Registered number: 1567556

Inspectorate Worldwide Services Limited Annual report for the year ended 31 December 2010

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Inspectorate Worldwide Services Limited Annual report for the year ended 31 December 2010

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Inspectorate Worldwide Services Limited Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2010

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2010.

Principal activities

The company did not trade in the year, but continues to hold intercompany balances on which foreign exchange differences arose

Review of business and future developments

The directors consider both the year-end position and the result for the financial year to be satisfactory

It is not anticipated that the business will trade in the foreseeable future

Principal risks and uncertainties

Given that the Company's operations are being wound down the directors do not consider there to be specific risks and uncertainties affecting the Company. The Company is dependent on the operations of fellow group companies to support the recoverability of the various intergroup balances.

Directors

The directors of the Company who served during the year ended 31 December 2010 and since the year end are listed below

R Bryan
D Lappage

Dividends

No dividend has been paid in the year, and no final dividend is proposed (2009. £Nil).

Insurance of directors

The Company maintains insurance for the directors in respect of their duties as directors of the Company

Inspectorate Worldwide Services Limited Financial risk management

The Company's objective regarding financial risk management is to keep exposure of price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk to a minimum. Financial risk management, including the use of financial instruments and the related currency, liquidity, credit and interest rate risks, is dealt with by the central functions of the Bureau Veritas SA group on behalf of the Company. Many of the Company's balances are with other members of the Bureau Veritas SA group, and assessments are made by management as to the recoverability of these balances in the overall context of the group. There is no group policy to hedge against interest rate movements on intercompany balances.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement on disclosure of information to auditors

So far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

Inspectorate Worldwide Services Limited Independent auditors

An elective resolution has been passed to dispense with the annual reappointment of auditors The Company's auditors are PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

By order of the board

D Lappage

Company secretary

19 September 2011

Inspectorate Worldwide Services Limited Independent auditors' report to the members of Inspectorate Worldwide Services Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Inspectorate Worldwide Services Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

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Simon Ormiston (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Cambridge

30 September 2011

Inspectorate Worldwide Services Limited Registered number 1567556

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010	2009
		£	
Administrative (expenses)/gains		(296,587)	859,899
Operating (loss)/profit		(296,587)	859,899
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4	(296,587)	859,899
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities			-
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	9,10	(296,587)	859,899

All activities relate to continuing operations

The Company has no recognised gains and losses other than the losses above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

Inspectorate Worldwide Services Limited Balance sheet as at 31 December 2010

	Note	2010	2009
		£	£
Current assets			
Debtors	6	5,863,038	6,094,903
Net current assets		5,863,038	6,094,903
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(1,362,258)	(1,297,536)
Net assets		4,500,780	4,797,367
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	2	2
Profit and loss account	9	4,500,778	4,797,365
Total shareholders' funds	10	4,500,780	4 797,367

The financial statements on pages 7 to 13 were approved by the board of directors on 19 September 2011 and were signed on its behalf by

R Bryan **Director**

Inspectorate Worldwide Services Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

1 Principal accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom. A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below.

In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard ("FRS") 18, "Accounting Policies", the directors confirm that the accounting policies used by the Company are the most appropriate, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption available to it under Financial Reporting Standard 1, "Cash Flow Statements", which provides that where a company is a member of a group and the ultimate parent company produces financial statements that are publicly available, the company does not have to prepare a cash flow statement

Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption available under Financial Reporting Standard 8, "Related Party Disclosures", not to provide details of transactions with other wholly-owned group companies

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that they are regarded as recoverable

Operating leases

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term

2 Employee information

The average monthly number of persons employed by the Company (including directors) during the year, was as follows

Number of employees

	2010	2009
Directors	2	2
	2	2

3 Directors' emoluments

Directors' emoluments are borne by other group companies without specific recharge (2009 £Nil) No director has received any remuneration for their services to the Company in the year (2009: £nil)

4 (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation

(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting)

	2010	2009
	£	£
Exchange losses/(gains)	295,547	(851,255)

The fees paid to the Company's auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP by the Bureau Veritas SA group for the audit of the Company were £2,000 (2009: £12,000)

5 Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities

	2010 £	2009 £
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax on (losses)/profits of the year	<u> </u>	-
Total current tax	<u> </u>	
Deferred tax		
Total tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities		

The tax assessed for the year differs from the standard rate of UK Corporation tax of 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below

	2010	2009
	£	£
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(296,587)	859,899
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate in the UK of 28% (2009 28%)	(83,044)	240,772
Effect of		
Losses brought forward	-	-
Group relief surrendered/(claimed) for no payment	83,044	(240,772)
Total current tax charge for the year		-

The Company's future tax charges will be dependent upon the availability of group relief at no cost from other group companies.

The change in the UK main corporation tax rate from 28% to 27% was substantively enacted on 20 July 2010 and will be effective from 1 April 2011.

In addition to the change in rates of Corporation tax disclosed above a number of further changes to the UK Corporation tax system were announced in the March 2011 UK Budget Statement A resolution passed by Parliament on 29 March 2011 reduced the main rate of corporation tax to 26% from 1 April 2011 Legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 26% to 25% from 1 April 2012 is expected to be included in the Finance Act 2011. Further reductions to the main rate are proposed to reduce the rate by 1% per annum to 23% by 1 April 2014 None of these expected rate reductions had been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and, therefore, are not included in these financial statements

The Company has no recognised or unrecognised deferred tax

6 Debtors

	2010	2009
	£	£_
Amounts owed by group undertakings	5,863,038	6,094,903

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand

7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2010 £	2009	
		£	
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,304,058	1,239,336	
Accruals and deferred income	58,200	58,200	
	1,362,258	1,297,536	

8 Called up share capital

	2010 £	2009 £
Authorised		
50,000 (2009 50,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
2 (2009 2) ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

9 Profit and loss account

	£_
At 1 January 2010	4,797,365
Loss for the financial year	(296,587)
At 31 December 2010	4,500,778

10 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2010 £	2009 £
Opening shareholders' funds	4,797,367	3,937,468
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	(296,587)	859,899
Closing shareholders' funds	4,500,780	4,797,367

11 Immediate and ultimate parent undertaking

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Daniel C Griffith Holdings Limited, which is registered in the United Kingdom

Until September 2010 the ultimate parent was Inspicio Sàrl. In September 2010 the Inspectorate group was acquired by Bureau Veritas SA

The smallest group of undertakings of which the company is a member that produces consolidated accounts is Bureau Ventas SA, a company incorporated in France. Its group accounts are available from the company's registered office at 65/71 Boulevard du Château, 922200 Neuilly sur Seine, France

The directors regard Wendel Investissement SA, a company incorporated in France, as the company's ultimate parent and ultimate controlling party by virtue of its majority interest in the equity capital of Bureau Veritas SA

The largest group of undertakings of which the company is a member that produces consolidated accounts is Wendel Investissement SA. Its group accounts are available from the company's registered office at 89 rue Taitbout, 75009, Paris, France