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SHIPTON MILL LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **30TH MARCH 2012** 

## **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 01458168**

GRANT THORNTON
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor 24 - 26 City Quay Dublin 2 Ireland

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

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## OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

The director

John Lister

Company secretary

David Roberts

Registered office

Shipton Mill Long Newnton Tetbury Gloucester GL8 8RP

Auditor

Grant Thornton
Chartered Accountants
& Statutory Auditor
24 - 26 City Quay
Dublin 2

Ireland

Bankers

Handelsbanken Bristol branch 40 Queen Square

Bristol BS1 4QP

**Solicitors** 

Burges Salmon Narrow Quay House Narrow Quay Bristol BS1 4AH

#### THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT (continued)

#### PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

The director has pleasure in presenting his report and the financial statements of the company for the period from 26th March 2011 to 30th March 2012

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company during the period was the milling of flour. The results for the year are in line with expectations

A significant investment in an automated packing plant was completed during the year. The total amount invested over this year and the previous year was £849,317

The director is satisfied with the trading results for the year

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The director considers that the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the company are in the following categories

#### Economic risk

The risk of increased interest rates and/or inflation may have an adverse impact on served markets

#### Competition risk

The director of the company manages competition risk through close attention to customer service levels and sourcing competitive products

#### Financial risk

All key financial figures are monitored on an ongoing basis

#### People in our business

The continued success of the company has been achieved by the people working in it. There are many quality members of staff and the relatively low turnover of personnel reflects the general policy of providing good terms and conditions of employment while dealing with staff as well as the other stakeholders in the business, in a fair and consistent manner

## **Key Performance Indicators**

The company considers the following measures to be important indicators of the underlying performance of the business

## Operating margin

Operating margin for the company was 5 8% compared with 2 0% in 2011

#### Gross margin

Gross margin for the company was 25 19% compared with 29 6% in 2011

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The results for the period are set out in the company profit and loss account on page 6 Profit for the financial period after taxation and before dividends was £743,465 (2011 - £144,686)

#### THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT (continued)

#### PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

#### THE DIRECTOR AND HIS INTERESTS IN THE SHARES OF THE PARENT COMPANY

The director who served the company during the period together with his beneficial interests in the shares of the parent company was as follows

A shares of £1 each in the parent company
At
At
30 March 2012
26 March 2011

John Lister

#### **DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES**

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the director is required to

select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,

make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,

prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the director is aware

there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and

the director has taken all steps that he ought to have taken to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

#### **AUDITOR**

Grant Thornton are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

Signed by order of the director

David Roberts
Company Secretary

Approved by the director on 21 December 2012

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SHIPTON MILL LIMITED FOR THE PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

We have audited the financial statements of Shipton Mill Limited for the period from 26th March 2011 to 30th March 2012 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet and the related notes The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTOR AND AUDITOR

As explained more fully in the Director's Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### **OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30th March 2012 and of its profit for the period then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice,
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### OPINION ON OTHER MATTERS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Director's Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SHIPTON MILL LIMITED FOR THE PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012 (continued)

## MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the director was not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the director's report

CONOR BL

ACKWELL FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of GRANT THORNTON Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

24 - 26 City Quay Dublin 2 Ireland

21 December 2012

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

## PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

	Note	Period from 26 Mar 11 to 30 Mar 12 £	Period from 27 Mar 10 to 25 Mar 11 £
TURNOVER	2	15,681,083	12,317,283
Cost of sales		(12,024,261)	(8,871,375)
GROSS PROFIT		3,656,822	3,445,908
Distribution costs Administrative expenses Other operating income		(791,299) (1,956,644) 4,886	(640,256) (2,558,755) 5,536
OPERATING PROFIT	3	913,765	252,433
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	6 7	29,614 (131,784)	59,410 (119,536)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		811,595	192,307
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	(68,130)	(47,621)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		743,465	144,686

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the period as set out above

The notes on pages 9 to 22 form part of these financial statements.

## NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES

## PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

	Period from 26 Mar 11 to 30 Mar 12 £	Period from 27 Mar 10 to 25 Mar 11 £
Reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation	811,595	192,307
Difference between a historical cost depreciation charge and the actual charge calculated on the revalued amount	48,667	48,667
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation	860,262	240,974
Historical cost profit for the period after taxation	792,132	193,353

The notes on pages 9 to 22 form part of these financial statements.

## **BALANCE SHEET**

## **30TH MARCH 2012**

		30 Mai	r 12	25 Mar	- 11
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	10		5,740,961		5,401,672
Investments	11		1		750,001
			5,740,962		6,151,673
			2,110,502		0,151,015
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	12	865,796		1,155,229	
Debtors	13	1,792,598		2,430,148	
Cash at bank and in hand		306,926		377,780	
		2,965,320		3,963,157	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
within one year	14	1,965,760		4,145,119	
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITI	ES)		999,560		(181,962)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LI	ABILITI	ES	6,740,522		5,969,711
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
after more than one year	15		1,030,878		321,662
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred taxation	19		184,628		116,498
			5,525,016		5,531,551
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	24		1,000		1,000
Share premium account	25		9,900		9,900
Revaluation reserve			2,457,306		2,457,306
Profit and loss account	26		3,056,810		3,063,345
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	27		5,525,016		5,531,551

These financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 21 December 2012

John Lister Director

Company Registration Number 01458168

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets

#### Consolidation

The company was, at the end of the period, a wholly-owned subsidiary of another company incorporated in the EEA and in accordance with Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006, is not required to produce, and has not published, consolidated accounts

#### Cash flow statement

The director has availed of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and its parent publishes a consolidated cash flow statement

#### Turnover

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company for goods supplied and services provided, excluding Value Added Tax and trade discounts

#### Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Certain properties have been valued on an 'Existing Use' basis while other properties have been deemed to be so specialised that they are valued on a 'Depreciated Replacement Cost' basis Revaluation surpluses have been credited to the revaluation reserve in shareholders' equity. It is company policy to revalue its freehold property every three to five years in line with Financial Reporting Standard 15 'Tangible Fixed Assets'

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or revaluation of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Freehold Property

- 2% straight line

Leasehold Property

15 years over lease term

Plant & Machinery

- 6% - 50% straight line

Motor Vehicles - 20% straight line

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present condition and location. Net realisable value is based upon anticipated selling prices less further costs expected to be incurred in the sale and distribution. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account at a constant rate of charge on the balance of capital repayments outstanding

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account at a constant rate of charge on the balance of capital repayments outstanding, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

#### Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Investments**

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any permanent diminution in value

## 2 TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the company

An analysis of turnover is given below

Period from	Period from
26 Mar 11 to	27 Mar 10 to
30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
£	£
15,681,083	12,317,283
	26 Mar 11 to 30 Mar 12 £

## 3 OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting)

	Period from 26 Mar 11 to 30 Mar 12 £	Period from 27 Mar 10 to 25 Mar 11 £
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	312,489	292,783
Depreciation of assets held under hire purchase and fina		
lease agreements	53,893	58,750
Profit on disposal of fixed assets Auditor's remuneration	(4,000)	(503)
- as auditor	20,000	19,000
Operating lease costs		
- Other	74,440	74,440
Net loss on foreign currency translation	19,024	68,652

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

## 4. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of staff employed by the company during the financial period amounted to

	Period from 26 Mar 11 to 30 Mar 12 No	Period from 27 Mar 10 to 25 Mar 11 No
Average number of employees	50	49
The aggregate payroll costs of the above were		
	Period from 26 Mar 11 to 30 Mar 12 £	Period from 27 Mar 10 to 25 Mar 11 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	1,230,211 119,710 4,215	965,709 118,195 4,215
	1,354,136	1,088,119

## 5. DIRECTOR'S REMUNERATION

The director's aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying services were

	Period from 26 Mar 11 to 30 Mar 12	Period from 27 Mar 10 to 25 Mar 11
	£	£
Remuneration receivable Value of company pension contributions to money	46,014	64,722
purchase schemes	452	452
	46,466	65,174

The number of directors who accrued benefits under company pension schemes was as follows

	Period from	Period from
	26 Mar 11 to	27 Mar 10 to
	30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
	No	No
Money purchase schemes	1	1
* *	<del></del>	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

6.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE		
		Period from 26 Mar 11 to 30 Mar 12 £	Period from 27 Mar 10 to 25 Mar 11 £
	Bank interest receivable Interest from group undertakings	127 29,487 29,614	53 59,357 59,410
7	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		Period from 26 Mar 11 to 30 Mar 12 £	Period from 27 Mar 10 to 25 Mar 11 £
	Interest payable on bank borrowing Finance charges Other similar charges payable	44,442 9,076 78,266 131,784	38,865 7,517 73,154 119,536
8.	TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	(a) Analysis of charge in the period		
		Period from 26 Mar 11 to 30 Mar 12 £	Period from 27 Mar 10 to 25 Mar 11 £
	Current tax		
	UK Corporation tax based on the results for the period at 26 03% (2011 - 21%)  Total current tax	<del>-</del> -	$\frac{12,600}{12,600}$
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences  Tax on profit on ordinary activities	68,130 68,130	35,021 47,621

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

## 8. TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (continued)

## (b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the period is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26 03% (2011 - 21%)

	Period from	Period from
	26 Mar 11 to	27 Mar 10 to
	30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	811,595	192,307
·		-
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax	211,258	40,384
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	55,892	15,621
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(84,306)	(32,997)
Income not taxable	(192,180)	-
Group relief losses surrendered	8,107	-
Unrelieved tax losses and other deductions	1,251	(432)
Group relief claimed	•	(9,977)
Sundry tax adjusting items	(22)	1
Total current tax (note 8(a))		12,600
10101 0011 0111 (11010 0(4))		12,000

## 9. DIVIDENDS

#### Equity dividends

Equity dividends		
	Period from	Period from
	26 Mar 11 to	27 Mar 10 to
	30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
	£	£
Paid during the year		
Equity dividends on ordinary shares	750,000	<u>-</u>

## 10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Brought forward 26 Mar 11 £	Additions £	Disposals £	Transfers £	Carried forward 30 Mar 12 £
COST OR VALUATION					
Freehold Property	2,960,920	10,761	_	_	2,971,681
Plant & Machinery	4,470,066	614,960	_	259,647	5,344,673
Motor Vehicles	950,474	79,950	(11,725)	_	1,018,699
Leasehold Property	23,500	_	-	_	23,500
Assets under construction	259,647	_	-	(259,647)	· <del>-</del>
	8,664,607	705,671	(11,725)		9,358,553
		<del></del>			

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

## 10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (continued)

	Brought forward 26 Mar 11 £	Charges £	Disposals £		Carried forward 30 Mar 12 £
DEPRECIATION					
Freehold Property	67,155	67,458	_		134,613
Plant & Machinery	2,437,019	213,515	-		2,650,534
Motor Vehicles	756,802	83,842	(11,725)		828,919
Leasehold Property	1,959	1,567	_		3,526
Assets under construction	-	-	-		_
	3,262,935	366,382	(11,725)		3,617,592
				Brought forward 26 Mar 11 £	Carried forward 30 Mar 12 £
NET BOOK VALUE					
Freehold Property				2,893,765	2,837,068
Plant & Machinery				2,033,047	2,694,139
Motor Vehicles				193,672	189,780
Leasehold Property				21,541	19,974
Assets under construction				259,647	_
				5,401,672	5,740,961

The freehold property, comprising of two properties, were revalued in October 2010 by Chesterton Humberts and Smiths Gore, independent chartered surveyors. The basis of the valuation of one of the properties was Existing Use Value while the basis of the valuation of the other property was Depreciated Replacement Cost, in accordance with FRS 15 'Tangible Fixed Assets'. The total valuation at October 2010, which is not expected to significantly differ from the valuation at the balance sheet date, was £2,950,000. The valuation of the property on Existing Use Value was not significantly different from its Open Market Value.

In the opinion of the directors, the value of the freehold property is not less than the net book value shown above

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

#### 10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (continued)

In respect of certain fixed assets stated at valuations, the comparable historical cost and depreciation values are as follows

are as rollows	2012 £	2011 £
Net book value at end of period	2,836,676	2,882,981
Historical cost	922,194	727,213
Depreciation: At 26 Mar 11 Charge for period	263,665 18,436	248,650 15,015
At 30 Mar 12	282,101	263,665
Net historical cost value: At 30 Mar 12	640,093	463,548
At 26 Mar 11	658,529	478,563

#### Hire purchase and finance lease agreements

Included within the net book value of £5,740,961 is £499,072 (2011 - £Nil) relating to assets held under hire purchase agreements, and £45,883 (2011 - £92,692) relating to assets held under finance lease agreements. The depreciation charged in the period in respect of assets held under hire purchase agreements amounted to £7,574 (2011 - £Nil), and £46,319 (2011 - £58,750) in respect of assets held under finance lease agreements

Shares in group

## 11. INVESTMENTS

Unlisted subsidiary undertakings

<b>, ,</b>	companies brought forward
	£
COST	
At 26th March 2011	751,401
Disposals	(751,400)
At 30th March 2012	1
	<del></del>
AMOUNTS WRITTEN OFF	
At 26th March 2011	1,400
Written off in prior years written back	(1,400)
At 30th March 2012	-
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30th March 2012	1
At 25th March 2011	750,001

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

## 11. INVESTMENTS (continued)

These investments are analysed as follow

	£	£
	2012	2011
The Celtic Bakers Limited		
£1 'A' and 'B' Ordinary Shares		
£1 Fully Paid Redeemable Preference Shares	-	750,000
Finedon Mill Limited - £1 Ordinary Shares	-	1,400
Finedon Mill Limited - £1 Variable Preference Shares	-	-
Golden Sands Limited - £1 Ordinary Shares	1	1

At 30 March 2012 the aggregate amount of capital and reserves of Golden Sands Limited was £1 (2011 - £1) The company did not trade in the period ended 30 March 2012

During the period, the company disposed of its investment in The Celtic Bakers Limited (formerly Simply Bread Limited) to its parent company, Coinstone Limited, at its nominal value, £750,000

#### 12. STOCKS

	30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
	£	£
Raw materials	360,268	699,196
Finished goods	505,528	456,033
	865,796	1,155,229
	,	

#### 13. DEBTORS

30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
£	£
1,374,846	1,784,095
96,522	331,141
4,784	_
252,140	217,295
13,611	11,348
50,695	86,269
1,792,598	2,430,148
	£ 1,374,846 96,522 4,784 252,140 13,611 50,695

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

## 14. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
	£	£
Bank loans	147,283	7,506
Trade creditors	938,344	873,510
Corporation tax	-	12,600
Other taxation and social security	31,631	31,195
Hire purchase and finance lease agreements	112,165	51,665
Other creditors	277,527	272,054
Amounts owed to related party undertakings	_	261,389
Amounts owed to group undertakings	81,979	2,136,321
Accruals and deferred income	376,831	498,879
	1,965,760	4,145,119

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company

Ç	30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
	£	£
Bank loans	147,283	7,506
Obligations under finance leases	112,165	51,665
	259,448	59,171

The bank loans and overdrafts are secured by a legal mortgage over the freehold property, and a fixed and floating charge over the remaining assets of the company

## 15. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	616,943	
Hire purchase and finance lease agreements	413,935	49,609
Other creditors	_	272,053
	1,030,878	321,662

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company

	30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	616,943	_
Obligations under finance leases	413,935	49,609
	1,030,878	49,609

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

#### 16. CREDITORS - BANK LOANS

Creditors include finance capita	ıl which is due	for repayment as follows
----------------------------------	-----------------	--------------------------

	30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
	£	£
Amounts repayable		
In one year or less or on demand	147,283	7,506
In more than one year but not more than two years	154,462	_
In more than two years but not more than five years	462,481	_
	764,226	7,506

## 17. COMMITMENTS UNDER HIRE PURCHASE AND FINANCE LEASE AGREEMENTS

Future commitments under hire purchase and finance lease agreements are as follows

30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
£	£
112,165	51,665
107,772	21,950
306,163	27,659
526,100	101,274
	£ 112,165 107,772 306,163

The obligations under finance leases are secured upon the assets to which they relate

## 18. PENSIONS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees During the year, the company contributed £4,215 (2011 £4,215) to the scheme There is no outstanding liability at the year end

#### 19. DEFERRED TAXATION

The movement in the deferred tax provision during the period was

	Period from	Period from
	26 Mar 11 to	27 Mar 10 to
	30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
	£	£
Provision brought forward	116,498	81,477
Profit and loss account movement arising during the period	68,130	35,021
Provision carried forward	184,628	116,498

The provision for deferred tax consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of

	30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
	£	£
Excess of taxation allowances over depreciati	on on fixed	
assets	207,654	146,154
Tax losses available	(1,154)	-
Other timing differences	(21,872)	(29,656)
	184,628	116,498

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

#### 20. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 30th March 2012 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

	Land and buildings	
	30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
	£	£
Operating leases which expire		
After more than 5 years	55,440	55,440
•		-

#### 21. CONTINGENCIES

Handelsbanken Bristol holds a letter of guarantee in favour of HM Customs and Excise dated 14 December 2007 for £30,000

#### 22. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE DIRECTOR

	Period from 26 Mar 11 to 30 Mar 12	Period from 27 Mar 10 to 25 Mar 11
Opening balance	£ 11,348	£ 13,638
Net movement for the year	2,263	(2,290)
Closing balance	13,611	11,348

The balance was interest free and without fixed repayment terms

#### 23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has availed of the exemption provided in Financial Reporting Standard Number 8, "Related Party Disclosures", for group undertakings 100% of whose voting rights are controlled within the group headed by Coinstone Limited, from the requirement to give details of transactions with entities that are part of the group or investees of the group qualifying as related parties

Included within amounts owed by related party undertakings is an amount due from Finedon Mill Limited of £Nil (2011 £230,753) Finedon Mill Limited is related by virtue of ultimate common shareholder and director

Also included within amounts owed by related party undertakings is an amount due of £3,762 (2011 £30,636) and £1,022 (2011 £Nil) from Bibury Court Limited and Shiptinvest No 1 Limited respectively These companies are related by virtue of ultimate common director and shareholder

At 30 March 2012, John Lister a director of the company, owed the company £13,611 (2011 £11,348) Included in other income for the year is £2,700 (2011 - £2,700) payable by John Lister in respect of rent

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

24.	SH	ARE	CA	Pľ	TAL
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Authorised share capital:

	30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
	£	£
1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000

## Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	30 Mar 12		25	25 Mar 11	
	No	£	No	£	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	

## 25. SHARE PREMIUM ACCOUNT

There was no movement on the share premium account during the financial period

## 26. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	Period from	Period from
	26 Mar 11 to	27 Mar 10 to
	30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
	£	£
Balance brought forward	3,063,345	2,918,659
Profit for the financial period	743,465	144,686
Equity dividends	(750,000)	_
Balance carried forward	3,056,810	3,063,345

## 27 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

30 Mar 12	25 Mar 11
£	£
743,465	144,686
(750,000)	_
(6,535)	144,686
5,531,551	5,386,865
5,525,016	5,531,551
	743,465 (750,000) (6,535) 5,531,551

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## PERIOD FROM 26TH MARCH 2011 TO 30TH MARCH 2012

## 28. PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTIES

The parent undertaking and immediate controlling party of the company is Coinstone Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales, with a registered office at Shipton Mill, Long Newnton, Tetbury, Gloucestershire

The smallest and largest group in which the results of Shipton Mill Limited are consolidated is that headed by Coinstone Limited The consolidated financial statements of Coinstone Limited are available to the public

The ultimate controlling party is John Lister