1339524



The Northern College for Residential Adult Education Limited

Financial statements
For the year ended 31 July 2004



Company no 1339524

The Northern College for Residential Adult Education Limited Financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2004

1339524

Company information

Company registration number:

507245 Charity registration number: Town Hall Address: Barnsley South Yorkshire S70 2TA Professor J A Jowitt Principal: Cllr A Sockett Members: Cllr M Morgan Cllr J McKenna Cllr M Walton Prof C Hawkes Dr M Ball Mr R Harrison Mr W P Adams Mr M Bradley Ms L G Wilkinson Mr M T Bond Ms | Stubbs Prof W Hampton Mrs B Laird

Bankers: The Co-operative Bank

Solicitors: Eversheds

Internal auditors:

Bentley Jennison
Chartered Accountants

Financial statements auditors: Grant Thornton UK LLP

Registered Auditors Chartered Accountants Mrs J Goodridge

Ms H A Putman

Mr C E Hartley

Mr C Macdonald

Cllr the Rev P Flowers

Mr F Lord

Mrs P Farrell

Ms P Johnson

Ms E Shields

Mr R Myers

Ms H Rose Ms A Walker

Dr P Macredie Mr N Rafiq

Funding auditors: PricewaterhouseCoopers
Chartered Accountants

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The College

The Northern College for Residential Adult Education was set up in 1978, by a consortium of local authorities and trade unions to provide long-term residential education for adults. It is one of six residential colleges in England, designed under section 28 of the Further and Higher Education Act 1992, as eligible to receive funding from the Learning and Skills Council (LSC). The College is an exempt charity for the purposes of the Charities Act 1993.

The Company

The Northern College Company previously comprised six full members; the local authorities of Barnsley, Doncaster, Rotherham, Sheffield and Leeds and the trade union UNISON. Bradford City Council and Kirklees MDC were associate members, while the City of Wakefield Metropolitan District Council also purchased educational programmes from the College. The Northern College Company operated under an exemption from the Local Government and Housing Act 1989: Directions under section 68(1). The exemption ceased on 31 March 2001. The College Company was reconstructed and from 1 April 2001 all members of the Board of Governors of the College constitute the Company.

Mission

The College's mission as approved by the Governing Body is:

To provide high quality residential and community-based learning which enables adults to realise their full potential, and which furthers the development of groups and organisations and the regeneration of communities.

Objectives

The Board of Governors have approved a set of strategic objectives for the period August 2002 to July 2005:

- To increase student numbers on an annual basis
- To continually improve the College fabric in terms of the learning environment, residential accommodation, disability access and social and recreational facilities
- To remain financially sound
- To be a recognised regional Centre of excellence in Community Regeneration through Learning
- To retain and build on an acknowledged reputation for the quality of provision through increased widening
 participation, the maintenance of high levels of retention and achievement and continuing improvement of
 the learning experience for all students.
- To continue with the development of a coherent framework of accredited and non-accredited provision at all levels and in all areas of provision.
- To contribute to the national and local targets for the reduction of adults who have basic skills learning needs by increasing the number of learners on discrete skills courses and by the further integration of basic and key skills across the College curriculum with a particular emphasis on ICT provision.
- To ensure, in conjunction with the Trustees and Barnsley MBC, that the Stainborough Park development reaches the objectives, as set, by 2006.

Objectives (continued)

The College is on target for achieving these objectives.

The College's specific objectives for 2003/04 and achievement of those objectives is addressed below:

- The College achieved an estimated 235 FTE learner numbers against a target of 221 (see below)
- Improving disability access. A range of minor improvements to the college facilities have been made to commence the process of complying with the Disability Discrimination Act.
- To maintain financial viability of the College; in its financial forecast for the period 2003 to 2006 the College cautiously assessed itself as financial health category B. During 2003/04 the LSC confirmed the College as financial health category A
- To increase the number of students who qualify for the uplift for widening participation. In 2003/04 57% of students qualified for the uplift (2003: 57%)
- To increase the overall success rate. This was achieved. Overall success rate for 2003/04 was 95%. (2003: 91%)
- To maintain high levels of retention and achievement. This was achieved. Student retention for 2003/04 was 98% (2003: 98%) Achievement for 2003/04 was 97% (2003: 96%)
- To increase the number of students with disabilities and/or learning difficulties. 27% of students provided a self declaration of disability and/or learning difficulties (2003: 27%)
- To increase the number of learners on basic skills provision. This was achieved. The number of learners in 2003/04 was 378 learners on 553 enrolments (2003: 272 learners on 435 enrolments) 94 learners took National Tests in Adult Literacy and Numeracy. (2003: 5 learners)
- To continue the development of an integrated and coherent framework of accredited and non-accredited provision. Work has continued with the Open Colleges Network (OCN) to develop coherent and flexible qualifications which is currently with the Qualifications Curriculum Authority for validation.

Transparency arrangements

The College conducts its business through a number of committees. Each committee has terms of reference, which have been approved by the Governing Body. These committees are: The Board of Governors, Policy and Finance, Audit, Quality, Academic Board, Search and Remuneration. All committees meet termly with the exception of the Policy and Finance Committee which meets twice termly and the Remuneration and Search Committees which are convened as necessary. Full minutes of all meetings are available from the Clerk to the Governing Body at:

Northern College for Residential Adult Education Limited Wentworth Castle Stainborough Barnsley

The Clerk to the Governing Body maintains a register of financial and personal interest of the governors. The register is available for inspection at the above address.

Performance Indicators/Quality Assurance

The College continues to operate its Integrated Performance Review Framework to establish principles and procedures for quality assurance and quality improvement across all service areas of the College. College-wide performance indicators and targets are set, as well as those for each of the College's main functions or departmental teams. Progress reports and annual reports are considered by the Governing Body.

Student Numbers

The College is funded according to the level of activity that it generates each year. In 2003/04, the College achieved an estimated 235 FTE learners against a target of 221. This represents an increase of 16% over 2002/03.

The College achieved an estimated 7,036 student enrolments (2003: 7,398).

Student Achievements

Students achieved an estimated 97% of their qualification aims (2003: 96%).

Curriculum Developments

Methods of teaching and learning are under continuous review and development to ensure that the curriculum meets the needs of the local population.

- Increased emphasis on basic skills provision as part of the overall College programme
- The achievement of a Centre of Excellence in Community Regeneration
- The development of short course awards and pathways

Finances

The College generated an operating surplus for the year of £162,366 (2003: £134,658) compared with a planned surplus for the year of £100,000.

The College has accumulated reserves of £661,579 and cash balances of £164,359. The College wishes to continue to accumulate reserves and cash balances in order to fund future capital developments.

Staff and Student Involvement

The College considers good communication with its staff to be very important and to this end publishes a regular newsletter that is available to all staff. The College continues to encourage staff and student involvement through the membership of formal committees.

Taxation

The College was not liable for any corporation tax arising out of its activities during 2003/04.

Employment of Disabled Persons

The College considers all applications for employment from disabled persons, bearing in mind the aptitudes of the individuals concerned. Where an existing employee becomes disabled every effort is made to ensure that employment with the College continues. The College's policy is to provide training, career development and opportunities for promotion, which are, as far as possible, identical to those for other employees.

Disability Statement

The College seeks to achieve the objectives set down in the Disability Discrimination Act 1995 and in particular makes the following commitments:

- a The admissions policy for all students is described in the College Charter. Appeals against a decision not to offer a place are dealt with under the complaints policy.
- Each student is allocated a course tutor or personal tutor to assist in the assessment of the need for any appropriate support.
- The College has undertaken an accessibility audit and has begun a programme of work to ensure that where possible, given the physical constraints of the Grade 1 listed building, most of the facilities will allow access to people with a disability.
- d There is specialist equipment such as CCTV readers, PC software, magnifying glasses, loop systems, audio books and portable electronic spelling checkers that are available for use by students.
- e The College provides support services for students who have learning difficulties and/or disabilities such as note taking and signing facilities, appropriate learning materials, appropriate individual and workshop tuition and facilities for guide dogs.
- f There is a continuing programme of staff development to ensure the provision of a high level of appropriate support for students who have learning difficulties and/or disabilities.
- g Counselling and welfare services are described in the College Charter.

Planned Maintenance Programme

The cost of the College's planned maintenance programme over a period of five years is estimated to be £1,026,900. The programme was developed following a survey of the College's estate that was carried out during 2002/03. The programme is reviewed each year.

The College plans to carry out some of the outstanding works over the next three years and has set aside funds for this purpose.

Auditors

On 1 July 2004, the Grant Thornton partnership transferred its business to a limited liability partnership, Grant Thornton UK LLP. Under section 26(5) of the Companies Act 1989, the members consented to extend the audit appointment to Grant Thornton UK LLP from 1 July 2004.

Grant Thornton UK LLP offer themselves for reappointment as auditors in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

Members of the Board of Governors

The members who served the College during the year were as follows:

	Date of appointment	Term of	Date of resignation	Status of appointment	Committees served
Cllr A Sockett	31.05.2001	3 years	Re-appointed 01.08.2004	Local Auth Rep	Policy & Finance
Cllr M Morgan	01.08.2000	3 years	Re-appointed 01.08.2003	Local Auth Rep	Policy & Finance
Cllr J Doyle	01.08.2002	3 years	Resigned 31.07.2004	Local Auth Rep	Policy & Finance, Quality
Cllr J McKenna	01.08.2000	3 years	Re-appointed 01.08.2003	Local Auth Rep	Policy & Finance,
Cllr M Walton	01.08.2002	3 years		Local Auth Rep	Chair: Policy & Finance, Search
Prof C Hawkes	01.08.2002	3 years		Educational Inst Rep	Policy & Finance
Prof R K S Taylor	01.08.2002	3 years	Resigned 31.07.2004	Academic Adviser	Quality
Dr M Ball	01.08.2001	3 years	Re-appointed 01.08.2004	Academic Adviser	Chair: Board of Governors Quality, Policy & Finance, Search
Mr R Harrison	08.05.2001	3 years	Re-appointed 01.08.2004	Business Rep	Chair:Audit
Mr E Hartley	01.08.2002	3 years	Resigned 31.07.2004	WEA Rep	
Mr W P Adams	01.08.2001	3 years	Re-appointed 01.08.2004	TUC Regional Ed	
Mr F Lord	13.12.2002	3 years		Business Rep	
Mrs P Farrell	13.12.2002	3 years		Minority ethnic	
Mr M Bradley	01.08.2001	3 years	Re-appointed 01.08.2004	Trades Union Rep	Policy & Finance
Ms L G Wilkinson	01.08.2001	3 years	Re-appointed 01.08.2004	Trades Union Rep	Policy & Finance
Mr M T Bond	01.08.2001	3 years		TUC Rep	
Ms J Stubbs	01.08.2002	3 years		Co-opted	Search
Prof W Hampton	01.08.2001	3 years	Re-appointed 01.08.2004	Co-opted	Quality
Prof J A Jowitt	01.03.1999	Exofficio	Ceased to be a member of the Board from December 2003	Principal	Policy and Finance
Mr J Owen	01.08.2002	3 years	Resigned 25.09.2003	Co-opted	
Mrs B Laird	01.08.2002	3 years		Educational Inst Rep	Quality, Search
Mrs J Goodridge	01.08.2002	3 years		F/t res/admin staff rep	Quality
Ms H Putman	01.08.2002	3 years		F/t teaching staff rep	Policy & Finance, Quality
Mr C E Hartley	01.08.2002	3 years		NC Students' Assoc	

Members of the Board of Governors (continued)

Mr C Macdonald	Date of appointment 01.08.2002	Term of office 3 years	Date of resignation	Status of appointment Co-opted	Committees served Quality
Ms D Taylor	13.12.2003	1 year	Ceased 28.05.2004	Student representative	()
Cllr the Rev P Flowers	19.09.2003	3 years		Local Auth Rep	
Ms P Johnson	01.08.2003	3 years		UNISON	
Ms E Shields	19.09.2003	3 years		Business Rep	Audit
Dr P Macredie	19.09.2003	3 years		Business Rep	Search
Mr N Rafiq	19.09.2003	3 years		Voluntary Sector	
Mr R Myers	19.09.2003	3 years		Voluntary Sector	Policy and Finance
Ms H Rose	12.12.2003	3 years		Co-opted	•

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Chair, Board of Governors

16 December 2004

The College is committed to exhibiting best practice in all aspects of corporate governance. This summary describes the manner in which the College has applied the principles set out in section 1 of the Combined Code on Corporate Governance, which was issued by the London Stock Exchange in June 1998. Its purpose is to help the reader of the accounts to understand how the principles have been applied.

In the opinion of the governors, the College complies with all the provisions of the Combined Code in so far as they apply to the further education sector, and it has complied throughout the year ended 31 July 2004.

The Corporation

The composition of the Board of Governors is set out on page 4. It is the Board of Governors responsibility to bring independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standards of conduct.

The Board of Governors is provided with regular and timely information on the overall financial performance of the College together with other information such as performance against funding targets, proposed capital expenditure, quality matters and personnel-related matters such as health and safety and environmental issues. The Board of Governors meets each term.

The Board of Governors conducts its business through a number of committees. Each committee has terms of reference, which have been approved by the Board of Governors. These committees are: finance and general purposes, remuneration, search and audit.

All governors are able to obtain independent professional advice in furtherance of their duties at the College's expense and have access to the Clerk to the Corporation, who is responsible to the Board for ensuring compliance with all applicable procedures and regulations. The appointment, evaluation and removal of the Clerk are matters for the Board of Governors as a whole.

Formal agendas, papers and reports are supplied to governors in a timely manner, prior to Board meetings. Briefings are also provided on an ad hoc basis.

The Board of Governors has a strong and independent non-executive element and no individual or group dominates its decision-making process. The Board of Governors considers that each of its non-executive members is independent of management, and free from any business or other relationship which could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement.

There is a clear division of responsibility in that the roles of the Chair of the Board of Governors and Principal of the College are separate.

Appointments to the Board of Governors

Any new appointments to the Board of Governors are a matter for consideration of the Board of Governors as a whole. The Board of Governors has a search committee comprising six members, which is responsible for the selection and nomination of any new member for the Board of Governors consideration. The Board of Governors is responsible for ensuring that appropriate training is provided as required.

Members of the Board of Governors are appointed for a term of office not exceeding four years.

Remuneration Committee

Throughout the year ending 31 July 2004, the College's remuneration committee comprised six members. The committee's responsibilities are to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration and benefits of the Principal and other senior postholders.

Details of remuneration for the year ended 31 July 2004 are set out in notes 6 and 7 to the financial statements.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises two members of the Board of Governors (who exclude the Principal and Chair) and four other co-opted members. The Committee operates in accordance with written terms of reference approved by the Board of Governors. Its purpose is to advise the Board of Governors on the adequacy and effectiveness of the College's systems of internal control and its arrangements for risk management, control and governance processes.

The Audit Committee meets on a termly basis and provides a forum for reporting by the College's internal and financial statement auditors, who have access to the Committee for independent discussion, without the presence of College management. The Committee also receives and considers reports from the LSC as they affect the College's business.

Management is responsible for the implementation of agreed audit recommendations and that internal audit undertake periodic follow-up reviews to ensure such recommendations have been implemented.

The Audit Committee also advises the Board of Governors on the appointment of internal and financial statements auditors and their remuneration for both audit and non-audit work.

Internal Control

The Board of Governors is ultimately responsible for the College's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. However, such a system is designed to manage, rather than eliminate, the risk of failure to achieve business objectives and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board of Governors has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Principal, as Accounting Officer, for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the College's policies, aims and objectives, whilst safeguarding the public funds and assets for which he or she is personally responsible, in accordance with the responsibilities assigned to him or her in the Financial Memorandum between the College and the Learning and Skills Council (LSC). He or she is also responsible for reporting to the Board of Governors any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of College policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in Northern College for the year ended 31 July 2004 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts.

Capacity to handle risk

The Board of Governors has reviewed the key risks to which the College is exposed, together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Board of Governors is of the view that there is a formal ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the College's significant risks that has been in place for the period ending 31 July 2004 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts. This process is regularly reviewed by the Board of Governors.

The risk and control framework

The system of internal control is based on a framework of regular management information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties, and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget, which is reviewed and agreed by the governing body
- regular review by the governing body of periodic and annual financial reports which indicate financial performance against forecasts
- setting targets to measure financial and other performance
- clearly defined capital investment control guidelines
- the adoption of formal project management disciplines, where appropriate.

The College has an internal audit service, which operates in accordance with the requirements of the LSC's Interim Audit Code of Practice. The work of the internal audit service is informed by an analysis of the risks to which the College is exposed, and annual internal audit plans are based on this analysis. The analysis of risks and the internal audit plans are endorsed by the Board of Governors on the recommendation of the Audit Committee. At minimum annually, the Head of Internal Audit (HIA) provides the governing body with a report on internal audit activity in the College. The report includes the HIA's independent opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the College's system of risk management, controls and governance processes.

Review of effectiveness

As Accounting Officer, the Principal has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. The Principal's review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by:

- the work of the internal auditors
- the work of the executive managers within the College who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework
- comments made by the College's financial statements auditors and the LSC-appointed ILR auditors in their management letters and other reports.

The Principal has been advised on the implications of the result of his or her review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the audit committee which oversees the work of the internal auditor, and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement of the system in place.

The senior management team receives reports setting out key performance and risk indicators and considers possible control issues brought to their attention by early warning mechanisms, which are embedded within the departments and reinforced by risk awareness training. The senior management team and the Audit Committee also receive regular reports from internal audit, which include recommendations for improvement. The Audit Committee's role in this area is confined to a high-level review of the arrangements for internal control. The Board of Governors agenda includes a regular item for consideration of risk and control and receives reports thereon from the senior management team and the Audit Committee. The emphasis is on obtaining the relevant degree of assurance and not merely reporting by exception. At its October 2004 meeting, the Board of Governors carried out the annual assessment for the year ended 31 July 2004 by considering documentation from the senior management team and internal audit, and taking account of events since 31 July 2004.

Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the Board of Governors considers that the College has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Chair, Board of Governors

16 December 2004

Professor J A Jowitt

Principal

16 December 2004

Statement of governing body's responsibilities

Members' responsibilities for the financial statements

The members of the Board of Governors are required to present audited financial statements for each financial year.

Within the terms and conditions of the Financial Memorandum agreed between the Learning and Skills Council (the Council) and the Board of Governors of the College, the Board of Governors, through its Principal, is required to prepare financial statements for each financial year in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice – Accounting for Further and Higher Education Institutions and which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the College and the result for that year.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Governors is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the College will continue in operation.

The Board of Governors is responsible for keeping proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy, at any time, the financial position of the College and to enable it to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the relevant legislation of incorporation and other relevant accounting standards. It is responsible for taking steps that are reasonably open to it to safeguard assets of the College and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Members of the Board of Governors are responsible for ensuring that funds from the Council are used only in accordance with the Financial Memorandum with the Council and any other conditions that the Council may from time to time prescribe. Members of the Board of Governors must ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard public and other funds and ensure they are used properly. In addition, members of the Board of Governors are responsible for securing economical, efficient and effective management of the College's resources and expenditure, so that the benefits that should be derived from the application of public funds by the Council are not put at risk.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Governors

16 December 2004

Report of the independent auditors to the members of The Northern College for Residential Adult Education Limited

We have audited the financial statements of The Northern College for Residential Adult Education Limited for the year ended 31 July 2004 which comprise the principal accounting policies, the income and expenditure account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and notes 1 to 30. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the College's members as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and paragraph 20 of schedule 2 of the Further education Corporations (former Further Education Colleges) (Replacement of Instruments of Articles of Government) Order 2001 and Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985, issued under the Further and Higher Education Act 2002. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the College's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the College and the College's members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective Responsibilities of the Members of the Northern College and Auditors

The College Board of Governors' responsibility for preparing the Members' Report and the financial statements in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice - Accounting for Further and Higher Education Institutions and applicable United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards, is set out in the statement of the Board of Governors members responsibilities on page 11.

Our responsibilities as independent auditors are established in the United Kingdom by applicable statute, relevant legal and regulatory requirements, the Auditing Practices Board and our profession's ethical guidance. We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice - Accounting for Further and Higher Education Institutions. We also report to you whether, in our opinion, in all material respects, monies expended out of funds from whatever source, administered by the College for specific purposes have been properly applied for those purposes and, if appropriate, managed in compliance with relevant legislation and whether in our opinion, in all material respects, monies expended out of funds provided by the Learning and Skills Council have been applied in accordance with the financial memorandum between the Learning and Skills Council and the Board of Governors of the College and any other terms and conditions attached to them.

We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Members' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the College has not kept proper accounting records, the accounting records do not agree with the financial statements or if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We read the other information contained in the Members' Report (including the corporate governance statement) and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of Audit Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board and the Audit Code of Practice issued by the Learning and Skills Council. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the College's Board of Governors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the College's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give us reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Report of the independent auditors to the members of The Northern College for Residential Adult Education Limited

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the College as at 31 July 2004 and of the College's surplus of income over expenditure, recognised gains and losses and cash flows for the year then ended and, are properly prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice - Accounting for Further and Higher Education Institutions and with the Companies Act 1985.

In our opinion, in all material respects, monies expended out of funds from whatever source administered by the College for specific purposes have been properly applied for those purposes and, if appropriate, managed in compliance with relevant legislation for the year ended 31 July 2004.

In our opinion, in all material respects, monies expended out of funds provided by the Learning and Skills Council have been applied in accordance with the Financial Memorandum between the Learning and Skills Council and the Board of Governors of the College and any other terms and conditions attached to them for the year ended 31 July 2004.

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GRANT THORNTON UK LLP REGISTERED AUDITORS CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

SHEFFIELD

16 December 2004

Principal accounting policies

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP): Accounting for Further and Higher Education Institutions and in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards. They conform to guidance published by the Learning and Skills Council in circular 04/04.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Recognition of income

Income for tuition fees is recognised in the period which it is received and includes all fees chargeable to students or their sponsors.

Income from research grants, contracts and other services rendered is included to the extent of the completion of the contract or service concerned. This is generally equivalent to the sum of the relevant expenditure incurred during the year and any related contributions towards overhead costs. All income from short-term deposits is credited to the income and expenditure account in the period in which it is earned.

Income from specific endowments and donations is included to the extent of the relevant expenditure incurred during the year, together with any related contributions towards overhead costs.

Recurrent grant from the LSC is recognised in line with the latest estimate of grant receivable for the academic year following the LSC's interim funding audit. The College's approach to the recognition within income of any tolerance balances is informed by the Board of Governor's view of the likelihood of the College achieving the return deadlines set out within LSC Circular 04/04. Following the conclusion of the funding audit, the final recurrent grant allocation is determined in the subsequent February. Any difference between the estimated and final grant allocations are recognised in the following year's financial statements.

Non-recurrent grants from the Funding Council, or other bodies, received in respect of the acquisition or construction of fixed assets are treated as deferred capital grants and amortised in line with depreciation over the life of the assets.

Agency arrangements

The College acts as an agent in the collection and payment of learner support funds. Related payments received from the Learning and Skills Council and subsequent disbursements to students are excluded from the income and expenditure account and are shown separately in note 30.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

Maintenance of premises

The College has a five year rolling long-term maintenance plan, which forms the basis of the on-going maintenance of the estate. The cost of long-term and routine corrective maintenance is charged to the income and expenditure account in the period it is incurred.

Pension schemes

Retirement benefits to employees of the College are provided by the Universities Superannuation Scheme and the South Yorkshire Pensions Authority. These are defined benefit schemes which are externally funded and contracted out of the State Earnings Related Pension Scheme.

Contributions to the schemes are charged to the income and expenditure account so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the College in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll.

Contributions to both schemes are determined by qualified actuaries on the basis of triennial valuations, using the projected unit method.

Principal accounting policies

Tangible fixed assets

Land and buildings

As no consideration was paid for the main property and because the College only has a right to retain the property whilst it continues to provide education, the governing body consider that it is not appropriate to recognise any value for the property and land surrounding it. Improvements made to the property and buildings built by the College are included at cost.

An assessment by Knight Frank of the hypothetical market rental value of the Main House indicates that immediate repairs required to its structure together with the ongoing running and maintenance costs to be borne by the College are sufficiently onerous that the property would be unlikely to let on the open market and if so would attain no more than a nominal rental.

The College's other buildings are specialised buildings and therefore it is not appropriate to value them on the basis of open market value. Other land and buildings are included in the balance sheet at cost. Other freehold land is not depreciated. Other freehold buildings are depreciated over their expected useful economic life to the College of 50 years.

Where land and buildings are acquired with the aid of specific grants they are capitalised and depreciated as above. The related grants are credited to a deferred capital grant account and are released to the income and expenditure account over the expected useful economic life of the related asset on a basis consistent with the depreciation policy.

Finance costs which are directly attributable to the construction of land and buildings are not capitalised as part of the cost of those assets.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstance indicate that the carrying amount of the fixed asset may not be recoverable.

Equipment and improvements to property

Equipment costing less than £1,500 per individual item is written off to the income and expenditure account in the year of acquisition. All other equipment is capitalised at cost. Capitalised equipment is depreciated over is useful life as follows:

Equipment 5%-20% per annum Improvements to property 5%-20% per annum

Where equipment is acquired with the aid of specific grants it is capitalised and depreciated in accordance with the above policy, with the related grant being credited to a deferred capital grant account and released to the income and expenditure account over the expected useful economic life of the related equipment.

Taxation

The College is an exempt charity within the meaning of schedule 2 of the Charities Act 1993 and as such is a charity within the meaning of section 506(1) of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act (ICTA) 1988.

Accordingly, the College is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by section 505 of the ICTA 1988 or section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes.

The College receives no similar exemption in respect of Value Added Tax.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the College has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Principal accounting policies

Leased assets

Leasing agreements that transfer to the College substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership of an asset are treated as if the asset had been purchased outright. The assets are included in fixed assets and the capital element of the leasing commitment is shown as obligations under finance leases. The lease rentals are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The capital element is applied to reduce the outstanding obligations and the interest element is charged to the income and expenditure account in proportion to the reducing capital element outstanding. Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or the useful economic lives of equivalent owned assets.

Assets which are held under hire purchase contracts which have the characteristics of finance leases are depreciated over their useful lives.

Income and expenditure account

	Note	2004 £	2003 £
Income			
Funding Council grants	1	3,273,980	2,862,793
Tuition fees and charges	2	282,048	311,949
Other grant income	3	635,233	712,723
Other operating income	4	1,041,129	901,246
Investment income	5	12,491	7,384
Total income		5,244,881	4,796,095
Expenditure			
Staff costs	6	3,380,652	3,186,206
Other operating expenses	8	1,447,541	1,210,112
Depreciation		236,434	246,834
Interest payable	10	17,888	18,285
Total expenditure		5,082,515	4,661,437
Surplus on continuing operations after depreciation of assets	21	162,366	134,658

The Income and Expenditure account is in respect of continuing activities.

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the surplus for the financial year.

Balance sheet

Note	2004 £	2003 £
Fixed assets		
Tangible assets 12	1,968,205	2,050,076
Current assets		
Stock 13	12,006	19,780
Debtors 14	958,281	612,793
Cash at bank and in hand	164,359	318,645
	1,134,646	951,218
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 15	(604,324)	(700,870)
Net current assets	530,322	250,348
Total assets less current liabilities	2,498,527	2,300,424
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 16	(32,854)	(127,168)
Provision for liabilities and charges 18	(43,791)	(44,010)
	2,421,882	2,129,246
Deferred capital grants 19	1,013,735	883,465
Reserves		
Income and expenditure account 21	661,579	487,152
Capital reserve 20	746,568	758,629
	1,408,147	1,245,781
	2,421,882	2,129,246

The financial statements on pages 14 to 33 were approved by the Board of Governors on 16 December 2004 and were signed on its behalf by:

Principal

Cash flow statement

	Note	2004 £	2003 £
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	24	(110,309)	244,323
Returns on investments and servicing of finance			
Interest paid	_	12,491 (17,888)	7,384 (18,285)
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing			
of finance	-	(5,397)	(10,901)
Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Receipt of capital grant		(154,563) 249,548	(167,557) 24,000
	-	247,540	24,000
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from capital expenditute and financial investment	-	94,985	(143,557)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow before financing		(20,721)	89,865
Financing		(400 545)	(05.455)
Net repayment of loans	-	(133,565)	(37,175)
Net cash outflow from financing	-	(133,565)	(37,175)
(Decrease)/increase in cash	=	(154,286)	52,690
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds			
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the period Cash outflow from loans	_	(154,286) 133,565	52,690 37,175
Movement in net funds in period Net funds at 1 August 2003	25	(20,721) 145,393	89,865 55,528
Net funds at 31 July 2004	25	124,672	145,393

1 Funding council grants

	Recurrent grant Release of deferred capital grants Child Care Ethnic minority student achievement grant (section 11) Local initiative funds FE Standards Funds ESF Co-financing	Learning and Skills Council 2004 £ 2,592,280 94,258 64,969 - 242,970 - 124,815	Learning and Skills Council 2003 £ 2,209,489 96,895 10,965 929 88,834 173,319
	Widening participation strategic partnerships Centres for vocational excellence Other funds Additional funds in respect of prior years	112,802 41,886 3,273,980	700 2,000 162,099 117,563 2,862,793
2	Tuition fees and charges	2004 £	2003 £
3	Home fees and charges Other grant income		311,949
	Release from deferred capital grants (non Funding Council) European funds Other funds	25,020 25,020 236,040 374,173 635,233	2003 £ 37,237 129,007 546,479 712,723
4	Other operating income	2004 £	2003 £
	Catering and residence operations Other income generating activities	881,732 159,397 1,041,129	780,585 120,661 901,246

5 Investment income

6

	2004 £	2003 £
Interest received	12,491	7,384
Staff costs		
Staff costs during the year were as follows:	2004 £	2003 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	2,853,387 214,377 312,888 3,380,652	2,694,209 210,768 281,229 3,186,206

The average monthly number of persons (including senior postholders) employed by the college during the year was:

	2004 Number	2003 Number
Teaching departments - teaching staff	49	50
Teaching support services	9	9
Other support services	16	16
Administration and central services	30	30
Premises	20	21
Catering and residences	18	18
	142	144
Staff costs for the above persons:	2004	2003
	£	£
Teaching departments - teaching staff	1,447,117	1,425,364
Teaching support services	306,972	273,326
Other support services	175,659	164,367
Administration and central services	888,188	806,896
Premises	263,718	251,520
Catering and residences	298,998	264,733
	3,380,652	3,186,206

Senior postholders are defined as the principal (Chief Executive) and holders of other posts as identified by the Board of Governors. The Board of Governors makes all appointments to senior posts.

6 Staff costs (continued)

The number of staff, including senior postholders and the principal, who received emoluments in the following ranges was:

· ·	2004 Number Senior postholders	2004 Number Other	2003 Number Senior postholders	2003 Number Other
£50,001 to £60,000 £60,001 to £70,000 £70,001 to £80,000	5 1 1 7	- - -	4 - 1 5	

A pay award of 2.75% was made for non-academic staff with effect from April 2004.

A pay award of 3.44% was made from August 2003 for academic and academic related staff.

7 Senior postholders emoluments

N.	2004 umber	2003 Number
140	швег	Number
The number of senior postholders including the principal was:	7	9
Senior postholders' emoluments are made up as follows:	2004	2003
	£	£
Salaries 3:	59,706	350,273
Pension contributions	50,258	48,318
Total emoluments 4	09,964	398,591

The above emoluments include amounts payable to the principal (who is also the highest paid senior postholder) of:

	2004	2003
	£	£
Salary	69,589	64,566
Pension contribution	9,742	9,039
	79,331	73,605

Senior postholders, including the principal, received a pay increase of 3.44% with effect from August 2003 approved by the Board of Governors. This increase was in line with the increase awarded to all academic and academic related staff.

Members of the Board of Governors, other than the principal, and staff representatives, did not receive any payment from the College other than reimbursement of travel and subsistence expenses incurred in the course of their duties.

7 Senior postholders emoluments (continued)

Overseas activities

The following costs were incurred during 2003/04 in respect of overseas activities, which were carried out in accordance with the strategy approved by the governing body.

	Total cost	Contributions received	Net cost to College
	£	£	£
Senior postholders	_	-	-
Other staff	809	(661)	148
Governors	382	(262)	120
	1,191	(923)	268
Other operating expenses			
		2004	2003
		£	£
Teaching Departments		329,637	246,629
Teaching support services		70,804	67,494
Other support services		69,385	62,190

		۵
Teaching Departments	329,637	246,629
Teaching support services	70,804	67,494
Other support services	69,385	62,190
Administration and central services	318,205	270,205
General education	128,148	118,980
Premises costs - running costs	153,610	131,125
Premises costs - Maintenance	59,980	54,522
Catering and residence operations	317,772	258,967
•	1,447,541	1,210,112
Other operating expenses include:	2004	2003
	£	£
Auditors' remuneration		

- financial statements audit 8,284 8,212	Auditors' remuneration		
2,004	- internal audit	10,068	11,415
- other services - 2,996	- financial statements audit	8,284	8,212
	- other services	-	2,996

9 Bursaries

8

	2004 £	2003 £
Receipts	210,795	257,150
Payments	(210,795)	(257,150)
·	<u> </u>	_

10 Interest payable

	2004	2003
	£	£
On loans		
Repayable within 5 years, by instalments	17,888	2,896
Repayable wholly, or partly in more than five years	-	15,389
•	17,888	18,285

11 Taxation

The College was not liable for any corporation tax arising out of its activities during this period.

12 Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold land and buildings £	Improvements to property	Equipment £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 August 2003	768,725	2,566,234	1,205,783	4,540,742
Additions	4,273	110,661	39,629	154,563
At 31 July 2004	772,998	2,676,895	1,245,412	4,695,305
Depreciation				
At 1 August 2003	68,540	1,373,326	1,048,800	2,490,666
Charge for the year	16,972	145,216	74,246	236,434
At 31 July 2004	85,512	1,518,542	1,123,046	2,727,100
Net book amount at 31 July 2004	687,486	1,158,353	122,366	1,968,205
Net book amount at 31 July 2003	700,185	1,192,908	156,983	2,050,076
Financed by capital grant	246,010	583,689	60,134	889,833
Other	441,476	574,664	62,232	1,078,372
	687,486	1,158,353	122,366	1,968,205

Freehold land and buildings and improvements to property with a net book value of £698,818 have been financed by exchequer funds. Should these assets be sold, the College may be liable, under the terms of the Finance memorandum with the Council, to surrender the proceeds.

As no consideration was paid for the main property and because the College only has a right to retain the property whilst it continues to provide education, the governing body consider that it is not appropriate to recognise any value for the property and land surrounding it. Improvements made to the property and buildings built by the College are included at cost.

An assessment by Knight Frank of the hypothetical market rental value of the Main House indicates that immediate repairs required to its structure together with the ongoing running and maintenance costs to be borne by the College are sufficiently onerous that the property would be unlikely to let on the open market and if so would attain no more than a nominal rental.

13	Stoc	:k
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		2004 £	2003 £
	Goods for resale	12,006	19,780
14	Debtors		
		2004	2003
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year:		
	Trade debtors	932,248	592,052
	Other debtors	10,350	13,768
	Prepayments and accrued income	15,683	6,973
		958,281	612,793
		2004 £	2003 £
	Loans	6,833	46,084
	Payments received in advance	149,506	261,612
	Trade creditors	308,165	251,432
	Other taxation and social security	126,477	120,481
	Accruals	13,343	21,261
		604,324	700,870
16	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	-		
		2004	2003
		£	£
	Loans	32,854	127,168

17 Borrowings

Borrowings are repayable as follows:	2004	2003
	£	£
Within one year Loans	6,833	46,084
After one and within two years Loans	7,345	22,861
After two and within five years Loans	25,509	82,468
After five years Loans	39,687	21,838 173,251
The loans outstanding represent various monies lent to the College through:	2004 £	2003 £
Council loans Union loans	39,687 39,687	112,183 61,068 173,251

Of the total loans outstanding £nil (2003: £117,624) is secured by charges on the company's assets.

The loans are repayable by instalments over differing periods and interest is charged at various rates.

18 Provision for liabilities and charges

Enhanced pension provision	Total £
At 1 August 2003	44,010
Provision made in the period	2,270
Expenditure in the period	(2,489)
At 31 July 2004	43,791

19 Deferred capital grants

20

21

	Funding council £	Other grants £	Total £
At 1 August 2003			
Land and buildings and improvements to property	626,354	105,438	731,792
Equipment	93,786	57,887	151,673
	720,140	163,325	883,465
Cash receivable Land and buildings and improvements to property Equipment	249,548 -	- -	249 , 548 -
• •	249,548	-	249,548
Released to income and expenditure			
Land and buildings and improvements to property	61,244	11,992	73,236
Equipment	33,014	13,028	46,042
-q-pmvn	94,258	25,020	119,278
At 31 July 2004			·· ————
Land and buildings and improvements to property	814,658	93,446	908,104
Equipment	60,772	44,859	105,631
	875,430	138,305	1,013,735
D'alla la constant			£
Disabled access grant		-	249,548
Capital reserves			249,548
-		2004 £	249,548 2003 £
Capital reserves		£	2003 £
		c	2003
Capital reserves At 1 August 2003		£ 758,629	2003 £ 675,091
Capital reserves At 1 August 2003 Transfer from income and expenditure account	-	£ 758,629 61,739	2003 £ 675,091 152,612
Capital reserves At 1 August 2003 Transfer from income and expenditure account Transfer to income and expenditure account	-	£ 758,629 61,739 (73,800)	2003 £ 675,091 152,612 (69,074)
Capital reserves At 1 August 2003 Transfer from income and expenditure account Transfer to income and expenditure account At 31 July 2004	-	£ 758,629 61,739 (73,800) 746,568	2003 £ 675,091 152,612 (69,074) 758,629
Capital reserves At 1 August 2003 Transfer from income and expenditure account Transfer to income and expenditure account At 31 July 2004	-	£ 758,629 61,739 (73,800)	2003 £ 675,091 152,612 (69,074)
Capital reserves At 1 August 2003 Transfer from income and expenditure account Transfer to income and expenditure account At 31 July 2004 Income and expenditure account	-	£ 758,629 61,739 (73,800) 746,568	2003 £ 675,091 152,612 (69,074) 758,629
Capital reserves At 1 August 2003 Transfer from income and expenditure account Transfer to income and expenditure account At 31 July 2004	-	£ 758,629 61,739 (73,800) 746,568 2004 £	2003 £ 675,091 152,612 (69,074) 758,629 2003 £
Capital reserves At 1 August 2003 Transfer from income and expenditure account Transfer to income and expenditure account At 31 July 2004 Income and expenditure account At 1 August 2003	-	£ 758,629 61,739 (73,800) 746,568 2004 £ 487,152 162,366 (61,739)	2003 £ 675,091 152,612 (69,074) 758,629 2003 £ 436,032 134,658 (152,612)
Capital reserves At 1 August 2003 Transfer from income and expenditure account Transfer to income and expenditure account At 31 July 2004 Income and expenditure account At 1 August 2003 Surplus on continuing operations after depreciation	-	£ 758,629 61,739 (73,800) 746,568 2004 £ 487,152 162,366	2003 £ 675,091 152,612 (69,074) 758,629 2003 £ 436,032 134,658

22 Capital commitments

	2004 £	2003 £
Contracted for but not provided in these financial statements	36,726	

23 Pension and similar obligations

The College's employees belong to two principal pension schemes, the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS) and the South Yorkshire Pensions Authority (SYPA). The total pension cost for the period was £312,888 (2003: £281,229). This includes the increase in the enhanced pension provision of £2,270 (2003: £4,310).

Universities Superannuation Scheme

The Universities Superannuation Scheme is a multi-employer benefit scheme. Contributions on a pay as you go basis are credited to the exchequer under arrangements governed by the Superannuation Act 1972.

SSAP 24

The pensions cost is assessed every five years in accordance with the advice of the government actuary. The assumptions and other data that have the most significant effect on the determination of the contribution levels are as follows:

Latest actuarial valuation	31 March 1999
Actuarial method	Projected Unit
Investment returns per annum	4.5%
Pension increases per annum	2.6%
Salary scale increases per annum	3.6%
Market value of assets at date of last valuation	£18,815 million
	,-

Proportion of members' accrued benefits covered by the actuarial value of the assets

108%

FRS 17

Under the definitions set out in Financial Reporting Standard 17 (Retirement Benefits), the USS is a multi-employer pension scheme. The College is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme. Accordingly, the College has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 17 and had accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined benefit contribution scheme. The College has set out above the information available on the deficit in the scheme and the implications for the College in terms of the anticipated contribution rates.

South Yorkshire Pensions Authority

The SYPA is a funded defined benefit scheme, with the assets held in separate trustee administered funds. The total contribution made for the year ended 31 July 2004 was £235,401 of which employers contributions totalled £165,174 and employees contributions totalled £70,227. The agreed contribution rates for the period to 1 April 2005 are 13.9% for employers and 6% for employees.

23 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

SSAP 24

The pensions cost is assessed every three years in accordance with the advice of a qualified independent actuary. The assumptions and other data that have the most significant effect on the determination of the contribution levels are as follows:

Latest actuarial valuation	31 March 2001
Actuarial method	Projected Unit
Investment returns per annum	6.5% per annum
Pension increases per annum	2.5% per annum
Salary scale increases per annum	4.0% per annum
Market value of assets at date of last valuation	£2,357 million
Salary scale increases per annum	4.0% per annum

Proportion of members' accrued benefits covered by the actuarial value of the assets 90%

FRS 17

The following information is based upon a full valuation of the Fund at 31 March 2001 updated to 31 July 2004 by a qualified independent actuary.

	At 31 July	At 31 July
	2003	2002
	%	%
Inflation	2.5	2.5
Rate of increase in salaries	4.0	4.0
Rate of increase in pensions	2.5	2.5
Discount rate for liabilities	5.5	6.0

The assets of the scheme and the expected rate of return were (of which the College's share is estimated at 0.08%):

	Long-term rate of return		Long-term rate of return		Long-term rate of return	
•	expected at	Value at	expected	Value at	expected	Value at
	31 July	31 July	at 31 July	31 July	at 31 July	31 July
	2004	2004	2003	2003	2002	2002
	%	€,000	%	$\pounds 000$	%	£000
Equities	7.5	1,512,000	7.5	1,378,000	8.0	1,291,000
Government bonds	5.0	429,000	4.7	357,000	6.0	{
Other bonds	5.7	145,000	5.5	146,000	6.0	{447,000
Property	6.5	256,000	6.5	238,000	7.0	249,000
Other	4.5	69,000	3.75	86,000	4.0	72,000
Total Market Value of assets		2,411,000		2,205,000		2,059,000
					2004	2003
					€'000	£000
College's estimated asset share					2,310	1,769
Present value of scheme liabilities					(3,292)	(2,726)
Enhanced pension provision					(44)	(44)
Net pension liability					(3,336)	(2,770)
Deficit in the scheme					(1,026)	(1,001)

23 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

Under the transitional arrangements of FRS 17, no provision has been made by the college for the institution's share of the deficit of the scheme. If provision were made, the following entries would be made:

Balance sheet presentation	2004 £'000	2003 £°000
Net assets excluding FRS 17 pension liability	2,422	2,129
Add back enhanced pension provision	44	44
•	2,466	2,173
Net pension liability	(1,026)	(1,001)
Net assets including FRS 17 pension liability	1,440	1,172
Reserves note	2004	2003
	£'000	€,000
Income and expenditure account excluding FRS 17 pension liability	662	487
Add back enhanced pension provision	44	44
•	706	531
Pension reserve	(1,026)	(1,001)
Income and expenditure account including FRS 17 pension liability	(320)	(470)
_ ,		

Under the transitional arrangements for FRS 17, the College's pension charge for the year calculated under FRS 17 assumptions is not included in the financial statements (as this is currently calculated on a SSAP 24 basis). If the charge had been included on an FRS 17 basis, the following entries would be made.

Analysis of	the amoun	t charged to	income and	expenditure account

	2004	2003
	€'000	£'000
Service cost	(158)	(118)
Movement on enhanced pension		(2)
Total operating charge	(158)	(120)
Analysis of net return on pension scheme		
Expected return on pension scheme assets	130	117
Interest on pension liabilities	(160)	(137)
Net return	(30)	(20)
Amount recognised in the statements of total recognised gains and losses (STR	GL)	
Actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets	51	(47)
Experience gains and losses arising on the scheme liabilities	-	_
Change in financial and demographic assumptions underlying the scheme liabilities	(56)	(225)
Actuarial loss recognised in STRGL	(5)	(272)

(110,309)

244,323

Notes to the financial statements

23 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

Net cash inflow from operating activities

24

Movement in deficit during year	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
Deficit in scheme at 1 August	(1,001)	(738)
Movement in year: Current service charge	(158)	(120)
Contributions	168	`149 [´]
Past service costs		-
Net interest on assets	(30)	(20)
Actuarial gain or loss	(5)	(272)
Deficit in scheme at 31 July	(1,026)	(1,001)
History of experience gains and losses (in practice, from 2005, 5 years must be	oe shown)	
2004	2003	2002
£,000	£'000	£000
Difference between the expected and actual return on assets:	~	,-
Amount 51	(47)	(337)
% of scheme assets 2.2%	2.7%	22.5%
The state of the s		
Total amount recognised in STRGL	(070)	(2.27)
Amount (56) % of scheme liabilities 1.7%	, ,	(337) 15.4%
70 Of Scheme habitudes	1070	13.470
Net cash inflow from operating activities		
	2004	2003
	£	£
Surplus on continuing operations after depreciation	162,366	134,658
Depreciation	236,434	246,834
Deferred capital grants released to income	(119,278)	(134,132)
Interest payable	17,888	18,285
Decrease in stock	7,774	1,804
Increase in debtors	(345,488)	(232,762)
(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(57,295)	215,150
(Decrease)/increase in provisions	(219) (12,491)	1,870 (7,384)
Interest receivable	(12,471)	(7,384)

25 Analysis of changes in net (debt)/funds

	At 1 August 2003 £	Cashflows £	At 31 July 2004 £
Cash in at bank and in hand	318,645	(154,286)	164,359
Debt due within one year Debt due after one year	(46,084) (127,168)	39,251 94,314	(6,833) (32,854)
,	(173,252)	133,565	(39,687)
Total	145,393	(20,721)	124,672

26 Reconciliation of movement in members' funds

	2004	2003
	£	£
Surplus for the financial year	162,366	134,658
Opening members funds	1,245,781	1,111,123
Closing members funds	1,408,147	1,245,781

27 Company limited by guarantee

The company is limited by guarantee and has no share capital. The liability of its members is limited to an amount not exceeding £1. At 31 July 2004 there were 31 members (2003: 27).

28 Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at 31 July 2004 or 31 July 2003.

29 Related party transactions

Due to the nature of the College's operations and the composition of the Board of Governors (being drawn from local public and private sector organisations) it is inevitable that transactions will take place with organisations in which a member of the Board of Governors may have an interest. All transactions involving organisations in which a member of the Board of Governors may have an interest are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with the College's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures.

The Wentworth Castle and Stainborough Park Heritage Trust is a related party as a result of the College Principal's position as a director for the Trust and the level of planned property transactions which will be undertaken in the future. It is also considered that there is a level of common influence at the management level.

During the year the College has made an agreement with the Wentworth Castle and Stainborough Park Heritage Trust to enter into lease arrangements at a future date. No specific financial commitment has yet been agreed for these leases and therefore these financial statements do not include these transactions.

30 Learner support funds

	2004	2003
	£	£
Access funds		
Brought forward	1,261	12
Learning and Skills Council Grants	44,351	28,692
Interest earned	15	21
	45,627	28,725
Disbursed to students	(30,356)	(27,464)
Balance unspent as at 31 July	15,271	1,261
Other Learner Support Funds		
Learning and Skills Council		
- Childcare	32,997	21,204
- Recycled funds	31,972	21,20
Amount consolidated in financial statements as childcare	(64,969)	(21,204)
Balance unspent as at 31 July		-

Learning and Skills Council grants are available solely for students. In the majority of instances, the College only acts as a paying agent. In these circumstances, the grants and related disbursements are therefore excluded from the Income and Expenditure Account. The income and expenditure consolidated in the College's financial statements relates to the provision of childcare.