Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2005

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2005

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2005

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

A.J. Farmer J. T. Makal (appointed 8 April 2005)

SECRETARY

Gravitas Company Secretarial Services Limited 110 Cannon Street London EC4N 6AR

REGISTERED OFFICE

Bilton Road Bletchley Milton Keynes Buckinghamshire MK1 1HP

BANKERS

Deutsche Bank AG Winchester House 1 Great Winchester Street London EC2N 2DB

SOLICITORS

Kirkpatrick & Lockhart Preston Gates Ellis LLP 110 Cannon Street London EC4N 6AR

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors St. Albans

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for Sensient Flavors Limited, for the year ended 31 December 2005.

ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company during the year continued to be the manufacture and sale of flavouring ingredients for the food industry.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

The company will continue to focus its business on profitable product lines and customers offering growth opportunities. The profit for the year after taxation is £332,780 (2004: £914,734).

DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend (2004: £nil).

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The current membership of the board is set out on page 1. The directors who served throughout the year were:

A.J. Farmer

C.L. Lawlor (resigned 8 April 2005)

J. T. Makal (appointed 8 April 2005)

None of the directors as at 31 December 2005 and 31 December 2004, had a beneficial interest in the shares of the company or any other United Kingdom group companies.

Approved by the Board of Directors, And signed on behalf of the Board.

A.J.Fa

A. J. Farmer

Director

ՂՂ January 2007

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements. The directors have chosen to prepare accounts for the company in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP). Company law requires the directors to prepare such financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period and comply with UK GAAP and the Companies Act 1985. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company, for safeguarding the assets, for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities and for the preparation of a directors' report which comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 1985.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SENSIENT FLAVORS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Sensient Flavors Limited for the year ended 31 December 2005 which comprise the profit and loss account, balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 20. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework, and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended; and
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Nedorite & Tonine UP

St Albans

23 January 2007

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 2005

	Note	2005 £	2004 £
TURNOVER: continuing operations	2	26,243,784	27,316,245
Cost of sales		(20,782,568)	(20,675,359)
Gross profit		5,461,216	6,640,886
Operating expenses Other operating income	3	(4,454,829) 173,971	(4,540,462) 140,273
OPERATING PROFIT: continuing operations		1,180,358	2,240,697
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(1,484,717)	(1,123,079)
Interest receivable and similar income		755,663	377,692
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITES BEFORE TAXATION	6	451,304	1,495,310
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(118,524)	(580,576)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	18	332,780	914,734

A statement of total recognised gains and losses is not included in these accounts as there are no recorded gains or losses for the current or preceding financial years other than as stated in the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET As at 31 December 2005

	Note	2005 £	2004 £
FIXED ASSETS		T.	£
Investments	8	13,650,000	13,650,000
Tangible assets	9	8,653,765	9,082,108
Intangible assets	10	175,792	219,424
		22,479,557	22,951,532
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	11	6,579,613	6,642,350
Debtors	12	25,665,689	20,028,374
Cash at bank and in hand		278,293	584,119
		32,523,595	27,254,843
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	13	(35,151,291)	(30,302,326)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(2,627,696)	(3,047,483)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		19,851,861	19,904,049
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	14	(13,690,906)	(13,727,295)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	15	(293,959)	(642,538)
NET ASSETS		5,866,996	5,534,216
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	17	609,000	609,000
Share premium account	18	147,000	147,000
Profit and loss account	18	5,110,996	4,778,216
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		5,866,996	5,534,216
			-

The Board of Directors approved these financial statements on $\,\mathcal{U}\,$ January 2007.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

A. J. F.

A. J. Farmer Director

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1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at their purchase price, together with any incidental expense of acquisition.

Provision for depreciation is made so as to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets on a straight-line basis over the expected useful economic life of the assets concerned. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:

Freehold buildings	21/2 %
Plant and machinery	5 - 10 %
Computer equipment	20 %

Depreciation is not provided on freehold land.

Assets in the course of construction are capitalised at cost. No depreciation is taken until the assets are brought into service.

Stocks

Stocks and work-in-progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In general, cost is determined on a first in first out basis and includes transport and handling costs; in the case of manufactured products, cost includes all direct expenditure and production overheads based on the normal level of activity. Net realisable value is the price at which stocks can be sold in the normal course of business after allowing for the cost of realisation. Provision is made where necessary for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

Taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Operating leases

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged in arriving at operating profit on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Related parties

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available in FRS 8 relating to the disclosure of transactions with other group companies.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash flow statements

The company is exempt from preparing a cash flow statement as a group cash flow statement is prepared by its parent company, Sensient Technologies Corporation.

Pension scheme arrangements

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the payments made to the scheme are charged to the profit and loss account as they are incurred. The assets of the defined contribution scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

Turnover

Turnover excludes value added tax and trade discounts and represents the invoiced value of goods and services supplied through the principal activity of the company, which is the manufacture and sale of flavouring ingredients for the food industry.

Government grants

Government grants are credited to a deferred income account; the capital element is released to the profit and loss account in equal instalments over the period of the lower of the expected useful lives of the assets concerned. The labour element is released to the profit and loss account to match the cost of job creation.

Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the end of the financial period. All differences are dealt with through the profit and loss account.

Capitalisation of interest

Interest on loans acquired to purchase fixed assets is capitalised into the cost of the asset up to the date when the asset is completed. Upon completion of the asset, interest on the loan is written off to the profit and loss account. Capitalised interest is amortised over the useful economic life of the assets for which the loan was received.

Consolidated financial statements

As a wholly owned subsidiary of Sensient Technologies Corporation, which prepares consolidated financial statements, under Section 228 of the Companies Act 1985, the company is not required to produce its own consolidated financial statements. These accounts are for the company only.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2005

2. TURNOVER

Turnover represents amounts derived from the provision of goods and services which fall within the company's principal activities excluding Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Turnover and pre-tax profits are attributable to each of the company's geographical markets as follows:

		2005	2004
		£	£
	Geographical analysis of turnover by destination		
	United Kingdom Other European countries Rest of the world	14,730,790 6,174,912 5,338,082 26,243,784	14,881,932 5,749,623 6,684,690 27,316,245
3.	OPERATING EXPENSES		
		2005	2004
		£	£
	Selling costs Administrative expenses	952,677 3,502,152	1,200,577 3,339,885
		4,454,829	4,540,462

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2005

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4. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

	2005	2004
	£	£
Directors' emoluments		
Emoluments	159,486	155,805
Pension contributions	12,669	12,300
	172,155	168,105
	No.	No.
Number of directors who are members of the company's defined contribution pension scheme	1	1
	No.	No.
Average number of persons employed (excluding		
executive directors) Production	113	113
Administration	62	64
	175	177
	£	£
Staff costs during the period (including directors)	4.7.6.006	1 (11 0 6 6
Wages and salaries Social security costs	4,566,026 441,818	4,644,856 452,709
Pension contributions	328,094	306,709
	5,335,938	5,404,274
INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
	2005	2004
	£	£
Bank interest payable	41	98
Intercompany interest	1,484,676	1,122,981
	1,484,717	1,123,079

6. PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

	2005	2004
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging / (crediting):		
Amortisation of government grants	(36,389)	(36,389)
Amortisation of intangible fixed assets (note 10)	43,632	43,632
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (note 9) Auditors' remuneration	1,099,907	1,054,576
- Audit	31,500	28,500
- Other	16,000	25,500
Operating lease hire – plant and machinery	224,579	143,542
– other	68,000	68,000
Foreign exchange costs	(1,828)	82,077
TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
i) Analysis of the tax charge on ordinary activities		
	2005	2004
	£	£
United Kingdom corporation tax at 30% (2004 30%)	305,365	490,902
Adjustment in respect of prior years	(47,508)	(27,000)
Group relief in respect to prior years	209,246	136,875
	467,103	600,777
Deferred taxation	(137,271)	(15,246)
Adjustment in respect of prior years	(211,308)	(4,955)
	118,524	580,576
ii) Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period		
	2005	2004
	£	£
United Kingdom corporation tax at 30% (2004 30%)	451,304	1,495,310
Tax at 30% thereon	135,391	448,593
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	16,655	27,063
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	264,921	(71,300)
Movement on short term timing difference	(111,603)	86,546
Adjustment in respect of prior years	161,738	109,875
	467,103	600,777

8. INVESTMENTS HELD AS FIXED ASSETS

Total

Cost and net book value

£

At 1 January 2005 and 31 December 2005

13,650,000

The above investment relates to Sensient Flavours Wales Limited, a dormant company incorporated in England and Wales. Sensient Flavors Limited holds 100% of its share capital.

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Assets in course of construction	Freehold land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Computer equipment £	Total £		
5,126	4,299,073	12,752,841	1,234,513	18,291,553		
359,914	=	303,456	8,195	671,565		
(199,881)	-	180,460	19,421	-		
-	-	-	(26,422)	(26,422)		
165,159	4,299,073	13,236,757	1,235,707	18,936,696		
Accumulated depreciation						
_	459,950	8,025,008	724,487	9,209,445		
-	63,130	877,551	159,226	1,099,907		
-	-	-	(26,422)	(26,422)		
	523,080	8,902,560	857,291	10,282,931		
165,159	3,775,993	4,334,197	378,416	8,653,765		
5,126	3,839,123	4,727,833	510,026	9,082,108		
	course of construction £ 5,126 359,914 (199,881) - 165,159 on - 165,159	course of construction £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £	course of construction £ land and buildings £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £	course of construction land and buildings Plant and machinery Computer equipment 5,126 4,299,073 12,752,841 1,234,513 359,914 - 303,456 8,195 (199,881) - 180,460 19,421 - - (26,422) 165,159 4,299,073 13,236,757 1,235,707 100 - 459,950 8,025,008 724,487 - 63,130 877,551 159,226 - - (26,422) - 523,080 8,902,560 857,291 165,159 3,775,993 4,334,197 378,416		

Included in the cost of £18,936,696 (2004 - £18,291,553) is capitalised interest of £183,644 (2004 - £183,664) on loans from group companies for the acquisition of assets. Interest was charged at a rate of 1% above the Canadian prime rate at the time.

Included within land and buildings is land of £1,109,087 (2004 - £1,109,087) which is not depreciated.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2005

10. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

			Customer list and know how
			£
	Acquisition value At 1 January 2005 and 31 December 2005		350,320
	Accumulated amortisation At 1 January 2005 Charge for the year At 31 December 2005		130,896 43,632 174,528
	Net book value		
	At 31 December 2005		175,792
	At 31 December 2004		219,424
11.	STOCKS		
		2005	2004
		£	£
	Raw materials and consumables Finished goods and goods for resale	2,541,975 4,037,638	2,628,902 4,013,448
		6,579,613	6,642,350
12.	DEBTORS		
		2005	2004
		£	£
	Trade debtors Amounts owed to group undertakings Prepayments and accrued income Corporation tax	4,198,850 21,201,782 265,057	4,120,886 14,482,808 297,859 1,126,821
		25,665,689	20,028,374

13. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2005	2004	
	£	£	
Bank overdraft	4,510	-	
Trade creditors	2,182,899	2,075,430	
Amounts owed to group undertakings	31,647,246	26,949,146	
Other taxation and social security payable	236,511	199,634	
Accruals and deferred income	1,043,736	1,041,727	
Government grants (see note 16)	36,389_	36,389	
	35,151,291	30,302,326	

14. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2005	2004
	£	£
Unsecured loan note Government grants (see note 16)	13,650,000 40,906	13,650,000 77,295
	13,690,906	13,727,295

Interest on the unsecured loan due to Sensient Technologies Limited was £792,226 for the period to 31 December 2005. Interest for the period ended 31 December 2004 was £750,972.

The loan note matures on 31 December 2016.

15. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is as follows:

	Amounts provided	
	2005	2004
	£	£
Excess of tax allowances over depreciation Short term timing differences	283,482 10,477	742,632 (100,094)
	293,959	642,538
Deferred taxation movement for the year		
Balance at 1 January 2005 Current year credit		642,538 (348,579)
Balance at 31 December 2005		293,959

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2005

16. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

		2005	2004
		£	£
	Government grants	77,295	77,295
	of which:		
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year (note 13)	36,389	36,389
	Amounts falling due after more than one year (note 14)	40,906	77,295
		77,295	113,684
17.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
		2005	2004
		£	£
	Authorised		
	1,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000,000	1,000,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	609,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	609,000	609,000
			

18. COMBINED RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT ON RESERVES

	Share capital	Share premium £	Profit and loss reserve £	Total 2005 £	Total 2004 £
At I January 2005 Retained profit for the year	609,000	147,000	4,778,216 332,780	5,534,216 332,780	4,619,482 914,734
At 31 December 2005	609,000	147,000	5,110,996	5,866,996	5,534,216

19. PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent company and controlling party is Sensient Technologies Corporation, a company incorporated in the United States of America. The company's financial statements are filed at the Securities and Exchange Commission in Washington D.C. The largest and smallest group of undertakings for which group financial statements have been drawn up is held by Sensient Technologies Corporation.

The immediate parent company is Sensient Holdings UK (formally Sensient Technologies (UK) Limited), a company incorporated in Great Britain, and its financial statements are filed at Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff CF14 3UZ.

20. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 December 2005, the company was committed to making the following payments during the next year in respect of operating leases:

	Building 2005	Building 2004
Leases which expire:	£	£
After more than 5 years	68,000	68,000
	68,000	68,000
	Other 2005	Other 2004
Leases which expire:	£	£
Within one year Within 2 to 5 years After more than 5 years	18,096 172,299 1,739	95,858 37,262 10,422
	192,134	143,542