COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 01357905

County Properties Limited Financial Statements 31 December 2016

TUESDAY

A18

11/07/2017 COMPANIES HOUSE #12

Financial Statements

Period from 1 October 2015 to 31 December 2016

Contents	Page
Officers and professional advisers	1
Directors' report	2
Independent auditor's report to the shareholders	4
Income statement	6
Statement of financial position	7
Statement of changes in equity	8
Notes to the financial statements	9

Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors J. Guthrie

P.J. Guthrie R. Guthrie R.G. Urquhart M. Robson D. Nairn

Company secretary B.P. Swiers

Registered office 137 Scalby Road

Scarborough North Yorkshire YO11 1JU

Auditor Scott-Moncrieff

Chartered accountant & statutory auditor

25 Bothwell Street

Glasgow G2 6NL

Bankers Svenska Handelsbanken AB (publ)

3 Thomas More Square

London E1W 1WY

Directors' Report

Period from 1 October 2015 to 31 December 2016

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the period ended 31 December 2016.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the period has been the development of property.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the period were as follows:

J. Guthrie P.J. Guthrie R. Guthrie R.G. Urquhart M. Robson D. Nairn

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Directors' Report (continued)

Period from 1 October 2015 to 31 December 2016

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 30 June 2017 and signed on behalf of the board

bv:

B.P. Swiers

Company Secretary

Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of County Properties Limited Period from 1 October 2015 to 31 December 2016

We have audited the financial statements of County Properties Limited for the period ended 31 December 2016, on pages 6 to 15. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of County Properties Limited (continued)

Period from 1 October 2015 to 31 December 2016

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; and
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Bernadette Higgins (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Scott-Moncrieff Chartered accountant & statutory auditor 25 Bothwell Street Glasgow G2 6NL

Scor - Mull

30 June 2017

Income Statement

Period from 1 October 2015 to 31 December 2016

Turnover	Note 3	Period from 1 Oct 15 to 31 Dec 16 £ 5,597,297	Year to 30 Sep 15 £ 4,900
Cost of sales		4,860,888	9,882
Gross profit/(loss)		736,409	(4,982)
Administrative expenses		128,140	92,274
Operating profit/(loss)	4	608,269	(97,256)
Other interest receivable and similar income		8,269	_
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		616,538	(97,256)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	6	290	(1,065)
Profit/(loss) for the financial period		616,248	(96,191)

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

The company has no other recognised items of income and expenses other than the results for the period as set out above.

Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2016

		31 Dec 16		30 Sep 15
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets Investments	7		31,310	31,310
Current assets				
Stocks	8	489,026		4,052,548
Debtors	9	1,576,153		1,574,416
Cash at bank and in hand		371,064		20,031
		2,436,243		5,646,995
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	8,204,576		12,031,576
Net current liabilities			5,768,333	6,384,581
Total assets less current liabilities			(5,737,023)	(6,353,271)
Net liabilities			(5,737,023)	(6,353,271)
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	12		129,260	129,260
Profit and loss account	13		(5,866,283)	(6,482,531)
Shareholders deficit			(5,737,023)	(6,353,271)

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 June 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

J. Guthan

Company registration number: 01357905

Statement of Changes in Equity

Period from 1 October 2015 to 31 December 2016

	Called up share capital	Profit and	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 October 2014	129,260	(6,386,340)	(6,257,080)
Loss for the period		(96,191)	(96,191)
Total comprehensive income for the period	_	(96,191)	(96,191)
At 30 September 2015	129,260	(6,482,531)	(6,353,271)
Profit for the period		616,248	616,248
Total comprehensive income for the period	_	616,248	616,248
At 31 December 2016	129,260	(5,866,283)	(5,737,023)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Period from 1 October 2015 to 31 December 2016

1. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' ('FRS 102') and with the Companies Act 2006.

General information

The company is a United Kingdom company limited by shares. It is both incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom. The registered office is 137 Scalby Road, Scarborough, North Yorkshire, YO12 6TB.

The continuing activity of the company is the development of property.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

2.2 Going concern

The financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2016 have been prepared on a going concern basis on the strength of confirmation from the parent company that it will continue to provide financial support for the foreseeable future.

2.3 Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 October 2014. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 17.

2.4 Disclosure exemptions

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. Its financial statements are consolidated into the financial statements of Broadland Properties Limited which can be obtained from Companies House. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102:

- (a) Disclosures in respect of each class of share capital have not been presented.
- (b) No cash flow statement has been presented for the company.
- (c) Disclosures in respect of financial instruments have not been presented.
- (e) No disclosure has been given for the aggregate remuneration of key management personnel.

2.5 Consolidation

The financial statements contain information about County Properties Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertakings are included by full consolidation in the financial statements of its parent Broadland Properties Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 October 2015 to 31 December 2016

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Significant judgements

The judgements (apart from those involving estimations) that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

No significant judgements have been made by management in preparing these financial statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome. The key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are as follows:

No critical accounting estimates or assumptions have been made by management in preparing these financial statements.

2.7 Revenue recognition

Turnover represents amounts receivable for property sales, rents, service charges and management fees receivable, net of value added tax where applicable.

2.8 Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 October 2015 to 31 December 2016

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

2.10 Stocks

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value which is critically reviewed by the directors.

2.11 Acquisition and disposal of properties

Acquisitions of properties are accounted for on the date of unconditional contract and disposals of properties on the date of legal completion.

2.12 Year end change

The accounts are for a 15 month period to 31 December 2016 following a change in year end of the parent company.

2.13 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value. Bank overdrafts, when applicable, are shown within current liabilities.

2.15 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

3. Turnover

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 October 2015 to 31 December 2016

4. Operating profit

Operating profit or loss is stated after charging:

	Period from	
	1 Oct 15 to	Year to
	31 Dec 16	30 Sep 15
	£	£
Gains on disposal of tangible assets	-	(268)
Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements	3,060	2,500
• •		

5. Particulars of employees

There were no employees during the period apart from the directors, who are the key management personnel. The directors received no remuneration for their services. The above details do not include directors' emoluments paid by the holding company which are partially recharged to the company as part of management charges made. It is not practicable to separately identify the amount of the directors' emoluments included in the management charge. Full details are given in the holding company's financial statements

6. 'Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities

Major components of tax expense/(income)

	Period from 1 Oct 15 to 31 Dec 16 £	Year to 30 Sep 15 £
Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences	290	(1,065)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	290	(1,065)

Reconciliation of tax expense/(income)

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the period is lower than (2015: higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015: 20.50%).

Period from 1 Oct 15 to 31 Dec 16 £	Year to 30 Sep 15
616,538	<u>(97,256)</u>
123,308 (123,164)	(19,937) 20,165
146	(1,293)
290	(1,065)
	1 Oct 15 to 31 Dec 16 £ 616,538 123,308 (123,164) — 146

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 October 2015 to 31 December 2016

7. Investments

	Shares in group undertakings £
Cost At 1 Oct 2015 and 31 Dec 2016	31,310
Impairment At 1 Oct 2015 and 31 Dec 2016	
Carrying amount At 1 Oct 2015 and 31 Dec 2016	31,310

The company owns 20% or more of the issued share capital of the following company:

	Name	Country of incorporation	Holding	Proportion of voting rights	Principal activity	
	Subsidiary unde Queensway Park Data Centres Limited		Ordinary A shares of £1 each	70%	Development and Le Data Centres	etting of
8.	Stocks		cacii			
	Work in progress				31 Dec 16 £ 489,026	30 Sep 15 £ 4,052,548
9.	Debtors					
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by Deferred tax asse Other debtors	/ group undertakin et	gs		31 Dec 16 £ 3,000 1,572,324 829 — 1,576,153	30 Sep 15 £ 652 1,571,870 1,119 775 1,574,416

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 October 2015 to 31 December 2016

10. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

31 Dec 16	30 Sep 15
£	£
5,945	6,430
7,912,904	8,665,466
251,460	3,359,680
28,000	_
6,267	
8,204,576	12,031,576
	5,945 7,912,904 251,460 28,000 6,267

11. Deferred tax

The deferred tax included in the statement of financial position is as follows:

,	31 Dec 16	30 Sep 15
Included in debtors (note 9)	829	1,119
The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences	in respect of:	
	31 Dec 16	30 Sep 15
	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	829	1,119

12. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	31 Dec 16		30 Sep 15	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	129,260	129,260	129,260	129,260
Ordinary shares of £1 each	129,260	129,260	129,200	14

Shares carry equal voting rights and each share also ranks equally with regard to dividend payments or any other distribution including a distribution arising from the winding up of the company.

13. Reserves

Profit and loss account - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

14. Contingencies

This company has given cross guarantees in respect of group borrowings from its bankers. The company has also entered into a group offset arrangement with its bankers. Security given includes a debenture over the whole assets of the company.

15. Related party transactions

Amounts owed by group undertakings of £1,572,324 (2015 - £1,571,870) relates to an interest free loan made to Queensway Park Data Centres Limited, a subsidiary of the company.

Advantage is taken of the exemption for wholly owned subsidiaries given in FRS 102 from the requirement to separately disclose transactions with group companies.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 October 2015 to 31 December 2016

16. Controlling party

The immediate parent company is County Properties Group Limited who own 100% of the issued share capital of the company.

The directors regard Broadland Properties Limited as the ultimate controlling party. Broadland Properties Limited is the ultimate parent of the Group and the only parent for which group accounts are prepared, which can be obtained from Companies House. Broadland Properties Limited is registered in England.

17. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 October 2014.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.

As prescribed by FRS 102 the company now prepares a Statement of Changes in Equity, whereas in the financial statements to 30 September 2015 the capital and reserves were analysed as part of the notes to the financial statements.