Limited, a company incorporated in the England and Wales, the registered address is The Pearl, 7 New Bridge Street West, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1 8AQ. On 6 March 2017 The Maersk Company Limited sold 100% of its shares held in Maersk Crewing Limited to Maersk Line UK Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales, the registered address of which is The Pearl, 7 New Bridge Street West, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1 8AQ.

Ultimate controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is A.P. Møller og Hustru Chastine Mc-Kinney Møllers Fond til almene Formaal. The first group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is A.P.Møller-Mærsk A/S. The largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is A.P.Møller Holding A/S. Copies of the consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the companies' websites at www.maersk.com and www.apmoller.com.

15 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Identity of related parties

The Company has a related party relationship with fellow A.P.Møller-Mærsk A/S group subsidiaries, its Directors and executive officers.

Transaction with key management personnel

There were no transactions with key management.

15 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Other	related	narty	tranea	ctions
Oulei	Itialtu	Daily	Halloa	CHUHS

Transaction with related parties were as follows:	2018	2017
	£	£
Transaction values		
Sale of services - Fellow A.P.Møller-Mærsk A/S group subsidiaries	494,877	516,225
Purchase of services - Fellow A.P.Møller-Mærsk A/S group subsidiaries	(185,898)	(191,362)
Interest income - Fellow A.P.Møller-Mærsk A/S group subsidiaries	2,666	44,216
Interest expense - Fellow A.P.Møller-Mærsk A/S group subsidiaries	(478)	-
Balances outstanding		
Trade and other receivables - Fellow A.P.Møller-Mærsk A/S group subsidiaries	323,062	3,346
Trade and other payables - Fellow A.P.Møller-Mærsk A/S group subsidiaries	(20,570)	(22,531)
Tax payable - Fellow A.P.Møller-Mærsk A/S group subsidiaries	(8,116)	(18,150)

All outstanding balances with related parties are non-secured and there is no provision for bad debts relating to the fellow group subsidiaries.