Registered number: 01322002

OISE LIMITED

DIRECTOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

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COMPANY INFORMATION

COMPANY NUMBER

01322002

REGISTERED OFFICE

38 Binsey Lane

Oxford OX2 0EY

DIRECTOR

T Gins

COMPANY SECRETARY

Diamond College Limited

BANKERS

Fortis Bank

Aquis House 49-51 Blagrave Street

Reading Berkshire RG1 1PL

AUDITOR

Nexia Smith & Williamson

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

Portwall Place Portwall Lane Bristol BS16NA

DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

The director presents his report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The principal activity of the company is the management of the OISE group

A more detailed review of the OISE group business activity in the period can be seen in the Directors' Report of the group's annual report, which does not form part of this report

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £5,174,877 (2009 loss £79,070)

Dividends of £500,000 (2009 £nil) were paid in the year No dividends are proposed

DIRECTOR

The director who served during the year was

T Gins

PRINCIPAL RISKS, UNCERTAINTIES AND RISK MANAGEMENT

There are a number of risks and uncertainties which may affect the company's performance. The company ensures that its exposure to a downturn in a particular trading sector is managed by continuing to broaden its activities both by depth of product range and geographically. The company also has a wide range of customers which limits exposure to any material loss of revenue from any one specific source.

The international nature of the company's operations creates exposure to currency risks, which are managed by financing investment in local financial instruments as appropriate

The financial risk management objectives of the company in relation to financial instruments are set by the director with a view to minimising the company's exposure to price, credit, liquidity and cashflow risks. The use of derivative instruments is made to mitigate risks or enhance returns, subject to strict control of exposures.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The directors of OISE Holdings Limited manage the group's operations on a divisional basis. For this reason, the company's director believes that analysis using key performance indicators for the company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance and position of the business of OISE Limited. The key performance indicators of OISE Holdings Limited are discussed in the Directors' Report of the group's annual report, which does not form part of this report.

DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

In the case of each person who was a director at the time this report was approved

- So far as that director was aware, there was no relevant available information of which the company's auditor were unaware, and
- that director has taken all steps that the director ought to have taken as a director to make him or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor were aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provision of S418 of the Companies Act 2006

AUDITOR

The auditor, Nexia Smith & Williamson, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006

This report was approved by the board on 30 June 2011 and signed on its behalf

T Gins Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF OISE LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of OISE Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 26. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTOR AND AUDITOR

As explained more fully in the Director's Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Auditing Practices Board's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Director's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF OISE LIMITED

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of remuneration specified by law are not made, or

Van Sach - Colleman

we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Jonathan Talbot (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Nexia Smith & Williamson

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors

Portwall Place Portwall Lane Bristol BS1 6NA

30 June 2011

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

	\$1	2010	2009
	Note	£	£
TURNOVER	1	2,733,039	2,714,983
Administrative expenses		(2,705,709)	(2,515,551)
Onerous lease costs		(128,559)	-
Total administrative expenses		(2,834,268)	(2,515,551)
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	2	(101,229)	199,432
Dividends received		5,500,000	-
Interest receivable and similar income		6,945	25,756
Interest payable and similar charges	3	(222,032)	(230,663)
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		5,183,684	(5.475)
***************************************	7		(5,475)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	7	(8,807) 	(73,595)
RETAINED PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	18	5,174,877	(79,070)

All amounts relate to continuing operations

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2010 or 2009 other than those included in the Profit and Loss Account

The notes on pages 8 to 20 form part of these financial statements

OISE LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER 01322002

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

			2010		2009
	Note	£	£	£	2009 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	9		2,416,725		2,467,008
Investments	10		7,867,233		7,867,133
			10,283,958		10,334,141
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	11	3,967,493		3,442,250	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,033,828		507	
		7,001,321		3,442,757	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	12	(5,864,502)		(7,032,340)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			1,136,819		(3,589,583)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITY	TIES		11,420,777		6,744,558
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	13		(1,426,000)		(1,543,000)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred tax	14	(453)		-	
Other provisions	15	(128,559)		(10,670)	
			(129,012)		(10,670)
NET ASSETS			9,865,765		5,190,888
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	16		950,000		950,000
Profit and loss account	18		8,915,765		4,240,888
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS	19		9,865,765		5,190,888

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 30 June 2011,

T Gins Director

The notes on pages 8 to 20 form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

11 Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

1.2 Consolidation

The director has taken advantage of the exemption not to prepare group financial statements as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary and the results of the company are included in the consolidated financial statements of its parent company. These accounts therefore present the results of the company as an individual entity

1.3 Cash flow statement

The director has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 1 from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and its parent publishes a consolidated cash flow statement

1.4 Turnover

Turnover represents rental income from subsidiary companies and income in respect of management charges made by the company to subsidiary companies to cover group running and management costs Turnover represents income excluding Value Added Tax

1.5 Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Freehold property

2% straight line

Leasehold improvements Fixtures and equipment

Over the period of the lease 10% - 25% straight line

Motor vehicles

25% straight line

Freehold land is not depreciated

1.6 Investments

Investments are included at cost less any impairment in value. Profits or losses arising from disposals of fixed asset investments are treated as part of the profit/loss on ordinary activities

1.7 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and is not discounted

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.8 Operating lease

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profit on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

1.9 Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Any gain or loss arising from a change in exchange rates subsequent to the date of the transaction is included as an exchange gain or loss in the profit and loss account

1 10 Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year

2. **OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT**

The operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging

	2010	2009
	Ł	L
Depreciation		
- Tangible fixed assets, owned	82,861	84,419
Auditors' remuneration	69,913	69,913
Auditors' remuneration - non-audit services	51,348	63,140
Exceptional administrative expenses	128,559	-
Operating lease rentals - land and buildings	111,807	100,464

The audit fee is in respect of the audit of the group accounts and each of the trading UK subsidiaries

INTEREST PAYABLE 3.

	2010	2009
	£	£
On bank loans and overdrafts	222,032	230,663

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

4 STAFF COSTS

Staff costs, including director's remuneration, were as follows

	2010 £	2009 £
Wages and salaries	958,201	1,134,234
Social security costs	125,020	115,139
Other pension costs	48,038	42,036
	1,131,259	1,291,409
		

The average monthly number of employees, including the director, during the year was as follows

	2010	2009
	No.	No
Administration	24	25

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5. DIRECTOR'S REMUNERATION

	2010 £	2009 £
Emoluments	109,600	309,600
Company pension contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	17,000	<u>-</u>

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 1 director (2009 1) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes

The highest paid director received remuneration of £109,600 (2009 £309,600)

During the year the non-executive directors of OISE Holdings Limited invoiced the company £15,510 (2009 £15,180) in respect of services provided during the year

6. ONEROUS LEASE COSTS

In 2010 a provision was made for costs of £128,559 (2009 £nil) which provided for an onerous lease held by The Gins Language Centre Inc, for which OISE Limited acted as guarantor

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

TAXATION		
	2010	2009
	£	£
Analysis of tax charge in the year		
Current tax (see note below)		
UK corporation tax charge on profit/loss for the year Adjustments in respect of prior periods	3,150 -	3, 150 5, 906
Total current tax	3,150	9,056
Deferred tax		
Current year charge	5,472	64,539
Effect of decreased tax rate on opening asset	186	, <u>-</u>
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(1)	-
Total deferred tax (see note 14)	5,657	64,539
Tax on profit/loss on ordinary activities	8,807	73,595
Factors affecting tax charge for the year The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2009 higher than) the st UK of 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below	tandard rate of corpora	tion tax in the
	2010	2009
The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2009 higher than) the si	2010 £	2009 £
The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2009 higher than) the si	2010	2009
The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2009 higher than) the st UK of 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of	2010 £ 5,183,684	2009 £ (5,475
The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2009 higher than) the st UK of 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	2010 £	2009 £
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The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2009 higher than) the st UK of 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%)	2010 £ 5,183,684	2009 £ (5,475
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The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2009 higher than) the st UK of 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	2010 £ 5,183,684 ————————————————————————————————————	2009 £ (5,475 (1,533 26,602
The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2009 higher than) the st UK of 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods Short term timing difference leading to an increase/(decrease) in	2010 £ 5,183,684 ————————————————————————————————————	2009 £ (5,475 (1,533) 26,602 (1,099) 5,906
The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2009 higher than) the st UK of 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods Short term timing difference leading to an increase/(decrease) in taxation	2010 £ 5,183,684 ————————————————————————————————————	2009 £ (5,475 (1,533 26,602 (1,099
The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2009 higher than) the st UK of 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods Short term timing difference leading to an increase/(decrease) in	2010 £ 5,183,684 ————————————————————————————————————	2009 £ (5,475 (1,533) 26,602 (1,099) 5,906
The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2009 higher than) the st UK of 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods Short term timing difference leading to an increase/(decrease) in taxation Impact of small companies tax rate	2010 £ 5,183,684 ————————————————————————————————————	2009 £ (5,475 (1,533) 26,602 (1,099) 5,906
The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2009 higher than) the st UK of 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods Short term timing difference leading to an increase/(decrease) in taxation Impact of small companies tax rate Non-taxable income less expenses not deductible for tax purposes Dividends from UK companies	2010 £ 5,183,684 ————————————————————————————————————	2009 £ (5,475) (1,533) 26,602 (1,099) 5,906 (64,490)
The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2009 higher than) the st UK of 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods Short term timing difference leading to an increase/(decrease) in taxation Impact of small companies tax rate Non-taxable income less expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2010 £ 5,183,684 ————————————————————————————————————	2009 £ (5,475) (1,533) 26,602 (1,099) 5,906 (64,490)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

7. TAXATION (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Finance (No 2) Act 2010 included legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 28 percent to 27 percent from 1 April 2011, and its impact is reflected above. On 23 March 2011 the Government announced its intention to further reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 1 April 2011 to 26 percent with further annual reductions of 1% each year culminating in a rate of 23 percent on 1 April 2014

It has not yet been possible to quantify the full anticipated effect of these proposed changes combined with other announced reductions to rates of capital allowances, although this will further reduce the company's future current tax charge and reduce the company's deferred tax balances accordingly

8. DIVIDENDS

	2010 £	2009 £
Dividends payable	500,000	-
		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

9.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
		Freehold property £	Leasehold improve- ments £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and equipment £	Total £
	Cost					
	At 1 January 2010 Additions Disposals	3,059,957 9,678 -	1,433 - -	12,090 - (12,090)	230,196 22,900 (108,795)	3,303,676 32,578 (120,885)
	At 31 December 2010	3,069,635	1,433	-	144,301	3,215,369
	Depreciation					
	At 1 January 2010 Charge for the year On disposals	663,338 63,579 -	1,360 73 -	12,090 - (12,090)	159,880 19,209 (108,795)	836,668 82,861 (120,885)
	At 31 December 2010	726,917	1,433		70,294	798,644
	Net book value					
	At 31 December 2010	2,342,718		-	74,007	2,416,725
	At 31 December 2009	2,396,619	73	-	70,316	2,467,008
10.	INVESTMENTS					
						Shares in isted group ndertakings £
	Cost or valuation					
	At 1 January 2010 Additions					7,867,133 100
	At 31 December 2010					7,867,233
	Net book value				_	
	At 31 December 2010				_	7,867,233
	At 31 December 2009					7,867,133

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

10. INVESTMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2010 the company held 20% or more of the issued share capital of the following trading companies

Name of undertaking	Country of incorporation	Class of share	Held by parent	Held by group	Nature of business
The Language School Company Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	-	Language tuition
SES Tutors Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	-	Language tuition
The Education and Training Company Limited	UK	Limited by Guarantee	100%	-	Language tuition
Eckersley Oxford Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	-	Language tuition
L'Europeenne de Sejours Linguistique SA	Switzerland	Ordinary	100%	-	Language tuition
Swissoise SA	Switzerland	Ordinary	-	100%	Language tuition
OISE Etudes	France	Ordinary	-	100%	Language tuition
Linguistiques SAS OISE Formation SARL	France	Ordinary	-	99 8%	Language tuition
OISE Sprachtraining (Deutschland) GmbH	Germany	Ordinary	-	100%	Language tuition
OISE Italy SRL	Italy	Ordinary	-	100%	Language tuition
OISE Australia Pty	Australia	Ordinary	-	100%	Language tuition
Limited OISE Boston Inc	USA	Ordinary	-	100%	Language tuition
ACE Consultores de Idiomas SA	Spain	Ordinary	-	100%	Language tuition
Nido Viajes de Idiomas SA	Spain	Ordinary	-	26%	Language tuition
Canadoise Inc	Canada	Common	-	100%	Language tuition
The Gins Language Centre Inc	Canada	Common	-	100%	Language tuition
Converse International School of Languages San Francisco LLC	USA	Ordinary	-	58 88%	Language tuition
OISE USA Inc	USA	Ordinary	-	100%	Holding Company

The financial positions and results of the above subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements of the parent company, OISE Holdings Limited

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

11.	DEBTORS		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	3,739,311	3,204,678
	Other debtors	52,802	-
	Prepayments	175,380	232,368
	Deferred tax asset (see note 14)	-	5, 204
		3,967,493	3,442,250
12.	CREDITORS [,] Amounts falling due within one year	2010 £	2009 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	117,000	5,226,961
	Trade creditors	130,013	197,259
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	4,922,934	889,492
	Other creditors	257,517	120,561
	Corporation tax	3,150	3,150
	Other taxation and social security	180,161	182,144
	Accruals	253,727	412,773
		5,864,502	7,032,340

Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by fixed charges over the property of group companies in the United Kingdom

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

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CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2010 £	2009 £
Bank loans	1,426,000	1,543,000
Included within the above are amounts falling due as follows		
	2010 £	2009 £
Between one and two years	~	~
Bank loans	117,000	117,000
Between two and five years		
Bank loans	351,000	351,000
After five years		
Bank loans	958,000	1,075,000
Creditors include amounts not wholly repayable within 5 years as follows:	vs	
	2010	2009
S	£	£
Repayable by instalments	958,000	1,075,000

The Fortis loan of £403,000 (2009 £444,000) is repayable in annual instalment and will be fully repaid in July 2020. The loan bears interest at a floating rate of 1% above the Fortis Bank base rate.

The Dunfermline loan of £1,140,000 (2009 £1,216,000) is repayable in annual instalments and will be fully repaid in June 2025 The loan bears interest at a variable rate of 1% above LIBOR

Bank loans are secured by fixed charges over the property of group companies in the United Kingdom

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010)

14.	DEFERRED TAXATION		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Deferred tax asset at beginning of year Charged for year	5,204 (5,657)	69,743 (64,539)
	Deferred tax (hability)/asset at end of year	(453)	5,204
	The deferred taxation balance is made up as follows		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	453	(5,204)
15.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES		
			Onerous Lease £
	At 1 January 2010 Additions Utilised in the year		10,670 128,559 (10,670)
	At 31 December 2010		128,559
	Onerous Lease		
	In 2010 a provision was made for costs of £128,559 (2009 £nil) wheld by The Gins Language Centre Inc, for which OISE Limited acted		onerous lease
16.	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Authorised share capital		
	50,000,000 Ordinary shares of 5p each	2,500,000	2,500,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

17. SHARE OPTIONS

On 21 June 2005 C W Smith was granted share options on 1,000,000 shares at a price of 75p per share. The exercise period runs from 21 June 2005 until 31 August 2011. None of these options have been exercised. These options are felt to be of minimal value at 31 December 2010 and 2009 and, as such, no cost has been recognised in the profit and loss account and no liability is included in the balance sheet at the year end.

18. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

			Profit and loss account £
	At 1 January 2010 Profit for the year Dividends Equity capital		4,240,888 5,174,877 (500,000)
	At 31 December 2010		8,915,765
19.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Opening shareholder's funds Profit/(loss) for the year Dividends (Note 8)	5,190,888 5,174,877 (500,000)	5,269,958 (79,070) -
	Closing shareholder's funds	9,865,765	5,190,888

20. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 December 2010 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows

	Land and buildings	
	2010	2009
	£	£
Expiry date.		
Within 1 year	-	10,670
Between 2 and 5 years	213,950	256,888
After more than 5 years	545,389	606,319
Total	759,339	873,877

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

21. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

In the normal course of business, the company has provided an unlimited guarantee as valuable security in connection with the banking facilities of various subsidiary undertakings. At 31 December 2010 the amount outstanding was £nil (2009 £nil)

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As a subsidiary of OISE Holdings Limited the company is exempt from the requirements of FRS 8 to disclose transactions with other members of the group headed by OISE Holdings Limited on the grounds that consolidated financial statements are publicly available from Companies House

At 31 December 2010 the company owed £257,181 (2009 £119,545) to Till Gins, a director of OISE Limited

During the year the company paid rent of £80,000 (2009 £80,000) to Till Gins and James Hay Pension Trustees Limited (Company Number 1435887), who are the trustees of the pension fund of Till Gins, a director of OISE Limited

During the year the company was charged £13,500 (2009 £20,464) by Lanleya Limited, a company owned by the shareholders of OISE Holdings Limited. This charge related to the lease of a property from Lanleya Limited.

During the year the company paid emoluments of £18,000 (2009 £18,000) to directors of OISE Holdings Limited. The company was also invoiced £15,510 (2009 15,180) for the services of Non-Executive directors.

23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company's financial instruments, other than derivatives, comprise borrowings, cash at bank and various items including trade debtors and trade creditors that arise directly from its operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to fund the company's operations.

The company also enters into derivative transactions. These are forward foreign currency contracts, the purpose of which is to manage the currency risks arising from the company's operations. It is, and has been throughout the period under review, the company's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken.

24. INTEREST RATE RISK

Due to the seasonal nature of its business the company's exposure to interest rate risk is limited. At different times in the year the company finances its operations through a mixture of retained profits and bank borrowings or surplus cash.

For the financing of freehold property the company borrows at floating rates of interest

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

25. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The director considers the ultimate controlling party to be Mr T Gins by virtue of his shareholding in OISE Holdings Limited, the company's ultimate holding company

The largest and smallest group of companies for which group financial statements are drawn up is that headed by OISE Holdings Limited Consolidated accounts of OISE Holdings Limited are available from Companies House