Company registration number: 01621800

The UK Windsurfing Association Trading as The UK Windsurfing Association Company limited by guarantee

Unaudited financial statements

31 December 2017

THURSDAY



30/08/2018 COMPANIES HOUSE #369

Contents

	Page
Statement of financial position	2 - 3
Notes to the financial statements	4 - 8

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 DECEMBER 2017

	2017		2016		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6	12,291		19,910	
			12,291		19,910
Current assets					
Stocks		-		558	
Debtors	7	1,451		3,150	
Cash at bank and in hand		37,415		39,108	
		38,866		42,816	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	8	(18,373)		(23,912)	
Net current assets			20,493		18,904
Total assets less current liabilities			32,784		38,814
Net assets			32,784		38,814
Capital and reserves					
Profit and loss account			32,784		38,814
Members funds			32,784		38,814
					====

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) **31 DECEMBER 2017**

For the year ending 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in guestion in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22/08/18, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Bob Ingram Director

Company registration number: 01621800

Mr Brian Tilbury

B. C. Tillion Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is Stanhope House, 9-10 Fore Street, Holsworthy, Devon, EX22 6DT.

The principal activity of the association is the promotion of competitive windsurfing.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstanves.

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity, and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Members annual subscriptions commence on the date received and last for twelve months. The amount of members subscriptions included in turnover is calculated as the amount applicable for the period of receipt up to 31 December. The remainder, being the amount for the period from 1 January to expiry, is carried forward as members fees in advance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Marine equipment - 20% straight line
Motor vehicles - 25% straight line
Office equipment - 33% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Impairment

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A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

4. Limited by guarantee

The association is a private company limited by guarantee and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the members is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 towards the assets of the association in the event of liquidation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

5. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors was nil (2016: nil). No directors received remuneration (2016: none) for their services as directors during the year. Travel and other expenses incurred by Directors undertaking The UK Windsurfing Association's activities are re-imbursed. During the year fees and re-imbursed expenses for Directors amounted to:

			2017 £	2016 £
Pete Davis Bob Ingram James Palin Paul Robinson Brian Tilbury			150 1,453 1,044 - 1,093	2,158 1,031 311 999
6. Tangible assets				
	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Office equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 January 2017	77,877	8,667	1,841	88,385
Additions	9,262	-	-	9,262
Disposals	(700)	-	-	(700)
At 31 December 2017	86,439	8,667	1,841	96,947
Depreciation	,			
At 1 January 2017	62,621	4,084	1,770	68,475
Charge for the year	14,679	2,167	35	16,881
Disposals	(700)	-	-	(700)
At 31 December 2017	76,600	6,251	1,805	84,656
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2017	9,839	2,416	36	12,291
At 31 December 2016	15,256	4,583	71	19,910

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

7.	Debtors		
••		2017	2016
ž.	and the second s	£	£
	Trade debtors	-	190
	Other debtors	1,451	2,960
		1,451	3,150
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
ο.	Creditors, amounts failing due within one year	2017	2016
		2017 £	£
	Trade creditors	2,648	3,885
	Corporation tax	22	22
	Other creditors	15,703	20,005
		18,373	23,912

9. Related party transactions

During the year the company outsourced administration work and paid fees amounting to £10,220 (2016: £10,220) in respect of this.

There are no amounts outstanding to or from related parties at the year end, 31 December 2017 (2016: £nil).