Company Registration No. 01558160 (England and Wales)	
DURHAM ASSOCIATES LIMITED  UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021  PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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# BALANCE SHEET

#### AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2021

		2021		2020		
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	3		714		41	
Current assets						
Debtors	4	38,366		45,904		
Cash at bank and in hand		90,930		86,733		
		129,296		132,637		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(94,660)		(91,61 <b>1</b> )		
Net current assets			34,636		41,026	
Total assets less current liabilities			35,350		41,067	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more	6		(33,750)		(42,000)	
than one year	0		(33,730)		(42,000)	
Net assets/(liabilities)			1,600		(933)	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	7		2		2	
Profit and loss reserves			1,598		(935)	
Total equity			1,600		(933)	

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 October 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2021

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 10 May 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr M Sands

Director

Company Registration No. 01558160

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Durham Associates Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is The Old Brewery, Castle Eden, Hartlepool, County Durham, United Kingdom, TS27 4SU.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Reporting period

Due to the Covid-19 pandemic, the company took the decision to extend the year end by six months to 31 October 2020 to accelerate the use of any potential tax losses. Due to this change, the comparative amounts presented in the financial statements (including the related notes) are not entirely comparable.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

## 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Computer equipment 3 years straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment 2 to 4 years straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

## 1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.6 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and loans from fellow group companies are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

#### 1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 1.12 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

### 1.13 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

## 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

		2021 Number	2020 Number
	Total	1	2
_			
3	Tangible fixed assets		Plant and
			machinery etc
			£
	Cost		0.000
	At 1 November 2020 Additions		8,288 1,415
	T GOINGTO		
	At 31 October 2021		9,703
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 November 2020		8,247
	Depreciation charged in the year		
	At 31 October 2021		8,989
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 October 2021		714
	At 31 October 2020		41
4	Debtors		
		2021	2020
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	30,177	
	Corporation tax recoverable	2,005	2,005
	Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	2,623	9,199
	Other debtors	3,561	3,708
		38,366	<del></del> 45,904
		====	=====

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
•	Ground and and and and and and and and and a	2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans	9,000	3,000
	Trade creditors	2,871	5,045
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	68,009	66,206
	Corporation tax	13	13
	Other taxation and social security	4,862	8,156
	Other creditors	9,905	9,191
		94,660	91,611
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
Ÿ	orealtors, amounts running due after more than one year	2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans	33,750	42,000
	Bank loans relate to the Bounce Back Loan Scheme and are guaranteed by the UK Go charged at a fixed rate of 2.5% per annum.	vernment. Interes	st is
	Creditors which fall due after five years are as follows:	2021	2020
	•	£	£
	Payable by instalments	_	6,000
	ayana ay maamana		
_			
7	Called up share capital	2021	2020
		2021 £	2020 £
	Ordinary share capital	-	•
	Issued and fully paid		
	2 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

### 8 Related party transactions

#### Transactions with related parties

During the year the company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

	Income		Expenses	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£	£	£	£
Related parties	5,446	22,352	34,803	58,677
The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting	ng end date:			
			2021	2020
Amounts owed to related parties			£	£
Related parties			68,009	66,206
The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting	ng end date:			
Ţ ,			2021	2020
Amounts owed by related parties			£	£
Related parties			2,623	9,199

### 9 Parent company

The immediate and ultimate parent company is Durham Associates Group Limited and it's registered office is The Old Brewery, Castle Eden, County Durham TS27 4SU.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.