Registered number: 01506399

COFELY DISTRICT ENERGY LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

M A Booth (resigned 31 March 2014)

C S Hale

S Woodward (resigned 30 June 2014) P E Rawson (resigned 18 July 2013)

M D Smith P Laidlaw L M Thomas

B Watts (resigned 9 September 2014)

Registered number

01506399

Registered office

Stuart House Coronation Road Cressex Business Park High Wycombe Buckinghamshire

HP12 3TA

Independent auditors

EY LLP Auditors Apex Plaza Forbury Road Reading RG1 1YE

Bankers

HSBC

9 The Boulevard

Crawley RH10 1UT

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STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the period continued to be that of the provision of heating and energy services.

Business review

The company's activities have been heavily focused on the development of new, extension to, and operation of existing, District Energy schemes, where the Cofely District Energy group remains the UK market leader. In the period under review, the company worked on District Energy scheme additions for fellow group companies.

The year end balance sheet remains in a strong financial position with robust reserves. However, revenue & profit has been adversely affected in 2013 by fluctuations in intercompany sales to other District Energy group companies.

The key objective for 2014 financial year remains the expansion of core activities of the company, as well as growth in the group by acquisition as opportunities arise to acquire and operate existing schemes, resulting in additional services to fellow group members.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The company's activities expose it to a number of financial risks including credit risk and liquidity risk.

Credit Risk

The company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of provisions for doubtful debt. A bad debt provision is made where there is an identified loss event which, based on experience, indicates a reduction in the recoverability of the debt. The company has reduced its exposure to this risk in the year through tighter control of its capital employed. Improvements have been made in reducing the debtor balances. The company enforces a strict credit control policy and evaluates risk for each new contract and customer. However, due to the size of the contracts in the portfolio, the risk of default is always present.

Liquidity Risk

The company monitors liquidity on a daily basis and uses this information to ensure there are sufficient funds to meet short term obligations with the remainder being invested in short to medium term deposits. The company has significant cash balances and whilst there is an agreed short term debt financing arrangement in place, does not see any requirement to utilise this arrangement in the foreseeable future, or for the need to consider long term debt financing.

This report was approved by the board on $\frac{20}{100}$

5. Hali

and signed on its behalf.

C S Hale Director

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Results

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £107,906 (2012 - £2,064,958).

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

M A Booth (resigned 31 March 2014)

C S Hale

S Woodward (resigned 30 June 2014)

P E Rawson (resigned 18 July 2013)

M D Smith

P Laidlaw

L M Thomas

B Watts (resigned 9 September 2014)

Political contributions

During the year, Cofely District energy Limited donated £850 (2012 : £850) to a charity.

Directors Indemnities

Company officers, and duly appointed delegates thereof, are indemnified by GDF SUEZ global Directors and Officers policy ("the Policy") in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. Such qualifying third party indemnity provision remains in force as at the date of approving the director's report.

Supplier payment policy

The Cofely District Energy's policy is to settle terms of payments when agreeing the terms of each transaction, ensure that suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment and abide by the terms of payment.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

Auditors

The auditors, EY LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on

20/1/15

and signed on its behalf.

C S Hale

Director

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently:
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF COFELY DISTRICT ENERGY LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Cofely District Energy Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013, which comprise the Profit and loss account, the Balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 23. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, as set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' report and financial statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF COFELY DISTRICT ENERGY LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Ever 4 laws well

Kevin Harkin (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of EY LLP, Statutory Auditor

Reading

Date: 20/1/15

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

•			
	Note	2013 £	2012 £
TURNOVER	1,2	16,134,029	19,387,534
Cost of sales		(13,732,976)	(15,117,587)
GROSS PROFIT		2,401,053	4,269,947
Administrative expenses		(4,556,828)	(3,723,714)
Other operating income	3	2,269,659	1,810,489
OPERATING PROFIT	4	113,884	2,356,722
Interest receivable and similar income	5	15,531	805,316
Interest payable and similar charges	9	(104)	(439,523)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		129,311	2,722,515
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	10	(21,405)	(657,557)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	. 18	107,906	2,064,958
•			

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2013 or 2012 other than those included in the Profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 9 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

COFELY DISTRICT ENERGY LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 01506399

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Note	£	2013 £	£	, 2012 £
FIXED ASSETS		•	•	•	
Tangible fixed assets	11		1,535,700		1,605,225
Investments	12		103	,	103
		·	1,535,803		1,605,328
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	13	222		593,070	
Debtors	14	25,325,802		24,880,166	
Cash at bank		503,724		691,992	
		25,829,748		26,165,228	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	15	(19,485,546)		(19,301,292)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			6,344,202		6,863,936
TOTAL ASSETS LESS ĆURRENT LIABILI	TIES		7,880,005		8,469,264
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred tax	16		(120,639)		(121,804)
NET ASSETS			7,759,366		8,347,460
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Share capital	17	•	550,000	•	550,000
Capital redemption reserve	18		1,508,705		1,508,705
Profit and loss account	18		5,700,661	•	6,288,755
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	19		7,759,366		8,347,460

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

C S Hale Director 20/1/15

The notes on pages 9 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

1.2 Going concern

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance, are set out in the Business Review, included in the Directors' report.

The company has a letter of support from the group company GDF Suez Energy Services limited this means that the Directors have reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

1.3 Cash flow

The company, being a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available, is exempt from the requirement to draw up a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS 1.

1.4 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Connection charges in line with the GDF Suez group policies are recognised as turnover using the percentage of completion method as the connection is made. Expenditure relating to the connection is expensed as incurred. All heating and maintenance charges are recognised in line with the accruals concept.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation and provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings

- 15% per annum on reducing balance

- 15% - 33.3% per annum on reducing balance and straight line

Office equipment

- 33.3% per annum on reducing balance and straight line

1.6 Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment. Impairment review is performed when certain indicators reviewed regularly indicate the requirement for such a review to be performed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.7 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the Profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the period until the date the rent is expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate.

1.8 Pensions

The company is a member of a group defined contribution scheme operated for the benefit of certain employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund.

1.9 Stock

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In determining the cost of raw materials, consumables and goods purchased for resale, the weighted average purchase price is used. For work in progress and finished goods cost is taken as production cost, which includes an appropriate proportion of attributable overheads.

1.10 Long term contracts

The company enters into long-term contracts when connecting new customers to the heat and electricity supply facility.

Long-term contracts in line with GDF Suez group accounting policies are assessed on a contract by contract basis and are reflected in the profit and loss account by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

Where the outcome of each long-term contract can be assessed with reasonable certainty before its conclusion, the attributable profit is recognised in the profit and loss account as the difference between the reported turnover and related costs for that contract.

1.11 Taxation

Budget 2012, the Chancellor of the Exchequer announced a number of changes to the UK Corporation Tax rate. These included a reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 26% to 24% effective from 1 April 2012(and substantively enacted as of 26 March 2012 and dealt with by Resolution under the Provisional Collection of Taxes Act). The Budget announced by the Chancellor of the Exchequer on 20 March 2013 included further changes to the main rates of tax for UK companies. This included a reduction in the main rate of corporation tax to 21% from 1 April 2014 and a further 1% reduction to 20% from 1 April 2015. These reductions in the main rate of corporation tax were included in Finance Bill 2013 which was substantively enacted on 2 July 2013 and received Royal Assent on 17 July 2013.

In accordance with UK GAAP, deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. As such, deferred tax assets and liabilities existing at 31 December 2013 are recognised at the rate at which they are expected to unwind, this being 20%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.12 Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the contracted rate or the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

1.13 Group accounts

The financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The company has not prepared group accounts as it is exempt from the requirement to do so by section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 as its results are included in the consolidated financial statements of the ultimate parent company GDF Suez Energy Services S.A.

2. TURNOVER

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

3. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

		2013 £	2012 £
	Overhead recharges to group undertakings Management charges receivable	158,074 2,111,585	219,141 1,591,348
		2,269,659	1,810,489
4.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets: - owned by the company Operating lease rentals:	130,138	122,838
	- plant and machinery - other operating leases	312,209 132,396	158,268 117,109
5.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
•		2013 £	2012 £
	Bank interest receivable	15,531	80,5,316

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

6.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION		
	,	2013 £	2012 £
	Fees payable to the company's auditor and its associates for the audit of the company's annual accounts	43,439	42,787
7.	STAFF COSTS		
	Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:		•
		2013 £	2012 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	2,551,483 288,470 108,359	2,611,551 - -
		2,948,312	2,611,551
	The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, du	ring the year was a	s follows:
,		2013 No.	2012 No.
	Operations and administrative staff	100	100
8.	DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		
о.	DIRECTORS REMIDIENATION	2013	2012
		£	2012 £
	Remuneration	<u>. </u>	602,998

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to no directors (2012 - 5) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes.

The highest paid director received remuneration of £NIL (2012 - £272,961).

The value of the company's contributions paid to a defined contribution pension scheme in respect of the highest paid director amounted to £NIL (2012 - £29,869).

All directors' remuneration is all paid by a fellow group undertaking in respect of their services to group companies. The directors' services to the company do not occupy a significant amount of their time and consequently the directors do not feel that they have received any remuneration for their incidental services to this company for the year ended 31 December 2013.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

		•	
9.	INTEREST PAYABLE		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	On bank loans and overdrafts	104	-
	On loans from group undertakings	•	439,523
		104	439,523
	·		
10.	TAXATION		
		2013	2012
		2013 £	£
	Analysis of tax charge in the year		
	Current tax (see note below)		,
	UK corporation tax charge on profit for the year	22,677	635,780
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(107)	25,077
	Total current tax	22,570	660,857
	Total cullent tax		
	Deferred tax		
	Effect of change in standard rate of corporation tax	(18,279)	(10,008)
	Timing differences Adjustment in respect of prior years	17,114 ⁻	29,783
	Adjustment in respect of prior years		(23,075)
	Total deferred tax (see note 16)	(1,165)	(3,300)
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	21,405	657,557
			
	Factors affecting tax charge for the year	·	
	The tax assessed for the year is the same as (2012 - the same as) the	ne standard rate of c	orporation tax in
	the UK of 23.25% <i>(2012 - 24.5%)</i> as set out below:		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	129,311	2,722,515
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of		
	corporation tax in the UK of 23.25% (2012 - 24.5%)	30,065	667,016
	Effects of:	•	1
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill		•
	amortisation and impairment	10,090	490
	Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	(17,478)	(31,726)
	Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	(107)	25,077
ŧ	Current tax charge for the year (see note above)	22,570	660,857
	The state of the s		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

10. TAXATION (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Budget 2012, the Chancellor of the Exchequer announced a number of changes to the UK Corporation Tax rate. These included a reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 26% to 24% effective from 1 April 2012(and substantively enacted as of 26 March 2012 and dealt with by Resolution under the Provisional Collection of Taxes Act). The Budget announced by the Chancellor of the Exchequer on 20 March 2013 included further changes to the main rates of tax for UK companies. This included a reduction in the main rate of corporation tax to 21% from 1 April 2014 and a further 1% reduction to 20% from 1 April 2015. These reductions in the main rate of corporation tax were included in Finance Bill 2013 which was substantively enacted on 2 July 2013 and received Royal Assent on 17 July 2013.

In accordance with UK GAAP, deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. As such, deferred tax assets and liabilities existing at 31 December 2013 are recognised at the rate at which they are expected to unwind, this being 20%.

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 January 2013 Additions Disposals	1,772,982 14,811 (1,565)	265,775 18,896 (3,929)	626,692 28,471 (27,402)	2,665,449 62,178 (32,896)
At 31 December 2013	1,786,228	280,742	627,761	2,694,731
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2013 Charge for the year On disposals	353,676 71,818 -	184,470 15,030 (3,929)	522,078 43,290 (27,402)	1,060,224 130,138 (31,331)
At 31 December 2013	425,494	195,571	537,966	1,159,031
Net book value				
At 31 December 2013	1,360,734	85,171	89,795	1,535,700
At 31 December 2012	1,419,306	81,305	104,614	1,605,225

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

12. FIXED	ASSET	INVESTMENTS
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	Investments in associates £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2013 and 31 December 2013	_, 103
Net book value	
At 31 December 2013	103
At 31 December 2012	103

Participating interests

These financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group (see accounting policies).

Subsidiary

	Name Industrielle de Chauffage Enterprise (UK) Limited	Country of incorporation England	Class of shares Ordinary	Holding 100%	•	
13.	STOCKS					
					2013 £	2012 £
	Raw materials Finished goods and goods	for resale			190 32	593,070
				=	222	593,070
14.	DEBTORS	•		•		
			•		2013 £	2012 £
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group un Other debtors Prepayments and accrued	-			765,286 21,605,543 1,309,918 1,645,055	738,411 22,186,044 1,412,307 543,404
				· <u> </u>	25,325,802	24,880,166

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

. 15.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	4,035	. 250
	Trade creditors	. 37,076	2,200,259
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	17,353,935	13,511,317
	Corporation tax Other taxation and social security	660,857 55,315	635,780
	Other creditors	478,504	1,508,533
	Accruals and deferred income	895,824	1,445,153
		19,485,546	19,301,292
•			
			٠
16.	DEFERRED TAXATION	•	
•		2013	2012
		£	£
	At beginning of year	121,804	125,104
	Released during year (P&L)	(1,165)	(3,300)
	At end of year	120,639	121,804
	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
		2013	2012
	·	£	£
	At 1 January	121,804	125,104
	Current year charge	17,114	29,783
	Prior period adjustment	-	(23,075)
	Effect of change in standard rate of corporation tax	. (18,279)	(10,008)
		120,639	121,804
	•		
47	CHADE CADITAL	•	
17.	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	550,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	550,000	550,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

18. R	ESERVES
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18.	RESERVES		
`		Capital redempt'n reserve £	Profit and loss account £
	At 1 January 2013 Profit for the financial year Dividends: Equity capital	1,508,705	6,288,755 107,906 (696,000)
	At 31 December 2013	1,508,705	5,700,661
19.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Opening shareholders' funds Profit for the financial year Dividends (Note 20)	8,347,460 107,906 (696,000)	6,282,502 2,064,958 -
	Closing shareholders' funds	7,759,366	8,347,460
		•	
20.	DIVIDENDS		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Dividends paid £1.27 per share (2012 - £NIL)	696,000 	-

OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS 21.

At 31 December 2013 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

		Land and buildings			Other
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		£	£	£	£
Expiry date:	<i>.</i>				
Within 1 year		•	-	-	45,918
Between 2 and 5 years		- '	96,568	-	179,471
	<u> </u>				

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 22.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption granted under paragraph 3(c) of FRS 8. 'Related Parties Disclosures', not to disclose transaction with other wholly owned group entities as the company is included in the publically available consolidated financial statements of GDF Suez Energy Services S.A.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

23. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The directors regard GDF Suez Energy Services S.A. as the ultimate parent company and GDF Suez S.A. as the ultimate controlling party. GDF Suez Energy Services S.A. is registered in France and GDF Suez S.A. is registered in France.

The parent undertaking of the largest group which includes the company for which group financial statements are prepared is GDF Suez S.A. The parent undertaking of the smallest group is Cofely District Energy Group Limited.

The smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Cofely District Energy Group Limited (formerly Utilicom Group Limited), and accounts are available to the public and may be obtained from Companies House.

The company's immediate parent company is Cofely District Energy Group Limited (formerly Utilicom Group Limited), and accounts are available to the public and may be obtained from Companies House.

Copies of the group's consolidated financial statements may be obtained from: GDF Suez, 16 Rue de la Ville-l'Eveque, 75383 PARIS, Cedex 08, France.