Directors' report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 1995

Registered number 1630389



# Directors' report and financial statements

Contents	
Directors' report	Page
	1-3
Auditors' report	4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	
Notes	6
	7-19

### Directors' report

The directors submit their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 1995.

#### Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the company is the distribution and sale of a wide range of packaging products to industrial and commercial users.

During 1995, the company continued the geographical expansion of its branch network, expanding the number of branches from twenty six to thirty five. The head quarters were relocated to Coventry.

On 18 October 1995 the company acquired the issued share capital of Billberg (UK) Limited a distributor of packaging materials. The trade and liabilities of the company were transferred into National Packaging Group PLC with effect from that date.

These actions have provided a strong platform for the company to take advantage of the growing market for packaging materials in the UK.

#### Results

The results of the company and the transfer to reserves are set out in the profit and loss account on page 5.

#### Dividend

No dividend was declared during the year (1994: £1,000,000).

#### Tangible fixed assets

Information relating to changes in tangible fixed assets is given in note 9 to the financial statements.

#### **Employees**

The company does not discriminate on grounds of age, colour, disablement, marital status, race, religion or sex. Employees are given the opportunity to develop and progress according to ability.

The company recognises the need for regular consultation with employees to ensure effective twoway communication on matters of policy and performance.

#### Health, safety and the environment

The company maintains health, safety and environment policies and implements good working practices and procedures. These matters are monitored regularly and a report is submitted to the Board.



Directors' report (continued)

#### **Directors**

The individuals who served as directors were:

Coach House Management Services Limited (chairman) BG McInnes (chairman) DGC Hathaway RW Langford JA Perkins AJ Plimmer JP Stephenson	(appointed 25 May 1995) (resigned 25 May 1995) (appointed 22 January 1996) (resigned 29 February 1996) (resigned 25 May 1995)
NR Tugman J Vandore	(appointed 22 January 1996) (appointed 3 February 1995, resigned 1 July 1995)

#### Directors' interests

No director had any interest in the shares of the company. Messers McInnes and Perkins are main board executive directors of Charles Baynes plc and details of their interests in its share capital are shown in that company's financial statements. The interests of the other directors in the shares of Charles Baynes plc at 31 December 1995 or later date of appointment were:

	Ordinary shares of 10p shares		Options in respect of 10p ordinary shares	
	31 December 1995	1 January 1995	31 December 1995	1 January 1995
	(or later date of appointment)		(or later date of appointment)	
Coach House Management Services Limited	-	-		_
RW Langford	-	47,557	95,082	95,082
AJ Plimmer	1,941	1,841	146,921	134,921
JP Stephenson	100	-	161,000	153,500
DGC Hathaway	2,436	-	52,150	-
NR Tugman	-	-	12,115	-
	- TA		- ' <del>'- ''-</del>	<del></del>

Options are granted to directors under the Charles Baynes plc Executive and Savings Related Share Option Schemes. No options were either exercised or lapsed during the year.



Directors' report (continued)

### Directors' and officers' liability insurance

The company has arranged liability insurance cover for its directors and officers.

### Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

By Order of the Board

SR Chamberlain

Secretary

Siskin Parkway East Middlemarch Business Park Coventry West Midlands CV3 4PE

13 March 1996





2 Cornwall Street Birmingham B3 2DL

### Auditors' report to the members of National Packaging Group PLC

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 19.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on pages 2 and 3, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

#### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 1995 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors 13 March 1996



### Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 1995

Turnover	Note 1		1995 £'000	1994 £'000
Continuing operations Acquisitions	•		41,633	30,139
			41,959	30,139
Cost of sales			(28,323)	(20,116)
Gross profit			13,636	10,023
Other operating costs	2		(11,360)	(8,746)
Operating profit/(loss) Continuing operations Acquisitions		2,281 (5)		
			2,276	1,277
Amounts written off investments	10		(362)	-
Interest payable and similar charges	3		(156)	(65)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4		1,758	1,212
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	7		(750)	(444)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation			1,008	768
Dividends			-	(1,000)
Retained profit/(loss) for the year	18		1,008	(232)

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the losses above for either financial year and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been prepared.

There is no difference between the results as disclosed in the profit and loss account and the result on an unmodified historical cost basis in either financial year.



## Balance sheet at 31 December 1995

	Note	19	95	19	94
Eined and		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fixed assets	_				
Intangible assets Tangible assets	8		1,311		1,388
Investments	9		1,827		1,317
mvestments	10		54 		54
			3,192		2,759
Current assets					,
Stocks	II	3,811		2,564	
Debtors	12	9,750		7,210	
Cash		6		5	
Chaditana An Citi		13,567		9,779	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	13	(11,839)		(8,930)	
Net current assets			1,728		849
Total assets less current liabilities			4,920		3,608
Creditors: Amounts falling due					
after more than one year Provisions for liabilities and	14		(1,051)		(747)
charges	15		(24)		(24)
			3,845		2,837
Capital and reserves			<del></del>		
Called up share capital	16		1 2/1		1.044
Share premium	17		1,361		1,361
Profit and loss account	18		1,442		1,442
WEFF WILL	10		1,042 ———	-	34
Shareholders' funds	19		3,845	=	2,837

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 13 March 1996 and were signed on its behalf by:

AJ Plimmer
Director

KPMG

6

#### Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

#### 1 Principal accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements:

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Accounting standards

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

#### Group financial statements

In accordance with section 228(1) of the Companies Act 1985, the company is exempt from the obligation to prepare and deliver group financial statements. The results of the company and its subsidiary undertakings are incorporated within the consolidated financial statements of Charles Baynes plc a company registered in England and Wales.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of goods and services to customers during the year. All turnover arose in the United Kingdom.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation has been provided so as to write off the costs, less the estimated residual value, of tangible fixed assets in equal instalments over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Short leasehold property

over the period of the lease

Plant, machinery and equipment - Motor vehicles

5 to 10 years 4 to 5 years

#### Leases

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease and the asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated over its estimated useful life or the term of the lease whichever is the shorter. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included in creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account, and the capital element which reduced the outstanding obligation for future instalments included in creditors.

All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the rental charges are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.



#### Notes (continued)

#### 1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

#### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the result for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting proposes. Provision is made for deferred taxation only to the extent that it is probable that an actual liability will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

#### **Pensions**

The Company participates in a Group money purchase pension scheme. Contributions made to the scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they are payable.

#### Goodwill

Purchased goodwill is defined as the difference between the fair value of the consideration given and the aggregate of the fair values of the separable net assets acquired. The purchased goodwill is eliminated from the financial statements by amortisation through the profit and loss account in arriving at profit or loss on ordinary activities on a systematic basis over its useful economic life, being 20 years.

#### Investments in subsidiary undertakings

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less, where applicable a provision for permanent diminution in value.



## Notes (continued)

2	Other operating costs		
		1995	1994
	Selling and distribution costs	£'000	£'000
	Continuing operations	2,241	1,691
	Acquisitions	15	1,091
	Administrative expenses		
	Continuing operations	9,034	7,055
	Acquisitions	70	-
		11,360	8,746
3	Interest payable and similar charges		
		1995	1994
		£'000	£'000
	On bank loans, overdrafts and other loans		
	wholly repayable within five years	<u>156</u>	65
4	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		
		1995	1994
		£'000	£'000
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated		
	after charging		
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	594	546
	Amortisation of goodwill	77	77
	Auditors' remuneration and expenses - audit fees Rentals under operating leases:	16	18
	Land and buildings	1,163	978
	Plant, machinery and vehicles	418	267



### Notes (continued)

#### 5 Directors' remuneration

1995	1994
£'000	£'000
217	180
65	_
15	11
297	191
78	70
44	-
122	70
8	6
130	76
	£'000  217 65 15

Range of emoluments, excluding pension contributions, of all directors in the year:

		Number of directors	
		1995	1994
£0	- £5,000	4	2
£50,001	- £55,000	- -	2
£55,001	- £60,000	1	_
£65,001	- £70,000	-	1
£75,001	- £80,000	1	_
£120,001	- £125,000	1	_
•	- ,		-

#### 6 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of employees (including executive directors) during the year, was as follows:

	Number of employees	
	1995	1994
Administration	32	29
Selling and distribution	257	236
	289	265
	···	



### Notes (continued)

### 6 Staff numbers and costs (continued)

The aggregate payroll costs of these employees were	as follows:	
	1995	1994
	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	5,198	4,007
Social security costs	475	374
Other pension costs	73	75
	5,746	4,456
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities  Taxation charge based on the profit for the year:  Corporation tax at 33% (1994: 33%)  Deferred taxation	1995 £'000 715	1994 £'000
	740	436
Adjustments relating to prior years:		
Corporation tax	(9)	33
Deferred taxation	19	(25)
	750	444



### Notes (continued)

### 8 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £'000
Cost	
At beginning of year	1,542
At end of year	1,542
	- Administration of the Control of t
Amortisation	
At beginning of year	154
Charge for the year	77
At end of year	231
	<del></del>
Net book value	
At 31 December 1995	1,311
	<del></del>
At 31 December 1994	1,388



### Notes (continued)

### 9 Tangible fixed assets

	Short leasehold properties	Plant, machinery and vehicles	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost			
At beginning of year	143	2,161	2,304
Additions	47	1,183	1,230
Disposals	-	(674)	(674)
Transfers from group undertakings	-	51	51
Transfers to group undertakings	<del>-</del>	(19)	(19)
At end of year	190	2,702	2,892
Depreciation			
At beginning of year	54	933	987
Charge for the year	21	573	594
Disposals	-	(537)	(537)
Transfers from group undertakings	-	25	25
Transfers to group undertakings		(4)	(4)
At end of year	75	990	1,065
Net book value			
At 31 December 1995	115	1,712	1,827
At 31 December 1994	89	1,228	1,317



### Notes (continued)

#### 10 Investments

	Shares in subsidiary undertakings £'000
Cost	2 000
At beginning of year	54
Additions	362
At end of year	416
Provision	<del></del>
At beginning of year	
Created during the year	362
AA and a C	<del></del>
At end of year	362
Net book value	<del></del>
At beginning and end of year	54
5 5 1 y	

On 18 October 1995 the company acquired the entire ordinary share capital of Billberg (UK) Limited, a distributor of packaging materials registered in England and Wales, for cash consideration of £362,000. A provision of £362,000 has been created during the year being the difference between the value of the investment and the book value of the liabilities acquired.

The company's other wholly owned subsidiary undertaking, which did not trade during the year, was Heath Packaging Group Limited registered in England and Wales.



## Notes (continued)

11	Stocks		
		1995	1994
		£'000	£'000
	Finished goods and goods for resale	3,811	2,564
12	Debtors		
14	Desires	1005	1004
		1995 £'000	1994 £'000
	Trade debtors	8,920	6,594
	Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings	127	47
	Other debtors	179	102
	Prepayments and accrued income	524	467
		9,750	7,210
13	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
	The state of the s	1995	1994
		£'000	£'000
	Bank loans and overdrafts	2,676	1,451
	Finance lease obligations	27	-
	Trade creditors	7,547	5,984
	Amounts owed to parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	21	568
	Corporation tax	283	144
	Other taxes and social security	734	541
	Other creditors	101	52
	Accruals and deferred income	450	190
		11,839	8,930



### Notes (continued)

14	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than or	ie year	
		1995	1994
		£'000	£'000
	Amounts owed to parent undertaking	883	693
	Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings	54	54
	Finance lease obligations:		
	Due between one and two years	25	-
	Due between two and five years	89	
		1,051	747
15	Provisions for liabilities and charges		
	_	Deferred	Other

	Deferred taxation £'000	Other provisions £'000
At beginning of year Profit and loss account	(51) 44	24
At end of year	(7)	24

The deferred taxation asset above, being the full potential recoverable asset, is set out below:

	1995 £'000	1994 £'000
Depreciation in excess of accelerated capital allowances	7	28
Other short term differences	-	23
	7	51

The deferred tax asset is included in other debtors.



## Notes (continued)

16	Called up share capital		
		1995	1994
	Authorised:	£'000	£'000
	2,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1	2,000	2,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
	1,361,400 ordinary shares of £1	1,361	1,361
17	Share premium		
		1995	1994
		£'000	£'000
	At beginning and end of year	1,442	1,442
10			
18	Profit and loss account		
		1995 £'000	1994 £'000
		£ 000	£ 000
	At beginning of year	34	266
	Retained profit/(loss) for the year	1,008	(232)
	At end of year	1,042	34
10	•		
19	Movement in shareholders' funds		
		1995 £'000	1994 £'000
		£ 000	£ 000
	Profit for the financial year	1,008	768
	Dividends	<del>-</del>	(1,000)
		1,008	(232)
	Shareholders' funds at beginning of year	2,837	3,069
	Shareholders' funds at end of year	3,845	2,837



Notes (continued)

#### 20 Commitments

	1995	1994
Control community of	£'000	£'000
Capital commitments:		
Authorised and contracted	-	-
Authorised but not contracted	-	_
	-	-
	-	
Operating leases:		
Commitments for amounts under non-cancellable operating leases are:		
Leases relating to land and buildings expiring:		
- within one year	80	72.
- between two and five years	590	392
- after five years	739	695
•		<del></del>
Leases relating to plant, machinery and vehicles expiring:		
- within one year	16	13
- between two and five years	267	270
		<del></del>

#### 21 Pensions

The Company participates in a money purchase pension scheme which is operated by the Group. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds. The pension costs represent the contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £73,000 (1994: £75,000) All contributions payable were paid during the year.

#### 22 Ultimate parent undertaking

The parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up and of which this company is a member is Charles Baynes plc, a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales. This undertaking is also the ultimate parent company. Copies of the financial statements of this company may be obtained from 68 Baker Street, Weybridge, Surrey, KT13 8AL.

#### 23 Country of incorporation

The company was incorporated in Great Britain and is registered in England and Wales.



Notes (continued)

### 24 Contingent liabilities

The company has given a guarantee for £3,400,000 in favour of Midland Bank plc in respect of the borrowings of its ultimate parent undertaking, Charles Baynes plc.

