Company Registration No. 01330551 (England and Wales)

AALMAR SURVEYS LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020



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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

		2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		103,632		92,437
Investments			638		638
			104,270		93,075
Current assets					
Debtors	5	274,945		286,937	
Cash at bank and in hand		337,213		155,654 	
		612,158		442,591	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	_	(222.22)		(200 500)	
year	6	(357,093)		(268,532)	
Net current assets			255,065		174,059
Total assets less current liabilities			359,335		267,134
Provisions for liabilities			(19,559)		(16,577)
Net assets			339,776		250,557
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			339,676		250,457
Total equity			339,776		250,557

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 1 June 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

C Bryer

Director

Company Registration No. 01330551

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Aalmar Surveys Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 12 Clarence Court, Cambridge Grove, London, United Kingdom, W6 0FY.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small sized group as set out in section 383 of the Companies Act 2016. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemptions provided by Section 399 (2A) of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group accounts.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover from rendering of services is recognised by reference to stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for the work performed to date to the total estimated contracts costs. Where the outcome cannot be measured reliably, turnover is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Survey Equipment 20% Straight Line
Office Equipment 20% Straight Line
Motor vehicles 15% Straight line

Yatch 10 years of useful economic life Work boat 5 years of useful economic life

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Fixed asset investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Financial instruments

Basic financial assets

The company only enters into transactions that result in basic financial assets and basic financial liabilities.

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other debtors, amounts owed by group undertakings and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price less transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Current tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

1.8 Retirement benefits

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as prepayment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.9 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

1.10 Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to the profit or loss

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

				2020 Number	2019 Number
	Total			10	10
3	Tangible fixed assets				
		Plant and machinery etc	Yatch	Work boat	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 January 2020	54,223	74,250	=	128,473
	Additions	9,885		19,000	28,885
	At 31 December 2020	64,108	74,250	19,000	157,358
	Depreciation and impairment				
	At 1 January 2020	21,185	14,851	-	36,036
	Depreciation charged in the year	9,948	7,425	317	17,690
	At 31 December 2020	31,133	22,276	317	53,726
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 December 2020	32,975	51,974	18,683	103,632
	At 31 December 2019	33,038	59,399	-	92,437

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

4 Subsidiaries

Details of the investments (including principal place of business of unincorporated entities) in which the company holds 20% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital are as follows:

	Name of undertaking	Registered off	Ice		Class of shares held	% Held Direct
	Aalmar Surveys Inc	America			Ordinary Shares	100.00
5	Debtors				2000	2042
	Amounts falling due within o	one year:			2020 £	2019 £
	Trade debtors				219,180	164,625
	Corporation tax recoverable				-	284
	Amounts owed by group under	rtakings			37,897	37,897
	Other debtors				17,868 	84,131
					274,9 4 5	286,937
6	Creditors: amounts falling d	ue within one year			2020 £	2019 £
	Bank loans				50,000	-
	Trade creditors				186,225	178,916
	Corporation tax				17,508	-
	Other taxation and social secu	rity			28,135	37,145
	Other creditors				75,225	52,471
					357,093	268,532
7	Called up share capital					
			2020	2019	2020	2019
	Ordinary share capital		Number	Number	£	£
	Issued and fully paid					
	Ordinary Shares of £1 each		100	100	100	100

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