FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

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THURSFORD ENTERPRISES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 01321878

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

	Note		2023 £		2022 £
Fixed assets					•
Tangible assets	4		436,154		356,816
			436,154	_	356,816
Current assets				·	
Stocks	5	208,305		238,134	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one	_		•		
year	. 6	749,449		11,556	
Cash at bank and in hand		736,216	:	503,921	
		1,693,970	-	753,611	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	7	(305,415)	•	(391,220)	2
Net current assets			1,388,555		362,391
Total assets less current liabilities			1,824,709	_	719,207
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(26,602)		(18,969)
Net assets			1,798,107	· · -	700,238
Capital and reserves					-
Called up share capital		•	300,000		300,000
Profit and loss account			1,498,107		400,238
			1,798,107	_	700,238

THURSFORD ENTERPRISES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 01321878

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

S A Geary Director

Date: 11 December 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1. General information

Thursford Enterprises is a private Company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales, registration number 01321878. The registered office is Laurel Farm, Thursford, Fakenham, Norfolk, NR21 0AS.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling, which is the functional currency of the Company, and rounded to the nearest £.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The directors have considered the company's and group's trading expectations and cash facilities at the time of signing the financial statements. Based on this, the directors have concluded that they have a reasonable expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and at least twelve months from the date of signing these financial statements. They therefore continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting.

2.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

Turnover generated from the sale of tickets is recognised on the day which the ticket grants admission.

Turnover generated from the sales of souvenirs is recognised on the day which the goods were sold in the shops.

Turnover generated from events and catering is recognised on the day which the event takes place.

Turnover generated from bed and breakfast bookings is recognised over the period which the booking relates to.

Furlough income and Covid-19 support grants are recognised in the same period as the related expenditure.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term:

2.5 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.6 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

If the company expects to make a gift aid payment within nine months of the year end that will be utilised against current period profits, no provision is included for the tax that will be mitigated by the post year end gift aid payment.

2.7 Gift Aid payments

Gift Aid payments to the parent charity are recognised when the Company has a legal obligation to make the payment, or when paid, whichever is earlier.

2.8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The Company adds to the carrying amount of an item of fixed assets the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred, if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental future benefits to the Company. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings

- 3 to 20 years straight line

Costumes

- 40% first year then reducing balance basis

25% thereafter

Fantasy Land Equipment

 Reducing balance over the life of the assets -3 to 30 years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.10 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.11 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.13 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

2.14 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors and loans from related parties.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 57 (2022 - 43).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Other fixed assets £
Cost	
At 1 April 2022	1,260,086
Additions	223,754
At 31 March 2023	1,483,840
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2022	903,270
Charge for the year on owned assets	144,416
At 31 March 2023	1,047,686
Net book value	
At 31 March 2023	436,154
At 31 March 2022	356,816
5. Stocks	
2023 £	2022 £
Work in progress (goods to be sold) 208,305	238,134
208,305	238, 134

Stock recognised in cost of sales during the year as an expense was £450,374 (2018: £412,658). An impairment loss of £nil (2018: £nil) was recognised in cost of sales against stock during the year due to slow-moving and obsolete stock.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

6.	Debtors		
		2023 £	2022 £
	Trade debtors	70,108	1,199
	Other debtors	669,772	2,843
	Prepayments and accrued income	9,569	7,514
		749,449	11,556
7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2023 £	2022 £
	Trade creditors	33,541	14,456
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	73,154	211,098
	Other taxation and social security	7,244	-
	Other creditors	8,860	9,666
	Accruals and deferred income	182 <u>,</u> 616	156,000
		305,415	391,220

Included within amounts owed to group undertakings is £73,154 (2022: £211,098) due to The Thursford Collection, the Parent Charity. The amount is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the Company and all property and assets present and future, including goodwill, book debts, uncalled capital, buildings, fixtures, fixed plant and machinery.

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2023 £	2022 £
Accruals and deferred income	26,602	18,969
	26,602	18,969

9. Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS102 section 33 not to disclose the transactions between wholly owned members of a group.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

10. Controlling party

The Thursford Collection, a charitable company (registered number 01279056) holds 100% of the share capital of the company and is the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of The Thursford Collection are publicly available from Laurel Farm, Thursford, Fakenham, Norfolk NR21 0AS.

11. Auditors' information

The auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 was unqualified.

The audit report was signed on 12 December 2023 by Giles Kerkham FCA DChA (Senior statutory auditor) on behalf of Larking Gowen LLP.