

Registered Number 01554450

Spentex B.C.A. Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

30 June 2015

Spentex B.C.A. Limited

Registered Number 01554450

Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2015

	Notes	2015	2014
		£	£
Fixed assets	2 3		
Tangible		27,426	29,360
		<u>27,426</u>	<u>29,360</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		77,380	88,635
Debtors		64,654	79,682
Cash at bank and in hand		821	188
Total current assets		<u>142,855</u>	<u>168,505</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(104,993)	(137,264)
Net current assets (liabilities)		37,862	31,241
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>65,288</u>	<u>60,601</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	4	(8,000)	(14,000)
Provisions for liabilities		(4,900)	(5,600)
Total net assets (liabilities)		<u>52,388</u>	<u>41,001</u>

Capital and reserves

Called up share capital	5	3,150	3,500
Other reserves		1,850	1,500
Profit and loss account		47,388	36,001

Shareholders funds

52,388

41,001

- a. For the year ending 30 June 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 23 October 2015

And signed on their behalf by:

S J Spencer, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 30 June 2015

1 Accounting policies**Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account is the revenue from the performance of the exchange of transactions from the supply of goods during the year, exclusive of value added tax.

Depreciation

There is no depreciation on leasehold property.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted

at the balance sheet date.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Plant & Machinery	10% on written down value
Fixtures & Fittings	10% on written down value

2 **Exchange rate**

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

3 **Fixed Assets**

	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£
At 01 July 2014	44,986	44,986
Additions	896	896
At 30 June 2015	<u>45,882</u>	<u>45,882</u>
Depreciation		
At 01 July 2014	15,626	15,626
Charge for year	2,830	2,830
At 30 June 2015	<u>18,456</u>	<u>18,456</u>

Net Book Value

At 30 June 2015

27,426

27,426

At 30 June 2014

29,360

29,360

4 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year**5 Share capital****2015****2014****£****£****Authorised share capital:**

10000 Ordinary of £1 each

10,000

10,000

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

3150 Ordinary of £1 each

3,150

3,500

6 Controlling interest & related party transactions

The company is under the control of the directors, D J Spencer and S J Spencer. During the year the company paid £19,200 (2014 £19,200) rent for the use of its premises to S & J Properties, a business which is partly owned by one of the company's directors. Total dividends of £22,000 (2014 £27,451) were paid to the directors during the year.