REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

FOR

GLYNDE LIMITED

Milsted Langdon LLP Chartered Accountants Freshford House Redcliffe Way Bristol BS1 6NL



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GLYNDE LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Directors:

Mr B A Sidler

Mr S E Zuger

Registered office:

3rd Floor

11-12 St James's Square

London SWIY 4LB

Registered number:

01599078 (England and Wales)

Auditors:

Milsted Langdon LLP Chartered Accountants Freshford House Redeliffe Way Bristol B\$1 6NL

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of business support services.

Directors

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2021 to the date of this report.

Mr B A Sidler Mr S E Zuger

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is appropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

The auditors, Milsted Langdon LLP, were appointed during the year and will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

On behalf of the board:

Mr S E Zuger / Director

0 5 DEC 2022

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF GLYNDE LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Glynde Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the Income Statement, Balance Sheet and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter -

financial statements prepared on a basis other than going concern.

We draw attention to Note 2 to the financial statements which explains that the directors intend to liquidate the company and therefore do not consider it to be appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements. Accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than going concern as described in Note 2. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF GLYNDE LIMITED

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our approach was as follows:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Company and determined that the most significant frameworks which are directly relevant to specific assertions in the financial statements are those that relate to the reporting framework including the Companies Act 2006 and the relevant tax compliance regulations in the UK.
- We understood how the Company is complying with those frameworks by making enquiries of management and those responsible for legal and compliance procedures.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the Company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur by meeting with management from various parts of the business to understand where it considered there was a susceptibility to fraud. We also considered performance targets and their propensity to influence efforts made by management to manage the results. We considered the controls that the Company has established to address risks identified, or that otherwise prevent, deter and detect fraud; and how senior management monitors those programmes and controls. Where the risk was considered to be higher, we performed audit procedures to address each identified fraud risk. These procedures included testing manual journals and were designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free from fraud and error.
- Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with such laws and regulations identified in the paragraphs above. Our procedures involved journal entry testing, with a focus on journals indicating large or unusual transactions based on our understanding of the business, enquiries of Company management and focused testing. In addition, we completed procedures to conclude on the compliance of the disclosures in the Annual Report and Accounts with the requirements of the relevant accounting standards and UK legislation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

David Jaco

David Jacobs (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Milsted Langdon LLP Chartered Accountants
Freshford House
Redcliffe Way
Bristol
BS1 6NL

15/12/2022

Date:

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	31.12.21 €	31.12.20 €
TURNOVER		948
Administrative expenses	(10,344)	(22,302)
	(10,344)	(21,354)
Other operating income	2,515	·
OPERATING LOSS and LOSS BEFORE TAXATION	(7,829)	(21,354)
Tax on loss	•	-
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	(7,829)	(21,354)

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	31.12.21 €	31.12.20 €
FIXED ASSETS			
Investments	5	100	100
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	6	. 32,893	40,291
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	7 ·	(7,453)	(7,022)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		25,440	33,269
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		25,540	33,369
			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		7,331	7,331
Retained earnings		18,209	26,038
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		25,540	33,369
			====

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for its behalf by:

Mr S E Zuger Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1: STATUTORY INFORMATION

Glynde Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Euro (€), and rounded to the nearest €.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The accounts have been prepared on a break-up basis as the company intends to cease and will be dissolved in the foreseeable future. The directors consider that there will be little impact on the company's activities due to the spread of Covid-19 and the orderly wind up of the company will continue as planned and the break-up basis of preparation remains appropriate.

All activities of the company are from continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2020 or 2019 other than those included in the Income Statement.

Accordingly, no separate statement of Other Comprehensive Income is presented.

Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Group accounts not prepared.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about the group.

Turnove

Turnover represents amounts invoiced by the company in respect of services rendered during the year. It is recognised in the profit and loss account only when the company has met its contractual obligations and therefore earned the right to consideration.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost less impairment.

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, and loans from fellow group companies are initially recognised at transaction price.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are initially recognised at transaction price.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Euro at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Euro at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Going concern

The accounts have been prepared on a basis other than going concern. The Directors intend to strike off the company from the register in the near future.

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was NIL (2020 - NIL).

4. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

	31.12.21	31.12.20
	ϵ	ϵ
Fees payable to the company's auditors for the audit of the company's financial		
statements	6,517	5,701

Shares in

5. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	group undertakings €
Cost At 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	100
Net book value At 31 December 2021	100
At 31 December 2020	100

The company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following:

Marbledene Ltd
Registered office: UK
Nature of husiness: Business

Nature of business: Business support services

Class of shares:	holding		
Ordinary	100.00		
		31.12.21	31.12.20
		€	€
Aggregate capital and reserves		(34,604)	(20,363)
Loss for the year		(12,921)	(17,037)

%

	31.12.21	31.12.20
	€	€
Amounts owed by group undertakings	32,893	40,291

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

6. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR - continued

Included within other debtors is an amount of €32,893 (2020: €40,291) due to Zentravest-Holding A.G., a company within the group.

7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	31.12.21	31.12.20
	ϵ	€
Other creditors	100	100
Accrued expenses	7,353	6,922
	7,453	7,022

8. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with 'wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

9. PARENT AND ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The company's immediate parent is Zentravest-Holding A.G., incorporated in Switzerland.

The ultimate parent entity producing publicly available financial statements is Vistra Group Holdings (BVI) III Limited.

The ultimate controlling party is SERNA A.G.