WALLACE CLIFTON LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 1996



WALLACE CLIFTON LIMITED

Abbreviated

Balance Sheet as at 31st. October 1996

	Notes	1996	1995
Current assets Debtors - short term Cash at bank and in hand		2184 2379 4563	1029 4014 5043
Creditors Amounts due within one year		3937	3843
Net current assets less current liabilities	•	626	1200
Net assets		626	1200
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	2	100 526	100 1100
		626	1200

The directors have taken advantage, in the preparation of these accounts, of the exemption conferred by Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985 on the grounds that the company qualifies as a small company.

For the year to 3ist October 1996 the company was entitled to the exemption conferred by Section 249A(1) of the Companies Act 1985 dispensing with the requirement to have these accounts audited because its turnover was less than £90,000.

No notice has been deposited with the company under Section 249B(2) of the Companies Act 1985 in relation to these accounts.

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for ensuring that the company keeps account records which comply with section 221 of the Companies Act 1985

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing these accounts in such a way that they give a true and fair view of the company and its loss for the year ended 31 october in accordance with the requirements of section 246, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of this Act relating to accounts, so far as applicable to this company.

These accounts-were-approved by the board of directors on 20th August 1996 and signed on its behalf.

S. T. Gee 20/8 /96

The notes on page 2 form part of these financial statements.

WALLACE CLIFTON LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 3lst October 1996

1. Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for the period. In preparing those financial statements the directors are required to:

- 1 Select suitable accounting polices and then apply them consistently
- 2. Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- 3. State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.
- 4. Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and determination of fraud and other irregularities.

2. Accounting policies

- 2.1 The financial statements are prepared under the historic cost convention and include the results of the ongoing operations of the company.
- 2.2 Turnover represents the invoiced value of services and goods supplied, net of Value Added Tax.

3. Called up share capital

	1996	1995
Authorised Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
Issued and fully paid	100	100