P A S (Grantham) Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2014

Registered Number 1568027 (England and Wales)

P A S (Grantham) Limited

Strategic report, Directors' report and financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2014

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P A S (Grantham) Limited

Strategic report for the financial year ended 30 June 2014

The directors present their strategic report of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2014.

Review of the business review
The company's loss for the year ended 30 June 2014 is £1,033,000 (2013: £3,683,000).

Business environment
The company supplies products principally into the frozen retail grocery trade. This is a very competitive market with resultant pressure on margins, and the company aims to differentiate itself through a focused offering with innovative product introductions.

The directors are satisfied with the financial position of the company at the end of the year.

Strategy
The company aims to achieve profitable growth and the necessary shareholder returns required by meeting customer requirements at the lowest cost.

Key performance indicators (KPI's)
The Board monitors the progress we are making overall by reference to three KPI's. Performance during the financial year, together with historical trend data, is set out in the table below:

	2014	2013	
Growth/(Decline) in sales %	**(11.0)**	2.1	Year on year sales growth expressed as a percentage.
Operating profit/(loss) %	**(2.2)**	(6.6)	Operating profit is profit before tax, investment income and interest expressed as a percentage of sales.
Return on net assets %	**(4.8)**	(15.0)	Return on net assets (RONA) is profit after tax but before interest expressed as a percentage of average net assets in the year

Following an unprecedented potato market during 2013, the improvement in the 2014 KPI's reflects the measures put in place to recover profitability, and the directors believe that the company has the strategies in place to return the business to profitable growth.

Future outlook
The commercial environment is expected to remain competitive with continued pressure on prices and margins but the directors remain confident that the strategy employed will continue to meet the company's objectives.

Principal risks and uncertainties
Risks are formally reviewed by the Board and appropriate processes are put in place to monitor and mitigate them.

The key risks and uncertainties affecting the company relate to price competition from other manufacturers and raw material procurement. These are considered and mitigated by matching pricing and cost strategies to customer needs.

Financial risk management
The company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks. McCain Foods Group Inc., the company's ultimate parent undertaking, has in place a risk management programme that seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the company (and the group) by monitoring levels of debt finance and the related finance costs for the group as a whole.

By order of the Board

J. Legard
J Legard
Director

6th October 2014

P A S (Grantham) Limited

Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2014

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2014.

Principal activities
The principal activity of the company is the manufacture and sale of frozen french fries and potato products.

Dividends
The directors do not propose a payment of a final dividend (2013: £nil).

Charitable and political contributions
The contributions made by the company during the financial year for charitable purposes amounted to £245 (2013: £162). There were no political contributions (2013: £nil).

Directors
The directors who held office during the financial year and up to the date of signing of the financial statements are given below:

A D McCain
S S Chelley
J Legard
T Steele (resigned 01 July 2013)

In accordance with the articles of association, A D McCain retires by rotation and, being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

Directors' indemnities
As permitted by the Articles of Association, the Directors have the benefit of an indemnity which is a qualifying third party indemnity provision as defined by Section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. The indemnity was in force throughout the last financial year and is currently in force. The Company also purchased and maintained throughout the financial year Directors' and Officers' liability insurance in respect of itself and its Directors.

Employment of disabled persons
The company's policy is to support the employment of disabled persons where suitable jobs are available, to retain wherever possible those who become disabled during their employment and to assist with the training and career development of disabled persons.

Employee involvement
The company operates consultative committees at which employees are provided with information on matters of concern to them. A briefing system is also used to inform employees of matters which affect them directly in their own place of work. All employees are informed of developments in McCain group companies around the world through a group newspaper. Employees are consulted on a regular basis so that the views of employees can be taken into account in making decisions that are likely to affect their interests.

Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2014 (continued)

Statement of directors' responsibilities
The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditors
So far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Relevant information is defined as "information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report".

Each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken in his duty as a director (such as making enquiries of other directors and the auditors and any other steps required by the directors' duty to exercise due care, skill and diligence) in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors
In the absence of any notice proposing to terminate their appointment, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will be deemed to be reappointed for the next financial year. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

By order of the Board
J. Legard
J Legard
Director

6th October 2014

Independent auditors' report to the members of P A S (Grantham) Limited

Report on the financial statements

Our opinion
In our opinion the financial statements, defined below:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2014 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

This opinion is to be read in the context of what we say in the remainder of this report.

What we have audited
The financial statements, which are prepared by P A S (Grantham) Limited, comprise:

- the balance sheet as at 30 June 2014;
- the profit and loss account for the year then ended;
- the accounting policies; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

What an audit of financial statements involves
We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report and Financial Statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the members of P A S (Grantham) Limited (continued)

Other matters on which we are required to report by exception

Adequacy of accounting records and information and explanations received
Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Directors' remuneration
Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Our responsibilities and those of the directors
As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and ISAs (UK & Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

R Bunter

Richard Bunter (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Hull
8 October 2014

Profit and loss account for the financial year ended 30 June 2014

	Note	2014	2013
		£'000	£'000
Turnover	1	**65,667**	73,797
Cost of sales		**(63,514)**	(75,235)
Gross profit/(loss)		**2,153**	(1,438)
Administrative expenses	2	**(3,594)**	(3,408)
Operating loss	8	**(1,441)**	(4,846)
Interest receivable and similar income	6	**-**	2
Interest payable and similar charges	7	**(61)**	(51)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		**(1,502)**	(4,895)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	9	**469**	1,212
Loss for the financial year	16	**(1,033)**	(3,683)

All of the company's activities are continuing.

The company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the profit and loss account above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

There is no difference between the loss on ordinary activities before taxation and the loss for the financial years stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

P A S (Grantham) Limited

Balance sheet as at 30 June 2014

	Note	2014	2013
		£'000	£'000
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	10	**18,605**	19,846
Current assets			
Stocks	11	**5,542**	4,507
Debtors	12	**10,769**	14,138
Cash at bank and in hand		**299**	1,459
		16,610	20,104
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	**(13,456)**	(16,972)
Net current assets		**3,154**	3,132
Total assets less current liabilities		**21,759**	22,978
Provisions for liabilities	14	**(1,118)**	(1,304)
Net assets		**20,641**	21,674
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	15	**-**	-
Profit and loss account	16	**20,641**	21,674
Total shareholders' funds	17	**20,641**	21,674

The financial statements on pages 7 to 21 were approved by the Board of directors on
and were signed on its behalf by:

J. Legard

J Legard
Director

P A S (Grantham) Limited – Registered Number 1568027

Accounting policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2014

Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable UK accounting standards in the United Kingdom. The principal accounting policies have been applied consistently and are set out below.

Cash flow

The cash flows of the company are included in the consolidated cash flow statement of McCain Luxembourg Holdings Sarl. Consequently, the company is exempt under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard Number 1 'Cash flow statements (Revised 1996)' from the requirement to publish a cash flow statement.

Research and development expenditure

All expenditure relating to research and development activities is written off to the profit and loss account as incurred.

Tangible fixed assets

The cost of tangible fixed assets is their purchase cost, together with any incidental costs of acquisition.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual values, on a straight line basis over the expected useful economic lives of the assets concerned.

The annual depreciation rates used for this purpose are:

	Annual rate %
Freehold buildings	2.5 - 5
Plant, equipment and motor vehicles	4 - 33

Freehold land and capital work in progress are not depreciated.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of manufactured products comprises all direct expenditure and production overheads based on the normal level of activity. The cost of goods purchased for resale and engineering spares is determined on a first in first out basis. Net realisable value is the price at which the stock can be sold in the normal course of business after allowing for the costs of realisation. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

Government grants

Grants that relate to specific capital expenditure are treated as deferred income which is then credited to the profit and loss account over the related assets' useful lives. Other grants are credited to the profit and loss account when received.

Accounting policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2014 (continued)

Foreign currencies
Monetary assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the end of the financial year. Transactions during the year denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the transaction date. Differences on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

Turnover
Turnover which relates entirely to the principal activity of the entity is recognised when transfer of title of the goods takes place and represents the invoiced value of goods supplied net of trade discounts and value added tax.

Deferred taxation
Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

Pension costs
The company is a member of the McCain Foods (G.B.) Limited Pension and Life Assurance Scheme. This scheme is of the defined benefit, final salary type. It is self-administered and funded to cover future pension liabilities (including expected future earnings and pension increases) in respect of service up to the balance sheet date. It is subject to independent actuarial valuations at least every three years, on the basis of which the qualified actuary certifies the rates of the employer's contributions which, together with the specified contributions payable by the employees and proceeds from the scheme's assets, are sufficient to fund the benefits payable under the scheme.

Contributions paid by the company to the defined benefit scheme are accounted for as though it is a defined contribution scheme. This arises since the share of assets and liabilities relating to the company cannot be separately identified.

Operating leases
Costs in respect of operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2014

1 Turnover

The analysis by geographical area of the company's turnover by destination is set out below:

	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
Turnover by destination		
United Kingdom	**60,532**	68,822
Rest of Europe	**5,135**	4,975
	65,667	73,797

All of the company's turnover originates in the United Kingdom and is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company.

2 Other operating expenses

	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
Distribution costs	**679**	419
Administrative expenses	**2,915**	2,989
	3,594	3,408

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2014 (continued)

3 Directors' emoluments

The emoluments of Mr A D McCain are paid by the ultimate parent company, McCain Foods Group Inc. (Canadian), and are disclosed in the financial statements of that company. They do not relate to his services as a director to this company.

The emoluments paid to the remaining directors were:

	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
Aggregate emoluments (including benefits in kind and annual incentive payments)	**299**	468

Aggregate emoluments disclosed above include amounts paid to the highest paid director, as follows:

	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
Aggregate emoluments	**189**	205
Defined benefit pension schemes:		
Accrued pension at end of year	**-**	95

All directors except Mr A D McCain are members of a group defined benefit pension scheme.

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2014 (continued)

4 Employee information

The average monthly number of persons (including executive directors) employed by the company during the financial year was:

	2014	2013
	Number	Number
Production	**299**	314
Selling and distribution	**8**	6
Administration	**12**	12
	319	332

5 Employee costs

	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	**8,655**	9,190
Social security costs	**772**	825
Other pension costs	**650**	690
	10,077	10,705

6 Interest receivable and similar income

	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
Bank interest received	-	1
On amounts owed by group undertakings	-	1
	-	2

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2014 (continued)

7 Interest payable and similar charges

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
On amounts owed to group undertakings	**61**	51
	61	51

8 Operating loss

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Operating loss is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	**2,670**	2,427
Auditors' remuneration for		
- Audit	**36**	30
Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	**1**	4
Hire of plant and machinery - operating leases	**49**	87

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2014 (continued)

9 Tax on loss on ordinary activities

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Current tax		
UK corporation tax	**(283)**	(1,233)
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	**-**	(15)
Total current tax	**(283)**	(1,248)
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	**(20)**	78
Effect of reduction in future tax rate	**(166)**	(57)
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	**-**	15
Total deferred tax	**(186)**	36
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	**(469)**	(1,212)

The tax assessed for the year differs to (2013: differs to) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 22.5% (2013: 23.75%).

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	**(1,502)**	(4,895)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by the effective rate of UK tax of 22.5% (2013 standard rate of 23.75%)	**(338)**	(1,163)
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	**-**	(15)
Accelerated capital allowances and other timing differences	**20**	(78)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	**35**	8
Total current tax credit	**(283)**	(1,248)

The standard rate of UK corporation tax changed on 1 April 2014 from 23% to 21% giving an effective tax rate of 22.5% for the financial year.

The standard tax rate will further reduce to 20% from April 2015. This future reduction had been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and deferred tax balances have been re-measured at 20% within these financial statements (note 14).

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2014 (continued)

10 Tangible assets

	Freehold land and buildings	Plant, equipment and motor vehicles	Capital work in progress	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost				
At 1 July 2013	8,385	41,177	1,814	51,376
Additions	554	1,963	(1,068)	1,449
Disposals	-	(51)	-	(51)
At 30 June 2014	**8,939**	**43,089**	**746**	**52,774**
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 July 2013	2,189	29,341	-	31,530
Charge for the financial year	343	2,327	-	2,670
Disposals		(31)	-	(31)
At 30 June 2014	**2,532**	**31,637**	**-**	**34,169**
Net book value				
At 30 June 2014	**6,407**	**11,452**	**746**	**18,605**
At 30 June 2013	6,196	11,836	1,814	19,846

11 Stocks

	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
Raw materials and consumables	**1,676**	1,669
Work in progress	**527**	567
Finished goods	**3,339**	2,271
	5,542	4,507

Notes to the financial statements
for the financial year ended 30 June 2014 (continued)

12 Debtors

	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
Trade debtors	5,836	7,272
Amounts owed by parent undertaking	3,521	4,749
Amounts owed by group undertakings	485	386
Corporation tax	325	875
Other debtors	400	636
Prepayments and accrued income	202	220
	10,769	14,138

Amounts owed by group and parent undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on commercial terms.

13 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
Trade creditors	7,672	8,965
Amounts owed to parent undertaking	788	433
Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,179	4,581
Taxation and social security	207	462
Other creditors	420	254
Accruals and deferred income	2,190	2,277
	13,456	16,972

Amounts owed to the parent undertaking are unsecured, interest free and payable on commercial terms.

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured and bear interest at 1.6% per annum.

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2014 (continued)

14 Provisions for liabilities

	Deferred tax £'000
At 1 July 2013	1,304
Profit and loss account (note 9)	(186)
At 30 June 2014	**1,118**

Deferred taxation
Provision for deferred taxation is made in the financial statements as follows:

	Amount provided 2014 £'000	Amount provided 2013 £'000
Tax effect of timing differences because of:		
Excess of capital allowances over deprecation	**1,110**	1,292
Other timing differences	**8**	12
	1,118	1,304

Deferred taxation is based on a corporation tax rate of 20% (2013: 23%).

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2014 (continued)

15 Called up share capital

	2014 £	2013 £
Authorised		
100 (2013: 100) ordinary shares of £1 each	**100**	100
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
100 (2013: 100) ordinary shares of £1 each	**100**	100

16 Profit and loss account

	£'000
At 1 July 2013	21,674
Loss for the financial year	(1,033)
At 30 June 2014	**20,641**

17 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Loss for the financial year	**(1,033)**	(3,683)
Net decrease in shareholders' funds	**(1,033)**	(3,683)
Opening shareholders' funds	**21,674**	25,357
Closing shareholders' funds	**20,641**	21,674

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2014 (continued)

18 Financial commitments

At 30 June, the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2014	**2014**	2013	2013
	Land and buildings	**Other**	Land and buildings	Other
	£'000	**£'000**	£'000	£'000
Expiring within one year	-	-	-	-
Expiring between two and five years	-	**49**	-	87
Expiring in more than five years	-	-	-	-
	-	**49**	-	87

The company is also committed under contracts in the normal course of business for the forward purchase of potatoes of £6,300,000 (2013: £10,000,000).

19 Pension and similar obligations

The company is a member of a defined benefit funded pension scheme in the United Kingdom operated by the parent company McCain Foods (GB) Limited.

For the purposes of Financial Reporting Standard No 17 "Retirement benefits", the contributions paid by the company to the above scheme are accounted for as though to a defined contribution scheme. This arises since the share of assets and liabilities relating to the company cannot be separately identified.

Full details of the scheme are given within the financial statements of the parent company. As at 30 June 2014, the surplus within the scheme, net of deferred tax, amounted to £5.4million (2013: £7.3million).

The pension cost for the financial year represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £650,000 (2013: £690,000).

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2014 (continued)

20 Contingent liabilities

The company has given an unlimited composite cross guarantee to The Royal Bank of Scotland plc in respect of all monies owed to the bank by the company's immediate parent company, McCain Foods (G.B.) Limited. At 30 June 2014 the maximum liability under this arrangement amounted to £3,000 (2013: £13,000).

21 Related party disclosures

The company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed by Financial Reporting Standard Number 8 'Related party disclosures' not to disclose details of transactions with McCain Group companies.

22 Ultimate and immediate parent undertakings

The immediate parent undertaking is McCain Foods (G.B.) Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is McCain Foods Group Inc., a company incorporated in Canada.

McCain Foods Group Inc. is the parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 30 June 2014. The consolidated financial statements of McCain Foods Group Inc. are available from 107 Main Street, Florenceville, New Brunswick, E7L 1B2, Canada.

McCain Luxembourg Holdings Sarl is the parent undertaking of the smallest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of McCain Luxembourg Holdings Sarl can be obtained from 46A Avenue J.F. Kennedy, Luxembourg, Luxembourg – L1855.