1467993

British Airways Visitors' Services Limited

Report and Financial Statements

31 March 2005

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COMPANIES HOUSE 19/01/2006

Registered No. 1467993

Directors

B J Bennett (Chairman)

R L French

D B Rousham

D J Guereca

S Harrison

Secretary

K Dosanjh

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP 1 More London Place London SE1 2AF

Registered Office

Waterside PO Box 365 Harmondsworth UB7 0GB

Directors' report

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2005.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, was £104,560 (2004 – profit of £310,462). No dividend was recommended for the year (2004–£1,555,000).

Principal activities and review of business developments

The Company provides travel facilities and assistance in the UK to persons travelling to and from the Middle East, Africa and Indian subcontinent and the Far East with the objective of increasing traffic on British Airways' scheduled services.

Future developments

The directors have decided to cease the activities of British Airways Visitors' Services Limited in 2006 because there is no longer enough demand for the services offered to ensure it remains a viable business.

Directors and their interests

The directors who served during the year were as follows:

B J Bennett (Chairman)

A M Dormer (resigned 10 September 2004) R L French (appointed 8 December 2004)

D B Rousham D J Guereca S Harrison

None of the directors had any beneficial interests in the shares of the Company either at 31 March 2005 or at 31 March 2004.

The directors' interests in the share capital of British Airways Plc, and in the 9.75% Convertible Capital Bonds 2005 of British Airways Capital Limited, are as follows:

	Ordinary shares o	of 25p each	Options t	o subscribe
	Subject to		to Executive Share	
	no restrictions		Optio	on Schemes
	31 March	I April	31 March	1 April
	2005	2004*	2005	2004*
B Bennett	_	-	184,616	143,204
R French	1,333	1,333	63,910	50,552
D Guereca	11	11	4,580	_
D B Rousham	1,839	1,839	52,830	43,289
S Harrison			15,726	7,643

^{*} or at date of appointment if later.

Ms Bennett also had 17,020 options under the Conditional Share Options - Long Term Incentive Plan 1996 (1 April 2005: nil).

The options under the Executive Share Options Schemes are at prices ranging from £1.57 to £4.19 per share.

No director exercised share options during the year.

Company secretary

A K Buchanan resigned as Secretary on 10 September and K K Dosanih was appointed on that date.

Directors' report

Liability insurance

The ultimate parent undertaking maintains a directors' and officers' liability insurance covering its subsidiary undertakings.

Auditors

The Company has passed elective resolutions in accordance with the provisions of sections 386(1) and 379(A) of the Companies Act 1985, and Ernst & Young LLP will automatically continue in office as auditors.

On behalf of the Board

Company Secretary

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditors' report

to the members of British Airways Visitors' Services Limited

We have audited the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2005 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 16. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 March 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young LLP
Registered Auditor

London

10 JANWARY 2006

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 March 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
Turnover Cost of sales	2	738,170 (697,816)	1,149,068 (894,023)
Gross profit		40,354	255,045
Operating profit	3	40,354	255,045
Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets Interest receivable	6	69,545	53,175
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	109,899 (139)	308,220 2,242
Profit for the year Dividend	8	109,760	310,462 (1,555,000)
Profit/(loss) retained for the financial year		109,760	(1,244,538)

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

for the year ended 31 March 2005

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit attributable to the shareholders of the Company of £109,760 in the year ended 31 March 2005 and the profit of £310,462 in the year ended 31 March 2004.

Balance sheet

at 31 March 2005

		2005	2004
	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets	•		
Tangible assets	9	14,162	19,966
Current assets			
Debtors	10	167,477	36,655
Cash at bank and in hand		· -	38
		167,477	36,693
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(15,220)	
Net current assets		152,257	36,693
Total assets less current liabilities		166,419	56,659
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	12	1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account	. 13	165,419	55,659
	13	166,419	56,659

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by

Beverley Bennett

Director 10th January 2006

at 31 March 2005

1. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write-off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value based on prices prevailing at the date of acquisition or revaluation, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life. Plant and equipment is depreciated over seven years on a monthly basis.

Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax on all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less, tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised where the directors consider it more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on a non discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date.

Pensions

Contributions to the British Airways' New Airways Pension Scheme (NAPS), a defined benefit scheme, are made on the basis of independent actuarial advice and charged in the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost over the remaining service lives of the employees.

Statement of cash flows

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of British Airways Plc, and the parent undertaking prepares a consolidated statement of cash flows, the Company is exempt from the requirement to present a statement of cash flows.

at 31 March 2005

2. Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoiced value of sales of services, excluding value added tax, and is attributable to one continuing activity, which is primarily the provision of travel facilities and assistance in the UK for passengers on British Airways' scheduled services.

Turnover, attributable to geographical markets, is as follows:

	2003	2004
	£	£
Africa, Middle East and Indian subcontinent	160,181	650,857
Far East	577,989	431,776
The Americas	-	40,273
Europe	-	26,162
	738,170	1,149,068
		=======================================

2005

2004

3. Operating profit

This is stated after charging:

	2005	2004
	£	£
Depreciation of fixed assets	5,804	5,803

The Auditors' remuneration is borne by British Airways Plc on behalf of BA Visitors' Services Limited.

4. Directors' emoluments

No director received any remuneration during the year (2004 - £nil).

All of the directors qualify for a defined benefit pension scheme provided by the Company's parent undertaking.

5. Staff costs

	2005	2004
	£	£
Wages and salaries	506,348	613,254
Social security costs	28,497	34,732
Other pension costs	32,971	37,456
	567,816	685,442

at 31 March 2005

5. Staff costs	(continued)
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The average number of employees during	ng the year was as follows:
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	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:		
		2005 No.	2004 No.
	Administration Services	3 39	5 59
		42	64
6.	Interest receivable	2025	•
		2005 £	2004 £
	Interest receivable from parent undertaking	69,545	53,175
7.	Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
	(a) Analysis of charge/(credit) for the year		
		2005 £	2004 £
	Current tax: Tax charge for the year	-	_
	Deferred tax: Accelerated capital allowances (Over)/under provision in previous years	139	(1,740) (502)
		139	(2,242)

at 31 March 2005

8.

7. Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

(b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The current tax charge for the year is less than the profit at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%). The differences are explained below:

	2005	2004
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard	109,899	308,220
rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2004 – 30%) Effects of:	32,970	92,466
Accelerated capital allowances Free group relief from group members	(139) (32,831)	1,740 (94,206)
Current tax charge for the year as above	_	
(c) Deferred tax asset	==	
The movements in deferred taxation were as follows:		
The movements in deterror manager were as renows.	2005	2004
	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances Other timing differences	(1,387)	(1,526) -
	(1,387)	(1,526)
	2005	
	£	
Deferred tax asset at start of year	(1,526)	
Profit and loss account charge for the year – current year Depreciation in excess of/(less than) capital allowances	139	
Deferred tax asset at end of year	(1,387)	
Dividends	***	2007
	2005 £	2004 £
Equity dividends on ordinary shares – interim paid	_	1,555,000
		=====

at 31 March 2005

9.	Tangible fixed assets		
			Plant and
			equipment
	Cost:		£
	At 1 April 2004		40,623
	At 31 March 2005		40,623
	Depreciation:		
	At 1 April 2004		20,657
	Provided during the year	•	5,804
	At 31 March 2005		26,461
	Net book value:		
	At 31 March 2005		14,162
			<u> </u>
	At 31 March 2004		19,966
10	Debtors		
10.	Deptors	2005	2004
		£	£
	Amounts due from parent undertaking Deferred tax asset	166,090 1,387	35,129
	Deterred tax asset	1,367	1,526
		167,477	36,655
11.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	and the state of t	2005	2004
		£	£
	A	15 200	
	Accruals	15,200	-

at 31 March 2005

12. Share capital

	2005	2004
Authorised	£	£
50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
	====	
Allotted, called up and fully paid	£	£
1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000

13. Reconciliation of shareholders' funds and movements on reserves

	Share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 April 2003	1,000	1,300,197	1,301,197
Profit for the year		310,462	310,462
Dividend		(1,555,000)	(1,555,000)
At 1 April 2003	1,000	55,659	56,659
Profit for the year		109,760	109,760
At 31 March 2004	1,000	165,419	166,419

14. Pensions costs

As a subsidiary, British Airways Visitors' Services Limited participates in the British Airways Plc group pension schemes and contributions are based upon pension costs across the group as a whole.

British Airways operates two funded principal defined benefit pension schemes in the United Kingdom, the Airways Pension Scheme (APS) and the New Airways Pension Scheme (NAPS) both of which are closed to new members. APS has been closed to new members since March 31, 1984 and NAPS closed to new members on March 31, 2003. From April 1, 2003 British Airways commenced a new defined contribution scheme, the British Airways Retirement Plan (BARP), of which all new permanent employees over the age of 18 employed by the Company and certain subsidiary undertakings in the United Kingdom may become members. The assets of these schemes are held in separate trustee-administered funds. Benefits provided under APS are based on final average pensionable pay and, for the majority of members, are subject to increases in payment in line with the Retail Price Index. Those provided under NAPS are based on final average pensionable pay reduced by an amount (the "abatement") not exceeding one and a half times the Government's lower earnings limit. NAPS benefits are subject to Retail Price Index increases in payment up to a maximum of 5 per cent in any one year.

Most employees engaged outside the United Kingdom are covered by appropriate local arrangements.

Standard employees' contributions range from 5.75 per cent to 8.5 per cent of full pensionable pay in APS, and from 3.75 per cent to 8.5 per cent of full pensionable pay less the abatement in NAPS.

at 31 March 2005

14. Pensions costs (continued)

The latest actuarial valuations of APS and NAPS were made as at March 31, 2003 by an independent firm of qualified actuaries, Watson Wyatt LLP, using the attained age method for APS and the projected unit method for NAPS. At the date of the actuarial valuation the market values of the assets of APS and NAPS amounted to £5,421 million and £3,184 million respectively. The value of the assets represented 101% (APS) and 78% (NAPS) of the value of the benefits that had accrued to members after allowing for assumed increases in earnings. These valuations showed that an employers' contribution equal to an average of 3.75 times the standard employees' contributions from November 1, 2003 (nil prior to November 1, 2003) was appropriate for APS. For NAPS the corresponding regular employers' contribution was 2.8 times the standard employees' contributions from January 1, 2004 (3.0 times from April 1, 2003 to December 31, 2003 including a multiple of 0.5 to cover the deficit contributions) in addition to deficit contributions of £9.56 million per month increasing each April in line with inflation for a period of 10 years.

The pension costs for the Schemes are assessed in accordance with the advice of an independent qualified actuary. For these purposes valuations of the Schemes were carried out as at March 31, 2003 using the attained age method for APS and the projected unit method for NAPS. The principal assumptions adopted were that investments would return 3.1% per annum in real terms (ahead of price inflation assumed to be 2.5% per annum) for APS and 4.6% per annum in real terms for NAPS. Annual increases in earnings were assumed to remain level with price inflation for the five years following March 31, 2003 and thereafter increase at 1.5% ahead of price inflation. Limited Price Indexation increases awarded to pensions in payment are assumed on average to follow the rate of inflation. On this basis the regular cost is 25.41% of pensionable pay for APS and 14.16% of pensionable pay for NAPS. Any SSAP 24 surplus or deficit has been amortised over the remaining service lives of members of the Scheme and this leads to a variation in cost of (20.21)% of pensionable pay for APS and 10.06% of pensionable pay for NAPS.

The total pension costs (calculated as set out above for APS and NAPS), including pension augmentation payments, charged in the accounts were:

		Group
	2005	2004
	£m	£m
Airways Pension Scheme	5	9
New Airways Pension Scheme	182	183
British Airways Retirement Plan	2	
Other pension schemes and provident funds		
- mainly outside the United Kingdom	56	36
	245	228
		=

Employer contributions in respect of overseas employees have been determined in accordance with best local practice.

There was a pension prepayment of £54 million as at March 31, 2005 (March 31, 2004: provision of £20 million). The pension prepayment arises due to the difference between the amounts recognised as cost and the amounts paid directly.

at 31 March 2005

14. Pensions costs (continued)

FRS 17 DISCLOSURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

The group has continued to account for pensions in accordance with SSAP 24. The following additional disclosures are required in accordance with FRS 17 'Retirement Benefits'.

		Group		Group
		At		At
		March 31,		March 31,
		2005		2004
	APS and	Other	APS and	Other
	NAPS	schemes	NAPS	schemes
%p.a.				
Inflation	2.8	3.0 - 4.0	2.5	3.0 – 4.0
Rate of increase in salaries	2.8*	1.5 - 6.0	2.5*	1.5 - 6.0
Rate of increase of pensions in payment	2.7	1.7 - 5.0**	2.5	2.0 - 7.5
Rate of increase for deferred pensioners	2.8	3.0 - 5.5	2.5	3.0 - 5.5
Discount rate	5.4	2.0 - 7.0	5.6	2.0 - 9.0

^{*} Rate of increase in salaries is 2.8 per cent per annum for three years and 4.3 per cent per annum thereafter (2004: Rate of increase in salaries is 2.5 per cent per annum for four years and 4.0 per cent per annum thereafter).

^{**} Excludes rate of increase on post-retirement medical benefit liabilities provided in the United States. Market values of the schemes' assets at March 31, 2005 were:

			Group			Group
		At Mai	ch 31, 2005		At Ma	rch 31, 2004
	APS and	Other		APS and	Other	
	NAPS	schemes	Total	NAPS	schemes	Total
Equities	5,054	186	5,240	4,669	170	4,839
Bonds	4,627	104	4,731	4,456	64	4,520
Others	914	1	915	642	59	701
	10,595	291	10,886	9,767	293	10,060
	=					=
			At			At
			March 31,			March 31,
	Ехре	ected rate of	2005	Expe	cted rate of	2004
	1	return % pa	Other	r	eturn % pa	Other
	APS	NAPS	schemes	APS	NAPS	schemes
Equities	8.5	8.5	6.0 – 9.5	8.4	8.4	6.0 - 9.5
Bonds	4.7	4.8	3.0 - 7.0	4.4	4.7	3.0 - 9.0
Others	5.6	5.3	3.0 - 8.0	5.9	5.6	3.0
	6.0	7.4	$5.\overline{0 - 8.25}$	5.8	7.3	3.0 - 9.0

at 31 March 2005

14. Pensions costs (continued)

If the requirements of FRS 17 had been recognised in the financial statements, the defined benefit costs for the year ended March 31, 2005 would be as follows:

			Group			Group	
		At March 31, 2005			At March 31,		
	APS and	Other		APS and	Other		
	NAPS	schemes	Total	NAPS	schemes	Total	
Current service cost	178	13	191	162	11	173	
Past service cost	5	_	5	15	-	15	
	183	13	196	177	11	188	
Amounts charged to other	finance inco	ome:					
Interest on pension	(02	26	600	£ 4.5	2.4	240	
scheme liabilities Expected return on assets	603	26	629	545	24	569	
in the pension scheme	(599)	(20)	(619)	(522)	(13)	(535)	
Net charge/(income) to		·		····			
other finance income	4	6	10	23	11	34	
Total profit and loss charg	 ge						
Before deduction for tax	187	19	206	200	22	222	
						===	

If the requirements of FRS 17 had been recognised in the financial statements, the group's statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended March 31, 2005 would have been:

			Group			
		At March 31, 2005			At March 31, 2004	
4	APS and	S and Other		APS and	Other	
	NAPS	schemes	Total	NAPS	schemes	Total
£million						
Differences between actual and expected returns on						
assets	(389)	(1)	(390)	(885)	(28)	(913)
Experience loss on liabilities	108	(2)	106	625	4	629
Loss on change of assumptions (financial and		\				v 2 ,
demographic)	746	21	767	310	7	317
Total loss/(gain) recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses						
before adjustment for tax	465	18	483	50	(17)	33
			=====			

at 31 March 2005

14. Pensions costs (continued)

The following amounts for the year ended March 31, 2005 were measured in accordance with the requirements of FRS 17:

			Group			Group
		At March 31, 2005			At March 31, 2004	
	APS and	Other		APS and	Other	
	NAPS	schemes	Total	NAPS	schemes	Total
(Gain)/loss on scheme	assets:					
Amount (£ million)	(389)	(1)	(390)	(885)	(28)	(913)
Percentage of scheme a	assets	` ´	` ,	` ,	` /	,
at year end (%)	(3.7)	(0.3)	(3.6)	(9.1)	(9.6)	(9.1)
Experience (gain)/loss	on scheme liab	ilities:				
Amount (£ million)	108	(2)	106	625	4	629
Percentage of scheme l	iabilities					
at year end (%)	0.9	(0.5)	0.8	5.7	0.9	5.5
Total actuarial loss/(ga	in) recognised i	n statement of to	otal recognis	ed gains and lo	osses:	
Amount (£ million)	465	18	483	50	(17)	33
Percentage of scheme l	iabilities				` /	
at year end (%)	3.8	4.1	3.8	0.5	(3.7)	0.3
				=		=

The following amounts at March 31, 2005 were measured in accordance with the requirements of FRS 17.

		Group			Group	
	At Marc	h 31, 2005		At Marc	h 31, 2004	
APS and	APS and	Other	ier	APS and	Other	
NAPS	schemes	Total	NAPS	schemes	Total	
10,595	291	10,886	9,767	293	10,060	
12,126	442	12,568	10,907	459	11,366	
(1,531)	(151)	(1,682)	(1,140)	(166)	(1,306)	
(301)	-	(301)	(385)	_	(385)	
					-	
(1.832)	(151)	(1.983)	(1.525)	(166)	(1,691)	
550	45	² 595	458	50	508	
(1,282)	(106)	(1,388)	(1,067)	(116)	(1,183)	
	NAPS 10,595 12,126 (1,531) (301) (1,832) 550	APS and Other NAPS schemes 10,595 291 12,126 442 (1,531) (151) (301) - (1,832) (151) 550 45	At March 31, 2005 APS and Other Schemes Total 10,595 291 10,886 12,126 442 12,568 (1,531) (151) (1,682) (301) - (301) (1,832) (151) (1,983) 550 45 595	At March 31, 2005 APS and Other Schemes Total NAPS 10,595 291 10,886 9,767 12,126 442 12,568 10,907 (1,531) (151) (1,682) (1,140) (301) - (301) (385) (1,832) (151) (1,983) (1,525) 550 45 595 458	At March 31, 2005 At March 31, 2005 APS and NAPS Other schemes APS and NAPS Other schemes 10,595 291 10,886 9,767 293 12,126 442 12,568 10,907 459 (1,531) (151) (1,682) (1,140) (166) (301) - (301) (385) - (1,832) (151) (1,983) (1,525) (166) 550 45 595 458 50	

at 31 March 2005

14. Pensions costs (continued)

If the above amounts had been recognised in the financial statements, the group's net assets and profit and loss reserve at March 31, 2005 would be as follows:

	At	At
	March 31,	March 31,
	2005	2004
£ million		
Net assets excluding pension liability	2,684	2,428
Pension liability, net of related deferred tax, and SSAP 24 provisions	(1,442)	(1,163)
Net assets including pension liability	1,242	1,265
Profit and loss reserve excluding pension liability	1,177	897
Pension liability	(1,442)	(1,163)
Profit and loss reserve	(265)	(266)

The amounts above have been calculated after taking account of pensions prepayments and provisions for pension and other post-retirement benefits, net of related deferred tax.

Analysis of the movement in deficit in the schemes during the year:

			Group			Group
		At Marc	At March 31, 2004			
	APS and	Other		APS and	Other	
	NAPS	schemes	Total	NAPS	schemes	Total
£ million						
(Deficit)/surplus before						
irrecoverable surplus and						
impact of deferred tax at						
April 1	(1,140)	(166)	(1,306)	(1,064)	(197)	(1,261)
Contributions paid	261	52	313	174	36	210
Current service cost	(178)	(13)	(191)	(162)	(11)	(173)
Past service cost	(5)	0	(5)	(15)		(15)
Other finance (charge)/inc	come (4)	(6)	(10)	(23)	(11)	(34)
Actuarial (loss)/gain	(465)	(18)	(483)	(50)	17	(33)
Deficit before irrecoverab surplus and impact of deferred tax at March 31	le				<u> </u>	
deferred tax at iviates 51	(1,531)	(151)	(1,682)	(1,140)	(166)	(1,306)

15. Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of FRS 8, which exempts subsidiary undertakings, 90%, or more of whose voting rights are controlled within the group, from disclosing transactions with entities that are part of the group or investees of the group qualifying as related parties.

at 31 March 2005

16. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is British Airways Plc, a Company registered in England.

The smallest and largest group of undertakings, for which group financial statements are drawn up and of which the Company is a member, is British Airways Plc.

Copies of the financial statements of British Airways Plc can be obtained by writing to the Secretary, British Airways Plc, Waterside, PO Box 365, Harmondsworth, UB7 0GB.