Company registration number: 01373370

P. & S.L. SYKES LIMITED

Unaudited filleted financial statements

30 June 2018

P. & S.L. SYKES LIMITED

Contents

Statement of financial position

Notes to the financial statements

P. & S.L. SYKES LIMITED

Statement of financial position

30 June 2018

		2018		2017	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	137		177	
			137		177
Current assets					
Stocks		125		125	
Debtors	6	49,864		48,461	
Cash at bank and in hand		42,940		35,889	
		92,929		84,475	
Creditors: amounts falling due	_				
within one year	7	(39,979)		(34,723)	
Net assessed assets			50.050		40.750
Net current assets			52,950		49,752
Total assets less current liabilities			53,087		49,929
Provisions for liabilities	8		(26)		(36)
Accruals and deferred income			(837)		(854)
			, ,		,
Net assets			52,224		49,039
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			52,124		48,939
Shareholder funds			52,224		49,039

For the year ending 30 June 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 06 August 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr John Robert Sykes

Director

Company registration number: 01373370

P. & S.L. SYKES LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 June 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is P. & S.L. Sykes Limited, 6 Far View Bank, Almondbury, Huddersfield, West Yorkshire, HD5 8EP.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that expenses recognised are recoverable.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in

other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Office furniture and equipment

20 % reducing balance

Computer equipment

- 25 % reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2017: 2).

5. Tangible assets

	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Computer equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 July 2017 and 30 June 2018	2,302	3,955	6,257
Depreciation			
At 1 July 2017	2,204	3,876	6,080
Charge for the year	2,204	20	40
5			
At 30 June 2018	2,224	3,896	6,120
Carrying amount			
At 30 June 2018	78	59	137
At 30 June 2017	98	79	177
6. Debtors			
		2018	2017
		£	£
Trade debtors		49,864	48,461
7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2018	2017
		£	£
Corporation tax		922	167
Director's accounts		39,057	34,556
		39,979	34,723

Director's accounts credit balances are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

8. Provisions

	Deferred tax (note 9)	Total
	£	£
At 1 July 2017	36	36
Charges against provisions	(10)	(10)
At 30 June 2018	26	26
9. Deferred tax		
The deferred tax included in the statement of financial position is as follows:		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Included in provisions (note 8)	26	36
The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of	 f:	
	2018	2017
	£	£
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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.