Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2010

Registered Charity Number 511149 Registered Company Number 01541046

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Saffery Champness
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Annual report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2010

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Legal and administration details for the year ended 31 December 2010

Charity number 511149

Trustees/Directors (Council of Management)

The Duke of Devonshire - Chairman The Duchess of Devonshire The Hon G E Adeane Lady L V Shaw Stewart Mr H M Wyndham Mr J G E Monson Mr E R H Perks Mr J D S Booth

Registered office

21 Buckingham Gate London SWIE 6LS

Independent Auditors

Saffery Champness Lion House Red Lion Street London WC1R 4GB

Solicitors

Currey & Co LLP 21 Buckingham Gate London SWIE 6LS

Bankers

Royal Bank of Scotland The Square Bakewell Derbyshire DE45 IBT

Investment advisors

Smith & Williamson Investment Management Limited 25 Moorgate London EC2R 6AY

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Report of the Council of Management for the year ended 31 December 2010

The Members of the Council of Management, who are also directors and trustees for the purpose of the Companies and Charities Acts, have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

The information with respect to Council of Management, officers and advisors set out on page 1 forms part of this report

Structure, Governance & Management

The Chatsworth House Trust is a company limited by guarantee incorporated on the 23 January 1981 and governed by its Memorandum and Articles of Association. It is also a registered charity, number 511149. The liability of each member in the event of winding up is limited to £5,000.

The power to appoint new Members of the Council of Management is vested in the Council

To facilitate effective operations, the Council of Management has delegated authority for operational matters, including finance and employment

The following served on the Council during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements

- * The 12th Duke of Devonshire Chairman
- * Duchess of Devonshire
 The Hon G E Adeane
 Lady L V Shaw Stewart
 Mr H M Wyndham
 Mr J G E Monson
 Mr E R H Perks
 Mr J D S Booth (Appointed 14 October 2010)
- * These Members of the Council are also members of the company

Mr J D S Booth was appointed to the Council of Management during the year

Mr E R H Perks, who was a Member of the Council during the period, is also a partner in Currey & Co LLP Currey & Co LLP received fees from the company during the year amounting to £33,005 (2009 £31,795) No other members of the Council received any remuneration for their services During the year, travel expenses of £658 were reimbursed to the Members of the Council (2009 £522)

The training needs of the Council of Management are reviewed on an annual basis by the Members of the Council The training costs incurred in the current year are £Nil (2009 £Nil)

Risk management

The Council of Management has assessed the major risks to which the company is exposed, in particular those related to the operations and finances of the company, and is satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate the exposure to the major risks

The major risk identified is that Chatsworth House suffers major damage or loss to its structure or fabric

Report of the Council of Management for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

Objectives and activities

The company holds a lease of Chatsworth House and its essential contents, with approximately 1,822 acres of land including the garden, park and woodland surrounding the House. The company's principal activities and objectives are the maintenance and preservation of this property and opening it to the public. The House and gardens are open every day from mid March to Christmas and much of the park is open every day of the year.

The strategies employed to achieve the company's objectives are to maintain sufficient funds by charging admissions and generating income from investments to meet the costs of the long term preservation of Chatsworth

Achievements and performance

The Council of Management consider that the company's principal objectives of maintaining and preserving Chatsworth and opening the property to the public have been achieved

Visitor numbers were 716,658 in the year (2009) 652,969)

Master Plan

The Master Plan is a major project of essential restoration and development intended to safeguard Chatsworth's heritage and continue its history

The project involves restoring the exterior stonework and the historic interiors of Chatsworth House, creating new spaces for more displays, completely upgrading the services in the House and, with improved accessibility, making it easier for every visitor to enjoy their visit to Chatsworth

The programme of work commenced in January 2007 and is not scheduled to be completed until 2014. The current projected total cost of the project is £25.5m of which £12.1m had been spent at the balance sheet date. Of this £12.1m, £11.1m has been incurred in the company a further £4.0m, £6.3m, £2m and £0.4m will be spent in 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014 respectively.

Funding for the programme has been be made up from donations from The Duke of Devonshire's Charitable Trust (£7 3m), the realisation of investments (£1 9m) with the balance (£8 1m) derived from the existing and future cash resources of the company

At the 31st December 2010 phases one and two of the Master Plan were complete and phase three was in progress. The members of the Council of Management were committed to the completion of phase three 'b' dealing with external works and the further expenditure to complete this phase during 2011 and 2012 was expected to be £2.9m. At the balance sheet date, there was no contractual commitment to complete other phases of the Master Plan but to do so would cost a further £10.0m (as stated above) and the Council of Management anticipate that contractual commitments to complete further phases of the programme will be entered into during 2011.

Financial review

The assets of the company are held in two unrestricted funds the General Fund and the designated Art Purchases Fund

The General Fund incurred an operating deficit of £3,714,394 (2009 £3,475,587) on opening the House, gardens and park to the public

The General Fund also received investment income of £337,754 (2009 £369,296) and charitable donations from The Duke of Devonshire's Charitable Trust of £5,019,860 (2009 £357,739) After accounting for realised and unrealised gains on investments and on the pension scheme, the total increase in value of the general fund was £1,534,795 (2009 decrease £2,045,650)

Report of the Council of Management for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

Financial review (continued)

The Art Purchases Fund received investment income of £208,297 (2009 £218,115) The Fund purchased works of art during the year January to December 2010 to the value of £75,611 (2009 £230,368) After accounting for realised and unrealised gains on investments, the total increase in value of the Art Purchases Fund was £681,215 (2009 increase £1,244,998)

The annual performance to December 2010 on the company's investment portfolio has seen the General Fund portfolio rising by 17 1% and the Art Purchase Fund portfolio by 17 7% (versus a benchmark of 12 5%) The increased inflation risk and global uncertainties mean that market volatility is expected to remain high during 2011, however we will seek opportunities to invest in equities which are supported by emerging market growth

The running yield on investment before investment fees was 2 02% (2009 2 27%)

The Council of Management is satisfied that the company's assets are available and adequate to fulfil its obligations

The following other information is presented in order to provide an understanding of the operations of the company during the year

Public Benefit

The company's principal activities and objectives are the maintenance and preservation of this property and opening it to the public

Financial Highlights

	General Fund		
	2010	2009	
	£	£	
(1) Operating deficit from Chatsworth	(3,714,394)	(3,475,587)	
Add investment income	337,754	369,296	
Add charitable donation net of activity	5,019,860	357,739	
Less investment management fees and taxation	(10,272)	(13,407)	
Net outgoing resources per page 9	1,632,948	(2,761,959)	
The operating deficit from Chatsworth is calculated as reverence appended apart from investment management fees and taxat		otal resources	

(II) General fund - investments at market value

10,491,840 9,446,370

Charitable donations

Charitable donations amounted to £25,000 during the year (£16,000 to the Red Socks Charitable Trust, £1,500 each to Ben Loyal Trust and Polka Day Care, £1,250 to Countryside Alliance, £1 000 to Derbyshire Leicestershire & Rutland Air Ambulance, £750 each to Game & Wildlife Conservation, Fire Service Benevolent, Victim Support Derby, Buxton Mountain Rescue and Derbyshire Cave Rescue) (Donations for 2009 were £95,000)

Report of the Council of Management for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

Employees

As stated in note 3 to the accounts, staff are jointly employed by the company and the Trustees of the Chatsworth Settlement During the year the average number of staff involved was 134 (2009 135) There was one staff member earning more than £60,000 per year, falling into the £110,000-£120,000 band (2009 1) Pension contributions for this staff member amounted to £8,160 (2009 £9,680)

The company's policies for recruitment, training, career development and promotion of employees are based on the suitability of the individual and give those who are disabled equal treatment with the able bodied. In addition, the company does not discriminate against employees or potential employees on the basis of race, colour, nationality, ethnic or national origin, religion, political beliefs, sex or marital status. Where appropriate, employees disabled after joining the company are given suitable training for employment with the company or elsewhere.

Financial Risk

The company is not exposed to price or liquidity risk, however it is exposed to change in interest rate on income and to the credit risk of the securities it holds. This risk is managed by qualified investment managers

Investment policy

The Council Members seek to pursue a policy which generates income to support its charitable objects and current activities while enhancing income and capital growth over the longer term to enable them to sustain the Charity's future activities in accordance with its objects. Under its Memorandum of Association the company has power to invest its funds in or upon such investments, securities or property (whether or not for the time being authorised for the investment of trust monies) as the company thinks fit. Aside from its directly held and managed investment properties, the company has delegated management of its investment securities to Smith & Williamson Investment Management Limited who manage its portfolio on a discretionary basis, paying due consideration to the suitability of investments selected and their appropriate diversification.

Reserves policy

It is the policy of the Council to have a sufficient cash reserve in hand at the end of each accounting period to enable the company to cope with adverse trading conditions arising in a subsequent accounting period, pending the taking of other remedial action. The exact figure and policy is reviewed annually

Plans for the future

To continue to maintain and preserve Chatsworth for the benefit of the public

Statement of Council Members' Responsibilities

The Council Members are responsible for preparing the Report of the Council of Management and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the Council Members to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Council Members have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the Council Members must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the income and expenditure of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Council Members are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,

Report of the Council of Management for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

Statement of Council Members' Responsibilities (continued)

prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The Council Members are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

So far as each Council Member is aware, there is no relevant information that has not been disclosed to the company's auditors and each of the Council Members believes that all steps have been taken that ought to have been taken to make them aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors have been made aware of that information

Auditors

The company's auditors are Saffery Champness, who are willing to continue in office and a resolution will be submitted to the forthcoming annual general meeting that they be re-appointed

7.9.11

By Order of the Council

SECRETARIES TO THE COUNCIL

Registered Company No 01541046

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CHATSWORTH HOUSE TRUST

We have audited the financial statements on pages 9 to 24. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of Council Members and auditors

As explained more fully in the Report of the Council of Management, the Council Members (who are also the directors of the company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the charity's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the trustees, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report of the Council Management to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the charity's state of affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CHATSWORTH **HOUSE TRUST (continued)**

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- · adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of Council Members' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Timothy Adams (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Saffery Champness Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors Lion House

Red Lion Street

London WCIR 4GB 7/9/11

Statement of Financial Activities (including income and expenditure account) for the year ended 31 December 2010

year ended 31 December 2010	Note	General Fund (unrestricted)	Art Purchases Fund (unrestricted)	Total funds 2010 £	Total funds 2009 (restated)
In commence was a suppose		£	£		£
Incoming resources Incoming resources from generated funds:					
Investment income	5	337,754	208,297	546,051	587,411
Voluntary income Grants & Donations		5,035,389	-	5,035,389	427,739
Incoming resources from charitable activities:					
Operation of the House	4	7,795,873	-	7,795,873	7,169,860
Total incoming resources	,	13,169,016	208,297	13,377,313	8,185,010
Resources expended Charitable activities.					
Operation of the House	6	5,091,874	-	5,091,874	4,864,231
Preservation & Maintenance of the House		4,683,299	-	4,683,299	4,446,889
Support costs	7	1,704,372	-	1,704,372	1,598,441
Governance costs	8	46,411	-	46,411	44,817
Resources expended in generating funds.					
Investment management fees		10,112	13,678	23,790	21,046
Total resources expended		11,536,068	13,678	11,549,746	10,975,424
Net income/(deficit) for the year	,	1,632,948	194,619	1,827,567	(2,790,414)
Other recognised gains and losses Realised gains on investment assets		226,479	206,579	433,058	253,507
•		•	•		
Unrealised gains on investment assets	13	822,957	280,017	1,102,974	1,787,241
Actuarial losses on pension scheme		(1,147,589)	-	(1,147,589)	(50,986)
Net movement of funds		1,534,795	681,215	2,216,010	(800,652)
Total funds brought forward		10,602,556	12,576,338	23,178,894	23,979,546
Total funds carried forward		12,137,351	13,257,553	25,394,904	23,178,894

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the period. All incoming resources and resources expended derive from continuing activities. The surplus for the period for Companies. Act purposes comprises the net income for the year, plus realised investment gains (or less the realised investment losses) and equals £2,260,625 (2009 deficit £2,536,907).

Balance Sheet as at 31 Dece	mber 2010					
	Note	Note 2010	2010		2009	
		£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Fixed assets	11		6,068,809		5,922,49	
Investment properties	12		2,250,000		2,250,000	
Investments	13	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19,530,198		17,949,45	
			27,849,007		26,121,95	
Current assets						
Stocks	14	49,437		18,995		
Debtors	15	2,009,982		1,618,544		
Cash at bank and in hand		2,858,955		1,283,113		
		4,918,374		2,920,652		
Creditors (Amounts falling due				, ,		
within one year)	16	(2,647,477)		(2,468,926)		
Net current assets			2,270,897		451,720	
Unfunded pension scheme liability	21		(4,725,000)		(3,394,784	
Net assets	17		25,394,904		23,178,89	
Capital and Reserves						
Unrestricted income funds						
General Fund	18		7,538,035		6,141,953	
Art Purchases Fund	19		11,344,787		11,190,488	
Revaluation Reserve			6,512,082		5,846,45	
			25,394,904		23,178,894	

Both the General Fund and Art Purchases Funds are unrestricted

The financial statements on pages 9 to 24 were approved by the Council on 7 September 2011 and were signed on its behalf by

JG E Monson

Member of the Council of Management

Cashflow Statement for the year of	ended 31	December 20	10		
	Notes	20	2010		009
		£	£	£	£
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	23		1,490,923		(3,636,657)
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE					
Bank interest received		21,595		81,158	
Property income received		142,442		98,442	
Quoted investment income received		358,225		386,766	
NET CASH INFLOW FOR RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE			522,262		566,366
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND FINANCIAL INVESTMENT					
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets		(392,734)		(465,836)	
Payments to acquire investments		(4,144,134)		(5,773,699)	
Receipts from sale of investments		4,502,853		5,587,367	
Decrease in cash with broker		(403,328)		218,926	
NET CASH OUTFLOW FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND FINANCIAL INVESTMENT			(437,343)		(433,242)
INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND NET FUNDS	24		1,575,842		(3,503,533)

Accounting Policies for the year ended 31 December 2010

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, modified by the revaluation of investments. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice – Accounting and Reporting by Charities (SORP 2005) issued in March 2005, applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards and the Companies Act 2006. The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below

The financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The company has claimed the exemption available under section 405(2) of the Companies Act 2006 and has not consolidated its sole subsidiary undertaking, The Chatsworth Estates Company, in these financial statements as the directors consider that the amounts involved are not material for the purposes of giving a true and fair view.

Tangible Fixed Assets

All tangible fixed assets are for the company's use and are stated at cost to the company, or where gifted at probate value, less accumulated depreciation in accordance with the policies noted below

Cost includes the original purchase price of the asset and the costs attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use

Depreciation of equipment and vehicles is calculated on the straight line basis at annual rates estimated to write off assets over expected useful lives varying from three to ten years with the exception of turbines and boilers which are given an expected life of fifteen years. The minimum level at which assets are capitalised is £250

The House and leasehold property are maintained in such a condition that the fabric and ambience of the House and park are not impaired by the passage of time. Expenditure on maintaining the House and park is written off as incurred. Additions to leasehold property are capitalised and written off over their expected useful lives or the period of the lease if shorter. The expenditure on the Stables restaurant, bar and meeting room is being written off over twenty-five years, and expenditure on the farmyard buildings and adventure playground over ten years.

Growing timber granted to the Council of Management is not valued in the accounts as the timber will revert to The Trustees of the Chatsworth Settlement at the end of the lease

Art treasures are not depreciated This is a departure from the Companies Act 2006, however, the Council Members believe that the treasures are maintained to such a high standard that their residual value is at least equal to the book amount, and that this policy gives a true and fair view

Investments

Investments are stated in the balance sheet at mid market value and include cash balances held by the investment managers. Unrealised losses and gains on investments are taken to the revaluation reserve

Investments denominated in foreign currencies are converted into sterling at the exchange rate ruling at the year end

Investment Properties

Investment properties are stated at open market value. A formal revaluation is carried out every five years by an independent valuer and property valuations are assessed annually by the Council of Management.

The aggregate surplus or deficit on revaluation is transferred to a revaluation reserve. No depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold investment property

Accounting Policies for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

Investment Properties (continued)

Although this accounting policy is in accordance with the applicable accounting standard, SSAP 19, Accounting for investment properties, it is a departure from the general requirement of the Companies Act 2006 for all tangible assets to be depreciated. In the opinion of the Council Members compliance with the standard is necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount of this which might otherwise have been charged cannot be separately identified or quantified.

Foreign Exchange

Foreign currency transactions during the year have been translated at rates approximating to the rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency current assets and liabilities are translated to sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the end of the financial year. Any exchange profits or losses are credited or charged to net income in the year in which they arise.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated net realisable value. The cost of stock is determined on a FIFO basis. 100% provision at cost has been made for items over 1 year old.

Provisions

A provision is recognised in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation

Donations and Gifts

Donations and gifts comprise the fair value of amounts receivable during the year

Revenue Recognition

Grants receivable comprise amounts receivable during the year Capital grants are recognised in full in the year of receipt, as required by the Charity Commission

Income from UK equity investments is accounted for when it falls due, income from fixed interest securities and foreign investments is accounted for when it is received

Other revenue is recognised on an accruals basis and represents net amounts, invoiced to third parties, excluding value added tax

Allocation of Costs

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the category

- Charitable expenditure comprises the costs of maintaining and preserving the House and its associated land together with costs associated with opening it to the public Staff costs included represent an appropriate portion of operating overheads
- Governance costs include those incurred in the governance of the charity and its assets and are primarily associated with constitutional and statutory requirements
- Support costs include central functions and have been allocated to activity cost categories on a basis
 consistent with the use of resources, eg allocating staff costs by the time spent and other costs by their
 usage

Accounting Policies for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

Transfers between funds

Cash surpluses generated on the General Fund are transferred to the Art Purchases Fund to fund the previous and future art purchases

Irrecoverable VAT

All resources expended are classified under activity headings that aggregate all costs related to the category Irrecoverable VAT is charged against the category of resources expended for which it was incurred

Taxation

The company is generally exempt from United Kingdom corporation tax because of its charitable status

Pension Liabilities

There is a liability to provide pensions since 12 April 1981, for eligible employees of the Trustees of the Chatsworth Settlement on secondment to the company. This liability remains unfunded, and is met as it falls due. The unfunded scheme has been closed to new entrants and a new money purchase pension scheme has been established for employees joining on or after 1 September 1999.

The liability in respect of the unfunded pension scheme has been recognised on the balance sheet

Capital Commitments

At the 31st December 2010 phases one and two of the Master Plan were complete and phase three was in progress. The members of the Council of Management were committed to the completion of phase three "b" dealing with external works and the further expenditure to complete this phase during 2011 and 2012 was expected to be £2.9m. At the balance sheet date, there was no contractual commitment to complete other phases of the Master Plan but to do so would cost a further £10.0m (as stated above) and the Directors anticipate that contractual commitments to complete further phases of the programme will be entered into during 2011

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

l Legal status of the Trust

The Trust is a charitable company limited by guarantee and has no share capital. The liability of each member in the event of winding up is limited to £5,000.

2 Lease of Chatsworth

On 10 April 1981, the company took an assignment of a lease of Chatsworth House with its essential contents, garden and park for the remainder of a term of 99 years from 31 March 1981 at an annual rent of £1, subject to a sublease from the Trustees of the Chatsworth Settlement to the 12th Duke of Devonshire of the private suite within Chatsworth House The sublease is for a period of 99 years from 25 March 1980 at a rent fixed by an independent firm of Chartered Surveyors at five yearly reviews

Under a lease dated 15 April 1994, the company leases 253 acres of woodland around the perimeter of the park at Chatsworth. The company was granted the growing trees within the area of both this lease and also the said lease of Chatsworth House and its garden and park and became responsible for these woods on 1 April 1994.

3 Services provided by the Trustees of the Chatsworth Settlement

Staff are jointly employed by the company and the Trustees of the Chatsworth Settlement. The total cost of staff invoiced to the company during the year was £2,826,517 (2009 £2,648,575). In addition, the Trustees of the Chatsworth Settlement provided management services to the company at a cost of £624,299 (2009 £639,283).

Analysis of incoming resources	2010	2009
•	£	£
Amounts receivable from admissions	5,640,807	5,383,737
Income from park events	1,309,572	1,035,847
Franchise income	570,594	546,691
Other income	274,900	203,585
	7.795.873	7.169.860

Franchise income is receivable from The Trustees of the Chatsworth Settlement and is based on the annual performance of businesses located in premises leased by the company

5 Investment income

		Art		
	General	Purchases		
	Fund	Fund	2010	2009
	£	£	£	£
Income from quoted investments				
- UK fixed interest stocks	17,842	15,319	33,161	104,181
- UK equities	114,254	117,261	231,515	223,345
- Overseas stocks	49,155	68,183	117,338	80,286
Interest on cash with broker	4,794	7,534	12,328	51,325
Other UK bank interest	9,267	•	9,267	29,832
Income from UK properties	142,442	<u> </u>	142,442	98,442
	337,754	208,297	546,051	587,411

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

6 Operation of the House

	2010	2009
	£	£
Admissions expenses	1,749,838	1,651,338
Expenses of park events	692,168	608,294
Maintenance of the art collection	245,291	221,613
Maintenance of the garden, park and woods	781,184	831,106
General upkeep of the house and stables	1,289,153	1,245,103
Special repair expenditure	[43,127	42,441
General insurance	166,113	169,336
Charitable donations	25,000	95,000
	5,091,874	4,864,231

	2010	2009 (restated)
	£	£
Management charge	624,299	639,283
Wages & salaries	518,044	487,338
Legal & professional	57,660	40,807
Depreciation	66,174	59,433
Other administrative	159,195	138,580
Service & interest cost on unfunded pension scheme	279,000	233,000
	1,704,372	1,598,441

8 Governance Costs

	2010	2009
	£	£
Secretarial fees	33,005	31,795
Auditors' remuneration - audit fees	12,748	12,500
Trustee expenses	658	522
	46 A11	44 817

The company is generally exempt from United Kingdom corporation tax because of its charitable status

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

10 Staff numbers

	2010	2009
The average number of full-time equivalent employees (including		
casual and part time staff) during the year was as follows	Number	Number
Administration and management	19	17
Domestic	11	10
Wardens	32	34
Maintenance	33	33
Gardens	21	21
Domain	7	7
Farm yard	11	13
	134	135
	154	133
Analysis of Staff Costs		
	2010	2009
		(restated)
	£	£
Salaries and wages	2,337,062	2,207,031
Social security costs	466,336	426,541
Employer pension contributions to the money purchase scheme	23,119	15,003
		50,000
Service cost on unfunded pension scheme	69,000	20,000
Service cost on unfunded pension scheme Interest cost on unfunded pension scheme	69,000 210,000	183,000

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

11 Tangible assets

	Long Leasehold	Art	Equipment and	Tatal
_	Buildings	Treasures	Vehicles	Total
Cost.	£	£	£	£
At 1 January 2010	1,418,835	4,691,243	2,828,426	8,938,504
Additions	•	75,611	317,123	392,734
Disposals		•	(43,129)	(43,129)
At 31 December 2010	1,418,835	4,766,854	3,102,420	9,288,109
Accumulated Depreciation: At 1 January 2010 Charge for the year	967,567 56,669	- -	2,048,440 189,650	3,016,007 246,319
Disposals 2010	1.024.226	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(43,026)	(43,026)
At 31 December 2010	1,024,236		2,195,064	3,219,300
Net Book Value				
At 31 December 2010	394,599	4,766,854	907,356	6,068,809
At 31 December 2009	451.268	4,691,243	779,986	5,922,497

The Council Members believe that the current value of Art Treasures is at least the amount carried in the accounts. All the above tangible assets are applied for direct charitable purposes

12 Investment properties

	2010 £	2009 £
Investment properties held at market value	2,250,000	2,250,000

An independent open market valuation was carried out as at 31 December 2008 valuing the investment properties at £2,250,000. The valuation was carried out by a Mr Tom Richardson of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors, a partner in Strutt and Parker LLP. A review was undertaken by Mr Tom Richardson as at 31 December 2010 and he advises no change in the market value.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

13 Investments

	General Fund £	Art Purchases Fund £	Total 2010	Total 2009 £
Market value at 1 January 2010	9,446,370	8,503,085	17,949,455	15,941,301
Acquired during the period, at cost	1,974,436	2,169,801	4,144,237	5,773,699
Disposal	(1,879,724)	(2,190,072)	(4,069,796)	(5,333,860)
Unrealised profit for the period	822,957	280,017	1,102,974	1,787,241
Increase/(decrease) in cash with broker	127,801	275,527	403,328	(218,926)
Market value at 31 December 2010	10,491,840	9,038,358	19,530,198	17,949,455
UK Government stocks Alternative investments UK equities	1,168,478 533,167 4,338,005	999,382 465,864 4,571,417	2,167,860 999,031 8,909,422	3,056,672 1,149,866 7,734,183
UK equities	4,338,005	4,571,417	8,909,422	7,734,183
Total sterling	6,039,650	6,036,663	12,076,313	11,940,721
Overseas stocks - USA	966,718	1,304,174	2,270,892	1,367,066
- Europe	575,079	628,860	1,203,939	930,219
- Far East	414,899	464,352	879,251	893,285
- ROW	206,410	276,974	483,384	605,073
- Currency	-	-	•	-
Cash	2,289,084	327,335	2,616,419	2,213,091
Total market value	10,491,840	9,038,358	19,530,198	17,949,455
Cost	5,892,524	7,125,592	13,018,116	13 046,252

Also the company owns 100% of the shares of The Chatsworth Estates Company, an unlimited company The shares were acquired for no consideration. At 31 March 2011 the net assets of The Chatsworth Estates Company amounted to £10,341 (2010 £9,360) and the profit for the year was £1,080 (2010 £977). The company is an investment company and is responsible for certain property as special executor of the 9th Duke of Devonshire's Will and holds the legal estate in certain other property as a bare trustee for the Trustees of the Chatsworth Settlement, who purchased it in 1950. No group accounts are prepared as the Council of Management consider that the immateriality exemption under Section 405(2) of the Companies Act 2006 applies.

14 Stocks

Stocks	2010 £	2009 £
Stores	29,892	5,090
Livestock	19,545	13,905
	49,437	18,995

Notes to the financial statements for year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

1.5	Dalstona			
15	Debtors		2010	2009
			£	£
	To be delegate		107.570	152 202
	Trade debtors Bad debt provision		197,568 (4,985)	153,392 (5,945)
	Bad debt provision		192,583	147,447
			.,2,505	,
	Prepayments and accrued income		1,817,399	1,471,097
			2,009,982	1 619 544
	-		2,009,982	1,618,544
	Within prepayments and accrued income are the follow	ing amounts which	fall due after one	e year
			2010	2009
			£	£
	Prepayments and accrued income		560,457	250,322
	repayments and accruca meome		500,457	250,522
16	Creditors - Amounts falling due within one year			
10	Creditors - Amounts failing due within one year		2010	2009
			£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year			
	The Trustees of the Chatsworth Settlement		1,147,736	883 936
	Other trade creditors		66,812	700,697
	Other taxation and social security		-	•
	Deferred income		45,924	41,903
	Accruals		1,387,005	842,390
			2,647,477	2,468,926
			2,047,477	2,400,720
17	Analysis of net assets between funds			
			Art	
		General	Purchases	
		Fund	Fund	Total
		£	£	£
	Tangible fixed assets	2,429,055	3,639,754	6,068,809
	Investment properties	2,250,000	J,0J7,7J4	2,250,000
	Investments	10,491,840	9,038,358	19,530,198
	Net current assets	1,691,456	579,441	2,270,897
	Unfunded pension scheme liability	(4,725,000)	577,441	(4,725,000)
	Ontailed pension selicine maonity	(1,1,20,000)		<u> </u>
	Net assets at 31 December 2010	12,137,351	13,257,553	25,394,904

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

18 General Fund

The company's General Fund was established by gifts from the 11th Duke of Devonshire, the 12th Duke of Devonshire and the Duke of Devonshire's Charitable Trust

	Revaluation reserve	Revenue reserve	Total
	£	£	£
The reserves of the fund comprise			
At 1 January 2010	4,460,603	6,141,953	10,602,556
Unrealised gains on investments	822,957	-	822,957
Actuarial gains/losses on unfunded pension scheme	- -	(1,147,589) 226,479	(1,147,589) 226,479
hability			
Realised gains on investments			
Net incoming resources	-	1,632,948	1,632,948
Transfer between reserves	(684,244)	684,244	•
At 31 December 2010	4,599,316	7,538,035	12,137,351

The revaluation reserve represents the surplus of the market value over the cost of investments and investment properties. The revenue reserve represents accumulated revenue surpluses, accumulated realised surpluses on disposals of investments, together with capital grants and donations received

19 Art Purchases Fund

The company has established a fund intended to generate income primarily for the purchase of works of art though the fund may be used for other purposes at the discretion of the Council of Management

	Revaluation reserve	Revenue reserve	Total
	£	£	£
The reserves of the fund comprise			
At 1 January 2010	1,385,850	11,190,488	12,576,338
Unrealised losses on investments	280,017	-	280,017
Realised losses on investments	-	206,579	206,579
Net incoming resources	-	194,619	194,619
Transfer between funds	246,899	(246,899)	•
At 31 December 2010	1,912,766	11,344,787	13,257,553

The revaluation reserve represents the surplus of the market value over the cost of investments. The revenue reserve represents accumulated revenue surpluses, accumulated realised surpluses on disposals of investments, together with capital grants and donations received

20 Company status

The company is limited by guarantee Each member has undertaken to contribute to the assets of the company, in the event of its being wound up while he is a member, or within one year after he ceases to be a member, an amount not exceeding £5,000 At 31 December 2010 there were eight (2009 seven) members

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

21 Pensions

There is an obligation to provide pensions for the period since 12 April 1981 for the eligible employees of the Trustees of the Chatsworth Settlement on secondment to the company

The pension scheme of the Trustees of the Chatsworth Settlement provides benefits based on final pensionable salary. The scheme was closed to new members in 1999. A defined contribution scheme was established in 2001.

Pension fund contributions during the year amounted to £Nil (2009 £Nil) Pensions paid to former employees in the year amounted to £96,373 (2009 £116,027)

During the year a formal valuation has been undertaken by Mr Alex Pearse, a partner with Harvey & Clamp LLP This valuation as required by Financial Reporting Standard 17 has been recognised in the accounts and the prior year has been restated

The major assumptions used in the calculation of the liability are as follows

	2010	2009
Discount rate	5 5%	4 5%
Mortality rates	PA92 (c20	020) Minus 2 years
The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows		
	2010	2009
	£	£
Present value of scheme liabilities	4,725,000	3,394,784
Deficit in the scheme	4,725,000	3,394,784
Analysis of amount recognised within actuarial gains and losses Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of the scheme liabilities		
Changes in discount rate and mortality rates	1,147,589	50,985_

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

21 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

	2010	2009
	£	£
Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows		
Opening defined benefit obligation	3,394,784	3,226,826
Actuarial losses	1,147,589	50,985
Interest cost	210,000	183,000
Service cost	69,000	50,000
Benefits paid	(96,373)	(116,027)
Closing defined benefit obligation	4,725,000	3,394,784

22 Related party transactions

Support costs include charges from Chatsworth Settlement Trustees for senior management time and central overheads including Finance, Human Resources, IT Systems, Land Agency and Planning During the year £624,299 (2009 £639,283) was recharged to the company. In addition, the company charges for work undertaken by its own internal departments for the benefit of the Chatsworth Settlement Trustees. All charges are made on the basis of time spent or resources consumed.

The company leases from the Chatsworth Settlement Trustees under a 99 year lease at nominal rent, granted in 1981, Chatsworth House and its essential contents, together with the garden, park and woodland surrounding the Houses (comprising approximately 1,822 acres in total). More details regarding the arrangements are set out in note 2. During the year, the company waived its rights under the lease over some of the contents referred to above in exchange for a commitment that Chatsworth Settlement Trustees replace these contents with chattels of not less than an equivalent value and interest to the public as part of the Master Plan arrangements and improvements to the visitor attraction.

Staff are jointly employed by the company and the Chatsworth Settlement Trustees The total cost of staff invoiced to the company during the year was £2,826,517 (2009 £2,648,575)

Franchise income (note 4) is also receivable and is based on the annual performance of businesses located in premises leased by the company, during the year £570,594 (2009 £546,691) was received

Fees are charged for the legal services provided by Currey & Co LLP The fees for the year are £33,005 (2009 £31,795) Mr E R H Perks, who was a Member of the Council during the period, is also a partner in Currey & Co LLP Members of the Council were reimbursed for travel expenses amounting to £658 (2009 £522)

During the year the company received £75,000 (2009 £50,000) from Sotheby's, for hosting Sotheby's annual selling exhibition of modern and contemporary sculpture. The company also received £27,265 (2009 £36,505), being its share of revenues from the sale of works of art included in the exhibition. Set up costs of £43,040 (2009 £45,682) were recharged to Sotheby's. Although the company is independent of Sotheby's, the 12th Duke of Devonshire, a Member of the Council is on the Board of Directors of Sotheby's USA (Sotheby's parent company) and Mr H M Wyndham, also a Member of the Council is employed and remunerated by Sotheby's

During the year the company received £30,000 (2009 £30,000) from the Duke of Devonshire for the rental of the private quarters pursuant to the lease set out in note 2

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

22 Related party transactions (continued)

		2010	2009
		£	£
	Amounts due from/(to) the company at 31 December 2010		
	Chatsworth Settlement Trustees	931,417	681,072
	Duke of Devonshire	(500)	(500)
	Sotheby's	(21,943)	1,964
	Currey & Co LLP	17,041	7,728
23	Reconciliation of operating surplus to net cash inflow from operating		2000
		2010 £	2009 £
		*	
	Net deficit for the year	(3,451,084)	(3,551,519)
	Depreciation charges	246,319	240,951
	(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(30,442)	34,261
	(Increase) in debtors	(391,436)	(1,271,452)
	Increase in creditors	178,550	599,390
	Charitable donations received	5,035,389	427,739
	Unfunded pension scheme benefits paid	(96,373)	(116,027)_
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	1,490,923	(3,636,657)
24	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds		
		2010	2009
		£	£
	I	1 576 043	(2 502 522)
	Increase/(decrease) in cash in the period	1,575,842	(3,503,533)
	Net funds at 1 January 2010	1,283,113	4,786,646
	Net funds at 31 December 2010	2,858,955	1,283,113