

# SENSIENT FLAVORS WALES LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS RED STAR BIOPRODUCTS LIMITED)

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2000

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COMPANIES HOUSE 31/10/01

Deloitte & Touche Blenheim House Fitzalan Court Newport Road Cardiff CF24 OTS

## REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2000

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### OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

#### DIRECTORS

D W Foell (resigned 28 August 2001) A J Farmer C L Lawlor (appointed 28 August 2001)

#### **SECRETARY**

Gravitas Company Secretarial Services Limited

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

Felinfach Lampeter Dyfed SA48 8AG

#### **BANKERS**

ABN Amro Bank BV

#### **SOLICITORS**

Edwards Geldard Dumfries House Dumfries Place Cardiff

#### **AUDITORS**

Deloitte & Touche Blenheim House Fitzalan Court Newport Road Cardiff CF24 OTS

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the 15 months ended 31 December 2000.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company during the period continued to be the manufacture and sale of flavouring ingredients for the food industry.

#### REVIEW OF BUSINESS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

The company will continue to focus its business on profitable product lines and customers offering growth opportunities.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The directors declared an interim dividend for the period of £nil (1999 - £547,374). No final dividend was declared.

#### DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors of the company, all of whom have been directors throughout the period ended on that date, unless otherwise stated, were:-

A J Farmer D W Foell

None of the directors had an interest in the shares of the company or any other UK group companies in either 1999 or 2000.

#### **AUDITORS**

A resolution for the reappointment of Deloitte & Touche as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

C L Lawlor

Director

Date Oct 21, 2001

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Deloitte & Touche Blenheim House Fitzalan Court Newport Road Cardiff CF24 0TS

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## AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SENSIENT FLAVORS WALES LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS RED STAR BIOPRODUCTS LIMITED)

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 15 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on pages 7 and 8.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements, which are required to be prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

#### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the auditing practices board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2000 and of its profit for the 15 months then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Date 29 Och Love

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## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Period ended 31 December 2000

	Note	15 months ended 31 December 2000 £	Year ended 30 September 1999 £
TURNOVER Cost of sales	2	17,000,248 (12,017,293)	12,912,803
Gross profit Operating expenses Other operating income	3	4,982,955	<del></del>
OPERATING PROFIT Interest payable Interest receivable and similar income	5	2,967,961 (40,422) 3,700	3,542,802 (1,727) 6,276
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	6	2,931,239	3,547,351
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	7	(924,265)	(1,051,138)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION AND PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		2,006,974	2,496,213
Dividends	8		(547,374)
RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	17	2,006,974	1,948,839

The company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the profit and loss account above.

### BALANCE SHEET 31 December 2000

			31 December 2000		30 September 1999
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	9		6,366,508		5,784,244
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	10 11	3,279,863 3,267,139 542,737		2,600,535 1,905,881 429,857	
		7,089,739		4,936,273	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	12	(4,049,963)		(3,448,928)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			3,039,776		1,487,345
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			9,406,284		7,271,589
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	13		(690,770)		(574,187)
ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME	14		(178,178)	ı	(167,040)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			8,537,336		6,530,362
Called up share capital Share premium account Profit and loss account	15 16 16		609,000 147,000 7,781,336		609,000 147,000 5,774,362
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	17		8,537,336		6,530,362

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

C L Lawlor

Director

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Period ended 31 December 2000

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

#### Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at their purchase price, together with any incidental expenses of acquisition.

Provision for depreciation is made so as to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets on a straight line basis over the expected useful economic life of the assets concerned. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:

Freehold buildings 2%

Plant and machinery 10% - 20%

House contents 20%

Computer equipment 20%

Depreciation is not provided on freehold land.

Assets in the course of construction are capitalised at cost. No depreciation is taken until the assets are brought into service.

#### Stocks

Stocks and work-in-progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In general, cost is determined on a first in first out basis and includes transport and handling costs; in the case of manufactured products cost includes all direct expenditure and production overheads based on the normal level of activity. Net realisable value is the price at which stocks can be sold in the normal course of business after allowing for the costs of realisation. Provision is made where necessary for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

#### Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profits for the year as adjusted for disallowable items. Deferred taxation is provided at the anticipated tax rates on timing differences, arising from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements, to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise in the future.

#### Hire purchase agreements and operating leases

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged in arriving at operating profit on a straight line basis over the lease term. Where fixed assets are financed by entering into hire purchase agreements, the assets are treated as if they have been purchased and included in tangible fixed assets and the capital element of the agreement is shown as an obligation under hire purchase agreements.

#### Related parties

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available in FRS 8 relating to the disclosure of transactions with group companies.

#### Cash flow statements

The company is exempt from preparing a cash flow statement as a group cash flow statement is prepared by its parent company, Universal Foods (UK) Limited.

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Period ended 31 December 2000

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Pension scheme arrangements

For senior executives the company used to operate a defined benefit pension scheme which was non-contributory, externally funded and contracted out of the state scheme. This scheme was wound up on 11 November 1998 and the assets transferred to the group defined contribution scheme. The company operates a defined contribution scheme and the payments made to the scheme are charged to the profit and loss account as they are incurred. The assets of the defined contribution scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

#### Turnover

Turnover excludes value added tax and trade discounts and represents the invoiced value of goods and services supplied through the principal activity of the company which is the manufacture and sale of flavouring ingredients for the food industry.

#### Regional Selective Assistance

Regional Selective Assistance is credited to a deferred income account; the capital element is released to the profit and loss account in equal instalments over the period of the lower of the expected useful lives of the assets concerned or ten years. The labour element is released to the profit and loss account after the criteria has been met.

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the end of the financial period. All differences are dealt with through the profit and loss account.

#### Capitalisation of interest

Interest on loans acquired to purchase fixed assets is capitalised into the cost of the asset up to the date when the asset is completed. Upon completion of the asset, interest on the loan is written off to the profit and loss account. Capitalised interest is amortised over the useful economic life of the assets for which the loan was received.

#### 2. TURNOVER

Turnover represents amounts derived from the provision of goods and services which fall within the company's ordinary activities after deduction of trade discounts and value added tax.

The turnover and pre tax profits are attributable to each of the company's geographical markets as follows:

	15 months ended 31 December 2000 £	Year ended 30 September 1999 £
United Kingdom Rest of the world	12,169,516 4,830,732	9,250,057 3,662,746
	17,000,248	12,912,803

### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Period ended 31 December 2000

### 3. OPERATING EXPENSES

э.	OFERATING EXPENSES		
		15 months ended 31 December 2000 £	Year ended 30 September 1999 £
	Selling costs Administrative expenses	571,987 1,741,728	456,700 1,003,111
		2,313,715	1,459,811
4.	INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES		
		15 months ended 31 December 2000 £	Year ended 30 September 1999 £
	Directors' emoluments	~	~
	Emoluments Pension contributions	120,729 12,116	107,342 9,581
		132,845	116,923
		No.	No.
	Number of directors who are members of the company's defined contribution pension scheme	1	1
	Average number of persons employed (excluding executive directors)	No.	
	Production Administration	79 35	65 35
		114	100
		£	£
	Staff costs during the year (including directors) Wages and salaries	2,700,229	1,963,102
	Social security costs	240,226	
		2,940,455	2,149,343

### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Period ended 31 December 2000

### 5. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

٠.	INTEREST TATABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		15 months ended 31 December 2000 £	Year ended 30 September 1999 £
	Bank interest payable	40,422	1,727
6.	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		
		15 months ended 31 December 2000 £	Year ended 30 September 1999 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Rent receivable	(256,897)	(128,342)
	Amortisation of government grants	(70,175)	, , ,
	Depreciation charged for the year:	` , ,	, , ,
	Tangible owned fixed assets	840,192	635,522
	Auditors' remuneration - audit fees	15,000	13,000
	- other	5,000	4,850
	Hire of plant and machinery held under operating leases	119,521	101,403
	Foreign exchange (gains)/losses	(64,037)	-

### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Period ended 31 December 2000

### 7. TAX CHARGE ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

7.	TAX CHARGE ON PROFIT ON	ORDINARY ACTI	VITIES			
					15 months ended 31 December 2000 £	Year ended 30 September 1999 £
	United Kingdom corporation tax at	30% (1999: 31%)				
	Current	,			826,948	1,008,530
	Deferred				116,583	(153,397)
	Adjustment in respect of prior years	5			(19,266)	196,005
					924,265	1,051,138
8.	DIVIDENDS					
	Equity dividends				15 months ended 31 December 2000 £	Year ended 30 September 1999 £
	Interim paid - £nil per ordinary sha	re (1999: £0.90)				547,374
9.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
		Assets in course of construction	Freehold land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Computer equipment	Total £
	Cost					
	At 1 October 1999	721,386	1,893,362	6,507,226	258,784	9,380,758
	Additions	1,023,656	19,234	356,854	22,712	
	Transfer	(1,013,017)	631,920	381,097		
	At 31 December 2000	732,025	2,544,516	7,245,177	281,496	10,803,214
	Accumulated depreciation					
	At 1 October 1999	-	156,135	3,271,868	168,511	3,596,514
	Charge for the year		57,959	740,252	41,981	840,192
	At 31 December 2000		214,094	4,012,120	210,492	4,436,706
	Net book value					
	At 31 December 2000	732,025	2,330,422	3,233,057	71,004	6,366,508
	At 30 September 1999	721,386	1,737,227	3,235,358	90,273	5,784,244

### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Period ended 31 December 2000

#### 9. **TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (continued)**

Included in the cost of £10,803,214 (1999: £9,380,758) is capitalised interest of £183,664 (1999: £183,664) on loans from group companies for the acquisition of assets. Interest was charged at a rate of 1% above the Canadian prime rate at the time.

The company owns a freehold house at an original cost of £118,585 (this is the only non depreciated asset). During 1992/93 the property was valued by a chartered surveyor and subsequently a provision of £18,585 has been made in respect of the diminution in value of the property. The directors are of the opinion that the estimated residual value of this property is not significantly different from the revised net book value, and no further depreciation has been charged on the building's element of cost.

#### 10. **STOCKS**

		31 December 2000 £	30 September 1999 £
	Raw materials and consumables	1,542,822	1,099,648
	Work-in-progress	6,618	-
	Finished goods and goods for resale	1,730,423	1,500,887
		3,279,863	2,600,535
11.	DEBTORS		
		31	30
		December	September
		2000	1999
		£	£
	Trade debtors	2,194,902	1,575,850
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	127,382	84,115
	Prepayments and accrued income	437,478	245,916
	Corporation tax	507,377	-
		3,267,139	1,905,881
12.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31	30
		December	September
		2000	1999
		£	£
	Trade creditors	1,440,690	1,812,233
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,046,194	253,409
	Corporation tax	252.006	690,784
	Other taxation and social security payable  Accruals and deferred income	252,086 310,993	103,017 589,485
	Accides and deletted meeting		
		4,049,963	3,448,928

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Period ended 31 December 2000

### 13. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is as follows:

		Amounts p 31 December 2000	30 September 1999
	Excess of tax allowances over depreciation	690,770	£ 574,187
	Deferred taxation movement for the year:	<del></del>	
	Balance at 1 October 1999 Current year charge		£ 574,187 116,583
	Balance at 31 December 2000		690,770
14.	ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME		
			31 December 2000
	Government grants		T.
	At 1 October 1999 Amortisation in year Received in year		167,040 (70,175) 81,313
	At 31 December 2000		178,178
15.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
		31 December 2000 £	30 September 1999 £
	Authorised 1,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000,000	1,000,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 609,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	609,000	609,000

### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Period ended 31 December 2000

#### 16. MOVEMENT ON RESERVES

16.	MOVEMENT ON RESERVES		
		Profit and loss account £	Share premium account
	At 1 October 1999	5,774,362	147,000
	Retained profit for the year	2,006,974	
	At 30 December 2000	7,781,336	147,000
17.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		
		31 December 2000 £	30 September 1999 £
	Profit for the financial period Equity dividends	2,006,974	2,496,213 (547,374)
	Retained profit for the financial year	2,006,974	1,948,839
	Opening shareholders' funds	6,530,362	4,581,523
	Closing shareholders' funds	8,537,336	6,530,362
18.	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS		
		31	30
		December 2000	September 1999
		£	1999 £
	Capital expenditure that has been authorised by the directors		
	but has not yet been contracted for	625,000	1,278,000

### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Period ended 31 December 2000

### 19. PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent company and controlling party is Sensient Technologies Corporation, a company incorporated in the United States of America. The company's financial statements are filed at the Securities and Exchange Commission in Washington DC.

The immediate parent company is Universal Foods (UK) Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain, and its group financial statements are filed at Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff CF4 3UZ.