

Goodman Price Demolition Limited

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended

31 December 2002

Company Registration No. 01446685



A25
COMPANIES HOUSE

AQS38R0U

0035
19/12/03

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO GOODMAN PRICE DEMOLITION LIMITED
UNDER SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985**

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 4, together with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2002 prepared under section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the registrar of companies and whether the accounts to be delivered are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of audit opinion

We have carried out the procedures we considered necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report did not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the financial statements.

Opinion

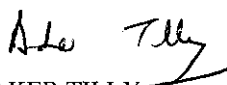
In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 4 are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

Other information

On 1 December 2003 we reported, as auditors of Goodman Price Demolition Limited, to the members on the financial statements prepared under section 226 of the Companies Act 1985 for the year ended 31 December 2002, and our audit report included the following paragraph:

"Going concern

In forming our opinion we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made on page 7 to the accounts concerning the continuing support of the company's bankers and shareholders. In view of the significance of this uncertainty we consider that it should be drawn to your attention but our opinion is not qualified in this respect."


BAKER TILLY

Registered Auditor
Chartered Accountants
The Clock House
140 London Road
Guildford
Surrey
GU1 1UW

1 December 2003

Goodman Price Demolition Limited

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 December 2002

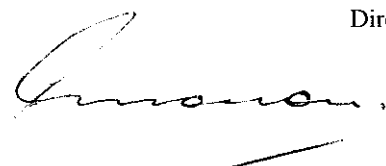
	Notes	2002 £	2001 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	1	132,025	161,823
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		49,658	-
Debtors		63,841	134,955
Cash at bank and in hand		301	122,958
		113,800	257,913
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		401,159	351,051
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(287,359)	(93,138)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		(155,334)	68,685
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES		-	(14,730)
		(155,334)	53,955
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	2	100	100
Profit and loss account		(155,434)	53,855
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		(155,334)	53,955

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

Approved by the board on 1 December 2003

T F Moxon

Director



Goodman Price Demolition Limited

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 31 December 2002

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

GOING CONCERN

The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through an overdraft facility which is repayable on demand.

The nature of the company's business is such that there can be considerable unpredictable variation in the timing of cash inflows. The directors consider that the company will continue to operate within the facility currently agreed.

However, the margin of facilities over requirements is not large and, inherently there can be no certainty in relation to these matters. On this basis, the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from a withdrawal of the overdraft facility by the company's bankers.

The directors also continue to support the company with personal loans of £100,000.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less depreciation.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write each asset down to its estimated residual value evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery	25% reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings & equipment	25% reducing balance
Motor vehicles	25% reducing balance

STOCK AND WORK IN PROGRESS

Work in progress is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Work in progress includes overheads appropriate to the stage of completion. Net realisable value is based upon estimated contract price less further costs expected to be incurred to completion the contract.

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

LEASED ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership ('finance leases'), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as obligations to the lessor.

Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account in proportion to the remaining balance outstanding.

PENSIONS CONTRIBUTIONS

The pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the contributions payable by the company during the year.

TURNOVER

Turnover represents the invoiced value, net of Value Added Tax, of goods sold and services provided to customers.

Goodman Price Demolition Limited

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 31 December 2002

1. FIXED ASSETS

Tangible assets

	£
Cost	
1 January 2002	321,450
Additions	14,265
31 December 2002	335,715
Depreciation	
1 January 2002	159,627
Charge for the year	44,063
31 December 2002	203,690
Net book value	
31 December 2002	132,025
31 December 2001	161,823

2. SHARE CAPITAL

	2002	2001
	£	£
Authorised		
100 Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	100	100
Allotted, issued and fully paid		
100 Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	100	100

3. TRANSACTIONS WITH DIRECTORS

During the year the company hired plant and machinery, on normal commercial terms, from T G Mills Limited for £49,632 (2001: £48,890). The director Mr T G Mills is a director and controlling shareholder of T G Mills Limited. At the balance sheet date £7,930 (2001: £38,540 due to) was due from T G Mills Limited.

At the balance sheet date £100,000 (2001: £100,000) was due to the director Mr T G Mills.