Rule 4.223 - CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986 S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use		
Company Number		
	1504096	

Name of Company

Fine Art Wallcoverings Limited

1 / We

Brian Green 8 Princes Parade Liverpool L3 1QH Peter Terry

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

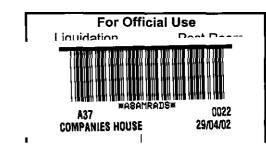
Da

24 April 2002

KPMG 8 Princes Parade Liverpool L3 1QH

Ref:

F608670/SC/EFG/PW



## LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS and PAYMENTS under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Fine Art Wallcoverings Limited

Company Registered Number

1504096

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

4 October 1999

Date to which this statement is

brought down

3 April 2002

Name and Address of Liquidator Brian Green 8 Princes Parade Liverpoo!

Peter Terry

#### **NOTES**

**L3 1QH** 

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

#### FORM AND CONTENTS OF STATEMENT

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the amount of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on Page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under the realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a way as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

### TRADING ACCOUNT

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in the statement.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

- (3) When dividends, instalments of composition, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must foward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisation side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the Liquidation Committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.
- (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.

# LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS and PAYMENTS

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisatio	ns 		
Date	Of Whom Received	Nature of Assets Realised	Amount £
		Brought Forward	7,758,068.52
04/10/2001	HMCE	Tax Refunds (Pre Apt)	312,216.68
04/10/2001	DTI adj	ISA Interest received net	57,413.8
20/11/2001	ISA - Fine Decor Ltd	Administrators Fees	25,291.0
	ISA - Fine Decor Ltd	l i	4,425.9
20/11/2001	<b>I</b>	VAT Payable	
07/12/2001	HM Customs & Excise	Vat Control Account	6,530.5
04/03/2002	Congleton Borough Council	Rates refund(pre appt)	3,430.4
11/03/2002	Congleton BC	Rates refund(pre appt)	17,999.10 
		Carried Forward	8,185,376.1

NOTE: No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account.

## LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS and PAYMENTS

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Date	To Whom Paid	Nature of Disbursements	Amount £
		Brought Forward	3,885,273.71
04/10/2001	DTI adj	DTI ISA Remittance Fees	0.35
2/10/2001	DTI	DTI ISA Remittance Fees	0.65
12/10/2001	Hammond Suddards Edge	Legal Fees (1)	1,051.63
2/10/2001	Hammond Suddards Edge	VAT Receivable	184.0
1/11/2001	DTI	DTI ISA Remittance Fees	0.6
1/11/2001	inland Revenue	Corporation Tax	21,063.6
6/11/2001	DTI	DTI ISA Remittance Fees	0.6
6/11/2001	Kamerer GMBH	Trade & Expense Creditors	4,285.1
4/12/2001	DTI	DTI ISA Remittance Fees	0.6
4/12/2001	KPMG Fees A/c	Office Holders Fees	3,750.0
4/12/2001	KPMG Fees A/c	Office Holders Expenses	0.008
4/12/2001	KPMG Fees A/c	VAT Receivable	796.2
3/12/2001	KPMG	Professional Fees	500.0
3/12/2001	DTI	DTI ISA Remittance Fees	0.6
3/12/2001	KPMG	VAT Receivable	87.5
9/12/2001	Royal Bank of Canada	Royal Bank of Canada	10,000.0
9/12/2001	Royal Bamk of Canada	Royal Bank of Canada	5,745.6
4/02/2002	ודם	DTI ISA Remittance Fees	0.6
4/02/2002	HM Customs & Excise	Vat Control Account	925.9
9/02/2002	DTI	DTI ISA Remittance Fees	0.6
9/02/2002	Hammond Suddards Edge	Legal Fees (1)	3,301.3
9/02/2002	Hammond Suddards Edge	VAT Receivable	577.7
5/02/2002	DTI	DTI ISA Remittance Fees	0.6
5/02/2002	KPMG Fees Account	Office Holders Fees	5,000.0
5/02/2002	KPMG Fees Account	Office Holders Expenses	250.0
5/02/2002	KPMG Fees Account	VAT Receivable	918.7

NOTE: No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account.

### **Analysis of Balance**

Total Realisations Total Disbursements		8,185,376.11 3,944,516.85
	Balance £	4,240,859.26
The balance is made up as follows  1. Cash in hands of liquidator  2. Balance at bank  3. Amount of Insolvency Services Account		0.00 0.00 4,240,859.26
*Amounts invested by Liquidator Less: The cost of investments realised Balance      Accrued Items	0.00	0.00 0.00
Total Balance as shown above		4,240,859.26

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement.

#### The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up.

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including	
the holders of floating charges)	5,575,000.00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0.00
Floating charge holders	0.00
Preferential & Unsecured creditors	73,524,875.00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash	100.00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0.00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Inter Company Dividend

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Agreement and Payment of Creditors

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Wthin 12 months

<sup>\*</sup>The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the Regulations.