Registration number: 1581935

Rapp Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

COMPANIES HOUSE

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Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2019

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2019.

The purpose of this strategic report is to inform members of the Company and help them assess how the directors have performed their duty under section 172 of the Companies Act 2006 (duty to promote the success of the Company).

The directors carry out their duties jointly and individually whilst giving full and considered regard to the key stakeholders of the Company in accordance with section 172 of the Companies Act 2006. Factors that affect the stakeholders of the Company are identified and considered at regular board meetings by the directors and by employee groups and third parties, responsible for advising the directors on certain matters.

The principle stakeholders the directors have consideration for are the Company's employees, shareholders, clients, sister companies and suppliers. Conflicts between the needs of these groups are resolved by the directors with the interests of the Company's long term status as a going concern in mind. Shareholder and sister company engagement is managed via the Company's parent company Omnicom, client needs are managed through dedicated relationship owners and employees are managed via a tiered management structure and open communication.

The directors ensure the highest standard of business conduct and ethics are upheld within the frameworks required by its parent company Omnicom and that of its clients and partners. Always keeping in mind the impact that reputational damage will have on the Company directly or indirectly to the going concern if caused to key stakeholders. The directors ensure policies of diversity and inclusion across it's employees and employment practices, to the benefit of all current and future employees. Diversity and inclusion employment policies are demanded by key stakeholders such that their adoption supports the Company's position as a going concern.

Key decisions taken at the start of 2019 impacting stakeholders include the closure of the Company's Edinburgh office and it's Media division. The directors were mindful of impacts to the employees and some clients of these operations. However, the scale of the business in each case was such that the impact on stakeholder value of retaining each operation outweighed other considerations. The directors engaged all stakeholder groups to find amicable outcomes in each case.

Fair review of the business

The key indicators that we focus on are revenue, staff costs, operating margin and administrative expenses. As a service business, we monitor these costs on a percentage revenue basis. Staff costs tend to fluctuate in conjunction with changes in revenue, whereas administrative expenses, which are not directly related to servicing clients, tend to decrease as a percentage of revenue as revenue increases because a significant portion of these expenses are relatively fixed in nature.

We measure operating expenses in two distinct cost categories: overhead staff costs and all other administrative expenses. Staff costs are primarily comprised of salaries, social security and employer pension contributions. While office and general expenses are primarily composed of rent and occupancy costs, technology related costs and depreciation.

During 2019, revenue increased by 13% on 2018, gross profit increased by 12% and operating margins increased to 8%. This gave rise to an operating profit of £3,366,178 and profit after tax of £2,631,201.

Administrative expenses, net of staff costs were 37% of revenue compared to 39% in 2018. 2020 will see a continuing focus on driving operational efficiencies.

Omnicom Group's UK banking arrangements are managed on a zero-balance basis. As a consequence the Company's cash balance is disclosed as an intercompany debtor with the Group's UK treasury company, Omnicom Finance Limited.

Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2019

Principal risks and uncertainties

The economy and clients' budgets have significant impact on our business. The businesses in which we participate are also highly competitive. Key competitive considerations for keeping existing business and winning new business include: our ability to develop creative solutions that meet client needs; the quality and effectiveness of the services we offer; and our ability to serve clients effectively. While many of our client relationships are long standing, companies put their advertising and marketing business up for competitive review from time to time. We have won and lost accounts in the past as a result of these reviews. To mitigate some of the risks associated with the client competitive reviews, cyclicality and other fluctuations in marketing spend from industry to industry, we continue to maintain and pursue a diverse client base. To the extent that we are not able to remain competitive, our revenue may be adversely affected which could then affect our results of operation and financial conditions.

In addition, we may lose or fail to attract and retain key personnel. Our employees are our most important assets and the ability to retain key personnel is an important aspect of our competitiveness. Our continuing ability to attract and retain those employees is important to the business and if we are unable to do so our ability to provide services in the manner our customers have come to expect may be adversely affected, which could harm our reputation and result in a loss of clients, which could have a material adverse effect on the results of operations and financial condition.

Approved by the Board on 25 August 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

M. Scognamiglio Director

Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Principal activity

The Company is a data driven marketing services business and part of the global RAPP network. It specialises in developing and executing integrated marketing and communications strategies encompassing CRM programmes, direct response marketing, creative and digital services. The full service nature of the business means it can offer integrated online and offline strategies including media planning and buying and related ancillary services, as well as marketing consultancy. The directors do not envisage any change in the nature of the Company's business in the foreseeable future.

Dividende

On 22 February 2019 the directors paid a dividend of £0.62 per share totalling £1,234,000 (2018; £899,000).

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

M. Scognamiglio

S. Takla

C. Freeland

J.M.W. Betts

Political and charitable donations

During the year the company made no political donations (2018: £nil). Donations to charity amounted to £6,745 (2018: £4,208).

Employment of disabled persons

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the aptitudes of the applicant concerned. In the event of a member of staff becoming disabled every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the Company continues and that appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the Company that training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical with that of other employees.

Employee involvement

The Company places considerable value on the involvement of its employees and has continued to keep them informed on matters affecting them as employees on the various factors affecting the performance of the Company. This is achieved through formal and informal meetings. Employee representatives are consulted regularly on a wide range of matters affecting their current and future interests.

Relationships with suppliers and customers

Delivering our strategy requires strong mutually beneficial relationships with suppliers, clients and others. The directors continuously seek to act with regard to building and maintaining such relationships. Conflict can occur between the short term needs of the shareholders for the Company to deliver profits with the needs of employees, clients and suppliers. The effects on the resulting engagement and long term relationships with these parties, to the extent that it will impact the going concern of the Company are the key considerations in focus as the directors reach decisions.

Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2019

Post balance sheet events

Covid-19 has affected revenues and profits from existing clients and new business opportunities. The Company has a number of automotive clients and has seen revenues decline from that sector and has also suffered declining revenues across retail clients. The result of this has been a number of mitigating actions across the Company's cost base, as lines of business have receded. The Company has however benefited from its broad client portfolio. Financial services clients and the Company's portfolio of healthcare clients have both delivered strong trading performance in the period to 30 June 2020.

The Company has suffered some working capital challenges, in particular from clients slowing issuance of orders and payments and from clients seeking longer payment terms. The Company is working with clients to overcome these challenges and continues to have cash pool funding support from its parent Omnicom.

Current expectations are for revenues to be in line with 2019 although some impact to profits are expected in accordance with the need to re-shape the Company's cost base. To this point the Company is well placed to weather the impacts of Covid-19 and global lockdowns as a going concern through its diverse client portfolio.

In the second quarter of 2020, the company announced its merger with another Omnicom subsidiary, Proximity London Limited. The merged entity will continue to trade as RAPP or RAPP Limited with the eventual transfer of staff and clients to RAPP Limited during 2020. The services that RAPP and Proximity offer are complimentary and in some cases similar, the benefits therefore include scale, talent pool and further diversity of the client portfolio. It is expected that some operational and overhead efficiencies will be achieved as the businesses merge.

Approved by the Board on \$5 August 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

M. Scognamiglio Director

Bankside 3 90 - 100 Southwark Street London SEI 0SW

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in respect of the annual report and the financial statements

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
 disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease
 operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Rapp Limited

Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Gross billings		49,8 21,103	41,228,480
Rebillable costs		(8,505,145)	(4,708,853)
Revenue	2	41,315,958	36,519,627
Direct costs		(2,480,106)	(1,966,917)
Gross profit		38,835,852	34,552,710
Administrative expenses		(35,469,674)	(32,097,946)
Operating profit Interest payable and similar expenses	3 6	3,366,178 (86,811)	2,454,764 (29,502)
Profit before taxation		3,279,367	2,425,262
Tax on profit	7	(648,166)	(481,762)
Profit for the financial year		2,631,201	1,943,500

The results shown above are derived wholly from continuing operations. The company has no recognised gains or losses for the year other than the results above. Consequently, a statement of comprehensive income has not been prepared.

(Registration number: 1581935) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	9	5,194,666	710,300
Tangible assets	10	750,426	290,572
		5,945,092	1,000,872
Current assets			
Stocks	11	694,612	841,260
Debtors (including £212,759 (2018 £195,096) due after more than one year Cash at bank and in hand	12	12,982,089 2,512	14,802,233 3,372
Casti at bank and in hand			
		13,679,213	15,646,865
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	13	(11,300,424)	(9,758,689)
Net current assets		2,378,789	5,888,176
Total assets less current liabilities		8,323,881	6,889,048
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	13	(217,111)	(163,886)
Net assets		8,106,770	6,725,162
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	14	497,907	497,907
Share premium account		1,208,054	1,208,054
Retained earnings		6,400,809	5,019,201
Total equity		8,106,770	6,725,162

For the year ending 3! December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- the members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- the directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

Approved by the Board on 25 August 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

M. Scognamiglio

Director

The notes on pages 9 to 24 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Rapp Limited

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2019

	Share capital £	Share premium £	Retained earnings £	Total £
At 1 January 2019	497,907	1,208,054	5,019,201	6,725,162
Profit for the year		-	2,631,201	2,631,201
Total comprehensive income	•		2,631,201	2,631,201
Dividends			(1,234,000)	(1,234,000)
Share-based payments expense		•	25,883	25,883
Recharge from Omnicom Group Inc in respect of share based payments	-	-	(41,476)	(41,476)
At 31 December 2019	497,907	1,208,054	6,400,809	8,106,770
	Share capital	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total
		~	*	-
At 1 January 2018	497,907	1,208,054	_4,184,956	5,890,917
At 1 January 2018 Profit for the year	497,907	1,208,054	4,184,956 1,943,500	5,890,917 1,943,500
•	497,907	1,208,054		
Profit for the year	497,907	1,208,054	1,943,500	1,943,500
Profit for the year l'otal comprehensive income	497,907	1,208,054	1,943,500	1,943,500 1,943,500
Profit for the year Fotal comprehensive income Dividends	497,907	1,208,054	1,943,500 1,943,500 (899,000)	1,943,500 1,943,500 (899,000)

The notes on pages 9 to 24 form an integral part of these financial statements, $$P$\mbox{age 8}$$

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

1 Accounting policies

Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered to be material in relation to the Company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules.

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated, domiciled and registered in England in the United Kingdom.

The financial statements are presented in sterling the Company's functional currency.

Summary of disclosure exemptions

In these financial statements, the company is considered to be a qualifying entity (for the purposes of this FRS) and has applied the exemptions available under FRS 102 in respect of the following disclosures:

- Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding from the beginning to end of the period;
- · Cash Flow Statement and related notes; and
- Key Management Personnel compensation.

As the consolidated financial statements of Omnicom Group Inc. include the equivalent disclosures, the Company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 102 available in respect of the following disclosures:

- · Certain disclosures required by FRS 102.26 Share Based Payments; and,
- The disclosures required by FRS 102.11 Basic Financial Instruments and FRS 102.12 Other Financial Instrument Issues in respect of financial instruments not falling within the fair value accounting rules of Paragraph 36(4) of Schedule 1.

Related party transactions: As a 100% owned subsidiary of Omnicom Group Inc. the Company has taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS 102 Section 33. 1A: Related Party Disclosures, which enable it to exclude disclosure of transactions with Omnicom Group Inc., and its wholly owned subsidiaries.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

Going concern

The Company has net current assets of £2,378,789 at 31 December 2019 (2018: £5,888,176). The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate as the directors consider that the Company will have access to sufficient funding to meet its needs for the reasons set out below.

The Company participates in a cash concentration arrangement with its fellow subsidiary, Omnicom Finance Limited, the group's UK treasury operation, under which bank balances are cleared to zero on a daily basis either by the Company depositing cash with Omnicom Finance Limited or by Omnicom Finance Limited depositing cash with the Company. The Company's access to borrowings under the cash concentration arrangement is not limited as long as these borrowings are required in the normal course of business and are made in accordance with the Omnicom Group Inc Grant of Authority and includes a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

Omnicom Finance Limited, is able to make this commitment because Omnicom Finance Limited is a co-borrower with Omnicom Finance Inc. and Omnicom Capital Inc. under certain group bank facilities which are more fully described in the Omnicom Group Inc. financial statements filed on Form 10-K and available at www.OmnicomGroup.com.

The directors consider the combination of the group facilities and expected funding requirements of the Omnicom Group Inc. and its subsidiaries provides sufficient access to funding to ensure that the Company is able to meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so. Accordingly, the directors have prepared the financial statements as a going concern.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

There are no key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year..

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Gross Billings

Gross billings are recognised when the service is performed, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contractual arrangement and when collection is reasonably assured.

Gross billings comprises the gross amounts billed to clients in respect of commission based income together with the total of other fees earned and amounts recharged to clients for rebillable costs.

Rebillable costs

Rebillable costs comprise media payments and third party production costs for those services that the Company is arranging for its clients in its capacity as an intermediary. The Company contracts directly with suppliers and is responsible for their payment, recharging its clients for all costs incurred. Although the Company bears credit risk in respect of these activities, the arrangements with its clients are such that, in effect it acts as an intermediary on behalf of its client. Where the Company acts as an intermediary, costs incurred with external suppliers are excluded from revenue.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

Revenue

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. Revenue is shown net of value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Company.

The Company recognises revenue when:
The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;
and specific criteria have been met for each of the Company's activities.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

Tax

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is provided on timing differences which arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the reversal of the related difference, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost/deemed cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Leasehold improvements

Furniture, fittings and equipment

Depreciation method and rate

10% to 15% on cost or over the period of the lease or over the period to the first rent break if shorter

15% to 33.3% per annum

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

Stocks

Work in progress is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost consists of direct expenses incurred on unbilled work. Net realisable value is based on estimated sales value less further costs to completion. Work in progress consists of amounts spent by the Company and its subsidiaries on behalf of its clients which have not been recharged to clients by the end of the year.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the Company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using The effective interest method.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised on the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital element of future obligations under the leases are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest element of the rental obligation is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

2 Revenue

The whole of the Company's gross billings, revenue and operating profit for the year related to its principal activity, which was that of a data driven marketing services business, and which was carried out in the United Kingdom.

The analysis of the Company's revenue by geographic location by destination for the year from continuing operations for rendering of services is as follows:

		2019	2018
		£	£
	UK	28,661,894	24,440,775
	Europe	6,562,962	5,155,137
	Rest of world	6,091,102	6,923,715
		41,315,958	36,519,627
		2019	2018
		£	£
	eCRM, Digital & Data Revenues	15,085,938	27,992,564
	Marketing Technology	22,658,010	4,013,599
	Other Marketing Services	3,572,010	4,513,464
		41,315,958	36,519,627
3	Operating profit		
	Arrived at after charging/(crediting)		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible fixed assets: owned	188,898	142,885
	Amortisation of software	448,135	331,692
	Foreign exchange (gains) / losses	63,849	24,899
	Hire of plant and machinery - rentals payable	25,792	69,122
	Hire of other assets - rentals payable	2,387,774	2,743,911
	Operating lease expense - property	220,303	199,727

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

4 Directors' remuneration

	2019	2018
	£	£
Directors' emoluments	343,234	275,000
Amounts receivable under long term incentive schemes	46,442	24,706
	389,676	299,706
Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	9,006	8,250
	398,682	307,956
In respect of the highest paid director:		
	2019 £	2018 £
Remuneration	343,234	275,000
Benefits under long-term incentive schemes (excluding shares)	46,442	24,706
Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	9,006	8,250

During the year the highest paid director did not exercise share options.

The Company's directors participate in the restricted stock scheme operated by the Ultimate Parent Undertaking. Shares were received or receivable under this restricted share scheme by one director (2018: 1)

Under this scheme, certain directors have been awarded restricted shares in the ultimate parent undertaking, Omnicom Group Inc. The restricted shares typically vest in 20% annual increments provided the director remains an employee of the Omnicom group. Restricted shares may not be sold, transferred, pledged or otherwise encumbered until the restrictions lapse. Under most circumstances, the director forfeits the shares still subject to restriction, the director ceases employment prior to the end of the period of restriction.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

5 Staff costs

The aggregate payroll costs (including directors' remuneration) were as follows:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Wages and salaries	17,117,068	15,405,529
Share related awards	43,296	37,548
Social security costs	2,101,059	1,807,272
Pension and other post-employment benefit costs	791,694	653,141
	20,053,117	17,903,490

The average number of persons employed by the Company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category was as follows:

	2019 No.	2018 No.
Administration and support	50	44
Other departments	285	235
	335	279

6 Interest payable and similar expenses

	2019 £	2018 £
Payable to group undertakings	75,728	23,553
Finance charges payable in respect of finance leases and hire purchase contracts	11,083	5,949
	86,811	29,502

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

7 Taxation

Tax charged/(credited) in the profit and loss account

	2019 £	2018 £
Current taxation		
Current tax on income for the period	529,904	493,440
Deferred taxation		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	111,973	(13,052)
Effect of increased/decreased tax rate on opening liability	(11,787)	1,374
Adjustment in respect of previous periods	18,076	
Total deferred taxation	118,262	(11,678)
Tax expense in the profit and loss account	648,166	481,762

The tax on profit before tax for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (2018 - higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK) of 19% (2018 - 19%).

The differences are reconciled below:

	2019 £	2018 £
Profit before tax	3,279,367	2,425,262
Corporation tax at standard rate	623,080	460,800
Effect of expense not deductible in determining taxable profit (tax loss)	18,797	19,588
Deferred tax expense (credit) relating to changes in tax rates or laws	(11,787)	1,374
Increase (decrease) in UK deferred tax from prior periods	18,076	
Total tax charge	648,166	481,762

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 17% (effective 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016, and the UK deferred tax asset/liability as at 31 December 2019 has been calculated on this rate.

The March 2020 Budget announced that a rate of 19% would continue to apply with effect from 1 April 2020, and this change was substantively enacted on 17 March 2020. This will increase the company's future current tax charge accordingly and increase the deferred tax asset by £25,030.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

Deferred tax Deferred tax assets and liabilities		
2019		Asset £
Other timing differences Difference between accumulated depreciation and amortisation and capital	ital allowances	53,303 23,531 76,834
2018		Asset £
Other timing differences Difference between accumulated depreciation and amortisation and capi	ital allowances	18,109 176,987 195,096
Dividends		
	2019 £	2018 £
Interim dividend of £0.62 (2018 - £0.45) per ordinary share	1,234,000	899,000

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

9 Intangible assets

	Software £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 January 2019	1,618,167	1,618,167
Additions	4,932,501	4,932,501
At 31 December 2019	6,550,668	6,550,668
Amortisation		
At 1 January 2019	907,867	907,867
Amortisation charge	448,135	448,135
At 31 December 2019	1,356,002	1,356,002
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2019	5,194,666	5,194,666
At 31 December 2018	710,300	710,300

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

10 Tangible fixed assets

	Leasehold improvements £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2019	243,753	677,223	920,976
Additions	304,784	343,968	648,752
At 31 December 2019	548,537	1,021,191	1,569,728
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2019	178,602	451,802	630,404
Charge for the year	69,615	119,283	188,898
At 31 December 2019	248,217	571,085	819,302
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2019	300,320	450,106	750,426
At 31 December 2018	65.151	225,421	290,572

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts

The net carrying amount of tangible assets includes the following amounts in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment	2019 £ 339,673	2018 £ 215,882
11 Stocks		
	2019 £	2018 £
Work in progress	694,612	841,260

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

12 Debtors

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Trade and other debtors		7,521,554	7,700,973
Amounts owed by group undertakings - trading balances		1,884,939	1,195,109
Amounts owed by group undertakings - loans and advances		2,589,344	3,654,868
Other debtors		339,729	767,867
Deferred tax assets	7	76,834	195,096
Prepayments and accrued income		569,689	1,288,320
		12,982,089	14,802,233

The Company participates in a cash concentration arrangement with its fellow subsidiary, Omnicom Finance Limited, the Omnicom Europe Limited group's UK treasury operation, under which bank balances are cleared to zero on a daily basis either by the Company depositing cash with Omnicom Finance Limited or by Omnicom Finance Limited depositing cash with the Company. Included in Amounts owed by group undertakings - loans and advances is £2,589,344 (2018: £3,654,868) representing cash deposited by the Company under these arrangements.

13 Creditors

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
	14016	r	I.
Due within one year			
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts		118,560	53,452
Trade and other creditors		1,756,536	833,061
Amounts owed to group undertakings - trading balances		3,217,459	1,769,716
Amounts owed to group undertakings - loans and advances		3,025,938	2,868,568
Taxation and social security		1,045,143	1,570,425
Accruals and deferred income		2,136,788	2,663,467
		11,300,424	9,758,689
Due after one year			
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts		217,111	163,886

The Company participates in a cash concentration arrangement with its fellow subsidiary, Omnicom Finance Limited, the Omnicom Europe Limited group's UK treasury operation, under which bank balances are cleared to zero on a daily basis either by the Company depositing cash with Omnicom Finance Limited or by Omnicom Finance Limited depositing cash with the Company. Included in Amounts owed to group undertakings - loans and advances is £3,398,843 (2018: £2,868,568) representing cash borrowed by the Company under these arrangements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

14 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary Shares of £0.25 each	1,991,628	497,907.00	1,991,628	497,907.00

15 Pension and other schemes

Defined contribution pension scheme

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the year represents contributions payable by the Company to the scheme and amounted to £791,694 (2018 - £653,141).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

16 Share-based payments

Omnicom Group Inc (the ultimate parent of the Company) runs a share ownership programme that allows group employees to acquire shares in Omnicom Group Inc. Options were awarded in March 2009 and March 2017. It is anticipated that the full vesting period for options will be three years. The 2009 option grants became exercisable 30% on each of the first two anniversary dates of the grant date with the final 40% becoming exercisable three years from the grant date. The 2017 option grants become exercisable on the third anniversary of the grant date.

The fair value of services received in return for shares and share options granted to employees, is measured by reference to the fair value of shares and share options granted. As permitted by FRS 102 section 26, the Company has applied the requirements of this standard to all share based payment awards granted after 7 November 2002. The estimate of the fair value of the services received is measured based on the Black-Scholes formula.

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Company recognised an expense of £25,883 (2018: £25,883) in respect of outstanding share awards.

The options outstanding at the year-end have an exercise price of \$84.94 and a weighted average contractual life of 6 years.

	2009	2017
Fair value at measurement date	\$3.51	\$9.87
Weighted average share price	\$23.40	\$84.94
Exercise price	\$23.40	\$84.94
Expected volatility (expressed as 5 year historical monthly used in the modelling under Black Scholes model)	19.61%	16.3%
Option life in years	5.0	4.5
Expected dividends	2.458%	2.6%
Risk-free interest rate (based on national government bonds)	1.67%	2.0%

The expected volatility is wholly based on the historic volatility (calculated based on the weighted average remaining life of the share options), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility due to publicly available information.

Share options are granted under a service condition and a non-market performance condition. Such conditions are not taken into account in the grant date fair value measurement of the services received.

The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options in Omnicom Group Inc held by Rapp Limited company employees are as follows:

Rapp Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

	2019	2019	2018	2018
	Weighted average exercise price \$	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price \$	Number of options
At beginning of year	54.17	20,000	84.94	10,000
Granted				
Exercised	23.40	(10,000)		
Lapsed				
Transferred			23,40	10,000
Outstanding options at end of the year	84.94	10,000	54.17	20,000
Exercisable at end of the year			23.40	10,000
				

The liability arising in relation to the linked recharge from Omnicom Group Inc in relation to these share options for the year was £41,476 (2018: £236,138).

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise of share options exercised during the year was \$74.52 (2018: \$nil).

17 Commitments

Non-cancellable operating lease rentals are payable as follows:

Operating leases

The Company's principal premises are leased from a fellow group company on terms with no future minimum lease payments.

The total of future minimum lease payments is as follows:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Not later than one year	118,560	155,345
Later than one year and not later than five years	217,111	149,331
	335,671	304,676

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

18 Related party transactions

Summary of transactions with subsidiaries

At 31 December 2019, the Company's ultimate parent undertaking was Omnicom Group Inc. The shareholders of the Company have interest directly or indirectly in certain other companies which are considered to give rise to related party disclosures under FRS 102 Section 33.

As a 100% owned indirect subsidiary of Omnicom Group Inc, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS102 Section 33.1A: Related Party Disclosures, which enable it to exclude disclosure of transactions with Omnicom Group Inc and its wholly owned subsidiaries.

19 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The Company is a subsidiary undertaking of Omnicom Group Inc. incorporated in the United States of America and is the largest group in which the results are consolidated.

The Financial Statements are available upon request from Omnicom Group Inc's registered address, 437 Madison Avenue, New York, NY10022, USA.

The Company is consolidated into DAS UK Investments Limited and these accounts may be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ, Wales.