COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 01588900

TWENTY-FIRST ARTISTS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

RM Constant

A Brown BJ Muir

COMPANY SECRETARY

A Abioye

REGISTERED OFFICE

364-366 Kensington High Street

London

W14 8NS

AUDITORS

Grant Thornton UK LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Grant Thornton House

Melton Street Euston Square London NW1 2EP

DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2011

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company during the period was the management of entertainers and the provision of management and consultancy services within the music industry

The company changed its name from Sanctuary Artist Management Limited to Twenty-First Artists Limited on 19th August 2010

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The loss on ordinary activities before taxation for the year to 31 December 2011 was £493,974 (2010 - £223,393) The directors are precluded from paying a dividend

DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year and subsequently were as follows

RM Constant A Brown BJ Muir

A Brown was appointed as a director on 13 September 2011

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements and,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will
 continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

In so far as each of the directors at the date of approving this report are aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

AUDITOR

The auditors, Grant Thornton UK LLP are deemed to be reappointed in accordance with section 489 of the Companies Act 2006 by virtue of an elective resolution passed by the members

By order of the board

A Abioye Company Secretary

30 March 2012

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TWENTY-FIRST ARTISTS LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

We have audited the financial statements of Twenty-First Artists Limited for the year ended 31 December 2011 which comprise Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on pages 2 to 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm

OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of its loss for the year then
 ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TWENTY-FIRST ARTISTS LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report

Terence Back

Senior Statutory Auditor

For and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants

London

30/3/2012

Company Registration Number 01588900

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

	Note	2011 £	2010 £
TURNOVER	2	156,784	101 870
Cost of sales		(32 371)	
GROSS PROFIT		124,413	101,870
Administrative expenses		(872,385)	(437,621)
OPERATING LOSS	3	(747 972)	(335,751)
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	5 6	263,945 (9,947)	112 358
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TA	AXATION	(493 974)	(223,393)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	7	-	62,475
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(493,974)	(160,918)

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing operations

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2011

		2011		2010)
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Investments	8		_		642
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	9	20,417,785		18,163,696	
Cash at bank		3,022		3,155	
		20,420,807		18,166,851	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
within one year	10	20,453,943		17,706,655	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASS	ETS		(33,136)		460 196
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LI	ABILITII	ES	(33,136)		460,838
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	12		101		101
Share premium account	13		20,999,999		20 999 999
Profit and loss account	13		(21,033,236)		(20,539,262)
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS'					
(DEFICIT)/FUNDS	13		(33 136)		460,838

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 March 2012 and are signed on their behalf by

A Brown' Director

Company Registration Number 01588900

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The company is exempt by virtue of s 400 of Companies Act 2006, from the requirement to prepare group accounts if it is itself a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking and its immediate parent undertaking is established under the law of an EEA State These financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Vivendi SA, the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the company has received confirmation from Societe d'investisseents et de Gestion 104, the company's intermediate parent undertaking of its intention to continue to provide financial and other support to the extent necessary to enable the company to pay its liabilities when they become due for a period not less than twelve months from the date of the approval of these financial statements. Having regard to this intention, the directors believe it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis notwithstanding the net liabilities at 31 December 2011

Cash flow statement

Under FRS 1 the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that the ultimate parent undertaking includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenues can be reliably measured

Management commission

Management commission income is recognised when a right to consideration has been established, the commissions can be reliably quantified and receipt of such commissions is first considered certain. In normal circumstances, this results in revenue being recognised in the period in which the managed artist realises income from their contractual arrangements with third parties, thus triggering the manager's right to commission.

Commission on recording, publishing merchandising and similar artist income

Where an artist has contracted with a third party to receive staged payments of advances commission income is recognised when the artist receives, or becomes contractually due to receive these payments, for example where a managed artist has a contract with a record company

Commission on tour income

Commission is recognised on concerts played in the period. Where a tour straddles the end of the period, commission income is recognised only in respect of those concerts played before the period end. Where final accountings for concerts played in the period are not available, the amount of commissionable income to be recognised is assessed based on the contractual terms and the best information available as to concert attendances and takings. In the absence of better information, this estimate is is based on the minimum level of income guaranteed to the managed artist by the promoter.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Pension costs

During the year, the company participated in a pension scheme in the UK, ultimately operated by Vivendi S A, the Universal Music Group Pension Scheme ("UMGPS" or "the Scheme") The Scheme is a mixed defined benefit and defined contribution Scheme and operates on a pre-funded basis

Contributions in respect of employees of the Company to the defined contribution section are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the Scheme

FRS 17 requires that the Scheme's underlying assets and liabilities can be allocated to the entities sponsoring the Scheme This allocation could not be done on a consistent and reasonable basis for Twenty First Artists Limited alone As a result, the defined benefit membership of the Scheme has been accounted for on a defined contribution basis in these financial statements

Full disclosures relating to the underlying assets and liabilities of the UMGPS can be found in the financial statements of Universal Music Operations Limited for the year ended 31 December 2011

The company's contributions amounted to £25 245 for the year ended 31 December 2011 (2010 £5,137)

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the period and takes into account taxation deferred because of the timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in future

Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profit and loss and its results as stated in the financial statements. No deferred tax is recognised on permanent differences

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and law that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is considered more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

2 TURNOVER

The company's turnover and loss before taxation were derived from its principal business the management of entertainers and the provisions of management and consultancy services within the music industry, carried out in the United Kingdom

3 OPERATING LOSS

Operating loss is stated after charging

	2011 £	2010 £
Auditor's remuneration - audit of the financial statements	3,990	6,441

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

	The average number of staff employed by the company during the	financial year amounted to	
		2011 No	2010 No
	Number of administrative staff	5	3
	The aggregate payroll costs of the above were		
		2011 £	2010 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	506,070 53,088 25,245	131,866 15,850 5,137
		584,403	152 853
5	The emoluments of the directors were paid and borne by othe remuneration in respect of their services to the company INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME	r fellow group undertakings	and they received no
5	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
		2011	2010
		£	£
	Other similar income receivable	£263,945	
6.	Other similar income receivable INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		£
6.			£
6.		263,945	£ 112 358 2010
6.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	263,945 2011 £	£ 112 358 2010
	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES Other similar charges	263,945 2011 £	£ 112 358 2010
	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES Other similar charges TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	263,945 2011 £	£ 112 358 2010
	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES Other similar charges TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	263,945 2011 £ 9,947	£ 112 358 2010 £
	Other similar charges TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (a) Analysis of (credit) / charge in the year	263,945 2011 £ 9,947	£ 112 358 2010 £

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

7 TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (continued)

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the loss on ordinary activities for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26 50% (2010 - 28%)

The UK Government announced a phased reduction in the main UK corporation tax rate from 28% to 22%, with the first 2% reduction taking effect from 1 April 2011. A further 1% reduction was enacted on 5 July 2011, reducing the rate to 25% from 1 April 2012. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the rate that is expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on the rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Therefore, at 31 December 2011, deferred tax assets and liabilities have been calculated based on the rates that have been substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

	2011 £	2010 £
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(493 974)	(223,393)
Loss on ordinary activities at the standard rate of UK Corporation		
tax of 26 50% (2010 28%)	(130,903)	(62,551)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2,240	1,323
Impact of group relief claimed/surrended for no compensation	129,607	-
Movement in timing differences	(944)	(1,247)
Current tax credit for the financial year	-	(62,475)

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

The company has total unutilised tax losses carried forward estimated at £12,084,761 (2010 - £12,084,761), which may reduce future tax charges No deferred tax asset has been provided on these losses due to the uncertainty of future recoverability

The future reductions to 22% have not been enacted at the balance sheet date so the effect of these has not been reflected in these financial statements, however it is not expected that these changes would have a significant effect on the value of the company's deferred tax balances at the balance sheet date

8 INVESTMENTS

Shares in unquoted investments	
	£
COST	
At 1 January 2011	642
Additions	6 034
At 31 December 2011	6,676
PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENT	
Written off in year	6,676
At 31 December 2011	6,676
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2011	
At 31 December 2010	642

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

DERTORS

	2011 £	2010 £
Trade debtors	119,259	95,515
Amounts owed by group undertakings	20,159,075	18,003,622
Other debtors	103,252	50,522
Prepayments and accrued income	36,199	14,037
	20,417,785	18,163,696

excluding group relief at rates between 1 month LIBOR and 1 month plus 0 1%

CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2011 £	2010 £
Trade creditors	20,855	20,795
Amounts owed to group undertakings Amounts owed to undertakings in which	20,273,690	17,583,801
the company has a participating interest	58,375	_
Other taxation and social security	1 148	462
Other creditors	3 260	_
Accruals and deferred income	96 615	101,597
	20,453,943	17,706 655

All amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured and repayable on demand. Interest accrues on these amounts excluding group relief at rates between 1 month LIBOR and 1 month plus 0 1%

This was borne by another group company for the year ended 31st December 2010

PENSIONS

The company operates a defined contribution scheme The pension cost charge for the period represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £25,245 (2010 £5,137)

SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid

	20	2011		2010	
	No	£	No	£	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	101	101	101	101	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

13. RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND MOVEMENT ON RESERVES

	Share capital £	Share premium account £	Profit and loss account £	Total share- holders' funds £
Balance brought forward at 1 January 2010 Loss for the year	101	2 0 999,999 –	(20,378 344) (160 918)	621,756 (160,918)
Balance brought forward at 1 January 2011 Loss for the year	101	20,999,999	(20,539,262) (493 974)	460,838 (493,974)
Balance carried forward at 31 December 2011	101	20,999,999	(21,033,236)	(33,136)

14 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The immediate parent company is Sanctuary Management Limited, a company incorporated and operating in England The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Vivendi SA, a company incorporated in France

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the company will be consolidated will be that headed by Vivendi SA, incorporated in France Copies of its annual report in English may be obtained from

Vivendi SA 42 Avenue de Friedland 75380 Paris Cedex 08 France