

ICSA INFORMATION & TRAINING LIMITED REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 July 2012

Registered No. 1576660



Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 31 July 2012

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' report	2-3
Independent auditor's report	4-5
Profit and loss account	6
Balance sheet	7
Notes to the accounts	8-14

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2012

Principal activity

The company's principal activity was the publication of professional information and guidance to support company secretaries and other related professionals as well as the provision of professional training courses and conferences

These activities are likely to continue for the foreseeable future

Results and dividends

The profit after taxation for the year to 31 July 2012 amounted to 108,437 (2011 £45,465), which has been transferred to reserves

The directors have not declared a dividend in respect of the year to 31 July 2012 (2011 Nil)

The company does not actively use financial instruments as part of its financial risk management. The company is exposed to the usual credit risk and cash flow risks associated with providing its goods and services and manages this risk through its internal control procedures.

Directors

The directors in office during the year were as follows

S Osborne – (appointed 6 October 2011)
D Wilson – (resigned 30 August 2011)
S E Richards – Joint Managing Director

C Grist Taylor — Joint Managing Director

W Booth – (appointed 26 September 2012)

N Tompkins

None of the directors held any beneficial interest in the shares of the company (2011 Nil)

The directors have confirmed that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and that they have taken all the steps that they individually ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

Going concern

The company has considerable resources and positive cash flows. Having reviewed future budgets and forecasts the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and have, therefore, used the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice

Directors' responsibilities cont....

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislations in other jurisdictions.

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

Auditor

The auditor, Chantrey Vellacott DFK, has expressed its willingness to continue in office and is automatically reappointed under S 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

By order of the board

RM Morrice Secretary

15 January 2013

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT to the Members of ICSA Information & Training Limited

We have audited the financial statements of ICSA Information & Training Limited for the year ended 31 July 2012 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 July 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on the other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT to the Members of ICSA Information & Training Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the Directors' Report

HELENA WILKINSON FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Charley Vellaco HDKU CLP

for and on behalf of CHANTREY VELLACOTT DFK LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

London

15 January 2013

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 July 2012

	Notes	2012 £	2011 £
Turnover	2	1,464,352	1,354,368
Direct costs		(552,727)	(535,394)
Gross profit		911,625	818,974
Administration expenses		(832,112)	(788,723)
Other operating income		28,873	15,214
Operating profit on ordinary activities	3	108,386	45,465
Interest receivable	5	51 	
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		108,437	45,465
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	6		
Retained profit for the year	12	108,437	45,465 —————

All amounts in the profit and loss account relate to continuing operations

The company has no recognised gains and losses other than those shown above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

Pages 8 to 14 form an integral part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET at 31 July 2012			
·	Notes	2012 £	2011 £
Fixed Assets Tangible assets	7	-	6,298
		-	6,298
Current Assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	8 9	80,884 360,690 261,359	78,814 388,354 222,634
Craditara amazunta fallina dua	10	702,933	689,802
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	10	(374,203) ———	(431,017) ————
Net current assets		328,730	258,785 ———
Total assets less current liabilities		328,730	265,083
Deferred income	1(c)	(246,309)	(291,099)
Net assets/(liabilities)		82,421	(26,016)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	11 12	10,000 72,421	10,000 (36,016)
Equity shareholders' funds/(deficit)	13	82,421	(26,016)

Pages 8 to 14 form an integral part of these financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

These financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 15 January 2013

Nigel Tompkins

Director

Company no 1576660

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2012

1. Accounting policies

a) Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom

b) Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the directors have obtained assurances from the parent undertaking of continued financial support for the foreseeable future to meet the company's normal trading liabilities as and when they fall due

c) Turnover recognition

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services excluding VAT, trade discounts and returns. The income from book sales is recognised upon despatch, subscription income is recognised in the year to which it relates and income from educational services is recognised upon the provision of the courses, conferences and associated services. Amounts received in advance of courses being held and subscription income received in advance of that which relates to the current year is carried forward as deferred income at the year end

d) Direct costs

All items of expenditure directly attributable to the generation of income have been shown as direct costs. Prepaid costs in respect of courses and conferences are carried forward as prepayments.

e) Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives of between four and ten years, by applying the straight line method, to give a nil residual value as follows,

Motor vehicles

4 years

Office equipment

10 years

f) Finished goods and work in progress

Finished goods and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In the case of finished goods, cost represents all costs incurred in publishing the book. In the case of work in progress, cost consists of direct expenses incurred in bringing the project to the position at the balance sheet date.

Net realisable value represents estimated selling price less all costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution

g) Retirement benefits

The company participates in a multi employer defined benefit scheme, in which the principal employer is the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. The company is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme as it participates in the scheme with other group companies. Each participating employer is exposed to actuarial risks associated with the current and former employees of the other employers participating in the scheme. Accordingly under Financial Reporting Standard 17 the company accounts for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. Employer contributions as recommended by the scheme actuary, are charged to the profit and loss account when paid

h) Related party transactions

Where appropriate the Company has taken advantage of the exemption available in paragraph 3 (c) of Financial Reporting Standard 8, not to disclose inter group transactions

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2012

2. Turnover

Turnover, all of which arises in the UK, represents amounts receivable for goods and services excluding VAT, trade discounts and returns arising within the UK and is analysed as follows

		2012 £	2011 £
	Subscription products Books Courses and conferences Other	367,590 283,764 800,738 12,260	403,494 268,133 671,997 10,744
		1,464,352	1,354,368
3.	Operating profit	2012	2011
	Operating profit is stated after charging -	£	£
	Depreciation of tangible assets Auditor's remuneration - audit services	6,298 6,000	10,245 5,000
4.			
	Directors' costs	2012 £	2011 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs Benefits in kind	118,120 13,378 68,000 11,324	110,542 11,688 70,653 10,889
		210,822	203,772
	The average number of employees	2012	2011
	(including directors) during the year was	2	2
		2012 £	2011 £
	Directors' remuneration Emoluments Pension costs	129,444 15,918	121,431 18,571
		145,362	140,002

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2012

4. Employment costs and directors' remuneration (continued)

In the year to 31 July 2012 two directors were accruing pension benefits under a defined benefits scheme in which the principal employer is the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators

From the 1 August 2009 the employment contracts of all staff, excluding those of the directors, were changed in that the staff became directly employed by the parent undertaking the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators (ICSA) From this date the employment costs of these members of staff were recharged to the company by ICSA

5. Interest receivable

	2012 £	2011 £
Bank interest	51	-

6. Taxation on profit on ordinary activities

(a) Analysis of charge in the year

The taxation charge on profit on ordinary activities comprises

	2012 £	2011 £
Corporation Tax for the current year	-	-
Current taxation charge		

(b) Factors affecting taxation charge for the year:

The Corporation Tax assessed for the year is different from that at the standard rate of Corporation Tax in the United Kingdom of 25 33% (2011 27 33%) The differences are explained below

	2012 £	2011 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	108,437	45,465
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by the standard rate of Corporation Tax in the UK of 25 33% (2011 27 33%)	27,471	12,426
Effects of Expenses not deductible for taxation purposes Depreciation charged in excess of capital allowances Utilisation of tax losses and other deductions	14 351	1,065
arising in the year Group relief claimed	(3,630) (24,206)	(13,491) -
Current taxation charge – note 6(a)		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2012

7. Fixed assets

		Motor Vehicles £	Office Equipment £	Total £
	Cost			
	At 1 August 2011 and 31 July 2012	40,660	4,279	44,939
	Depreciation			
	At 1 August 2011	34,708	3,933	38,641
	Charge for the year	5,952	346	6,298
	At 31 July 2012	40,660	4,279	44,939
	Net book value			
	At 31 July 2012	-	-	-
	At 31 July 2011	5,952	346	6,298
8.	Stocks			
U.	Otocks	2012		2011
		£		£
	Work in progress	_5,339		0,059
	Finished goods	75,545	6	8,755
		80,884	7	8,814
9.	Debtors	2242		0044
		2012 £		2011 £
	Trade debtors	274,376	29	8,356
	Amounts due from parent undertaking	2,200		2,200
	Amounts due from group undertakings	2,506		-
	Amounts due from ICSA Education & Research Foundation	12,500	3	0,000
	Other debtors and prepayments	69,108		7,798
		360,690	38	38,354

	ES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS e year ended 31 July 2012		
10.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2012 £	2011 £
	Trade creditors Amounts due to parent undertaking Amounts due to group undertakings	92,071 175,925 -	123,619 223,830 2,571
	Other creditors Accruals	46,188 60,019	52,939 28,058
		374,203 ———	431,017
11.	Share capital-		
		2012 £	2011 £
	Authorised, allotted and fully paid 10,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
12.	Profit and loss account	2012 £	2011 £
	At 1 August Profit for the year	(36,016) 108,437	(81,481) 45,465
	At 31 July	72,421 ———	(36,016) ———
13.	Reconciliation of movement in equity shareholders' funds		
		2012 £	2011 £
	Opening deficiency of shareholders' funds at 1 August Profit for the year	(26,016) 108,437	(71,481) 45,465

82,421

(26,016)

Equity shareholders' funds at 31 July

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2012

14. Pensions

a) Defined Benefit scheme

The company participates in a defined benefit pension scheme, in which the principal employer is the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. The scheme is also available to the employees of the Institute and ICSA Services Limited. As result it is not possible to identify the assets and liabilities of the scheme which are attributable to the company. The assets of the scheme are held in separate trustee administered funds. The pension cost is assessed in accordance with the advice of an independent qualified actuary using the Projected Unit method. Contributions made to the scheme in the year to 31 July 2012 amounted to £68,000 (2011. £70,653). The scheme was closed to new members from 1 February 2005.

The last actuarial valuation was at 1 August 2011 which was based on a range of agreed assumptions. The market value of the scheme's assets was £8 1m, the funding level was 73% and the deficit in the scheme was £3,015,000. In accordance with the advice from the actuary, the employer's contribution is maintained at 18.3% and in addition a monthly contribution of £31,100 is payable over the period to 31 December 2021. The next actuarial valuation will have an effective date of 1 August 2014. As at 31 July 2012, the actuarial value of the fund was a deficit of £3,913,000 (2011. deficit £1,648,000)

The main financial assumptions used are as follows: -

•	2012 %	2011 %	2010 %	2009 %	2008 %
Inflation (RPI)	2 5	3 5	3 3	36	40
Increase in salaries	2 5	25	3 0	4 1	4 5
Rate of increase in pensions and deferred pensions	24	35	30	36	40
Rate used to discount scheme liabilities	3 9	5 3	5 4	66	6 4
Expected rate of return per annum on se	cheme ass	sets: -			
Bonds	39	53	5 4	66	64
Equities	6 1	66	69	68	78
Secured pensions	39	53	5 4	66	64
Property	5 1	56	59	58	-
Other	0 5	10	20	20	50

b) Stakeholder scheme

Employees of the company may participate in a stakeholder pension scheme operated by the company's parent undertaking. No contributions were made by employees to this scheme in the year (2011 Nil)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2012

15. Cash flow statement

The Company is exempt from the requirements of Financial Reporting Standard 1 (Revised 1996), Cash Flow Statements

The company's ultimate parent undertaking prepares consolidated financial statements, which include a consolidated cash-flow statement.

16. Capital commitments and contingent liabilities

No capital commitments or contingent liabilities existed at the balance sheet date

17. Parent and controlling undertaking

The company's parent and controlling undertaking is the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators (ICSA), a body incorporated by Royal Charter in the United Kingdom

The ICSA's consolidated financial statements may be obtained from the Treasurer at 16 Park Crescent, London W1B 1AH