CURRIE & BROWN (JAPAN) LIMITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 31 MARCH 2000



FRENCH DUNCAN

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditor 375 West George Street Glasgow G2 4LH

CURRIE & BROWN (JAPAN) LIMITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

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AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE COMPANY

PURSUANT TO SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 4, together with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2000 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE AUDITORS

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the registrar of companies and whether the accounts to be delivered are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and report our opinion to you.

BASIS OF OPINION

We have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report did not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the financial statements.

OPINION

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act, and the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 4 are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

375 West George Street Glasgow G2 4LH

15 January 2001

FRENCH DUNCAN Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditor

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2000

	Note	lote 2000		1999	
		£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Tangible assets			1,123		1,413
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		102,988		157,754	
Cash at bank and in hand		53,968		81,812	
		156,956		239,566	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling		·			
due within one year		(126,655)		(209,318)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			30,301		30,248
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURREN	NT LIABII	LITIES	31,424		31,661
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	3		25,000		25,000
Profit and loss account			6,424		6,661
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			31,424		31,661

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These financial statements were approved by the directors on the 15 January 2001 and are signed on their behalf by:

D L MITCHELL

David L Hardall

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective March 2000).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings - 15% Straight line
Motor Vehicles - 25% Straight line
Computer Equipment - 25% Straight line

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined benefit pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The contributions to the scheme are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over the service lives of employees. Variations from the regular costs are spread over the average expected remaining working lives of current members in the scheme.

Deferred taxation

Provision is made, under the liability method, to take account of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounts purposes and their treatment for tax purposes. Tax deferred or accelerated is accounted for in respect of all material timing differences to the extent that it is considered that a net liability may arise.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

2. FIXED ASSETS

			Tangible
			Fixed
			Assets
	COST		£
	At 1 April 1999		21 272
	Additions		21,373 279
	At 31 March 2000		21,652
	DEPRECIATION		40.070
	At 1 April 1999		19,960
	Charge for year		569
	At 31 March 2000		20,529
			
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 March 2000		1,123
	At 31 March 1999		1,413
	At 31 Water 1999		1,413
3.	SHARE CAPITAL		
	Authorised share capital:		
	radio 130 d share ouplean	2000	1999
		£	£
	50,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
		2 	
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
		2000	1999
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital	25,000	25,000

4. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate holding company of Currie & Brown (Japan) Ltd is Currie & Brown Holdings Limited. The ultimate controlling party is A L Currie & Brown.