COMPANY NUMBER: 1460104

SILVERGRAD LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30TH SEPTEMBER 2001



CROUCH CHAPMAN Chartered Accountants 62 Wilson Street London EC2A 2BU

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2001

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# COMPANY INFORMATION AS AT 30TH SEPTEMBER 2001

DIRECTOR: A.J. Langton

SECRETARY: R.E. Attwell

REGISTERED OFFICE: 62 Wilson Street

London EC2A 2BU

REGISTERED NUMBER: 1460104

AUDITORS: Crouch Chapman

Chartered Accountants

62 Wilson Street

London EC2A 2BU

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR

The director presents his annual report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30th September 2001.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company is property holding and renting part of its portfolio to other members of the Aylesford Holdings Limited group of companies.

#### **DIRECTOR AND HIS INTERESTS**

The director in office in the year and his beneficial interest in the ultimate parent company at the balance sheet date and the beginning of the year was as follows:

Ordinary Shares of £1 Each 30 September 2001 30 September 2000

#### A.J. LANGTON

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Aylesford Holdings Limited. The director has no beneficial interest in the shares of that company.

#### DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the director is required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### **CLOSE COMPANY**

The company is a close company, as defined by the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR

- continued

#### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Crouch Chapman, will be proposed for re-appointment in accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

#### SMALL COMPANIES EXEMPTION

In preparing this report, the director has taken advantage of the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

62 Wilson Street London EC2A 2BU BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

R.E. ATTWELL Secretary

2 1 JUN 2002

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SILVERGRAD LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Silvergrad Limited for the year ended 30th September 2001 on pages 5 to 10. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 7.

#### Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the Annual Report and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Directors' Report. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

#### Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30th September 2001 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

62 Wilson Street London EC2A 2BU

> Chartered Accountents Registered Auditors

28 JUN 2002

### PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2001

	Notes	2001 £	2000 £
TURNOVER Cost of sales	1	92,011 (21,405)	25,000 (300)
GROSS PROFIT		70,606	24,700
Administrative expenses		(26,228)	(13,309)
OPERATING PROFIT	2	44,378	11,391
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3	(8,595)	(7,575)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		35,783	3,816
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT BROUGHT FORWARD		311,720	307,904
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT CARRIED FORWARD		347,503	311,720

#### **CONTINUING OPERATIONS**

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the above two financial years.

# TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit or loss for the above two financial years.

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

# BALANCE SHEET 30TH SEPTEMBER 2001

FIXED ASSETS	Notes	£	2001 £	£	2000 £
Tangible assets	4		909,943		909,943
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank	5	261,119		211,359	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(20,002)		211,360 (6,014)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			241,129		205,346
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABI	LITIES		1,151,072		1,115,289
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due in more than one year	7		(384,000)		(384,000)
			767,072 ———	:	731,289
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital Revaluation reserve Profit and loss account	9 10		200 419,369 347,503		200 419,369 311,720
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	11		767,072		731,289

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

Approved by the Board on

2 1 JUN 2002

----) DIRECTOR

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form part of these financial statements

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2001

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of freehold land and buildings and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

#### Cash Flow

The accounts do not include a cash flow statement because the company, as a small reporting entity, is exempt from the requirement to prepare such a statement under Financial Reporting Standard 1 "Cash Flow Statements".

#### <u>Turnover</u>

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax and services rendered during the year.

#### Related Party Transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available under Financial Reporting Standard number 8, not to disclose material transactions with related parties.

#### Freehold and Long Leasehold Property

The freehold and long leasehold property is maintained as a matter of company policy by a programme of repair and refurbishment such that the residual value is at least equal to the book value. Having regard to this, it is the opinion of the directors that depreciation of the property as required by the Companies Act 1985 and Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 12, would not be material.

# **Deferred Taxation**

Provision is made for deferred taxation, using the liability method, on short term timing differences and all other material timing differences which are not expected to continue in the foreseeable future.

2. OPERATING PROFIT	2001	2000
	£	£
Operating profit is stated after charging:		
Auditors' remuneration	850	800

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

3. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		2001 £	2000
The taxation charge comprises: UK corporation tax at 20% (2000: 20%) (Over)/Underprovision for previous year		8,874 (279)	£ 2,614 4,961
		8,595	7,575
		•	
4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Freehold Property £	Long Leasehold £	Total £
COST AND VALUATION	-		т,
At 1st October 2000	483,118	426,825	909,943
At 30th September 2001	483,118	426,825	909,943
			£
Cost Valuation 1985			63,749 239,369
Valuation 1989			180,000
			483,118
		·	483,118

No provision has been made in the financial statements for depreciation of freehold or long leasehold property.

2001	2000
£	£
259,169	159,097
1,950	52,262
261,119	211,359
	£ 259,169 1,950

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- continued

6.	CREDITORS	2001 £	2000 £
	Amounts falling due within one year: Corporation tax Accruals and deferred income Other creditors	3,709 4,250 12,043	2,614 3,400
		20,002	6,014
7.	CREDITORS	2001 £	2000 £
	Amounts falling due in more than one year: Bank loan	384,000	384,000
8.	BORROWINGS	2001 £	2000 £
	The company's borrowings are repayable as follows: Up to one year and on demand Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years	43,069 340,931 ————————————————————————————————————	15,246 368,754 ————————————————————————————————————
9.	SHARE CAPITAL Authorised:	2001 £	2000 £
	Equity interests: 100 ordinary shares of £1 each 100 deferred shares of £1 each	100	100 100 ———————————————————————————————
	Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid: Equity interests		
	100 ordinary shares of £1 each 100 deferred shares of £1 each	100 100	100 100
		200	200 ——

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

10.	REVALUATION RESERVE	2001 £	2000 £
	Balance at 1st October 2000	419,369	419,369
	Balance at 30th September 2001	419,369	419,369
11.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	2001 £	2000 £
	Profit for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds	35,783 731,289	3,816 727,4 <b>7</b> 3
	Closing shareholders' funds	767,072	731,289
	REPRESENTED BY: Equity interests	767,072 	731,289

### 12. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The holding company is Aylesford Holdings Limited, a company registered in England. The ultimate holding company is Grange Nominees Limited, a company registered in Guernsey.