GALEGROVE LIMITED
REPORT AND ACCOUNTS
31 JULY 2010

Company no 1350165



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## Director's report

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the 52 weeks ended 31 July 2010 Comparative figures relate to the 52 weeks ended 1 August 2009

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the Company during the year was aviation management

#### Business review and future developments

The DFS Furniture Company Group, of which the Company is part, was purchased by Advent International in June 2010 from its former owner, Full Circle Future Limited Further details of changes resulting from this acquisition are noted in the consolidated accounts of DFS Furniture Company Limited

The Company ceased its operations in aviation management on 7 June 2010 with the sale of its tangible fixed asset to Galegrove 2 LBG for £1,500,000

#### Going concern

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and position, are set out in the Business Review section of the Directors' Report. The Company is expected to continue to generate positive cash flows on its own account for the foreseeable future. The Company participates in the group's centralised treasury arrangements and so shares banking arrangements with its parent and fellow subsidiaries

The directors, having assessed the responses of the directors of the Company's parent DFS Furniture Company Ltd to their enquiries have no reason to believe that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the DFS Furniture Company Ltd to continue as a going concern or its ability to continue with the current banking arrangements

On the basis of their assessment of the Company's financial position and of the enquiries made of the directors of DFS Furniture Company Ltd, the Company's directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

#### Results and dividends

The profit on ordinary activities before taxation was £nil (2009:£nil) After a taxation charge of £99,000 (2009 £16,000) an amount of £99,000 was transferred from reserves (2009 £16,000)

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2009 £nil)

The net assets of the Company were £21,000 at 31 July 2010 (1 August 2009 £120,000)

#### **Donations**

There were no political or charitable donations made by the Company in the current period (2009 £nil)

# **Director's report (continued)**

#### **Directors**

G Kırkham

Resigned 9 June 2010

WR Barnes

Appointed 9 June 2010

JH Massey

Appointed 9 June 2010

IF Filby

Appointed 6 September 2010

#### Disclosure of information to auditors

The director who held office at the date of approval of this Director's report, confirms that, so far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

#### **Auditors**

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG Audit Plc will therefore continue in office

By order of the Board

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**PA Walker** 

Company Secretary

1 Rockingham Way Redhouse Interchange Adwick-le-Street Doncaster South Yorkshire DN6 7NA

29 October 2010

# Statement of director's responsibilities in respect of the Director's report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities

# Independent auditors' report to the shareholder of Galegrove Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Galegrove Limited for the 52 weeks ended 31 July 2010 set out on pages 6 to 13 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's web-site at www frc org uk/apb/scope/UKNP.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 July 2010 and of its loss for the period then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

# Independent auditors' report to the shareholder of Galegrove Limited (continued)

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

**GA Watts** 

Senior Statutory Auditor

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For and on behalf of KPMG Audit Plc, Statutory Auditor

**Chartered Accountants** 

One Snowhill

Snow Hill Queensway

Birmingham

B4 6GH

29 October 2010

# Profit and loss account

52 weeks ended 31 July 2010 (52 weeks ended 1 August 2009)

	Notes	2010 £000	2009 £000
Turnover Cost of sales	1 2	1,155 (848)	819 (819)
Gross profit Loss on disposal of tangible assets		307 (307)	<u>.</u>
Operating profit, being profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	<u>-</u>	
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	5	(99)	(16)
Loss for the period	11	(99)	(16)

The notes on pages 9 to 13 form part of these financial statements

All activities were continuing throughout the current period and prior period

There were no recognised gains or losses in the period, or prior period, other than those reported in the profit and loss account

# **Balance sheet**

as at 31 July 2010 (1 August 2009)

	Notes	2010 £000	2009 £000
Fixed assets Tangible assets	6		2,071
Current assets Debtors due within one year	7	315	114
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(294)	(2,065)
Net current liabilities		21	(1,951)
Total assets less current liabilities		21	120
Net assets		21	120
Capital and reserves		<del></del>	
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	10 11	1 20	1 119
Shareholder's funds		21	120

The notes on pages 9 to 13 form part of these financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 29 October 2010 and were signed on its behalf by

**WR Barnes** 

Director

IF Filby Director

# Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds 52 weeks ended 31 July 2010 (52 weeks ended 1 August 2009)

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Loss for the financial period and net addition to shareholder's funds Shareholder's funds at the beginning of the period	(99) 120	(16) 136
Shareholder's funds at the end of the period	21	120

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements of the Company. Where it is necessary to choose between accounting policies, those selected are judged by the director to be the most appropriate to the Company's particular circumstances for the purpose of giving a true and fair view.

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards under the historical cost accounting rules

The Company's immediate parent company, DFS Furniture Company Limited, has complied with the requirements for FRS 1 (Revised) in producing a Group cash flow statement. The Company has taken advantage of the exemption available in FRS 1 (Revised) and does not present its own cash flow statement.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents a management charge levied on a fellow group subsidiary undertaking, DFS Trading Ltd

Due to the manner in which the Company's activities are organised, the directors do not believe that the Company has different classes of business as defined in SSAP 25 Accordingly the additional disclosures set out in SSAP 25 are not considered to be required

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are shown at original cost less depreciation and any provision for impairment in value

#### 1.4 Depreciation

Depreciation is provided in equal amounts each period in order to write off the cost or valuation of fixed assets less the estimated residual value, over their anticipated useful economic lives. The estimated useful economic life used for the helicopter is 10 years.

#### 1.5 Taxation

The credit for taxation is based on the result for the period and takes into account deferred tax balances

Deferred taxation is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except where otherwise required by FRS 19 "Deferred Tax"

#### 2 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging		
Depreciation	263	316
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	307	-

Auditors' remuneration in respect of the statutory audit of the Company was £nil (2009 £nil). Audit fees are borne by another group undertaking

No fees were paid to the auditors and their associates during the current and prior year in respect of non-audit services

#### 3 Director's emoluments

The Directors received no remuneration for their services to the Company Their remuneration for services to DFS Furniture Company Limited, a fellow Group subsidiary, are shown in the financial statements of that company

#### 4 Staff costs and numbers

The Company did not have any employees during the period (2009 nil) and therefore staff costs for the period were £nil (2009 £nil)

5	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities		
	A 1 (1 (1	2010	2009
5 1	Analysis of charge for the period	£000	£000
	rporation tax		
Adjust	ment in respect of prior periods	-	29
Total	current tax charge	-	29
	red tax	20	(12)
Currer	nt period - origination of timing differences	99	(13)
Total (	deferred tax charge/(credit) (note 9)	99	(13)
Total 1	tax charge	99	16

## 5 Taxation on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

## Factors affecting the current tax charge for the period

The tax assessed for the period is the same as (2009 higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below

	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax		
in the UK of 28% (2009 28%)	-	- 12
Capital allowances for period (in excess of)/less than depreciation	(99)	13
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	29
Permanently disallowed items	(42)	(50)
Group relief	141	37
Total current tax charge	-	29
		<del></del>

#### 5 3 Factors affecting the future tax charge

The Emergency Budget on 22 June 2010 announced that the UK corporation tax rate will reduce from 28% to 24% over a period of 4 years from 2011. The first reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 28% to 27% was substantively enacted on 20 July 2010 and will be effective from 1 April 2011. This will reduce the company's future current tax charge accordingly. Deferred tax has been calculated at a rate of 28% which would be appropriate for timing differences that reverse to prior to 1 April 2011. It has not yet been possible to quantify the full anticipated effect of the announced further 3% rate reduction, although this will further reduce the company's future current tax charge and reduce the company's deferred tax assets accordingly

#### 6 Tangible assets

	Helicopter £000
Cost	
As at 2 August 2009	3,177
Disposals	(3,177)
As at 31 July 2010	•
Demonistra	<del></del>
Depreciation	1.106
As at 2 August 2009	1,106
Provided during the period	263
Disposals	(1,369)
As at 31 July 2010	<del></del>
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Net book value	
As at 31 July 2010	•
As at 1 August 2009	2,071
-	

7 Debtors: due within one year		
	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Prepayments and accrued income	-	15
Deferred tax asset (see note 9) Amounts owed by group undertakings	315	99
Allouits owed by group undertakings	<del></del>	
	315	114
	<del></del>	
8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	31	2,028
Accruals and deferred income	-	37
Social security and other taxes	263	-
	294	2,065
9 Deferred tax asset		
		Deferred
		taxation
		£000
As at 1 August 2009 (see note 7)		99
Charged in the period to the profit and loss account		(99)
As at 31 July 2010 (see note 7)		
As at 31 July 2010 (see note /)		
Deferred taxation		
The amount recognised for deferred taxation, calculated at a corporation tax rate of 2	8% (2009	28%) is set out
below		
	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Accelerated capital allowances	-	99
Deferred tax asset		
Defetied (ax asset		99
		<del></del>

10 Called up share capital		2010		2009
Ordinary shares of £1 each	Number	2010 £	Number	£
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
11 Reserves				Profit and loss account £000
As at 1 August 2009 Retained loss for the period				119 (99)
As at 31 July 2010				20

#### 12 Capital commitments

The Company has no capital commitments at 31 July 2010 (2009 £nil)

#### 13 Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by paragraph 3(c) of FRS 8 "Related Party Transactions" not to disclose transactions with other Group companies. There were no material related party transactions during the 52 weeks ended 31 July 2010

## 14 Ultimate parent company and controlling party

The Company is a direct subsidiary undertaking of DFS Furniture Company Limited which is registered in England and Wales. The largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by DFS Furniture. Holdings plc, incorporated in England and Wales. The smallest group in which they are consolidated is that headed by DFS Furniture Company Ltd incorporated in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent company and controlling party is Advent Pathway (Cayman) Limited which is registered in The Cayman Islands