Registered number: 01563296

## O.M. LIMITED

# DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

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## **COMPANY INFORMATION.**

Directors

W K Procter C C McGill P Hallam M D Watson

**Company secretary** 

D T Lau

Registered number

01563296

Registered office

Berkeley House

304 Regents Park Road

London N3 2JX

Independent auditor

BDO LLP Arcadia House Maritime Walk Ocean Village Southampton SO14 3TL

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## DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year were:

W K Procter C C McGill P Hallam M D Watson

## **Principal activity**

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of real estate management.

#### Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £228,625 (2021 - £235,509).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the current year and no dividend was paid in the prior year.

## **Directors' responsibilities statement**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

## Insurance of company officers

The company has maintained insurance throughout the year for its directors and officers against the consequences of actions which may be brought against them in relation to their duties for the company.

## Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

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P Hallam Director

Date: 28 July 2023

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF O.M. LIMITED

### Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of O.M. Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF O.M. LIMITED (CONTINUED)

## Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' report and financial statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
  regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' Report and
  from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF O.M. LIMITED (CONTINUED)

## Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Procedures performed by the audit team included:

- Discussion with management regarding known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- Obtaining an understanding of control designed to prevent and detect irregularities, including specific consideration of controls and group accounting policies relating to significant accounting estimates;
- Obtaining an understanding of the significant laws and regulations impacting the Company;
- Communicating relevant laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit;
- Assessing journal entries as part of our planned approach.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF O.M. LIMITED (CONTINUED)

## Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

—DocuSigned by:

Danid I'Anson

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David l'Anson (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor Southampton, UK

Date: 28 July 2023

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

## STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Note	2022 £	2021 £
	457,250	471,017
	(228,625)	(235,508)
,	228,625	235,509
4	-	-
	228,625	235,509
		Note £  457,250 (228,625)

There was no other comprehensive income for 2022 (2021:£NIL).

## O.M. LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 01563296

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
	Note	2	2
Current assets			
Debtors	5	10,544,835	10,316,210
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(1,004)	(1,004)
Net assets		10,543,831	10,315,206
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	7	20,000	20,000
Profit and loss account	8	10,523,831	10,295,206
		10,543,831	10,315,206

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

P Hallam

Director

Date: 28 July 2023

The notes on pages 9 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 1. General information

O.M. Limited ("the company") is a private company limited by shares, domiciled and incorporated in England. The address of the company's registered office and principal place of business is Berkeley House, 304 Regents Park Road, London, N3 2JX. The principal activity of the company during the year was that of real estate management.

## 2. Accounting policies

## 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

## 2.2 Going concern

The company has positive net assets and is able to meet all of its obligations as they fall due. Due to the nature of the company's operations, the directors do not consider that this situation will change in the foreseeable future.

In addition, the directors have received confirmation from Fairhold Services Limited, a company subject to common control, that it will continue to provide sufficient funding for the foreseeable future, and for at least the twelve months following the date of approval of the financial statements, to enable the company to meet its obligations to third parties as they fall due. In view of this the directors consider it appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis.

## 2.3 Functional and presentational currencies

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is also the functional currency of the company.

## 2.4 Turnover

Turnover comprises administrative and insurance income arising from management rights. Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received for income charged to external customers in the ordinary nature of the business. Turnover is recognised when received.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.5 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the reporting date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

## 2.6 Financial instruments

The company's intercompany debtors and creditors are measured at the transaction price, net of any transaction costs, and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## 3. Auditor remuneration and employees

The auditor is remunerated by the UK parent company, Proxima Property Topco Limited. The total audit fee for the UK group, of which O.M. Limited is a member, amounted to £11,217 (2021: £9,270).

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 0 (2021 - 0).

#### 4. Taxation

	2022	2021
	£	£
Total current tax	-	
Deferred tax		
Total deferred tax	•	-
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	•	
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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

## 4. Taxation (continued)

## Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2022 £	2021 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	228,625 ————	235,509
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%)  Effects of:	43,439	44,747
Group relief received without charge	(92,161)	(66, 253)
Transfer pricing adjustments	48,722	21,506
Total tax charge for the year	• •	-

## Factors that may affect future tax charges

The Finance Act 2021 was substantially enacted in May 2021 and has increased the main corporation tax rate to from 19% to 25% with effect from 1 April 2023. The deferred taxation balances have been measured using the rates expected to apply in the reporting periods when the timing differences reverse.

## 5. Debtors

		2022 £	2021 £
	Amounts due from parent undertaking	10,533,870	10,316,210
	Other debtors	10,965	-
		10,544,835	10,316,210
<b>6</b> .	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Amounts due to fellow subsidiary	1,004	1,004
	Amounts due to fellow subsidiary	1,004 	1,004

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

## 7. Share capital

2022	2021
£	£
20,000	20,000

Ordinary share rights

Allotted, called up and fully paid

The company's ordinary shares, which carry no right to fixed income, each carry the right to one vote at general meetings of the company.

## 8. Reserves

### Profit and loss account

Cumulative profit and loss net of distributions to owners.

20,000 (2021 - 20,000) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each

## 9. Contingent liabilities

The directors are currently assessing the potential impact of the Building Safety Act 2022, which received Royal Assent on 28 April 2022. The Company does not consider it has any direct risk or liability from the provisions of the Building Safety Act 2022 as the company itself does not own any relevant properties. However, it is part of a wider group of companies in which such risks and liabilities may arise separately which could, potentially give rise to liabilities for this company under that act in certain circumstances. These are detailed in disclosures made in the financial statements of the parent company as filed with Companies House. The Directors, having considered the provisions of the Act, the uncertainty over how and when these provisions will be implemented and their impact on the Company conclude that it is not appropriate for a provision to be included in these Financial Statements.