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THE UK WINDSURFING ASSOCIATION

UNAUDITED

DIRECTORS REPORT

AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31 DECEMBER 2016

REGISTRATION NUMBER 01621800

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Elected executive directors Mr Alastair Campbell

Mr Rod Davis Mr Bob Ingram Mr James Palin Dr Paul Robinson Mr Brian Tilbury Director of communications
Director of marketing & publicity

Chairman

Director of resources Director of finances Director of administration

Nominated directors

Mr Pete Davis Mr Nigel Treacy Head of Speed Head of Wave

Company number

01621800

Registered office

Stanhope House 9-10 Fore Street Holsworthy Devon EX22 6DT

Business address

The Long Barn Sutcombe Holsworthy Devon EX22 7PY

Accountants

Thomas Westcott Stanhope House 9-10 Fore Street Holsworthy Devon EX22 6DT

DIRECTORS REPORT YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Mr Alastair Campbell

Mr Pete Davis

Mr Rod Davis

Mr Bob Ingram

Mr James Palin

Dr Paul Robinson

Mr Brian Tilbury

Mr Nigel Treacy

Chairmans Report

The principal activity of the association is the promotion of competitive windsurfing. This is primarily acheived through the organisation of events in 5 disciplines:

- Course racing
- Slalom
- Wave
- Freestyle
- Speed

The entries for events during the year were:

	2016	2015
Course racing	776	686
Slalom	353	322
Wave	178	82
Freestyle	•	20
Speed	30	81

2016 saw the continued growth of The BSA, British Slalom Association, run under the umbrella of the UKWA. 1st Pro James Dinsmore. 1st Amateur Ian Roberts, 1st Lady Zara Davies. Its aim is to further develop the ever-growing concept of 'full-on' Slalom Racing, whilst including the simplest format of racing 'off-the-beach' or Masterblast (out to a buoy and back). 1st Jess Austin. The UKWA will also continue to support and encourage the Regional Slalom groups who have done so much to promote participation in Slalom on your local beach across the UK. Thanks must go to the many trade sponsors who continue to support the tour.

DIRECTORS REPORT (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Another highlight of the year is Weymouth Speed Week. Many UKWA competitors take a week's holiday every October and make the annual trip to Weymouth. The flat water in Portland Harbour and strong winds blowing in over Chesil Beach attract many top International sailors who compete for 'top speed' of the day and of the week. The big attraction is that anyone can take part, with any kit; and just perhaps that special gust propels you along quicker than anyone else and straight to the top of the rankings. Simon Cofield was crowned UKWA Speed Champion 2016, Zara Davies was 1st Lady. 2017 will see a new title British Speed Sailing Champion being awarded to any UKWA member topping the Speed Ladder during the calendar year. Speed Week will retain the title of UKWA National Speed Sailing Champion 2017.

The highly prestigious British Wave Title was awarded by the BWA (British Wavesailing Association) to 1st Pro, Phil Horrocks. The BWA remains under the umbrella of the UKWA and 2016 saw the return of the tour to the south coast. Wavesailing continues to amaze the recreational sailor with the skills demonstrated by the Pros make this the most spectacular, photogenic and crowd pleasing of the all the disciplines. Whilst the Pro Fleet will amaze, the Amateur Fleet is open to all and a sure way to improve your skills is to mix with and learn new tricks from the top UK and International competitors.

Course Racing had another outstanding year. Working closely with the RYA and Class Associations the UKWA will continue to put on International quality Course Racing events. 2016 saw: 3 Inland events to decide the Regional Inland Champion. Run by the Regions, our Junior Fleets & Classes are especially welcome and 2016 saw Race Training offered, which will continue in 2017. The UKWA National Championships had a further 6 coastal events as will 2017. Finally a joint event, The Inland National Championships and The RYA Junior Youth and Masters with over 200 sailors, hosted at Rutland Sailing Club, is moving to Grafham for 2017. This event will be included in the Inland Regional Championships scoring for 2017 making it a four event series. There was further expansion of the RYA pathway classes, Techno and RSX, whilst, for spectacular excitement, the Formula Fleet continues to excel. Course Racing continues to prosper across the regions, welcoming newcomers and experienced sailors alike. A GB Raceboard team was supported at the Raceboard Europeans and many trophies were won. Increasing numbers of youths joining the raceboard fleet is very positive outlook for the future of this class.

During 2016 we benefited from the support of our sponsors. Many brands, importers and magazines support us and the RYA continues to support the pathway classes through the UKWA. I take this opportunity to thank them all for their continued support and to further thank our volunteers who continue to support windsurfing in the UK.. 2016 saw some outstanding achievements by British sailors the highlight being a second Olympic silver medal for the retiring Nick Dempsey. Quite simply an outstanding career and the UKWA wishes him every success in his future pathway. However, the UKWA welcomes all participants, regardless of ability, age or chosen discipline. Thank you again for joining us, if you need any further information please contact us or go to the website www.ukwindsurfing.com for up-to-date information.

DIRECTORS REPORT (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on ... 0.1 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Bob Ingram Director

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UK WINDSURFING YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of The UK Windsurfing Association for the year ended 31 December 2016 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of The UK Windsurfing Association, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of The UK Windsurfing Association and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of The UK Windsurfing Association as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than The UK Windsurfing Association and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that The UK Windsurfing Association has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of The UK Windsurfing Association. You consider that The UK Windsurfing Association is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of The UK Windsurfing Association. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Thomas Westcott
Chartered Accountants

Stanhope House 9-10 Fore Street Holsworthy Devon EX22 6DT

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

		2016	2015
	Note	£	£
Turnover		94,587	91,378
Cost of sales		(76,455)	(75,631)
Gross profit		18,132	15,747
Administrative expenses		(16,736)	(15,557)
Operating profit		1,396	190
Other interest receivable and similar income		6	6
Profit before taxation	6	1,402	196
Tax on profit		(1)	(1)
Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income		1,401	195

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 DECEMBER 2016

		201	6	201	5
	Note	£	3	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7	19,910		34,417	
			19,910		34,417
Current assets					
Stocks		558		-	
Debtors	8	3,150		1,351	
Cash at bank and in hand		39,108		28,494	
		42,816		29,845	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	9	(23,912)		(26,849)	
Net current assets			18,904		2,996
Total assets less current liabilities			38,814		37,413
Net assets			38,814		37,413
Capital and reserves					
Profit and loss account	10		38,814		37,413
			38,814		37,413

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) 31 DECEMBER 2016

For the year ending 31 December 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Bob Ingram Director

Company registration number: 01621800

Dr Paul Robinson Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 January 2015	37,218	37,218
Profit for the year	195	195
Total comprehensive income for the year	195	195
At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016	37,413	37,413
Profit for the year	1,401	1,401
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,401	1,401
At 31 December 2016	38,814	38,814

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is Stanhope House, 9-10 Fore Street, Holsworthy, Devon, EX22 6DT. The principal place of business is The Long Barn, Sutcombe, Holsworthy, Devon, EX22 7PY.

The principal activity of the company is the promotion of competitive windsurfing across the LIK.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 January 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 12.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstanves.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome. The key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity, and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Members annual subscriptions commence on the date received and last for twelve months. The amount of members subscriptions included in turnover is calculated as the amount applicable for the period of receipt up to 31 December. The remainder, being the amount for the period from 1 January to expiry, is carried forward as members fees in advance.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Marine equipment - 20% straight line
Motor vehicles - 25% straight line
Office equipment - 33% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. In the statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are shown within borrowing or current liabilities.

THE UK WINDUBPRING ASSOCIATION THE UK WINDUBPRING ASSOCIATION COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) VEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Limited by guarantee

The association is a private company limited by guarantee and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the members is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 towards the assets of the association in the event of liquidation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

5. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors was nil (2015: nil). No directors received remuneration (2015: none) for their services as directors during the year. Travel and other expenses incurred by Directors undertaking The UK Windsurfing Association's activities are re-imbursed. During the year fees and re-imbursed expenses for Directors amounted to:

		2016 £	2015 £
	Bob Ingram	2,158	2,294
	James Palin	1,031	1,253
	Paul Robinson	311	500
	Brian Tilbury	999	1,232
· 6.	Profit before taxation		
	Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Depreciation of tangible assets	17,777	11,140
			=======================================

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

7.	Tangible assets				
		Marine equipment	Motor vehicles	Office equipment	Total
	04	£	£	£	£
	Cost At 1 January 2016	74,713	8,667	1,735	85,115
	Additions	3,364	-	106	3,470
	Disposals	(200)	-	-	(200
	At 31 December 2016	77,877	8,667	1,841	88,385
	Depreciation				
	At 1 January 2016	47,047	1,917	1,734	50,698
	Charge for the year	15,574	2,167	36	17,777
	At 31 December 2016	62,621	4,084	1,770	68,475
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 December 2016	15,256	4,583	<u>71</u>	19,910
	At 31 December 2015	27,666	6,750	1	34,417
8.	Debtors				
				2016	2015
	Trade debtors			£ 190	£ 400
	Other debtors			2,960	951
	other deptere			3,150	1,351
9.	Creditors: amounts failing due v	ithin one year			
				2016	2015
	Trade creditors			£ 3,885	£ 6,569
	Corporation tax			3,005 22	6,569 20
	Other creditors			20,005	20,260
				23,912	26,849
					=====

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

10. Reserves

Income & expenditure account: This reserve records retained surpluses and accumulated deficits.

11. Related party transactions

During the year the company outsourced administration work and paid fees amounting to £10,220 (2015: £10,625) to a director in respect of this.

There are no amounts outstanding to or from related parties at the year end, 31 December 2016 (2015: £nil).

12. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 January 2015.

Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year

No transitional adjustments were required.

The following pages do not form part of the statutory accounts.

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DETAILED INCOME STATEMENT YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	2016	2015
	3	£
Turnover		
Entry fees	45,941	43,660
Equipment hire	5,903	5,564
Sponsorship & grants	5,067	15,350
Membership	21,746	22,684
Merchandise	603	584
Other Event Income	12,486	3,493
Other income	2,841	43
	94,587	91,378
Cost of sales		
Merchandise purchases	(348)	(580)
Event costs	(22,464)	(17,731)
Travelling & subsistence	(12,122)	(14,049)
Training	-	(9,000)
Race crew expenses	(8,207)	(7,725)
Insurance	(6,225)	(7,151)
Depreciation of motor vehicles	(2,167)	(1,917)
Depreciation of marine equipment	(15,574)	(8,646)
	(67,107)	(66,799)
Closing stock	558	-
Equipment costs	(9,906)	(8,832)
	76,455	75,631
Gross profit	18,132	15,747
Gross profit percentage	19.2%	17.2%
Overheads		
Administrative expenses	(16,736)	(15,557)
	(16,736)	(15,557)
Operating profit	1,396	190
Operating profit percentage	1.5%	0.2%

DETAILED INCOME STATEMENT (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	2016	2015	
	2016 £	2015 £	
	-		
Other interest receivable and similar income	6	6	
Profit before taxation	1,402	196	

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