# REGISTERED COMPANY NUMBER: 01653639 (England and Wales) REGISTERED CHARITY NUMBER: SC038956

**Companies House** 

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES AND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

FOR

THE HEBRIDEAN TRUST LIMITED

Milne Craig
Chartered accountants
Statutory auditor
Abercorn House
79 Renfrew Road
Paisley
Renfrewshire
PA3 4DA



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# REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

The Trustees who are also directors of the charity for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006 present their report with the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2023. The Trustees have adopted the provisions of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective I January 2019).

## **OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES**

## Objectives and aims

Our mission remains to support, stimulate and develop the economies of island communities, to restore and maintain buildings of outstanding architectural heritage; to protect and preserve the natural environment; and to educate the public in all matters Gaelic.

The Hebridean Trust was formed in 1982 with the aim of helping reverse the population decline in the Hebridean Islands by creating jobs and income for those living on the islands restoring buildings of architectural significance and informing the general public about the Hebrides, its way of life, its Gaelic culture and its natural heritage.

The Trust has referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit and the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulators guidance on meeting the charity test when reviewing aims and objectives and in planning future activities. In particular, the Trustees consider how planned activities will contribute to the aims and objectives they have set.

The Trust set out by restoring two significant buildings of heritage and architectural worth. The Signal Tower Hynish, Isle of Tiree, once the only means of communicating with the keepers of the Skerryvore Lighthouse some 10 miles out at sea, was opened as a small museum. More recently the Trust has re-told the "Story of Skerryvore Lighthouse" in an interpretative exhibition, now housed in the former smithy in Hynish. The exhibition attracts significant numbers of visitors. The Trust also restored a terrace of thatched buildings including a cottage, bam and byre, on the Isle of Tiree which has subsequently passed back into the island's housing stock.

All our available properties are let (7 in total). Four are long term lets and 3 short term/seasonal. All are let to local people or seasonal workers on Tiree.

The Trust has regenerated a former stores building, also Category A listed, to provide a residential facility for visiting groups from all over the UK. In 1991. HRH The Princess Royal opened Alan Stevenson House, which, in conjunction with a former smithy conversion to a self-catering unit known as Morton Boyd House, now fonns The Hynish Centre. Since then, the Trust has subsidised use of the facilities by thousands of disadvantaged young people and educational groups. Part of the Trust's strategy in developing The Hynish Centre was to create additional employment within the Centre itself. It employed both a local full-time Warden and a full-time Assistant Warden as well as various paid for and voluntary staff. The local economy benefited from the custom of visiting groups. The Centre continued to flourish following a major refurbishment in 2011-12. However, COVID put a stop to this activity and the all staff's contracts were terminated. The Centre was used for seasonal workers from April to October 2022.

In terms of natural heritage, the Trust raised funds to purchase the Treshnish Isles, which are one of the finest sites in the British Isles for studying natural history. An uninhabited archipelago of islands, rocks and skerries lying to the west of the Isle of Mull, they have attracted many visitors keen to visit their unspoilt habitat. In 2000 their future was uncertain and, although the islands have SSSI (Site of Special Scientific Interest) status and classification as a Special Protection Area under the EC Directive on the Conservation of Wild Birds, the Trust felt it was important that they should be managed to maximise their long-term contribution to the community as well as to nature conservation. Since acquiring the islands, the Trust has coordinated and financed archaeological surveys and annual wildlife surveys which are published on the Trust's website. The Trust has produced a detailed management plan for the islands.

It was decided in late 2022 by the Trustees that they would divest this asset as a gift to the National Trust. Negotiations have commenced and it is anticipated that the transfer of the assets will take place in July 2023. The Trustees believe that the National Trust has the resources and expertise to take the islands forward.

# REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

## ACHIEVEMENT AND PERFORMANCE

## Achievements and Performance

The following report focuses on those activities undertaken to further our charitable purposes and provide public benefit.

## Support, stimulation and development of the economies and cultures of island communities

Our 11 Category A listed buildings are of architectural significance and can be viewed freely from the outside throughout the year as part of the Hynish Heritage Trail. In order to respect the privacy of the tenants, access to the interior was by arrangement only. The future use of these properties is under review, and minor refurbishment continues on all properties.

Visitor numbers to The Story of Skerryvore lighthouse exhibition and the Treshnish Isles Natural History exhibition have decreased due to Covid-19 as the exhibitions were closed over almost all of the period in question. However, in the last year we have seen an increase in interest and numbers.

## Restoration of buildings of historical and architectural worth

Discussions that started in February 2021 are ongoing with a number of funding bodies regarding Hynish becoming part of the Scottish Government Clachan Project initiative. Funding was received for a Feasibility Study as part of this initiative. It was completed in October 2022. This document will assist to access funding for the restoration of the buildings.

Funding was received from Argyll and Bute Council to do specialist investigative studies as a follow on from the Feasibility study. These reports will now inform what will be required in the restoration of these buildings. We also now have 3D drawings of all buildings.

# Protection and conservation of the natural environment

The annual seabird survey, conducted on our behalf by the Treshnish Isles Auk Ringing Group (TARG), took place again this year.

# FINANCIAL REVIEW

## Financial Review

The results for the year and the financial position of the charity are as shown in the annexed financial statements. The deficit for the period under review was £13,457 (2022 - surplus of £17,288). The net assets of the Charity at the year-end were £2,874,253 (2022 - £2,887,710), of which net assets of £57,615 (2022 - £43,257) related to Unrestricted Funds and net assets of £2,816,638 (2022 - £2,844,453) related to Restricted Funds.

## Reserves policy

The Trust held unrestricted reserves of £57,615 at 31 March 2023 (2022 - £43,257). The Trustees will seek to build free reserves through fundraising and income generation. The Trustees will also continue to raise funds to repay the balance of the loan outstanding at 31 March 2023.

## **FUTURE PLANS**

A community survey and consultation were held in January and February 23 with the unanimous conclusion that the Hynish Site should move to community ownership. A working group has been set up to manage this transfer and it is hoped that this will take place by the end of 2023. The organisation will remain but there will be a change of name, updated Articles of Association and the recruitment of new on island Trustees.

# STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

# **Governing document**

The charity is controlled by its governing document, a deed of trust, and constitutes a limited company, limited by guarantee, as defined by the Companies Act 2006.

## **Charity constitution**

The charity is governed by its Memorandum & Articles of Association.

## REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

## STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

## Organisational structure

The Trustees collectively form the Council of Management. The existing Council members appoint any new Trustees. The Trustees, all of whom are specialists in their own areas, are given the opportunity of attending additional training courses and making visits to projects.

Michael Stanfield, who Chairs the Council of Management, will, from time to time, nominate a Trustee with particular knowledge relating to a project to oversee that project. In these circumstances the Trustee may also act as spokesperson for the project. All Trustees give of their time freely and no Trustee remuneration was paid in the year.

#### Risk management

The major risks to which the charity has been exposed have been reviewed by the Trustees and systems established to mitigate those risks.

## REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Registered Company number

01653639 (England and Wales)

# Registered Charity number

SC038956

## Registered office

194 Woodstock Road Oxford OX2 7NQ

### Trustees

Ms S G C Mackenzie A M Smith L P Stanfield M P Stanfield Sir I L Boyd

## **Company Secretary**

M P Stanfield

# Auditors

Milne Craig Chartered accountants Statutory auditor Abercorn House 79 Renfrew Road Paisley Renfrewshire PA3 4DA

## EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The trustees (who are also the directors of The Hebridean Trust Limited for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Report of the Trustees and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

# REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

# STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES - continued

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the trustees are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charity SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditors are unaware; and
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

# **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Milne Craig, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by order of the board of trustees on 6 December 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Hebridean Trust Limited (the 'charitable company') for the year ended 31 March 2023 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2023 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

# Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Report of the Independent Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Trustees for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Trustees has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Trustees.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Trustees.

## Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Independent Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the charitable company, and determined that the most significant are those that relate to the form and content of the financial statements such as the accounting policies and the UK Companies Act 2006.

We assessed how the charitable company is complying with these frameworks by observing the oversight of those charged with governance, the culture of honesty and ethical behaviours and a strong emphasis placed on fraud prevention, which may reduce opportunities for fraud to take place, and fraud deterrence, which could persuade individuals not to commit fraud because of the likelihood of detection and punishment.

We assessed the susceptibility of the charitable company financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur, by making an assessment of the key fraud risks to the charitable company, and the manner in which such risks may occur in practice, based on our previous knowledge of the charitable company, as well as an assessment of the current business environment.

Based on this understanding, we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with such laws and regulations. Where the risk was considered higher, we performed audit procedures to address each identified fraud risk, including management override of controls. These procedures included testing manual journals and were designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free from fraud or error. We evaluated the design and operational effectiveness of controls put in place to address the risks identified, or that otherwise prevent, deter and detect fraud.

In addition, our audit procedures included enquiring of management concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud. We addressed the fraud risk in relation to revenue recognition by testing completeness and cut off of income.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards.

As with any audit, there remains a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance, and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Independent Auditors.

# Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Alex Webb BAcc FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Milne Craig

Chartered accountants Statutory auditor Abercom House 79 Renfrew Road Paisley

Renfrewshire PA3 4DA

6 December 2023

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	Notes	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted funds £	2023 Total funds £	2022 Total funds £
INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS FROM Donations and legacies	Notes	4,263	-	4,263	3,806
Charitable activities Charitable	3	46.650	90,901	137,551	96,269
Investment income	2	111		111	2
Total		51,024	90,901	141,925	100,077
EXPENDITURE ON Charitable activities Charitable		47,193	108,189	155,382	82,789
NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE) Transfers between funds	16	3,831 10,527	(17,288) (10,527)	(13,457)	17,288
Net movement in funds		14,358	(27,815)	(13,457)	17,288
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS Total funds brought forward		43,257	2,844,453	2,887,710	2,870,422
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		57,615	2,816,638	2,874,253	2,887,710

# BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2023

·	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets Heritage assets	9 10	2,620,926 255,687	2,640,371 255,687
•		2,876,613	2,896,058
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	11	17,599 17,457	7,257 26,383
		35,056	33,640
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	12	(19,717)	(16,736)
NET CURRENT ASSETS	·	15,339	16,904
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,891,952	2,912,962
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year	13	(17,699)	(25,252)
NET ASSETS		2,874,253	2,887,710
FUNDS Unrestricted funds Restricted funds	16	57,615 _2,816,638	43,257 2,844,453
TOTAL FUNDS		2,874,253	2,887,710

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to charitable companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees and authorised for issue on 6 December 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

M.P. Stantald Truste

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements of the charitable company, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)', Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis.

#### Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. As a result, the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

### Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees have made the following judgements:

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

Assets are considered for indications of impairment. If required an impairment review will be carried out and a decision made on possible impairment. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset and where it is a component of a larger cash-generating unit, the viability and expected future performance of that unit.

Bad debts are provided for where objective evidence of the need for a provision exists.

## Income

All income is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities once the charity has entitlement to the funds, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount can be measured reliably.

# **Government Grants**

Government grants are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities so as to match them with the expenditure toward which they are intended to contribute.

## Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all cost related to the category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated to activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources.

## Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property - 2% on cost Improvements to property - 2% on cost Fixtures and fittings - 25% on cost

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Heritage assets

Heritage assets are included at cost.

#### Taxation

The charity is exempt from corporation tax on its charitable activities.

#### Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds can be used in accordance with the charitable objectives at the discretion of the trustees.

Restricted funds can only be used for particular restricted purposes within the objects of the charity. Restrictions arise when specified by the donor or when funds are raised for particular restricted purposes.

Further explanation of the nature and purpose of each fund is included in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Debtors

Debtor balances are stated at the transaction price less any impairment.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

## Creditors

Creditor balances are recognised where the charity has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably. Creditors are recognised in the financial statements at their settlement amount.

## Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The charitable company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the charitable company's pension scheme are charged to the Statement of Financial Activities in the period to which they relate.

## Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transactions costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

# Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the charity transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

## Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

# Financial instruments

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

2.	INVESTMENT INCOME					
					2023	2022
					£	£
	Deposit account interest				111	2
	•					
3.	INCOME FROM CHARIT	ABLE ACTIVII	CIES			
					2023	2022
		Activity			£	£
	Grants	Charitable			91,901	23,000
	Holiday accommodation	Charitable			8,105	56,074
	Residential accommodation	Charitable			12,605	15,395
	Long term lettings	Charitable			-	1,800
	Short term lettings	Charitable			24,940	
					127.551	06.060
	•				137,551	96,269
	Grants received, included in the	he above, are as f	ollows:			
					2023	2022
					£	£
	Argyll & Bute Council Strate	gic Framework B	usiness Fund		-	8,000
	Historic Environment Scotlan				-	15,000
	Argyll and Bute Council - Sta	ycation Fund			7,000	-
	Rural and Islands Feasibility				10,000	-
	Windfall Fund				1,000	-
	Scottish Government Island C	Grant			14,870	-
	Argyll & Bute Community Le	ed Local Develop	ment		59,031	
					<u>91,901</u>	23,000
4.	SUPPORT COSTS					
					Governance	
			Management	Finance	costs	Totals
			£	£	£	£
	Charitable		28,954		5,535	34,741

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

# 4. SUPPORT COSTS - continued

Support costs,	included	in the a	bove,	are as	follows:
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	2023	2022
		Total
	Charitable	activities
	£	£
Wages	-	4,334
Pensions	-	173
Insurance	9,069	11,229
Travel & office expenses	440	1,516
Depreciation of tangible and heritage assets	19,445	20,029
Bank charges	252	436
Auditors' remuneration	4,800	3,600
Interest payable and similar charges	735	<u>679</u>
	34,741	41,996

# 5. NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)

Net income/(expenditure) is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2023	2022
	£	£
Auditors' remuneration	4,800	3,600
Depreciation - owned assets	19,445	20,029

# 6. TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS

There were no trustees' remuneration or other benefits for the year ended 31 March 2023 nor for the year ended 31 March 2022.

# Trustees' expenses

There were no trustee's expenses during the year (2022 - £1,372).

# 7. STAFF COSTS

·	2023 £	2022 £
Wages and salaries	-	14,876
Other pension costs		<u>454</u>
		15,330

The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:

	2023	2022
Support Costs	-	2

No employees received emoluments in excess of £60,000.

2022

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

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σ.	COM ARATIVES FOR THE STATEMEN	of Finance	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total funds
	INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS FROM		£	£	£
	Donations and legacies		3,806	-	3,806
	Charitable activities				
	Charitable		81,269	15,000	96,269
	Investment income		<u>2</u> ,		2
	Total		85,077	15,000	100,077
	EXPENDITURE ON				
	Charitable activities		62.502	10 202	02 200
	Charitable		63,502	19,287	82,789
	NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)		21,575	(4,287)	17,288
	RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS				
	Total funds brought forward		21,682	2,848,740	2,870,422
	TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		43,257	2,844,453	2,887,710
9.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
٦.	ANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Improvements	Fixtures	
		Freehold	to	and	
		property	property	fittings	Totals
		£	£	£	£
	COST At 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023	2,618,188	57,644	73,539	2,749,371
	DEPRECIATION			•	
	At 1 April 2022	34,910	1,684	72,406	109,000
	Charge for year	17,454	1,153	838	19,445
	At 31 March 2023	52,364	2,837	73,244	128,445
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 31 March 2023	2,565,824	54,807	295	2,620,926
	At 31 March 2022	2,583,278	55,960	1,133	2,640,371

Included in freehold property is freehold land of £1,745,459 which is not depreciated.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

10.	HERITAGE ASSETS		
			Total
			£
	MARKET VALUE		255 607
	At 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023		<u>255,687</u>
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 March 2023		255,687
	At 31 March 2022		255,687
	DEPENDENCE AND PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE AREA		
11.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2023	2022
		2023 £	£
	Trade debtors	3,161	5,377
	Prepayments and accrued income	14,438	1,880
		<del></del>	
		17,599	7,257
	·		
12.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2022	2022
		2023 £	2022 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 14)	7,552	7,358
	Trade creditors	8,215	1,892
	Accruals and deferred income	3,950	7,486
		<del></del>	
		<u> 19,717</u>	<u>16,736</u>
13.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE Y	7TC A 1D	
15.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE	2023	2022
		£	£
	Bank loans (see note 14)	17,699	25,252
	,	£	
14.	LOANS		
	A constant of the material of the size of		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2023	2022
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year on demand:		
	Bank loans	7,552	7,358
	Amounts falling between one and two years:	7.746	7.550
	Bank loans - 1-2 years	<u>7,745</u>	7,552
	Amounts falling due hatroom true and fire		
	Amounts falling due between two and five years:	0.054	17,700
	Bank loans - 2-5 years	<u>9,954</u>	17,700

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

# 15. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS

13.	ANALISIS OF HET ASSETS DET WEEN	FUNDS			
	Fixed assets Current assets Current liabilities Long term liabilities	Unrestricted funds £ 293 69,486 (12,164) ————————————————————————————————————	Restricted funds £ 2,876,320 (34,430) (7,553) (17,699) 2,816,638	2023 Total funds £ 2,876,613 35,056 (19,717) (17,699)	2022 Total funds £ 2,896,058 33,640 (16,736) (25,252) 2,887,710
16.	MOVEMENT IN FUNDS		Net	Transfers	
			movement	between	At
		At 1/4/22	in funds	funds	31/3/23
		£	£	£	£
	Unrestricted funds				
	General fund	43,257	4,293	10,065	57,615
	Designated - Stonewall Park Charitable				
	Trust		(462)	462	
		10.055		10.600	52 (15
	70	43,257	3,831	10,527	57,615
	Restricted funds	064.750	(6 100)		060 661
	Upper Square Alan Stevenson House	864,750 11,000	(6,189)	(11,000)	858,561
	Lower Square	1,645,900	(12,802)	(11,000)	1,633,098
	Treshnish Islands	307,747	(352)	_	307,395
	National Lottery Heritage Fund	56	(332)	(56)	507,575
	Historic Environmental Scotland	15,000	(1,427)	(30)	13,573
	Argyll and Bute Community Led Local	,	(2,101)		,
	Development	-	2,471	(2,471)	-
	Argyll and Bute Council - Staycation Fund	-	4,011	-	4,011
	Rural Housing Fund - Rural and Islands				
	Feasibility Fund		(3,000)	3,000	
		2,844,453	(17,288)	(10,527)	2,816,638
	TOTAL FUNDS	2,887,710	(13,457)	<u> </u>	2,874,253

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

# 16. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS - continued

Net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds	L	£	<b>.</b>
General fund	49,024	(44,731)	4,293
Designated - Stonewall Park Charitable	15,021	(11,751)	1,275
Trust	2,000	(2,462)	(462)
D 414 16 1	51,024	(47,193)	3,831
Restricted funds Upper Square		(6,189)	(6,189)
Lower Square	-	(12,802)	(12,802)
Treshnish Islands	_	(352)	(352)
Historic Environmental Scotland	_	(1,427)	(1,427)
Argyll and Bute Community Led Local	_	(1,427)	(1,427)
Development	59,031	(56,560)	2,471
Argyll and Bute Council - Staycation Fund	7,000	(2,989)	4,011
Scottish Government Island Grant	14,870	(14,870)	-,011
Rural Housing Fund - Rural and Islands	11,070	(11,010)	
Feasibility Fund	10,000	(13,000)	(3,000)
	90,901	(108,189)	(17,288)
TOTAL FUNDS	141,925	(155,382)	(13,457)
Comparatives for movement in funds			
,		Net	
		movement	At
	At 1/4/21	in funds	31/3/22
	£	£	£
Unrestricted funds	~	~	~
General fund	21,682	21,575	43,257
Restricted funds	070 020	<i>(6</i> 190)	064750
Upper Square	870,939	(6,189)	864,750
Alan Stevenson House	11,000	(12.746)	11,000
Lower Square	1,658,646	(12,746)	1,645,900
Treshnish Islands National Lottery Heritage Fund	308,099 56	(352)	307,747 56
Historic Environmental Scotland		15,000	15,000
	0.010.710	(4.000)	2.044.455
	_2,848,740	(4,287)	2,844,453
TOTAL FUNDS	_2,870,422	17,288	2,887,710

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

# 16. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS - continued

Comparative net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Movement in funds
	£	£	£
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	85,077	(63,502)	21,575
Restricted funds			
Upper Square	-	(6,189)	(6,189)
Lower Square	-	(12,746)	(12,746)
Treshnish Islands	-	(352)	(352)
Historic Environmental Scotland	15,000	<del></del>	15,000
	15,000	(19,287)	(4,287)
TOTAL FUNDS	100,077	(82,789)	17,288

A current year 12 months and prior year 12 months combined position is as follows:

	At 1/4/21 £	Net movement in funds £	Transfers between funds £	At 31/3/23 £
Unrestricted funds				
General fund	21,682	25,868	10,065	57,615
Designated - Stonewall Park Charitable	-	•	-	ŕ
Trust	<u> </u>	(462)	462	
	21,682	25,406	10,527	57,615
Restricted funds	•	,	<b>,</b>	,
Upper Square	870,939	(12,378)	-	858,561
Alan Stevenson House	11,000	` _	(11,000)	-
Lower Square	1,658,646	(25,548)	-	1,633,098
Treshnish Islands	308,099	(704)	_	307,395
National Lottery Heritage Fund	56	•	(56)	· -
Historic Environmental Scotland	-	13,573	` -	. 13,573
Argyll and Bute Community Led Local		•		ŕ
Development	-	2,471	(2,471)	-
Argyll and Bute Council - Staycation Fund	-	4,011	•	4,011
Rural Housing Fund - Rural and Islands				-
Feasibility Fund	<del>-</del>	(3,000)	3,000	
	2,848,740	(21,575)	(10,527)	2,816,638
TOTAL FUNDS	2,870,422	3,831		2,874,253

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

## 16. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS - continued

A current year 12 months and prior year 12 months combined net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	134,101	(108,233)	25,868
Designated - Stonewall Park Charitable			
Trust	2,000	(2,462)	(462)
	136,101	(110,695)	25,406
Restricted funds			
Upper Square	-	(12,378)	(12,378)
Lower Square	<del>-</del> .	(25,548)	(25,548)
Treshnish Islands	-	(704)	(704)
Historic Environmental Scotland	15,000	(1,427)	13,573
Argyll and Bute Community Led Local			
Development	59,031	(56,560)	2,471
Argyll and Bute Council - Staycation Fund	7,000	(2,989)	4,011
Scottish Government Island Grant	14,870	(14,870)	-
Rural Housing Fund - Rural and Islands			
Feasibility Fund	10,000	(13,000)	(3,000)
	105,901	(127,476)	(21,575)
TOTAL FUNDS	242,002	(238,171)	3,831

# **Explanation of Funds**

The purpose of each fund is as follows:

## **Unrestricted Funds**

# Fundraising/General Fund

The purpose of this fund is to provide general funds for the charity to use at its discretion towards costs perhaps not met by another fund.

## **Restricted Funds**

## Upper Square

We have restored the four lighthouse properties at Upper Square, which are all let to islanders. All these buildings are listed Category A.

# Lower Square - This includes the following projects;

# Alan Stevenson House

This development at Hynish comprises Morton Boyd House, The Cottage, Hynish Harbour Scouring System, Boom Gates and Alan Stevenson House. Alan Stevenson House is used as an activity centre. All these buildings are listed Category A.

## The Barracks

This Category A building in Hynish is being restored and will be upgraded to give 6 apartments when funds allow.

# Hynish Harbour and Other Developments

This includes the harbour and the conversion of the Old Stores, cowsheds, pigsty and Old Stable at Hynish to workshops, storerooms and accommodation, all listed Category A.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

## 16. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS - continued

# National Lottery Heritage Fund

This fund is related to monies received from the National Lottery Heritage Fund to assist with capital works to freehold properties and the general operations of the charity.

## Historic Environmental Scotland

This is an energy efficiency trial to flat roofs and ventilation for the Upper Square roof.

## Argyll & Bute Community Led Local Development

This grant was awarded to us to conduct a series of specialist investigative studies that resulted from the Feasibility Study and to produce a set of 3D drawings of all buildings on the site. The reports that we have now received and given advice on options for energy, insulation, roof/chimneys and rot. This advice will inform the next stage of the upgrading of all the buildings.

# Argyll and Bute Council - Staycation Fund

This grant was given to us to assist us with setting up a guided tour at Hynish. It provided training for 2 people in "guiding". It also provided funding for a Staycation Warden for the summer season of 2023.

## Scottish Government Island Grant

This grant was provided to us to assist us with setting up a 3-year Development Plan with specific projects that can then be used to drive the redevelopment of Hynish Shore.

## Rural Housing Fund - Rural and Islands Feasibility Fund

This fund is related to monies received from the Scottish Government to assist with a feasibility study and refurbishment of the Barracks site.

## 17. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

There were no related party transactions for the year ended 31 March 2023.

## 18. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

The Treshnish Islands were gifted to the National Trust for Scotland in July 2023. As at 31 March 2023 these assets are included within Heritage Assets at cost of £255,687.