REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 AUGUST 1996

COMPANY NO. 01341440



Crane & Partners Chartered Accountants Rutland House, 44, Masons Hill, Bromley, Kent. BR2 9EQ

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR

The director presents his annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31st August 1996.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company continues to be that of plastic injection moulding and vacuum metalising.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The director considers the results for the year to be satisfactory and anticipates a similar level of profitability in the current year.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The results of the company are shown in the profit and loss account on page 4.

The director does not recommend the payment of a dividend at the year end. No dividend was paid during the year (1995 Nil).

DIRECTOR AND DIRECTOR'S INTERESTS

The Director who served throughout the year and his interest in the £1 ordinary shares of the company at the beginning and end of the year was as follows:-

No.

A. S. Sizen

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- follow applicable accounting standards, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the Board.

A. S. Sizen Director

Rutland House, 44, Masons Hill, Bromley, Kent. BR2 9EQ

6th June 1997

ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF APEX PLASTICS LIMITED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 1996

We report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 1996 set out on pages 4 to 10.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND REPORTING ACCOUNTANT

As described in the Director's Report the company's director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and they believe that the company is exempt from audit. It is our responsibility to carry out procedures designed to enable us to report our opinion.

BASIS OF OPINION

Our work was conducted in accordance with the Statement of Standards for Reporting Accountants and so our procedures consisted of comparing the financial statements with the accounting records kept by the company and making such limited enquiries of the officers of the company as we considered necessary for the purpose of this report. These procedures provide only the assurance expressed in our opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial statements are in agreement with those accounting records kept by the company under Section 221 of the Companies Act 1985;
- (b) having regard only to, and on the basis of, the information contained in those accounting records
- (i) the financial statements have been drawn up in a manner consistent with the accounting records specified in Section 249C(6) of the Act, and
- (ii) the company satisfied the conditions for exemption from an audit of the financial statements for the year specified in Section 249A(4) of the Act and did not, at any time within the year, fall within any of the categories of companies not entitled to the exemption specified in Section 249B(1).

Crane and Partners Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

Rutland House 44, Masons Hill Bromley Kent BR2 9EQ

6th June 1997

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST AUGUST 1996

	Note	1996 £	1995 £
TURNOVER	2	270,921	301,825
Cost of sales		62,770	65,009
GROSS PROFIT		208,151	236,816
Operating expenses		(220,807)	(235,479)
OPERATING PROFIT		(12,656)	1,337
Other operating income	4	40,855	37,935
Interest payable	5	(11,144)	(11,518)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITY BEFORE TAXATION	ries 6	17,055	27,754
Taxation	7	(3,905)	(7,355)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITY AFTER TAXATION	TIES	13,150	20,399
Retained profit brought fo	orward	97,243	76,844
RETAINED PROFIT CARRIED FO	DRWARD	110,393	97,243

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the above two financial years.

TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the above two financial years.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST AUGUST 1996

	Note	1	996	199	5
		£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	8		343,920		348,889
CERTAIN AGGERG					
CURRENT ASSETS	9	22 000		22,009	
Stock and work in progress Debtors	9 10	22,000 114,203		90,773	
Cash at bank and in hand	10	662		585	
Capit at Main and In Italy					
		136,865		113,367	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
within one year	11	(102,495)		(90,378)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			34,370		22,989
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABLITIES			378,290		371,878
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	12		(64,199)		(70,937)
			314,091		300,941
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	14		100		100
Revaluation reserve	15		203,598		203,598
Profit and loss account			110,393		97,243
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	16		314,091		300,941
•					

For the year ended 31 August 1996 the company was entitled to the exemption conferred by subsection (2) of section 249A of the Companies Act 1985.

No notice from members requiring an audit has been deposited under subsection (2) of section 249B in relation to its accounts for the financial year.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Companies Act 1985 and for preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to accounts, so far as applicable to the company.

Approved by the Board on 6th June 1997.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST AUGUST 1996

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards issued by UK accountancy bodies. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

(a) Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of freehold land and buildings.

(b) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of an asset over their estimated useful lives at the following rates:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment 10% Written down value Vehicles 25% Written down value

(c) Stock and work in progess

Stock and work in progress has been valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost represents materials, direct labour and appropriate production overheads.

(d) Investment properties

Investment properties are included in the balance sheet at current market value. Any surplus arising is credited to the revaluation reserve, any deficits are netted off against the remaining balance on the reserve. In accordance with the Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No. 19, investment properties are not depreciated.

(e) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided at the anticipated tax rates on differences arising from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in tax computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements, to the extent that it is probable that a liability will crystallise in the future.

2 TURNOVER

Turnover represents the invoiced value of sales, net of Value Added Tax. All turnover is derived from trading in the United Kingdom.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST AUGUST 1996

3	STAFF COSTS	1996 £	1995 £
	Staff costs including directors remuneration were as follows:	2	~ ,
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	108,136 6,946	119,183 7,516
		115,082	126,699
	The average number of staff including directors eduring the year was 14 (1995 - 14)	amployed by th	ne company
4	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	1996	1995
	Rent receivable	40,855 ———	37,935
5	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
	On bank loans and overdrafts wholly	1996 £	1995 £
	repayable within 5 years	11,144	11,518
6	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	1996 £	1995 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:		
	Directors' remuneration Depreciation	500 4,969	2,600 5,550

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST AUGUST 1996

TAXATION		J	1996 £	1995 £
			3,905	7,355
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Freehold land & buildings £		•	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 September 1995 and at 31 August 1996	300,000	18,850	75,295	394,145
Depreciation At 1 September 1995 Charge for the year		18,317	26,939 4,836	45,256 4,969
Net book value				50,225
At 31 August 1996 At 31 August 1995	300,000	533	48,356	343,920
	United Kingdom corporation to (1995 - 25%) based on profit TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Cost or valuation At 1 September 1995 and at 31 August 1996 Depreciation At 1 September 1995 Charge for the year At 31 August 1996 Net book value At 31 August 1996	United Kingdom corporation tax at 24%/25 (1995 - 25%) based on profit for the year TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Freehold land & buildings & £ Cost or valuation At 1 September 1995 and at 31 August 1996 Depreciation At 1 September 1995 Charge for the year At 31 August 1996 Net book value At 31 August 1996 300,000	United Kingdom corporation tax at 24%/25% (1995 - 25%) based on profit for the year TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Freehold land & Motor buildings vehicle f f f Cost or valuation At 1 September 1995 and at 31 August 1996 300,000 18,850 Depreciation At 1 September 1995 - 18,317 Charge for the year - 133 At 31 August 1996 - 18,450 Net book value At 31 August 1996 300,000 400	United Kingdom corporation tax at 24%/25% (1995 - 25%) based on profit for the year 3,905 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Freehold land & Motor fittings & buildings vehicle equipment £ £ £ Cost or valuation At 1 September 1995 and at 31 August 1996 300,000 18,850 75,295 Depreciation At 1 September 1995 - 18,317 26,939 Charge for the year - 133 4,836 At 31 August 1996 - 18,450 31,775 Net book value At 31 August 1996 300,000 400 43,520

At 31st August 1992 the freehold land and buildings were revalued by the director at £300,000. The director is of the opinion that the current market value is not materially different. The historical cost was £109,049.

9	STOCK AND WORK IN PROGRESS	1996 £	1995 £
	Raw materials	22,000	22,009

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST AUGUST 1996

10 DEBTORS

	1996 £	1995 £
Trade debtors Other debtors	94,565 19,638	88,773 2,000
	114,203	90,773

Included in other debtors is an amount of £18,460 which relates to a loan to a director. The maximum balance loaned during the year was £18,460. There is no interest due on the loan.

11 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	1996 £	1995 £
Bank overdraft Bank loan Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxes and social security Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	44,941 9,600 16,096 11,260 9,591 —	35,624 9,600 15,052 7,355 12,008 67 10,672
	102,495	90,378

The bank loan and overdraft are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company.

12 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

32332 3322 3332 3332 7332	1996 .£	1995 £
Bank loan	64,199	70,937

The bank loan is repayable by monthly instalments of £1,153 and bears interest at 3% above LIBOR.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST AUGUST 1996

13 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	1	1996		95
	Provided	Potential	Provided	Potential
	£	£	£	£
	Potential corporation tax arising on revaluation —	7,400		7,600
14	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		1996 £	1995 £
	Authorised			
	100 ordinary shares of £1 each		100	100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid			
	100 ordinary shares of £1 each		100	100
15	REVALUATION RESERVE		1996 £	1995 £
	Surplus on revaluation		203,598	203,598
16	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS ON SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	·	1996 £	1995 £
	Profit for the financial year after t Opening shareholders' funds	caxation	13,150 300,941	20,399 280,542
	Closing shareholders' funds		314,091	300,941
			•	

DETAILED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST AUGUST 1996

	1996		1995	
	£	£	£	£
SALES		270,921		301,825
Opening stock	22,009		25,100	
Purchases	84,938		61,918	
Proceeds from insurance claim	(22,177)			
	84,770		87,018	
Closing stock	(22,000)		(22,009)	
		62 , 770		65,009
GROSS PROFIT		208,151		236,816
Rent receivable	40,855		37,935	
Kelic Tecetyable	40,855		<u> </u>	
		40,855		37,935
		249,006		274,751
Deduct:		2157000		2,1,,01
Director's remuneration	500		2,600	
Wages and salaries	107,636		116,583	
Employers N.I. contributions	6,946		7,516	
Insurance	8,747		7,304	
Audit and accountancy	2,600		2,500	
Loan interest	7,097		8,232	
Bank charges and interest	5,955		5,560	
Consultancy fees	5,850	•	7,398	
Sundry expenses Electricity and gas	3,517		3,146	
Repairs and renewals	16,803 9,389		20,128 8,557	
Rent and rates	31,181		31,571	
BUPA	1,416		1,295	
Printing, postage and	2, .20	•	-/	
stationery	7,388		8,413	
Telephone	1,783		1,801	
Motor expenses and travel	10,174		8,843	
Depreciation:	ř		•	
Fixtures, fittings and				
equipment	4,836		5,373	
Motor vehicle	133		177	
		(231,951)		(246,997)
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		17,055		27,754