

ANTI-WASTE LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 1998

Deloitte & Touche Leda House Station Road Cambridge CB1 2RN

( - 27/09/99) Ac01awi7





# REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 1998

CONTENTS	Page
Officers and professional advisers	1
Directors' report	2
Auditors' report	4
Profit and loss account	5
Note of historical cost profits and losses	•
Balance sheet	:
Notes to the financial statements	8



# OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

## DIRECTORS

P A Rackham P A Rackham Jnr S R Stuteley T C Walsh

#### **SECRETARY**

S R Stuteley

## REGISTERED OFFICE

Manor Farm Bridgham Norwich Norfolk NR16 2RX

#### **BANKERS**

Lloyds TSB Bank plc Corporate & Institutional Banking P O Box 787 6-8 Eastcheap London EC3M 1LL

## **SOLICITORS**

Rowe & Maw 20 Blackfriars Lane London EC4V 6HD

Cunningham, John & Co Fairstead House 7 Bury Road Thetford Norwich IP24 3PL

#### **AUDITORS**

Deloitte & Touche Chartered Accountants Leda House Station Road Cambridge CB1 2RN



# DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1998.

#### **ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the company is the handling, recycling and disposal of waste materials.

## REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENTS

The results of the company for the year are set out on page 5. In the opinion of the directors the company has traded satisfactorily during the year and profitability is expected to continue in the current year.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

A dividend payment of £1,500,000 has been made during the year (1997 - £nil).

#### DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors who served during the year were:

P A Rackham

P A Rackham Jnr

S R Stuteley

T C Walsh

DR A Sheppard (resigned 2 December 1998)

None of the directors held an interest in the share capital of the company during the year.

The interests of the directors in the share capital of the parent company are disclosed in the accounts of that company.

#### CHARITABLE AND POLITICAL DONATIONS

During the year the company made charitable donations of £805 (1997 - £1,510). The company has also contributed £811,198 of its landfill tax liability to ENTRUST registered environmental bodies, as permitted by government regulations.

#### CREDITOR PAYMENT POLICY

Whilst there is no formal creditor payment policy, it is the policy of the company to settle the terms of payment with all suppliers when agreeing the terms for the transactions as a whole and to abide by such terms.

The company's outstanding creditor days at the end of the year were 44 days.

#### YEAR 2000 ISSUES

Year 2000 issues have been addressed at group level. The group is continuing to address the Year 2000 problem in accordance with its Compliance and Contingency Plan. This Plan assumes the major risk to the group to be failure of third party utility services. The group has already renewed or upgraded a substantial proportion of its business critical computer systems and other equipment, and is in the process of obtaining representations from the vendors of its key software that their systems are Year 2000 compliant.

Although the group expects its systems to be Year 2000 compliant by the required date, it cannot guarantee the compliance of any third party systems.

The total cost of the Year 2000 compliance issue is not considered to be material.



#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### **AUDITORS**

Deloitte & Touche have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

28 September 1999



Deloitte & Touche Leda House Station Road Cambridge CB1 2RN Telephone: National 01223 460222 International +44 1223 460222 Fax (Gp. 3): 01223 350839 DX 5812

#### ANTI-WASTE LIMITED

## **AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS**

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 15 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on pages 8 and 9.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

#### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 1998 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

15 Octobe 1999

Seloith & Touch

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Aberdeen, Belfast, Birmingham, Bracknell, Bristol, Cambridge, Cardiff, Crawley, Edinburgh, Glasgow, Leeds, Leicester, Liverpool, London, Manchester, Milton Keynes, Newcastle upon Tyne, Nottingham, St Albans and Southampton.

Principal place of business at which a list of partners' names is available. Stonecutter Court, 1 Stonecutter Street, London EC4A 4TR.

Authorised by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales to carry on investment business.



PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 1998

	Note	1998 £'000	1997 £'000
TURNOVER	2	14,017	12,900
Cost of sales		(9,597)	(8,393)
GROSS PROFIT		4,420	4,507
Administrative expenses		(2,089)	(1,211)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	2,331	3,296
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	5	64 (141)	(308)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	2,254 (651)	3,000 (986)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		1,603	2,014
Dividends	7	(1,500)	
Retained profit for the financial year	17	103	2,014

All results derive from continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses for the current financial year or the preceding financial year other than as stated in the profit and loss account.



# NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES Year ended 31 December 1998

	1998 £'000	1997 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2,254	3,000
Difference between the historical cost depreciation charge and the actual depreciation charge for the year calculated		
on the revalued amount	53	53
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities		
before taxation	2,307	3,053
Historical cost profit for the year after taxation		
and dividends	156	2,067



# **BALANCE SHEET**31 December 1998

	Note	1998 £'000	1997 £'000
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	8	21,434	18,672
Investments	9	1	<u>l</u>
	•	21,435	18,673
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	10	77	49
Debtors (due within one year)	11	3,657	4,501
Debtors (due after more than one year)	12	243	274
Cash at bank and in hand - Escrow deposits	13	619	228
Cash at bank and in hand		3	288
		4,599	5,340
CREDITORS: amounts falling due			
within one year	14	(5,026)	(4,747)
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES) ASSETS		(427)	593
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		21,008	19,266
CREDITORS: amounts falling due			
after more than one year	15	(10,714)	(9,075)
NET ASSETS		10,294	10,191
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		<del></del>	
Called up share capital	16	8,062	8,062
Share premium account	17	83	83
Revaluation reserve	17	2,762	2,815
Other reserve	17	-	(3,395)
Profit and loss account	17	(613)	2,626
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	18	10,294	10,191

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 28 September 1999. Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 1998

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

#### Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of freehold properties.

#### Consolidation

The company has claimed exemption from the preparation of group accounts on the grounds that it is a subsidiary of a larger group company that prepares consolidated accounts. The accounts present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

#### Goodwill

Purchased goodwill arising in earlier years, totalling £3,395,000 representing the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired, is set off against reserves in the year in which it arises.

#### Cash flow exemption

The company has taken advantage of the exemption, conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1 (Revised), from presenting a cash flow statement as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of a group which prepares a consolidated cash flow statement.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents invoiced sales of goods and services including landfill tax but excluding value added tax.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Freehold and leasehold properties and licence agreements are stated at original cost or subsequent valuation. Other tangible fixed assets are shown at cost. Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets in use at rates calculated to write off the cost, or revalued amount, less residual value of each asset as follows:

Freehold buildings

- over 50 years

Freehold landfill sites, leasehold properties

- over the expected life of each site

Plant and equipment

- over 5 years

Motor vehicles

- over 4 years

No depreciation is provided for in relation to freehold land.

Freehold landfill sites and leasehold properties include site engineering costs which are depreciated over the expected life of each site in proportion to the rate of landfill.

#### Investments

Investments are stated at cost less provision for any permanent diminution in value.

Stocks have been stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on the liability method on all timing differences to the extent that they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future, calculated at the rate at which it is estimated that tax will be payable.



Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 1998

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)** 1.

#### Finance leases

In respect of each finance lease the cost of the asset is capitalised and the cost, less residual value of the asset, is depreciated over the term of the lease. Rentals payable are apportioned between finance charge and leasing commitment. The total finance charge is allocated to accounting periods over the term of the lease at a constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining leasing commitment for each accounting period.

All other leases are operating leases and the relevant annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### Pension costs

Contributions in respect of the group's combined defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account for the year in which they are payable to the scheme.

#### Restoration and post closure monitoring costs

The anticipated cost of final site restoration and post closure monitoring is charged to the profit and loss account over the expected useful life of the site in proportion to the rate of landfill.

#### 2. TURNOVER

All turnover was generated in the United Kingdom from the handling, recycling and disposal of waste materials.

#### 3. **OPERATING PROFIT**

		1998 £'000	1997 £'000
	Operating profit is after charging:		
	Depreciation - owned assets	1,780	1,354
	- assets held under finance leases	248	220
	Auditors' remuneration - audit fees	10	12
	- other fees	-	15
	Operating lease rentals		38
4.	INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES		
		1998	1997
		£'000	£'000
	Directors' emoluments		
	Remuneration	-	278
	Pension contributions to defined contribution scheme		37
		-	315
	Emoluments of the highest paid director:	<del></del>	
	Remuneration	<u>-</u>	76
	Pension contributions to defined contribution scheme	-	35
		No	No
	Number of directors who were members of defined contribution		
	pension scheme	-	4
		<del></del>	



# 4. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES (continued)

Average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) in the year:

	1998 No	1997 No
Operational	44	57
Administrative	10	17
	54	74
Staff costs incurred during the year in respect of these employees were:		
	1998 £'000	1997 £'000
Wages and salaries	789	1,260
Social security costs Other pension costs	77 10	122 46
	876	1,428
5. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
	1998 £'000	1997 £'000
Bank and other borrowings Finance leases	80	218
Corporation tax interest	61	76 12
Arrangement fees	-	2
	141	308
6. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	1998 £'000	1997 £'000
UK corporation tax at 31% (1997 - 31.5%)	665	1,017
Prior year movement - deferred tax - corporation tax	(14)	(2) (29)
	651	986
7. DIVIDENDS		
	1998 £'000	1997 £'000
On equity shares		
Paid - 18.6p per ordinary share (1997 – nil)	1,500	•



## 8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold properties £'000	Short leasehold properties £'000	Plant and equipment £'000	Motor vehicles £'000	Total £'000
Cost or valuation				-	
At 1 January 1998	15,269	3,741	3,743	377	23,130
Additions	1,839	2,147	654	556	5,196
Disposals		(233)	(350)	(97)	(680)
At 31 December 1998	17,108	5,655	4,047	836	27,646
Depreciation					_
At 1 January 1998	1,404	1,332	1,602	120	4,458
Charge for the year	721	594	590	123	2,028
Disposals			(220)	(54)	(274)
At 31 December 1998	2,125	1,926	1,972	189	6,212
Net book value					
At 31 December 1998	14,983	3,729	2,075	647	21,434
At 31 December 1997	13,865	2,409	2,141	257	18,672

Included in the net book value of plant and equipment and motor vehicles is £861,000 (1997 - £1,232,000) in respect of assets held under finance leases.

Freehold properties are stated at:

	£'000	£'000
Open market value at 31 December 1993 Cost	4,100 13,008	4,100 11,169
At 31 December 1998	17,108	15,269

Comparable amounts determined according to the historical cost convention for freehold properties:

	1998 £'000	1997 £'000
Cost Accumulated depreciation based on	13,857	12,018
historical cost	(1,861)	(1,193)
Historical cost net book value	11,996	10,825

All other assets are stated at historical cost.



Deloitte Touche Tolunatsu

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 1998

#### 9. INVESTMENTS HELD AS FIXED ASSETS

۶.	IN VESTIMENTS HELD AS FIXED ASSETS				
				1998 £'000	1997 £'000
	Cost At 1 January 1998 and 31 December 1998			1	1
	Investments comprise the following:			<del></del>	<del></del> _
	Name	Country of registration	Proportion of ordinary capital held	Nature of busin	ess
	Anti-Rubbish Limited	England	100%	Dormant	
	Anti-Waste (Restoration) Limited	England	100%	Restoration and monitoring servi	ces
10.	STOCKS  Raw materials and consumables			1998 £'000 	1997 £'000 49
11.	DEBTORS (DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR)			1998 £'000	1997 £'000
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Prepayments and accrued income			2,215 1,289 153 3,657	3,061 1,228 212 4,501
12.	DEBTORS (DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE	YEAR)		1998 £'000	1997 £'000
	Prepayments and accrued income			243	274

#### 13. CASH AT BANK AND IN HAND - ESCROW DEPOSITS

Escrow deposits represent amounts held in bank accounts in the name of Anti-Waste Limited and various county councils. The company is contracted to deposit further sums in respect of site restoration and post-closure monitoring costs based on the tonnage of waste disposal. Because these funds have restricted use they are disclosed separately as Escrow deposits in the balance sheet.



## 14. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	1998 £'000	1997 £'000
Bank overdraft	562 604	197
Trade creditors  Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,147	407 544
Other creditors	1,177	129
Corporation tax	779	1,145
Other taxes and social security	998	1,400
Accruals and deferred income	629	578
Obligations under finance leases	307	347
	5,026	4,747
15. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE Y	/EAR	
	1998	1997
	£'000	£'000
Amount owed to parent company	10,226	8,238
Obligations under finance leases	226	525
Accruals and deferred income	262	312
	10,714	9,075
Accordingly, it has been disclosed as due after more than one year.		
	1998 £'000	1997 £'000
(b) Accruals and deferred income is due as follows:	£,000	£'000
(b) Accruals and deferred income is due as follows: Between one and two years	£'000 50	<b>£'000</b> 50
(b) Accruals and deferred income is due as follows:  Between one and two years  Between two and five years	£'000 50 200	£'000 50 200
(b) Accruals and deferred income is due as follows: Between one and two years	£'000  50 200 12	£'000 50 200 62
(b) Accruals and deferred income is due as follows:  Between one and two years  Between two and five years  After five years	£'000 50 200	£'000 50 200
<ul> <li>(b) Accruals and deferred income is due as follows: Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years</li> <li>(c) Obligations under finance leases are repayable in</li> </ul>	£'000  50 200 12	£'000 50 200 62
<ul> <li>(b) Accruals and deferred income is due as follows: Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years</li> <li>(c) Obligations under finance leases are repayable in instalments as follows:</li> </ul>	£'000  50 200 12 262	£'000 50 200 62 312
<ul> <li>(b) Accruals and deferred income is due as follows: Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years</li> <li>(c) Obligations under finance leases are repayable in instalments as follows: Within one year</li> </ul>	£'000  50 200 12 262 307	£'000 50 200 62 312
<ul> <li>(b) Accruals and deferred income is due as follows: Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years</li> <li>(c) Obligations under finance leases are repayable in instalments as follows:</li> </ul>	£'000  50 200 12 262	£'000 50 200 62 312
<ul> <li>(b) Accruals and deferred income is due as follows: Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years</li> <li>(c) Obligations under finance leases are repayable in instalments as follows: Within one year Between two and five years</li> </ul>	£'000  50 200 12 262 307 154	£'000 50 200 62 312 347 226
<ul> <li>(b) Accruals and deferred income is due as follows: Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years</li> <li>(c) Obligations under finance leases are repayable in instalments as follows: Within one year Between two and five years After five years</li> </ul>	£'000  50 200 12 262 307 154 72	\$'000 50 200 62 312 347 226 299
<ul> <li>(b) Accruals and deferred income is due as follows: Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years</li> <li>(c) Obligations under finance leases are repayable in instalments as follows: Within one year Between two and five years</li> </ul>	\$\frac{\partial 000}{200}\$ \tag{12}{262} \tag{307}{154}{72} \tag{533}	\$'000 50 200 62 312 347 226 299 872
<ul> <li>(b) Accruals and deferred income is due as follows: Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years</li> <li>(c) Obligations under finance leases are repayable in instalments as follows: Within one year Between two and five years After five years</li> </ul>	\$\frac{\partial 000}{200}\$ \[ \frac{50}{200} \] \[ \frac{12}{262} \] \[ \frac{307}{154} \] \[ \frac{72}{533} \] \[ \frac{1998}{307} \]	\$'000 50 200 62 312 347 226 299 872
<ul> <li>(b) Accruals and deferred income is due as follows: Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years</li> <li>(c) Obligations under finance leases are repayable in instalments as follows: Within one year Between two and five years After five years</li> <li>16. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL</li> </ul>	\$\frac{\partial \text{\$\color{0}\color{0}}{200}}{12}\$ \$\frac{262}{262}\$ \$\frac{307}{154}\$ \$\frac{72}{72}\$ \$\frac{533}{2000}\$ \$\frac{1998}{\partial \color{0}\color{0}}\$	\$'000 50 200 62 312 347 226 299 872 1997 \$'000
<ul> <li>(b) Accruals and deferred income is due as follows: Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years</li> <li>(c) Obligations under finance leases are repayable in instalments as follows: Within one year Between two and five years After five years</li> <li>16. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL</li> </ul>	\$\frac{\partial 000}{200}\$ \[ \frac{50}{200} \] \[ \frac{12}{262} \] \[ \frac{307}{154} \] \[ \frac{72}{533} \] \[ \frac{1998}{307} \]	\$'000 50 200 62 312 347 226 299 872
<ul> <li>(b) Accruals and deferred income is due as follows: Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years</li> <li>(c) Obligations under finance leases are repayable in instalments as follows: Within one year Between two and five years After five years</li> <li>16. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL</li> </ul>	\$\frac{\partial \text{\$\color{0}\color{0}}{200}}{12}\$ \$\frac{262}{262}\$ \$\frac{307}{154}\$ \$\frac{72}{72}\$ \$\frac{533}{2000}\$ \$\frac{1998}{\partial \color{0}\color{0}}\$	\$'000 50 200 62 312 347 226 299 872 1997 \$'000



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 1998

#### 17. MOVEMENT IN RESERVES

	Share premium account £'000	Revaluation reserve £'000	Other reserve £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
At I January 1998	83	2,815	(3,395)	2,626	2,129
Profit for the year	-	-	-	103	103
Transfer from revaluation reserve	-	(53)	-	53	-
Elimination of goodwill reserve	-		3,395	(3,395)	
At 31 December 1998	83	2,762	-	(613)	2,232

#### 18. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	1998 £'000	1997 £'000
Profit for the financial year Dividends	1,603 (1,500)	2,014
Net addition to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	103 10,191	2,014 8,177
Closing shareholders' funds	10,294	10,191

#### 19. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

- a) The company has entered into unlimited cross-guarantees with its bankers relating to the borrowings of other group companies. At 31 December 1998 the bank borrowings of other group companies amounted to £2,471,000 (1997 £8,721,000).
- b) The company is a member of a group VAT registration and as such has contingent liabilities for VAT in respect of other members of the group.
- c) The company has provided performance bonds in respect of certain waste disposal contracts. At 31 December 1998, the amount of the bonds was £ 371,000 (1997 £145,000).

#### 20. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

1998	1997
£'000	£'000
Contracted for but not provided 641	369

#### 21. PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme on behalf of its directors and certain employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. Contributions are paid based upon the recommendation of a qualified actuary. The annual contributions under this scheme amounted to £10,000 (1997 - £46,000).



#### 22. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 1998, the company had annual commitments in respect of land and buildings under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	1998	1997
	£'000	£'000
Operating leases which expire		
In the second to fifth years inclusive	18	20
In over five years	4	4
	·	
	22	24
		<del></del>

#### 23. ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITMENTS

As explained in note 13 to the accounts, the company is contracted to make deposits into escrow accounts to guarantee the successful site restoration and provide for post-closure monitoring costs in respect of three of its sites. A total of £4,642,000 is contracted to be deposited over the useful life of the sites which is expected to be in excess of twenty years and subject to certain conditions. Costs in respect of these procedures will be met from these funds and on satisfactory monitoring of each of the sites for the relevant period, the balance will be returned to the company. Provision is made in respect of the sums deposited to the extent that the costs of restoration are foreseeable and expected to materialise. Provision is not made in respect of contingent costs or remote events.

#### 24. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent company and immediate controlling party of Anti-Waste Limited is Waste Recycling Group plc, a company which is registered in England and Wales. Copies of group accounts of Waste Recycling Group plc are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF4 3UZ.

## 25. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- (a) During the year the company continued the arrangements in which Mr P A Rackham and Mr P A Rackham Inr had an interest by virtue of their management responsibilities and shareholdings in the companies noted below:
  - (i) An agreement with Paul Rackham Limited for the rental of office space at an actual rental of £20,000 per annum. This lease expires on 31 December 1999.
  - (ii) The company made charges to Paul Rackham Limited totalling £1,320 (1997 £5,280) for the provision of litter picking services.

In connection with the above there are amounts totalling £6,000 (1997 - £3,000) included within debtors due within one year and £8,000 (1997 - £4,000) included within creditors due within one year. These are the maximum amounts outstanding during the year.

(b) In the ordinary course of business, the company has traded with its ultimate parent company Waste Recycling Group plc together with its subsidiaries. The company is exempt from disclosing details of these transactions because copies of Waste Recycling Group plc group financial statements are publicly available.