Directors' report and financial statements

Year ended 29 September 2007

Registered number 1591116

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## Directors' report and financial statements

Contents	Page
Directors' report	1-3
Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors Report and the financial statements	4
Independent auditor's report to the members of Apple (UK) Limited	5-6
Profit and loss account	7
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	8
Balance sheet	9
Notes	10-23

### Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 29 September 2007

#### Principal activities and business review

Apple (UK) Limited provides services to group companies. These services include sales support, marketing and technical support. As of 29 September 2007, the company had 254 employees resulting in a yearly average of 173 employees, which was an increase of 12% on the prior year. This growth was seen primarily in the sales support and marketing area.

On 3 November 2006 Apple (UK) Limited registered a branch office in The Russian Federation with the intention to provide sales support, marketing and other services to group companies trading with Russian customers. For the year ended 29 September 2007 the branch had no employees and made a start-up loss of £95,000 which is consolidated fully into the results of Apple (UK) Limited.

Apple (UK) Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Apple Inc , a company incorporated in California, United States of America and listed on the Nasdaq exchange. The Apple Inc. Group of companies, referred to collectively as "Apple" design, manufacture and market

- Macintosh personal computers and related software, services and peripherals,
- Digital music players (1Pod) and related accessories and services including the online sale of audio and video, and mobiles phones (1Phone)

During 2007, Apple has continued to update its Mac line and applications. Apple also updated its popular iPod music players with a new iPod Nano, upgraded iPod Shuffle and classic models and introduced a totally new iPod in September, the iPod Touch

Apple sells to education, consumer, creative professional, and business and government customers through a variety of direct and indirect distribution channels. Apple (UK) Limited's principal business is the provision of sales support and marketing services in connection with sales of Apple products in the UK market.

Sales of Apple products have been growing in recent years with Apple Inc recording a 24 3% growth in worldwide net revenue in Fiscal Year 2007 over Fiscal Year 2006. This strong performance in worldwide sales of Apple products is also reflected in the underlying sales of Apple products in the UK market and is therefore the basis for robust financial performance of Apple (UK) Limited

The results of the company for the year ended 29 September 2007 as set out on page 7 are considered satisfactory

#### Risks and uncertainties

The risks and uncertainties faced by the business are those typical of the technology sector, but are mitigated by the historically strong financial performance of the company and its long standing reputation and tradition within the sector

The directors consider the principal risks and uncertainties facing the company are

- margin reduction due to competition
- retaining key employees and succession planning
- a rising cost base
- a sharp down turn in individual and commercial spends

Directors' report (continued)

#### Risks and uncertainties (continued)

The directors believe that these risks are effectively managed through a strong focus on competition, on our cost base and on our key employees

#### Key performance indicators

Key performance indicators that are focused on by management include

- Sales
- Margin
- Overheads
- New industry developments

Each of these indicators are monitored by local management against budget and against prior periods. The directors are satisfied with the performance of the company during the year with regard to the indicators above.

#### Recults

The profit for the year after taxation amounted to £4,857,000 (2006 £26,394,000 profit)

#### Dividend

No dividend was paid in the year (2006 £43,006,642)

#### Directors

The directors who held office during the year were as follows Georges Guyon de Chemilly Peter Oppenheimer (also secretary since 11 May 2006) Gary Wipfler Tim Cook

#### Political and charitable contributions

The company made no political contributions during the year (2006 £Nil) The company made no donations to charities during the year (2006 £3,000)

#### Post balance sheet events

No important events affecting the company have taken place since the end of the financial year

#### Disclosure of information to the auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

Directors' report (continued)

#### Election of the auditor

Pursuant to a shareholders' resolution, the company is not obliged to reappoint its auditors annually and KPMG will therefore continue in office

By order of the board

Directof 1.

Print Gord WipHer

Dated July 16, 2008

100 New Bridge Street London EC4V 6JA

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



KPMG
Chartered Accountants
1 Stokes Place
St Stephen's Green
Dublin 2
Ireland

#### Independent auditor's report to the members of Apple (UK) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Apple (UK) Limited for the year ended 29 September 2007 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheet, and the related notes These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and independent auditor

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 4

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.



## Independent auditor's report to the members of Apple (UK) Limited (continued)

#### **Opinion**

#### In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 29 September 2007 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

KPMO

23 JULY 2008

# Profit and loss account for the year ended 29 September 2007

	Note	2007 £'000	2006 £'000 (as restated)
Turnover – continuing operations	2	27,411	24,216
Gross profit		27,411	24,216
Distribution costs		(211)	(282)
Administrative expenses	8	(20,688)	(17,916)
			<del> </del>
Operating profit – continuing operations	3	6,512	6,018
Income from participating interests		_	28,972
Interest receivable and similar income	6	370	707
Interest payable & similar charges	7	(13)	(92)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		6,869	35,605
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	9	(2,012)	(9,211)
Profit for the financial year	18	4,857	26,394

# Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 29 September 2007

	2007 £'000	2006 £'000 (as restated)
Profit for the year - (Includes share based payments charge)	4,857	26,394
Other recognised gains and losses	-	-
Total recognised gains and losses	4,857	26,394
Prior year adjustment (note 14)	(144)	
Total recognised gains and losses since last financial statements	4,713	

**Balance Sheet** 

for the year ended 29 September 2007

		2007	2006
	Note	£'000	£,000
Fixed assets			(as restated)
Tangible assets	10	683	738
Investments	11	3,715	3,715
		4,398	4,453
Current assets			
Debtors	12	17,920	11,999
Cash at bank and in hand		1,280	3,833
		<del></del>	
		19,200	15,832
Creditors: amounts falling due	13	(4,163)	(7,165)
within one year	13	<del>(4,103)</del>	(7,103)
Net current assets		15,037	8,667
Net cui tent assets			
Total assets less current liabilities		19,435	13,120
1000 1000 1000		<del></del>	
Provision for liabilities	14	(916)	(849)
		<del></del>	
Net assets		18,519	12,271
		<del></del>	
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	17	1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account	18	15,647	10,790
Capital contribution reserve	19	1,872	481
Shareholders' funds – equity	20	18,519	12,271

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on and were signed on its behalf by

Director

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Dated July 16, 2008

100 New Bridge Street London EC4V 6JA

Notes forming part of the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements, except as noted below

The company adopted Financial Reporting Standard 20, Share Based Payments, in these financial statements for the first time and the disclosures it requires have been presented for both the current and comparative period

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules

#### Cashflow

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1, the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements

#### Related party transactions

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Apple Inc. the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group (or investees of the group qualifying as related parties)

The consolidated financial statements of Apple Inc , within which the results of this company are included, can be obtained from the address given in the notes to the accounts

#### Investments

Investments are valued at cost, less any charge for impairment

#### Fixed assets & depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows

Office equipment Leasehold improvement Apple own use 20% straight line lesser of 10 years or lease term 33% - 100% straight line

Notes (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Taxation

Current tax is provided on the company's taxable profits, at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. Provision is made at the rates expected to apply when the timing differences reverse. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in taxable profits in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

#### Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme

#### Operating leases

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the lease

#### Turnover

The company earns commission income under commission agent agreements in place with related group undertakings. Commission receivable for the provision of services to group companies is recognised when earned

Notes (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Equity settled share based payment transactions

The Apple share schemes allow employees to acquire shares in Apple Inc. They are all equity settled. The fair value of share entitlements granted is recognised as an employee expense in the profit and loss account with a corresponding increase in a capital contribution reserve. Apple Inc., uses the Black-Scholes-Merton (BSM) option-pricing model to calculate the fair value. Share entitlements granted by Apple Inc., are subject to certain non-market based vesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions are not taken into account when estimating the fair value of entitlements as at the grant date. The expense for the share entitlements shown in the profit and loss account is based on the fair value of the total number of entitlements expected to vest and is allocated to accounting periods ratably over the vesting period. The cumulative charge to the profit and loss account is only reversed where entitlements do not vest because all non-market performance conditions have not been met or where an employee in receipt of share entitlements leaves the company before the end of the vesting period.

#### 2 Turnover

As permitted by paragraph 55(5) of Schedule 4 to the Companies Act 1985, turnover is not analysed as in the opinion of the directors the disclosure of this information would be seriously prejudicial to the interests of the company

#### 3 Operating profit

	- F	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
	Operating profit is stated after charging		
	Auditor's remuneration		
	- audīt	15	15
	Depreciation	199	407
	Hire of plant and machinery		
	- rentals under operating leases	232	302
	Other operating lease rentals	1,311	1,311
	Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	47	4
4	Remuneration of directors		
		2007	2006
		£'000	£'000
	Emoluments (including pension contributions)	_	_
	Emoraments (merading pension contributions)		_

Two directors exercised share options in Apple Inc. during the year (2006-4)

Notes (continued)

#### 5 Staff numbers and costs

The average weekly number of employees during the year was 173 (2006 155) and is analysed into the following categories

2007 2006

	the following categories	2007 Number	2006 Number
	Sales/Marketing	109	104
	Finance/Administration	29	20
	Technical	<u>35</u>	31
		173	155
		3.11X	
	Staff costs can be analysed as follows,		
		2007	2006
		£'000	£,000
	Wages and salaries	10,235	8,342
	Social security costs	1,417	1,716
	Other pension costs	299	254
	Share based payments	1,391	481
		12.242	10.702
		13,342	10,793
_	Interest receivable and similar macro		
6	Interest receivable and similar income	2007	2006
		£'000	£'000
	Bank interest receivable	285	196
	Interest from loans to related undertakings	59	482
	Other	26	29
			<del></del>
		370	707
		<del></del>	
7	Interest payable & similar charges		
		2007	2006
		£'000	£,000
	Bank charges and fees	4	85
	Other	9	7
		13	92

Notes (continued)

#### 8 Share-based payments

Apple Inc , has two share option schemes in operation for Apple (UK) Limited employees and executives of the company (the "2003 Employee Stock Plan" and the "Employee Stock Purchase Plan") Details of the respective plans are out lined below

The 2003 Employee Stock Plan (the "2003 Plan") is a shareholder approved plan that provides for broad-based grants to employees, including executive officers. Based on the terms of individual option grants, options granted under the 2003 Plan generally expire 7 to 10 years after the grant date and generally become exercisable over a period of four years, based on continued employment, with either annual or quarterly vesting. The 2003 Plan permits the granting of incentive stock options, non-statutory stock options, restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights, stock purchase rights and performance-based awards. The company has a shareholder approved employee stock purchase plan (the "Purchase Plan"), under which substantially all employees may purchase common stock through payroll deductions at a price equal to 85% of the lower of the fair market values as of the beginning and end of six-month offering periods. Stock purchases under the Purchase Plan are limited to 10% of an employee's compensation, up to a maximum of USD 25,000 in any calendar year.

As grants of share options have occurred since 7 November 2002, which have not vested by 1 January 2006, the recognition and measurement principles of FRS 20 have been applied by the company in the current year. The terms and conditions of each grant is as follows, all options are to be settled by physical delivery of shares.

Grant date / entitled employees	Number of instruments in thousands	Vesting conditions	Contractual life of options
Options Granted in 2001	512	1 to 4 years service	7-10 Years
Options Granted in 2002	170	1 to 4 years service	7-10 Years
Options Granted in 2003	5	1 to 4 years service	7-10 Years
Options Granted in 2004	88	1 to 4 years service	7-10 Years
Options Granted in 2005	46	1 to 4 years service	7-10 Years
Options Granted in 2006	23	1 to 4 years service	7-10 Years
Options Granted in 2007	116	1 to 4 years service	7-10 Years
Total share options	960		

Notes (continued)

#### 8 Share-based payments (continued)

The number and weighted average exercise price is as follows

	Weighted	Number	Weighted	Number
	average price	of options	average price	of options
	2007	2007	2006	2006
	USD	'000	USD	'000
Outstanding at 1 October 2006 Forfeited during the period Exercised during the period Granted during the period	35.74	117	24 07	128
	89.83	(4)	41 72	(2)
	32.62	(26)	11 67	(32)
	89.81	116	68 37	23
Outstanding at 29 September 2007	66.06	203	35 74	117
Exercisable at 29 September 2007	40.75	69	17 85	5

The options outstanding at 29 September 2007 have an exercise price of USD 66 06 and a weighted average contractual life of 5 years

Apple Inc , uses the Black-Scholes-Merton (BSM) option-pricing model to calculate the fair value of stock-based awards. The BSM option-pricing model incorporates various assumptions including expected volatility, expected life, and interest rates. The expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of Apple Inc 's common stock over the most recent period commensurate with the estimated expected life of Apple Inc 's stock options and other relevant factors including implied volatility in market traded options on Apple Inc 's common stock. Apple Inc , bases its expected life assumption on its historical experience and on the terms and conditions of the stock awards it grants to employees. Stock-based compensation cost is estimated at the grant date based on the award's fair-value as calculated by the BSM option-pricing model and is recognized as expense ratably on a front loaded basis over the requisite service period.

The weighted average assumptions used for 2007 and 2006 and the resulting estimates of weighted-average fair value per share of options granted and for stock purchases during those periods are as follows

		2007	2006
Expected life of stock options		3.46 years	3 56 years
Expected life of stock purchases	•	6 months	6 months
Interest rate - stock options		4.61%	4 60%
Interest rate - stock purchases	•	5.13%	4 29%
Volatility - stock options		38.13%	40 34%
Volatility - stock purchases		39.22%	39 56%
Dividend yields	•	-	-
Weighted-average fair value of options granted during the year		\$31.86	\$23 16
Weighted-average fair value of stock purchases during the year		\$20.90	\$14 06

Notes (continued)

#### 8 Share-based payments (continued)

Employee expenses (Note 5)	2007 \$'000	2006 \$'000
Share options granted prior to 24 September 2005 Share options granted in year ended 30 September 2006	255 304	399 476
Share options granted in year ended 29 September 2007	2,195	-
Total employee cost (USD)	2,754	875
	£'000	£,000
Total employee cost (GBP)	1,391	481

2007 expense charge was converted from USD to GBP at \$1 9793 £1 (2006 \$1 8207 £1)

#### 9 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

#### (a) Analysis of tax charge

(a) Amaryoto of tall only go	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
UK Corporation tax (note 9 (b))	2,044	9,336
Total current tax charge	2,044	9,336
Deferred tax (note 12)	(32)	(125)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2,012	9,211
		<del></del>

Notes (continued)

#### 9 Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

#### (b) Factors affecting tax charge for year

The current tax charge for the period is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%) The differences are explained below

#### Current tax reconciliation

	2007 £'000	2006 £'000 (as restated)
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	6,869	35,605
Taxation charge at UK corporation tax rate of 30%	2,061	10,682
Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation for period in excess of	417	144
capital allowances Permanent timing differences Adjustment in respect of prior years	(1) (433)	50 (1,384) (156)
Total current tax charge	2,044	9,336

Notes (continued)

#### 10 Tangible fixed assets

	Leasehold improvement £'000	Office equipment £'000	Apple own use £'000	Total £'000
Cost				
At beginning of year	1,383	864	241	2,488
Additions	36	79	76	191
Disposals	(421)	(643)	(74)	(1,138)
			<del></del>	
At end of year	998	300	243	1,541
	<del></del>		<del></del>	
Depreciation				
At beginning of year	723	788	239	1,750
Charge for year	91	30	78	199
Disposals	(374)	(643)	(74)	(1,091)
At end of year	440	175	243	858
•		<del></del>		
Net book value	770	105		<b>702</b>
At 29 September 2007	558	125	•	683
At 30 September 2006	660	76	2	738

There is £48,000 of construction in progress held within the leasehold improvements cost figure of £998,000

All of the construction in progress is related to leasehold improvements

#### 11 Investments

Share in group undertakings £'000

Cost at beginning and end of year

3,715

The above investment represents 3 58% of ordinary share capital of Apple Operations International, a company incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. In the opinion of the directors, the investment in Apple Operations International is worth at least the amount at which it is stated in the balance sheet.

Notes (continued)

#### 12 Debtors

<b>Debtors</b>	due	within	one	vear:
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	2007	2006
	£'000	£'000
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	10,061	10,500
Loans to related undertakings	6,559	-
Other debtors and prepayments	454	699
Deferred tax asset	308	276
	17,382	11475
	<del></del>	
Debtors due after more than one year:		
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	538	524
	17,920	11,999
	<del></del>	

The loans to related undertakings are interest bearing. The amounts owed by related undertakings are non-interest bearing. In general balances are settled every quarter

The company has a recognised deferred tax asset of £308,000 (2006 £276,000) arising from the excess of depreciation over capital allowances, a provision taken on the leasehold retirement obligation plus a provision taken by the Russian branch on the first years trading loss

#### Deferred tax

	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
Accelerated capital allowances Leasehold retirement obligation Trading loss of Russian Branch	162 114 32	174 102
	308	276

Notes (continued)

#### 13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

, and the second	2007	2006
	£'000	£,000
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	1,033	696
Trade creditors	850	721
Social security	338	495
Accruals	1,102	795
Corporation tax payable	840	4,458
	4,163	7,165

The amounts owed to related undertakings are non-interest bearing. In general balances are settled every quarter

#### 14 Provision for liabilities

	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
Asset retirement obligation	916	849
	916	849

The provision for liabilities is in respect of an asset retirement obligation whereby the company has an obligation to restore its leased premises to its original condition on vacation of the premises at the end of the lease in 2017. The company has provided for expected future costs of £1,583,000 in this regard and has discounted them at a rate of 5.83% to net present value.

#### 15 Dividends

The aggregate amount of dividends comprise

	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
Interim dividends paid in respect of prior year	-	43,006
	<del></del>	

In 2006 the Company paid dividends amounting to £43,006,642 (£43 01 per share) to Apple Inc

Notes (continued)

#### 16 Prior year adjustments

The company has adopted the requirements of FRS 20, Share Based Payments for the first time in the current financial year. The standard requires the fair value of share entitlements granted by Apple. Inc. to participating employees of the company to be recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account with a corresponding increase in equity. The adoption of the standard gives rise to a prior year adjustment with an additional employee expense of £481,000. Under the company service agreement with Apple Sales International, an amount of £481,000 was recharged to Apple Sales. International in respect of this additional employee expense. A tax expense of £144,000 has been incurred by the company as a result of the prior year adjustment. All adjustments are being recognised in the year ended 29 September 2007. A corresponding Capital contribution has been recognised from the company's ultimate parent in this regard.

2006

2007

17 Called up share capita	17	Called	up share	capita
---------------------------	----	--------	----------	--------

		2007	2006
		£'000	£'000
	Authorised, called up and fully paid		
	1,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
		<del></del>	
18	Reconciliation of profit and loss reserves	2007	2006
		£'000	£'000
	Opening profit and loss reserve as originally reported	10,934	27,402
	Prior year adjustment (Note 16)	(144)	-
	Opening profit and loss account reserve as restated	10,790	27,402
	Total recognised gains and losses for year	4,857	26,394
	Dividends	-	(43,006)
	Profit and loss account reserve at end of year	15,647	10,790
19	Capital contribution reserve	2007	2006
		£,000	£'000
	At beginning of year	481	-
	Capital contribution during year	1,391	481
	At end of year	1,872	481
		<del></del>	

Notes (continued)

20	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
	Opening shareholders' funds as originally reported	11,934	28,402
	Prior year adjustment (Note 16)	(144)	-
	Capital contribution relating to prior years (Note 19)	481	-
	Opening shareholders' funds as restated	12,271	28,402
	Total recognised gains and losses for year	4,857	26,394
	Dividends	4,057	(43,006)
	Capital contribution during year (Note 19)	1,391	481
	Closing shareholders' funds	18,519	12,271

#### 21 Pension scheme

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independent administered fund. The pension costs charged for the period represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £298,958 (2006 £254,395). The liability outstanding at year end was £nil (2006 £nil)

#### 22 Commitments

Capital commitments

There were no capital commitments at 29 September 2007 (2006 £Nil)

#### Lease commitments

The annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases at 29 September 2007 are as follows

	2	007	200	6
	Buildings	Other	Buildings	Other
	£'000	£'000	£,000	£,000
Operating leases which ex	pire			
- within one year	•	38	=	16
- in the second to fifth year	ır -	172	-	164
- over five years	1,311	-	1,311	-
	1,311	210	1,311	180

#### Guarantees

The company has issued a guarantee in favour of HM Customs & Excise in the amount of £100,000

Notes (continued)

## 23 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group of which the company is a member

Apple Inc , a company incorporated in California, United States of America, is the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party and is both the smallest and largest undertaking into which the results of Apple (UK) Limited are consolidated

Copies of Apple Inc , accounts may be obtained from

1 Infinite Loop Cupertino CA 95014 USA

#### 24 Post Balance Sheet Event

No important events affecting the company have taken place since the end of the financial year

#### 25 Approval of financial statements

The directors' approved the financial statements on July 16,2008