## Strategic Report, Directors' Report and

Audited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

for

**Terrassen Holdings Limited** 

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# Contents of the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	Page
Strategic Report	1
Directors' Report	2
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities	3
Independent Auditor's Report	4
Statement of Comprehensive Income	7
Balance Sheet	8
Statement of Changes in Equity	9
Notes to the Financial Statements	10

## Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

The Directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Terrassen Holdings Limited ('the Company') is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Morgan Advanced Materials plc (Morgan Group) and operates as an investment holding company. There were no additions to investments in the year however the impairment held against the investment in Morgan Holdings B.V. was reversed. Full disclosure of the Companies investment activities during the year are detailed in note 8. The Directors do not envisage any change to the business of the Company in the foreseeable future.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company's ultimate holding company is Morgan Advanced Materials plc and the principal risks and uncertainties of the Group are given in the Annual Report and Account of Morgan Advanced Materials plc.

#### **SECTION 172 STATEMENT**

The Company shares a clear purpose with the Morgan Group, to use advanced materials to help make more efficient use of the world's resources and to improve the quality of life. The Morgan Group is committed to the creation of value through sustainable growth and delivers its strategy whilst always working safely, ethically and inclusively, to strengthen and grow the business and to promote its long-term success.

When making decisions relating to the Company's activities as an investment holding company, the Company's directors comply with the requirements of s172 of the Companies Act, in alignment with the Morgan Group's purpose and its key stakeholders, as described on pages 3 to 5 of the Morgan Advanced Materials plc 2020 Annual Report.

#### **RESULTS**

The profit before tax for the year was £22,383,000 (2019: £3,108,000). Reversal of impairments in respect of investments in subsidiaries in the year were £21,245,000 (2019: £nil). Dividends of £1,131,000 (2019: £3,089,000) were received from subsidiaries in the year.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

S H Mackie - Director

Date: 15 September 2021

## Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

The Directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The Company is a member of the Morgan Advanced Materials plc group (Morgan Group), which, from March 2016, managed its operations on a global business unit basis. For this reason, the Company's Directors believe that further key performance indicators for the Company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

An interim dividend totalling £nil (2019: £nil) in respect of the year ended 31 December 2020 was paid during the year. The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2019: £nil).

#### **EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR**

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

#### DIRECTORS

The Directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2020 to the date of this report.

P A Boulton S H Mackie

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

C R Collins - resigned 18 September 2020 A Bechhold - appointed 20 May 2021

#### **DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR**

The Directors who held the office at the date of approval of this Directors' report confirm that, so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### **AUDITOR**

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and will therefore continue in office.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

S H Mackie - Director

15 September 202

# Statement of Directors' Responsibilities for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework".

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and
- explained in the financial statements; and
   prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will
- continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Terrassen Holdings Limited

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of Terrassen Holdings Limited (the 'Company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31st December 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the balance sheet;
- the statement of changes in equity;
- the statement of accounting policies; and
- the related notes 1 to 15.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Terrassen Holdings Limited

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **Responsibilities of directors**

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the Company's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the Company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management and internal audit about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the Company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These included the UK Companies Act, pensions legislation, tax legislation; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the Company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. These included export controls, anti-bribery and corruption legislation.

We discussed among the audit engagement team regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Terrassen Holdings Limited

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management, internal audit and in-house legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims,
   and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance and reviewing correspondence with relevant regulatory authorities.

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the strategic report or the Directors' report.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Jane Makrakis FCA (Senior Statutory Aufor and on behalf of Deloitte LLP	ditor)
Statutory auditor	
Reading, United Kingdom	
Date:	

# Statement of Comprehensive Income

## for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

•	Notes	31.12.20 £'000	31.12.19 £'000
TURNOVER		-	-
Other operating income/(expenses)		7	19
OPERATING PROFIT		7	19
Income from shares in group undertakings Reversal of impairments on investments	5	1,131 21,245	3,089
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	. 6	22,383	3,108
Tax on profit	<b>7</b>	(5)	13
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		22,378	3,121
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			<del>-</del>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE Y	/EAR	22,378	3,121

All of the above figures relate wholly to continuing operations.

## Terrassen Holdings Limited (Registered number: 01352995)

# Balance Sheet 31 December 2020

		31.12.20		31.12.19	
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
FIXED ASSETS					
Investments	8		149,397		128,152
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	9	1,099		1	
Cash at bank	,	3,106		3,062	
Casil at balik					
		4,205		3,063	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	10	9			
NET CURRENT ASSETS			4,196		3,063
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			153,593		131,215
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	11		1,000		1,000
Capital contribution account	12		1,322		1,322
Capital redemption reserve	12		1,000		1,000
Retained earnings	12		150,271		127,893
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			153,593		131,215
				15 Septemb	ur 2021

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on were signed on its behalf by:

S H Mackie - Director

# Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	Called up share capital £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Capital contribution account £'000	Capital redemption reserve £'000	Total equity £'000
Balance at 1 January 2019	1,000	124,772	1,322	1,000	128,094
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 December 2019	1,000	3,121 127,893	1,322	1,000	3,121
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		22,378	<del>-</del>	· .	22,378
Balance at 31 December 2020	1,000	150,271	1,322	1,000	153,593

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

The Company is a private limited company incorporated, registered and domiciled in England and Wales in the UK. The address of its registered office is York House, Sheet Street, Windsor, United Kingdom, SL4 1DD.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework":

- the requirements of paragraph 24(6) of IFRS 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources;
- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures:
- the requirements of paragraphs 91 to 99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement;
- the requirements of paragraph 52, the second sentence of paragraph 89, and paragraphs 90, 91 and 93 of IFRS 16
   Leases:
  - the requirements of paragraph 58 of IFRS 16;
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements to present comparative information in respect of:
  - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
  - paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment; and
  - paragraph 118(e) of IAS 38 Intangible Assets;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10)(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D and 111 of IAS 1
  Presentation of Financial Statements;
- the requirements of paragraphs 134 to 136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements;
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors:
- the requirements of paragraphs 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures;
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two
  or more members of a group;
- the requirements of paragraphs 134(d) to 134(f) and 135(c) to 135(e) of IAS 36 Impairments of Assets.

#### Use of judgements and estimates

In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the Company's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

The Company identifies the assumptions required in investment impairment assessments as a source significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the asset carrying values of the Company. Assessment of impairment relies on the use of estimates of the future profitability in a multiple based valuation which may differ from the actual results achieved. Due to the current COVID-19 global pandemic, there is an increased level of risk and therefore a key source of estimation uncertainty in these assumptions. See note 8 for a sensitivity analysis.

Page 10 continued...

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial instruments and financial liabilities are recognised in the Company balance sheet when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### Classification of financial instruments issued by the Company

Financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions:

- (a) they include no contractual obligations upon the Company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company: and
- (b) where the instrument will or may be settled in the Company's own equity instruments, it is either a non-derivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the Company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the Company's exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability.

#### Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise investments in equity, trade and other debtors, cash and cash equivalents, and trade and other creditors.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are recorded initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost. This results in their recognition at nominal value less an allowance for any doubtful debts. The allowance for doubtful debts is recognised based on management's expectation of losses without regard to whether an impairment trigger happened or not (an "expected credit loss" model). The Company measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

#### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at transaction price. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The Directors consider that the carrying amount of trade payables approximates to their fair value.

#### **Taxation**

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises of current tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

#### Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in 'Pounds Sterling' (£), which is also the Company's functional currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the Company's functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are retranslated to the functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the income statement. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined.

Page 11 continued...

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Consolidation

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Morgan Advanced Materials plc. It is included in the consolidated financial statements of Morgan Advanced Materials plc, which are publicly available. Therefore the Company is exempt, by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006, from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements. The address of the ultimate parent's registered office is York House, Sheet Street, Windsor, United Kingdom, SL4 1DD.

#### Investment in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less provision for impairment. The Company tests the investment balances for impairment annually or when there are indicators of impairment. If any such indication of impairment exists, the Company makes an estimate of its recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an investment exceeds its recoverable amount, the investment is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Where these circumstances have reversed, the impairment previously made is reversed to the extent of the original cost of the investment.

#### **Financial guarantee contracts**

Where the Company enters into financial guarantee contracts to guarantee the indebtedness of other companies within its Group, the Company considers these to be insurance arrangements, and accounts for them as such. In this respect, the Company treats the guarantee contract as a contingent liability until such time as it becomes probable that the Company will be required to make a payment under the guarantee, at which point a liability would be recognised.

#### Going concern

The Directors have prepared cash flow forecasts for a period of 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that, taking account of reasonably possible downsides, the Company will have sufficient funds through funding from its ultimate parent company, Morgan Advanced Materials plc, to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period.

The forecasts are dependent on Morgan Advanced Materials plc providing additional financial support during that period. Morgan Advanced Materials plc has indicated its intention to continue to make available such funds as are needed by the Company for the period covered by the forecasts. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the Directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

The current economic climate continues to have an impact on the Morgan Group, its customers and its suppliers. The Morgan Advanced Materials plc Board and Executive Committee have regular reporting and review processes in place in order to monitor the ongoing operational and financial performance of the Group closely. These processes include the ongoing review of the impact of COVID-19 on the Group and its stakeholders.

As at 31 December 2020 the Group had significant headroom on its covenants and available liquidity with the Group's undrawn £200 million multi-currency revolving credit facility and a strong cash position. The Group's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, exchange rates and plausible downside scenarios as a result of COVID-19 and its impact on the global economy, show the Group operating within its debt financial covenants.

The Morgan Advanced Materials plc Board also reviewed the Group's reverse stress testing performed to demonstrate how much headroom is available on covenant levels. Based on this assessment, a combined reduction in EBITDA of 40% and an increase in net debt of 80% would still allow the Group to operate within its financial covenants and the Directors continue to adopt a going concern basis.

Consequently, the Directors are confident that the company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The Company has no employees (2019: none).

The Directors performed no qualifying services for the Company in respect of the current or preceding periods and therefore received no emoluments.

Page 12 continued...

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

### 4. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

In the year ended 31 December 2020 an amount of £2,000 receivable by the auditor and its associates in respect of audit services has been paid by another group company (2019: £3,000).

5.	REVERSAL OF IMPAIRMENTS ON INVESTMENTS		
		31.12.20 £'000	31.12.19 £'000
	Reversal of impairment relating to investment in subsidiaries (Note 8)	<u>(21,245</u> )	<u>—</u>
6.	PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		
	The profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):		
		31.12.20 £'000	31.12.19 £'000
	Dividends received from Group undertakings	(1,131)	(3,089)
	General overheads	(1,131)	(19)
	Reversal of impairment relating to investment in subsidiaries	(21,245)	
7.	TAXATION		
•	Analysis of tax expense/(income)	24.42.20	24 42 40
	•	31.12.20 £'000	31.12.19 £'000
	Current tax:	1 000	2 000
	Corporation tax charge	5	(13)
	Total tax expense/(income) in statement of comprehensive income	5	<u>(13)</u>
	Factors affecting the tax expense The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in below:	the UK. The differe	nce is explained
		31.12.20	31.12.19
		£'000	£'000
	Profit before income tax	22,383	3,108
	Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%) $$	4,253	591
	Effects of:		
	Income not taxable for tax purposes	(4,251)	(587)
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods	3	(17)
	Tax expense/(income)	5	<u>(13)</u>

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

## 8. INVESTMENTS

	Shares in group undertakings £'000
COST	
At 1 January 2020	
and 31 December 2020	205,021
PROVISIONS	
PROVISIONS	76 960
At 1 January 2020	76,869
Reversal of impairment	(21,245)
At 31 December 2020	55,624
	<del></del>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2020	149,397
At 31 December 2019	128,152

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

#### 8. INVESTMENTS - continued

During the year impairment losses previously recognised against the carrying value of investment in Morgan Holdings Netherlands B.V. of £21,245,000 were reversed.

The reversal of impairment was recognised following a review of the Company's investment in subsidiary undertakings by management and reflects the increased expectation in future cash flows arising from these investments.

The impairment assessment of shares in Group undertakings uses the Board approved, 2021 budgets in a profit multiple valuation, which is sensitive to changes in the principal assumptions. A 2% increase or decrease in either the profit or the multiple would respectively increase or decrease the carrying value of shares in Group undertakings by £2,500,000 at 31 December 2020. Management consider these changes in assumption to be reasonably possible.

The companies in which the Company's interest at the year end is 20% or more (in ordinary shares unless otherwise stated) are as follows:

	Country of Incorporation	Registered Office Address	Principal activity	% of Shares held
Directly owned:				
Beijing Morgan Ceramics Co. Ltd (in liquidation)	China	6th Floor, building 17, No. A1Chaoqian Road, Changping District, Beijing 102200, China	Manufacturing	75%
Thermal Ceramics Italiana S.R.L.	Italy	Via Delle Rogge 6, Casalpusterlengo, 26841 LODI, Italy	Manufacturing	100%
Morgan Technical Ceramics S.A. de CV	Mexico	Av. Fulton No. 20, Fraccionamiento Industrial Valle de Oro, San Juan delRio, Queretaro C.P. 76802, Mexico	Manufacturing	99.98%
Morgan Holding Netherlands B.V.	Netherlands	Oude Veiling 3, 1689 AA Zwaag, The Netherlands	Holding Company	100%
Morgan Thermal Ceramics Sukhoy Log LLC	Russia Federation	Russia 624800, Sverdlovsk District, Sukhoi Log 624800, UI. Militseyskaya 2	Manufacturing	51%
Indirectly owned:				
Carbo San Luis S.A.	Argentina	Talcahuano 736, 4th Floor, Buenos Aires, C1013AAP, Argentina	Manufacturing	99.9%
Morganite Brasil Ltda	Brazil	Avenida do Taboão 3265, Taboão, São Bernardo do Campo, São Paulo, CEP 09656-000, Brazil	Manufacturing	25.5%
Carbo Chile S.A.	Chile	Avenida San Eugenio 12462, Sitio 3, Loteo Estrella del Sur, Santiago, Chile	Manufacturing	84.6%
Morgan Guangzhou Trading Company Limited	China	Room 204, No. 10, Dalang North Street, Huangpu District,Guangzhou, China	Manufacturing	100%
Thermal Ceramics de Colombia	Colombia	Calle 18 No. 23-31, Bodega 1, Guadalajara de Buga-Valle, AA 5086, Colombia	Manufacturing	92%

Page 15 continued...

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

0	INVESTMENTS - continued				
8.	Marshall Morganite S.A. (in liquidation)	France	5 bis rue Retrou, 92600 Asnières- sur-Seine, France	Manufacturing	97.87%
	Morgan Carbon France S.A.	France	6 rue du Réservoir, 68420 Eguisheim, France	Manufacturing	98.07%
	Thermal Ceramics de France S.A.S.U.	France	Centre de Vie BP 75, 3 rue du 18 Juin 1827, 42162 Andrézieux- Bouthéon, France	Manufacturing	98.07%
	Thermal Ceramics S.A.	France .	Centre de Vie BP 75, 3 rue du 18 Juin 1827, 42162 Andrézieux- Bouthéon, France	Manufacturing	98%
	Morgan AM&T Hong Kong Company Ltd	Hong Kong	Units 4-6, 11/F, Siu Wai Industrial Centre, 29-33 Wing Hong Street, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong	Manufacturing	100%
	Ciria India Ltd	India	P-11, Pandav Nagar, Mayur Vihar Phase 1, Delhi, 110091 India	Manufacturing	70%
	Morganite Crucible (India) Ltd	India	B-11, MIDC Industrial Area, Waluj, Aurangabad, 431136, Maharashtra, India	Manufacturing	36.5%
	Morgan Carbon Italia S.R.L.	Italy	Via Roma 338, Martinsicuro Terni, 64014 d Italy	Manufacturing	100%
	Morganite Carbon Kabushiki Kaisha	Japan	30-31 Enoki-Cho, Suita City, Osaka 564-0053, Japan	Manufacturing	100%
,	Gunac B.V.	Netherlands	Oude Veiling 3, 1689 AA Zwaag, The Netherlands	Manufacturing	100%
	Morgan AM&T B.V.	Netherlands	Oude Veiling 3, 1689 AA Zwaag, The Netherlands	Manufacturing	100%
	Morgan Terrassen B.V.	Netherlands	Oude Veiling 3, 1689 AA Zwaag, The Netherlands	Manufacturing	100%
	Thermal Ceramics Benelux B.V.	Netherlands	Tramweg 27, 3255 MB Oude Tonge, The Netherlands	Manufacturing	100%
	Morgan Carbon Polska Sp.zoo	Poland	ul. Iskry 26, 01-472 Warszawa, Poland	Manufacturing	100%
	Morganite South Africa (Pty) Ltd	South Africa	149 South Rand Road, Tulisa Park, Johannesburg 2197, South Africa	Manufacturing	100%
	Morganite Ujantshi (Pty) Ltd	South Africa	149 South Rand Road, Tulisa Park, Johannesburg 2197, South Africa	Manufacturing	74.9%
	Thermal Ceramics South Africa (Pty) Ltd	South Africa	149 South Rand Road, Tulisa Park, Johannesburg 2197, South Africa	Manufacturing	100%
	Morganite Española S.A.	Spain	Juan Pablo II, no 6. 2e Local A, 12003 Castellon, Spain	Manufacturing	100%
	Morgan Matroc S.A. (in liquidation)	Spain	Roger de Lluria 104 5º-2º, 08037 Barcelona, Spain	Manufacturing	100%

Page 16 continued...

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

8.	INVESTMENTS - Thermal Ceramic		Spain	Juan Pablo I 12003 Caste	I, no. 6, 2, Local A, ellon, Spain	Manufacturing	100%
	MKGS Morgan Ka Sanayi Anonim S		Turkey	_	Mahallesi 2647, Sokak íraç, Esenyurt, Istanbul ey	Manufacturing	100%
9.	DEBTORS: AMO	UNTS FALLING DUE WITH	IIN ONE YEAR	₹			
	Amounts owed be	oy Group undertakings receivable				1.12.20 £'000 1,099 	1 1 1
10.	CREDITORS: AM	OUNTS FALLING DUE WI	THIN ONE YE	AR			
	Corporation tax	payable				31.12.20 £'000 9	31.12.19 £'000
11.	CALLED UP SHAR	RE CAPITAL					
	Allotted, issued a	and fully paid:					
	Number:	Class:			Nominal value:	31.12.20 £'000	31.12.19 £'000
	1,000,000	A Ordinary			£1	1,000	1,000
12.	RESERVES				Capital	Capital	
				Retained	contribution	redemption	
				earnings £'000	account £'000	reserve £'000	Totals £'000
	At 1 January 202	0 .		127,893	1,322	1,000	130,215
	Profit for the yea			22,378	<del></del>	<del>-</del>	22,378
	At 31 December	2020		150,271	1,322	1,000	152,593

### 13. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The Directors regard Morgan Advanced Materials plc, incorporated in England and Wales, as being the Company's ultimate parent undertaking. The smallest and largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Morgan Advanced Materials plc. The Consolidated accounts of Morgan Advanced Materials plc are available to the public and may be obtained from its registered office situated at York House, Sheet Street, Windsor, United Kingdom, SL4 1DD.

### 14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company participates in a cash pooling arrangement provided by Lloyds Bank plc with other UK Group companies. As part of that pooling arrangement, the Company has provided a Guarantee for any liabilities of the other participating companies to the bank, limited to the lower of:

- a) an amount equal to the base currency amount of the total liabilities in the cash pool; and
- b) an amount equal to the base currency amount of such guarantor's own net credit balance in the cash pool.

At the balance sheet date, the guaranteed amount was £3,100,000 (2019: £nil).

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

## 15. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There were no reportable subsequent events following the balance sheet date.