BONNINGTON PLASTICS LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018





COMPANY INFORMATION



Directors

Ian Charles Fisher

Paul Andrew Cavanagh Sergio Pasquale Tartaglia

Company number

01306737

Registered office

Goldfish Eco Business Hub

9 Glaisdale Parkway

Nottingham England NG8 4GP

Auditor

UHY Hacker Young LLP

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STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018



The board of directors (the "Directors") of Bonnington Plastics Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") present the strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2018 ("Strategic Report").

Fair review of the business

Sales have increased to £31,301,662 (2017: £29,294,736) due mainly to reporting full year results for Wido Limited (formerly Beauty4Less Limited), instead of the 5 months included in 2017 due to the acquisition of Wido Limited by the Company on 31 July 2017.

Margins have improved slightly to 27% (2017: 26%) due to a sales mix more in favour of the Wido Limited internet business that has a higher gross profit margin.

Net profit before tax has decreased to £317,477 (2017: £400,406) because costs have been higher during 2018 due in part to investment in the re-branding of the Wido Limited internet business and creation of a dedicated warehouse facility for Wido Limited.

The Directors are satisfied with the Group result in the current uncertain economic conditions created by the Brexit process.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Group's activities expose it to a number of financial risks including credit risk, liquidity risk, cash flow and price risk.

Credit risk: The Group's principal financial assets are bank balances, cash and trade and other receivables. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of allowances for doubtful debts. The Company has credit insurance policies in place to cover most trade debt. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings. The Group has no significant concentration of uninsured credit risk.

Liquidity risk: The Group monitors its cash flow on a daily basis as part of its normal control procedures.

Cash flow and price risk: The Group is exposed to price and cash flow risk as the majority of its products are imported into the United Kingdom ("UK"). The volatility of the global economy exposes the Group to both currency fluctuations and changes in freight costs. To mitigate these risks the Company uses financial instruments such as foreign exchange forward contracts. None of these transactions are of a speculative nature.





Key performance indicators

The Group's key financial and other performance indicators during the year were as follows:

Year to 31 December 2018	Year to 31 December 2017
£31,301,662	£29,294,736
£8,535,618	£7,505,642
27%	26%
£317,477	£400,406
	£31,301,662 £8,535,618 27%

On behalf of the Directors

Paul Andrew Cavanagh

Director

Date: 16/8/19

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018



The Directors present their annual report consisting of the Directors' report ("Directors' Report") and the financial statements (being the Group profit and loss account, the Group statement of comprehensive income, the Group balance sheet, the Company balance sheet, the Group statement of changes in equity, the Company statement of changes in equity, the Group statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements) ("Annual Report").

The definition of words and expressions applied in the Directors' Report, Annual Report, Strategic Report and Statement of Directors Responsibilities apply to all sections of the 'Annual Report and Financial Statements' with the exception of the independent auditors report where the definition of words and expressions given in the independent auditors report applies.

Principal activities

The Group's principal activity is the wholesale of gardening, catering, other seasonal and festive related products, together with the online selling of beauty salon equipment, consumables and other miscellaneous goods.

Directors

The Directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Ian Charles Fisher
Paul Andrew Cavanagh
Sergio Pasquale Tartaglia
Mark Lawrence Mettam

(Resigned 21 December 2018)

Results and dividends

The Group results for the year are set out on page 8.

Ordinary dividends were paid amounting to £100,000 (2017: £833,865). The Directors do not recommend payment of a further dividend.

Auditor

In accordance with the Companies Act 2006 ("CA 2006"), a written resolution proposing that UHY Hacker Young LLP be reappointed as auditor of the Group has been put to the member and passed.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)



Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

CA 2006 and the Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the Companies, Partnerships and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2015 ("Relevant Company Law") together require the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. The Directors have elected to prepare financial statements in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice ("UKGAAP"), which includes Financial Reporting Standard 102 ("FRS102").

Under Relevant Company Law, the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit and loss of the Group and Company for the relevant period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UKGAAP standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group and Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Group and the Company transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with CA 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a Director at the date of approving this Directors' Report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor of the Group and the Company is unaware. Additionally, Directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as Directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor of the Group and of the Company is aware of that information.

On behalf of the Directors

Paul Andrew Cavanagh

Director

Date: 16/8/19



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF BONNINGTON PLASTICS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Bonnington Plastics Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the Group profit and loss account, the Group statement of comprehensive income, the Group balance sheet, the Company balance sheet, the Group statement of changes in equity, the Company statement of changes in equity, the Group statement of cash flows and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("Financial Statements"). The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice ("UKGAAP"), which includes Financial Reporting Standard 102 ("FRS102").

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its profit;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UKGAAP; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 ("CA 2006").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)"), CA 2006, and all other legislation referred to in ISAs (UK) ("Relevant Company Law"). Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) and Relevant Company Law are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements' section of this report ("Independent Auditor's Report")

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements, including the Financial Reporting Council's ("FRC's") Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the board of directors (the "**Directors**") of the Company use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the Financial Statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the Financial Statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Group's or the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the Financial Statements are authorised for issue.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF BONNINGTON PLASTICS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information ("Other Information") which comprises the strategic report ("Strategic Report") and the directors' report ("Directors' Report"). Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the Other Information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this Independent Auditor's Report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the Financial Statements or a material misstatement of the Other Information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the CA 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

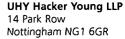
- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the Financial Statements are prepared is consistent with the Financial Statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with Relevant Company Law and UKGAAP.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Group and the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in either the Strategic Report nor the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the CA 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the Financial Statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF BONNINGTON PLASTICS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the statement of Directors' responsibilities within the Directors' Report, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Financial Statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an independent auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements is located on the FRC's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Independent Auditor's Report.

Use of our report

This Independent Auditor's Report is made solely to the Company's member, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the CA 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's member those matters we are required to state to it in an independent auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's member, for our audit work, for this Independent Auditor's Report, or for the opinions we have formed.

James Simmonds (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of UHY Hacker Young LLP

16 Agust 219

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor





Notes	2018 £	2017 £
3	31,301,662	29,294,736
	(22,766,044)	(21,789,094)
	8,535,618	7,505,642
•	(3,614,472)	(2,464,793)
	(4,433,697)	(4,539,305)
4	487,449	501,544
8	750	29,167
9	(170,722)	(130,305)
	317,477	400,406
10	(71,053)	(85,311)
25	246,424	315,095
	3 4 8 9	Notes \$\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{1}{2}}}{3} \frac{31,301,662}{(22,766,044)} \frac{\pmathbf{\frac{2}{2}}}{8,535,618} \frac{(3,614,472)}{(4,433,697)} \frac{487,449}{8} \frac{750}{(170,722)} \frac{170,722}{317,477} \frac{(71,053)}{ \qua

Profit for the financial year is all attributable to the parent company.





	2018 £	2017 £
Profit for the year	246,424	315,095
Other comprehensive income/(loss)		
Currency translation differences on subsidiary undertakings	(3,610)	4,468
Cash flow hedges gain/(loss) arising in the year	451,012	(712,235)
Tax relating to other comprehensive income	(76,672)	73,674
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	370,730	(634,093)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	617,154	(318,998)
	<u> </u>	

Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year is all attributable to the parent company.





•		2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Goodwill	12		675,915		754,662
Other intangible assets	12		86,820		
Total intangible assets			762,735		754,662
Tangible assets	13		899,380		726,555
			1,662,115		1,481,217
Current assets					
Stock	17	7,430,929		7,865,237	
Debtors	18	3,231,720		3,179,167	
Cash at bank and in hand		532,179		834,670	
		11,194,828		11,879,074	
Creditors: amounts falling due	4.0	(0.454.505)		(0.4.60.55.5)	
within one year	19	(8,424,587)		(9,168,537)	
Net current assets			2,770,241		2,710,537
Total assets less current liabilities			4,432,356		4,191,754
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	20		(72,333)		(436,800)
Provisions for liabilities		,	•		
Deferred tax liability	22	(87,915)		-	
			(87,915)		-
Net assets			4,272,108		3,754,954
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	24		200,000		200,000
Hedging reserve	25		49,861		(324,479)
Other reserve	25		(37,090)		(33,480)
Profit and loss account	25		4,059,337		3,912,913
Total equity			4,272,108		3,754,954
Total equity			4,272,108		3,754,95

GROUP BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)



The Financial Statements were approved by the Directors and authorised for issue on $\frac{16}{8}$ / $\frac{19}{9}$ and are signed on their behalf by:

Paul Andrew Cavanagh

Director

Date 16/8/19





		2018	2018		
	Notes	£	£	2017 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	13		878,385		721,442
Investments	14		749,586		749,586
			1,627,971		1,471,028
Current assets					
Stock	17	7,197,943		7,783,670	
Debtors	18	2,413,719		2,357,834	
Cash at bank and in hand		97,291		474,882	
		9,708,953		10,616,386	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	. 19	(6,867,322)		(7,749,680)	
Net current assets			2,841,631		2,866,706
Total assets less current liabilities			4,469,602		4,337,734
Creditors: amounts falling due after					
more than one year	20		(72,333)		(436,800)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax liability	22	(87,915)			
		•	(87,915)		· · ·
Net assets			4,309,354		3,900,934
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	24		200,000		200,000
Hedging reserve	25		49,86 1		(324,479)
Profit and loss account	25		4,059,493		4,025,413
Total equity			4,309,354		3,900,934

CÓMPANY BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)



As permitted by section 408 of the CA 2006, the Company has not presented its own profit and loss account and related notes. The Company's profit for the year was £134,080 (2017: £247,244).

The Financial Statements were approved by the Directors and authorised for issue on 16/8/19 and are signed on their behalf by:

Paul Andrew Cavanagh

Director

Date 16/8/19

Company Registration No. 01306737



GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Share capital	Hedging reserve	Other reserves	Profit and loss account	Total
Notes	£	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 January 2017	200,000	314,082	(37,948)	4,431,683	4,907,817
Year ended 31 December 2017:					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	315,095	315,095
Other comprehensive (loss)/income:			•		
Movement on foreign exchange Cash flow hedges losses arising in	-	-	4,468	-	4,468
the year		(712,235)	_	_	(712,235)
Tax relating to other comprehensive income	-	73,674	-	-	73,674
					
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the					
year Disidende	-	(638,561)	4,468	315,095	(318,998)
Dividends 11				(833,865)	(833,865)
Balance at 31 December 2017	200,000	(324,479)	(33,480)	3,912,913	3,754,954
Year ended 31 December 2018:					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	246,424	246,424
Other comprehensive income/(loss):					
Movement on foreign exchange	_	_	(3,610)		(3,610)
Cash flow hedges gains arising in	-	451,012	-	_	451,012
the year					
Tax relating to other comprehensive income		(76,672)			(76,672)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the				_	
year	-	374,340	(3,610)	246,424	617,154
Dividends 11				(100,000)	(100,000)
Balance at 31 December 2018	200,000	49,861	(37,090)	4,059,337	4,272,108



COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

		Share capital	Hedging reserve	Profit and loss account	Total
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 January 2017	·	200,000	314,082	4,612,034	5,126,116
Year ended 31 December 2017: Profit for the year			-	247,244	247,244
Other comprehensive (loss)/income: Cash flow hedges losses arising in the year Tax relating to other comprehensive income		-	(712,235) 73,674) - 	(712,235) 73,674
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year Dividends	11	-	(638,561)	247,244 (833,865)	(391,317) (833,865)
Balance at 31 December 2017		200,000	(324,479)	4,025,413	3,900,934
Year ended 31 December 2018: Profit for the year Other comprehensive income: Cash flow hedges gains arising in the year		-	451,012	134,080	134,080 451,012
Tax relating to other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income for the year Dividends	11	- -	374,340	134,080 (100,000)	(76,672) 508,420 (100,000)
Balance at 31 December 2018	11	200,000	49,861	4,059,493	4,309,354





		2018	2018		7
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash generated from operations	31		1,458,512		1,934,861
Interest paid			(170,722)		(121,487)
Taxation paid			(164,286)		(302,395)
Net cash inflow from operating activi	ties		1,123,504		1,510,979
Investing activities			•		
Purchase of business including overdrate	ft acquired	-		(870,865)	
Purchase of intangible assets		(88,292)		-	
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(324,107)		(182,188)	
Proceeds on disposal of tangible fixed assets		3,200		-	
Interest received		750		29,167	
Net cash used in investing activities			(408,449)		(1,023,886)
Financing activities					
Proceeds from borrowings		-		728,000	
Repayment of borrowings		(390,000)		(145,600)	
Repayment of financing arrangements		(554,708)		(283,350)	
Payment of finance lease obligations		(13,368)		(8,954)	
Dividends paid to equity shareholders		(100,000)		(833,865)	
Net cash used in financing activities			(1,058,076)		(543,769)
Net decrease in cash and cash equival	lents		(343,021)		(56,676)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	of year		553,476		692,918
Effect of foreign exchange rates			(1,485)		(82,766)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of y	ear ear		208,970		553,476
Relating to:					
Cash at bank and in hand			532,179		834,670
Bank overdrafts included in creditors pa	ayable within	one year	(323,209)		(281,194)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018



1 Accounting policies

Company information

The Company is a private limited company domiciled and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Goldfish Eco Business Hub, 9 Glaisdale Parkway, Nottingham, England, NG8 4GP.

1.1 Accounting convention

These Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 as part of UKGAAP and the requirements of Relevant Company Law.

The Financial Statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the Group and the Company. Monetary amounts in these Financial Statements are rounded to the nearest pound sterling.

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Basis of consolidation

In the Group profit and loss account, the Group statement of comprehensive income, the Group balance sheet, the Group statement of changes in equity and the Group statement of cash flows ("Group Financial Statements"), the cost of a business combination is the fair value at the acquisition date of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed, plus costs directly attributable to the business combination. The excess of the cost of a business combination over the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is recognised as goodwill. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment.

The Group Financial Statements incorporate those of the Company and all of its subsidiaries (i.e. entities that the Group controls through its power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain economic benefits). Subsidiaries acquired during the year are consolidated using the purchase method. Their results are incorporated from the date that control passes.

The Group Financial Statements are made up to 31 December 2018. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used into line with those used by other members of the Group.

In the Group Financial Statements all transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

The Group profit and loss account and Group statement of cash flows include the results and cash flows of Wido Limited (formerly Beauty4Less Limited), Big Fish Ningbo Trading Co. and Big Fish Hong Kong Trading Limited for the year to 31 December 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)



1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.3 Going concern

At the time of approving the Financial Statements the Directors are not aware of any likely events, conditions or business risks that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern during the period of 12 months from the signing of the Company's balance sheet. Thus, the Directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements.

1.4 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods provided in the normal course of business and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods).

1.5 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of a business over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 10 years.

1.6 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost, net of any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Amortisation is recognised to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following basis:

Website costs

20% straight line

1.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold improvements

20% straight line

Plant and equipment

15% and 20% straight line

Fixtures and fittings

15% straight line

Motor vehicles

25% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset and is recognised in the Group profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)



1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.8 Fixed asset investments

In the Company financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the Group. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.9 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss.

1.10 Stock

Stock is stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less direct selling costs. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition, such as carriage.

Stock held for distribution at no or nominal consideration is measured at the lower of replacement cost and cost adjusted where applicable for any impairment.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stock over its estimated selling price less direct selling costs is recognised as an impairment loss in the Group profit and loss account. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in the Group profit and loss account.

1.11 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank loans and overdrafts are shown in note 19.

1.12 Financial instruments

The Group and the Company have both elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in both the Group and Company balance sheets when the Group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amounts presented in the Financial Statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)



1 Accounting policies (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into.

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans and loans from Group companies are initially recognised at transaction price. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less.

Other financial liabilities

Derivative financial instruments ("**Derivatives**") are used to manage risks arising from changes in foreign currency exchange rates relating to the purchase of overseas sourced products. The Group does not enter into Derivatives for speculative purchases.

Changes in the fair value of Derivatives used as a cash flow hedge are recognised in the Group statement of comprehensive income and in the fair value hedging reserve in both the Group and the Company statements of changes in equity and subsequently transferred to the carrying amount of the hedged item. Realised gains or losses on the cash flow hedges are therefore recognised in the Group profit and loss account in the same period as the hedged item. If the hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur the net cumulative profit or loss recognised in both the Group and the Company changes in equity is then transferred to the Group profit and loss account.

1.13 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)



1 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled, or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if, and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.14 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the Group is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.15 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.16 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the asset's fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in both the Group and Company balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to the Group profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)



1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.17 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions other than stock which is recorded at the foreign exchange forward contract rate. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the profit and loss account for the period.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are as follows:

Provision for stock

Stock is reviewed on an ongoing basis and a provision made where the Directors are of the opinion that specific items are slow moving and the price requires discounting in order to clear the stock. As at the year end the Directors have no material concerns over the recoverability of the Group and Company's stock balance.

3 Turnover and other revenue

	2018	2017
	£	£
Turnover analysed by geographical market	•	
UK	28,111,790	26,353,429
Europe	2,745,088	2,654,448
Rest of world	444,784	286,859
	21 201 662	20 204 726
	31,301,662	29,294,736





4	Operating profit		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Operating profit for the year is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Exchange gains	(42,435)	(178,912)
	Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	150,833	156,294
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets held under finance leases	3,000	4,485
	Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	34,227	13,118
	Amortisation of intangible assets	80,219	32,811
	Cost of stock recognised as an expense	21,698,830	21,192,583
	Operating lease charges	639,728	496,519
5	Auditor's remuneration		
		2018	2017
	Fees payable to the Company's auditor and associates:	£	£
	For audit services		
	Audit of the financial statements of the Group and Company	22,250	21,000
	Audit of the financial statements of the Company's subsidiaries	11,460	13,951
		33,710	34,951

6 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including Directors) employed by the Group and Company during the year was:

	Gr	oup	Company			
	2018	2018 2017	2018 2017 2018	2018 2017 2018		2017
	Number	Number	Number	Number		
Administration and support	52	53	32	31		
Sales, marketing and distribution	41	44	41	38		
	93	97	73	69		





6 Employees

Their aggregate remuneration comprised:

	Group			
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	£	£	£	£
Wages and salaries	2,276,953	2,192,517	1,905,201	1,972,844
Social security costs	228,675	240,353	196,796	203,968
Pension costs	93,727	56,639	69,415	29,511
	2,599,355	2,489,509	2,171,412	2,206,323

7 Directors' remuneration

Directors remuneration	2018 £	2017 £
Remuneration for qualifying services Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes	304,088 32,507	377,353 2,970
	336,595	380,323

The number of Directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined contribution schemes amount to 4 (2017: 4).

Remuneration disclosed above includes the following amounts paid to the highest paid Director:

	2018 £	2017 £
Remuneration for qualifying services Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes	109,966 1,875	105,593 650

The key management personnel of both the Group and the Company are considered to be the Directors.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

8	Interest receivable and similar income	2018	2017
		£	£
	Interest income	•	
	Interest on bank deposits	750	-
	Other interest income		29,167
	Total income	750	29,167
	Investment income includes the following:		
	Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss	750 ———	-
9	Interest payable and similar expenses		
	Interest payable and similar expenses	2018	2017
		£	£
	Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:		
	Interest on bank overdrafts and loans	114,052	76,821
	Interest on finance leases and hire purchase contracts	1,564	607
	Interest on invoice finance arrangements	42,815	44,059
	Other interest on financial liabilities	12,291	8,818
		170,722	130,305
			
10	Taxation		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Current tax		
	UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	39,859	80,236
	Foreign current tax on profits for the current period	2,983	4,382
	Total current tax	42,842	84,618
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	28,211	693
	Total tay aharga	71.052	05.211
	Total tax charge	71,053	85,311





10 Taxation (continued)

The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge based on the profit or loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:

	2018 £	2017 £
Profit before taxation	317,477	400,406
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2017: 19.25%)	60,321	77,078
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	(84)	1,840
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(33)	307
Effect of change in corporation tax rate	-	10,712
Depreciation on assets not qualifying for tax allowances	5,125	12,225
Amortisation on assets not qualifying for tax allowances	14,962	6,316
Effect of overseas tax rates	(6,190)	(13,942)
Prior year adjustment to deferred tax	(88)	(7,898)
Corporation tax not recognised	• -	(1,327)
Deferred tax not recognised	(2,960)	
Taxation charge for the year	71,053	85,311

In addition to the amount charged to the Group profit and loss account, the following amounts relating to tax have been recognised directly in other comprehensive income:

		2018 £	2017 £
	Deferred tax arising on: Revaluation of financial instruments treated as cash flow hedges	76,672	(73,674)
11	Dividends	2018 £	2017 £
	Dividends paid	100,000	833,865





12 Intangible fixed assets

Group	Goodwill	Website costs	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			•
At 1 January 2018	787,473	-	787,473
Additions - separately acquired	· -	88,292	88,292
At 31 December 2018	787,473	88,292	875,765
Amortisation and impairment			
At 1 January 2018	32,811	-	32,811
Amortisation charged for the year	78,747	1,472	80,219
At 31 December 2018	111,558	1,472	113,030
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2018	675,915	86,820	762,735
At 31 December 2017	754,662		754,662
•			





13 Tangible fixed assets

Group	Leasehold improvements	Plant and Fixtures equipment and fittings		Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 January 2018	48,824	1,143,371	373,636	16,562	1,582,393
Additions	37,728	199,969	15,660	110,750	364,107
Disposals	-	(74,058)	-	-	(74,058)
Exchange adjustments		<u>-</u>	42		42
At 31 December 2018	86,552	1,269,282	389,338	127,312	1,872,484
Depreciation and impairment					
At 1 January 2018	11,183	489,165	343,119	12,371	855,838
Depreciation charged in the year	11,395	117,267	10,675	14,496	153,833
Eliminated in respect of disposals	-	(36,631)	-	-	(36,631)
Exchange adjustments	·	-	64		64
At 31 December 2018	22,578	569,801	353,858	26,867	973,104
Carrying amount					
At 31 December 2018	63,974	699,481	35,480	100,445	899,380
At 31 December 2017	37,641	654,206	30,517	4,191	726,555





13 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Company	Leasehold improvements	Plant and Fixtures equipment and fittings		Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 January 2018	48,824	1,143,371	334,206	15,170	1,541,571
Additions	37,728	179,824	15,660	110,750	343,962
Disposals		(74,058)			(74,058)
At 31 December 2018	86,552	1,249,137	349,866	125,920	1,811,475
Depreciation and impairment					
At 1 January 2018	11,183	489,165	308,813	10,968	820,129
Depreciation charged in the year	11,395	116,931	6,770	14,496	149,592
Eliminated in respect of disposals		(36,631)			(36,631)
At 31 December 2018	22,578	569,465	315,583	25,464	933,090
Carrying amount					
At 31 December 2018	63,974	679,672	34,283	100,456	878,385
At 31 December 2017	37,641	654,206	25,393	4,202	721,442

The net carrying value of tangible fixed assets includes the following in respect of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts:

•	Group		Company	
	2018	2018 2017	2018	2017
	£	£	£	£
Plant and equipment	37,000	20,556	37,000	20,556
Depreciation charge for the year in respect of leased assets	3,000	4,485	3,000	4,485

14 Fixed asset investments

		G	Group		Company
		2018	2017	2018	2017
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Investments in subsidiaries	15	-	-	749,586	749,586
·					





14 Fixed asset investments (continued)

Movements in fixed asset investments	
Company	Shares in group undertakings
	£
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2018 and 31 December 2018	749,586
Carrying amount	•
At 31 December 2018	749,586
At 31 December 2017	749,586

15 Subsidiaries

The Company's subsidiaries as at 31 December 2018 are as follows:

Name of undertaking	Registered office	Nature of business	Class of shares held		Held Indirect
	office		shares held	Direct	mairect
Wido Limited	England and Wales	Purchasing and resale of goods	Ordinary	100	
Big Fish Hong Kong Trading Limited ("BFHK")	Hong Kong	Purchasing and resale of goods	Ordinary	100	
Big Fish Ningbo Trading Co.	People's Republic of China	Purchasing and resale of goods, and the provision of services to BFHK.	Ordinary		100





16 Financial instruments

	Group		Company	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	£	£	£	£
Carrying amount of financial assets				
Debt instruments measured at amortised cost Instruments measured at fair value through	3,356,086	3,712,667	2,160,800	2,500,839
hedging reserve	60,073	-	60,073	-
•	-			
Carrying amount of financial liabilities Measured at fair value through profit or loss				
Other financial liabilities	-	390,939	-	390,939
Measured at amortised cost	8,086,677	8,788,268	6,532,025	7,435,839
	=			

Debt instruments includes cash at bank and in hand, trade debtors, deposits for inventory held by suppliers, amounts owed by Group undertakings and other debtors.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost includes bank loans and overdrafts, trade creditors, amounts due to Group undertakings, other creditors and accruals.

17 Stock

	Group		Company	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	£	£	£	£
Finished goods and goods for resale	7,430,929	7,865,237	7,197,943	7,783,670

Included within stock is a Group stock provision of £66,810 (2017: £120,831) and a Company stock provision of £46,210 (2017: £103,831).





G	roup	Co	ompany
2018	2017	2018	2017
ar: £	£	£	£
1,962,031	2,032,601	1,860,302	1,913,047
liers 734,057	714,663	115,104	85,190
40,107	-	74,967	-
ngs 1,005	-	1,005	-
60,073	-	60,073	-
70,053	61,972	30,337	44,149
307,249	283,818	215,170	232,225
3,174,575	3,093,054	2,356,958	2,274,611
384	17,352	-	14,462
3,174,959	3,110,406	2,356,958	2,289,073
an one year:			
56,761	68,761	56,761	68,761
3,231,720	3,179,167	2,413,719	2,357,834
	2018 ear: 1,962,031 734,057 40,107 1,005 60,073 70,053 307,249 3,174,575 384 3,174,959 an one year: 56,761	1,962,031 2,032,601 734,057 714,663 40,107 - 1,005 - 60,073 - 70,053 61,972 307,249 283,818 3,174,575 3,093,054 384 17,352 3,174,959 3,110,406 an one year: 56,761 68,761	2018 £ £ £ 1,962,031 2,032,601 1,860,302 liers 734,057 714,663 115,104 40,107 - 74,967 1,005 60,073 - 60,073 70,053 61,972 30,337 307,249 283,818 215,170 3,174,575 3,093,054 2,356,958 384 17,352 - 3,174,959 3,110,406 2,356,958 an one year: 56,761 68,761 56,761

Included within trade debtors is a bad debt provision of £13,272 (2017: £25,701).





19	Creditors:	amounts	falling	due within	one vear
*/	OI CUITOI 5.		10011111	auc milli	OHC JUMI

		Group		Co	mpany
		2018	2017	2018	2017
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts		3,925,904	4,468,824	3,602,695	4,187,630
Invoice discounting facilities		1,407,216	1,381,453	1,407,216	1,381,453
Obligations under finance leases	21	8,982	7,883	8,982	7,883
Trade creditors		2,320,540	2,038,578	819,841	940,038
Amounts due to Group undertakings		-	-	331,640	55,816
Corporation tax payable		-	79,937	-	72,463
Other taxation and social security		375,728	338,310	373,115	279,356
Derivative financial instruments		-	390,939	-	390,939
Other creditors		80,743	136,008	69,166	136,008
Accruals and deferred income		305,474	326,605	254,667	298,094
		8,424,587	9,168,537	6,867,322	7,749,680

The bank loans and overdraft of £3,925,904 (2017: £4,468,824) are secured by a debenture creating a fixed and floating charge over all of the assets of the Company and Wido Limited.

The invoice discounting facilities of £1,407,216 (2017: £1,381,453) are secured by a charge over the Company's trade debtors.

The obligations under finance leases are secured upon the assets to which they relate.

20 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

		Gr	Group		mpany
		2018	2017	2018	2017
	Notes	£	£	£ .	£
Obligations under finance leases	21	25,533	-	25,533	-
Other borrowings		46,800	436,800	46,800	436,800
		72,333	436,800	72,333	436,800

The obligations under finance leases are secured upon the assets to which they relate.





21	Finance	lease	obligations
41	гіпапсе	icase	onligations

	Group		Company	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	£	£	£	£
Future minimum lease payments due under finance leases:				
Within one year	9,021	8,223	9,021	8,223
In two to five years	29,373		29,373	
	38,394	8,223	38,394	8,223
Less: future finance charges	(3,879)	(340)	(3,879)	(340)
	34,515	7,883	34,515	7,883

Finance lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group or the Company for items of plant and machinery. Leases include purchase options at the end of the lease period, and no restrictions are placed on the use of the assets. All leases are on a fixed repayment basis and no arrangements have been entered into for contingent rental payments.

22 Deferred taxation

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the Group and Company, and movements thereon:

	Lial	oilities	Ass	ets
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Group	£	£	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	77,703	-	384	(51,998)
Tax losses	-	-	-	2,890
Cash flow hedge	10,212		-	66,460
	87,915	-	384	17,352
	Lial	oilities	Ass	sets
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Company	£	£	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	77,703	-	-	(51,998)
Cash flow hedge	10,212	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	66,460
	 87,915	-	-	14,462





93,727

56,639

22 Deferred taxation (continued)

Movements in the year:	Group 2018 £	Company 2018 £
Liability/(asset) at 1 January 2018	(17,352)	(14,462)
Charge to profit or loss	28,211	25,705
Charge to other comprehensive income	76,672	76,672
Liability at 31 December 2018	87,531	87,915
Retirement benefit schemes		
	2018	2017
Defined contribution schemes	£	£

A defined contribution pension scheme is operated for all qualifying employees. The only obligation of the Company with respect to the scheme is to make the specified contributions.

Charge to profit or loss in respect of defined contribution schemes

24 Share capital

23

Group and Company		
2018	2017	
£	£	
200,000	200,000	
	2018 £	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)



25 Reserves

Profit and loss account

This compromises the opening retained earnings, the profit or loss for the year and dividends paid as set out in both the Group and the Company statement of changes in equity.

Hedging reserve

This cash flow hedge reserve represents the movement in fair value of the hedging instruments that are recognised in the Group statement of comprehensive income at each reporting date.

Other reserve

This reserve represents the foreign currency translation differences arising on Group consolidation.

26 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

The Company has signed a cross guarantee in respect of the bank borrowings of Wido Limited.

27 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date, the Group and the Company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	£	£	€.	£
Within one year	912,813	657,117	863,822	611,587
Between two and five years	3,117,361	2,023,019	3,117,361	1,977,489
Over five years	1,840,000	2,320,000	1,840,000	2,320,000
	5,870,174	5,000,136	5,821,183	4,909,076

28 Capital commitments

Amounts contracted for but not provided in the Financial Statements:

	Group		Company	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	£	£	£	£
Acquisition of tangible fixed assets	-	40,000	-	40,000





29 Directors' transactions

Transactions in relation to loans granted (to) / from Directors with the Company during the year are aggregated below:

The amounts owed from / (to) Directors at the year end are included within other debtors and other creditors respectively (notes 18 and 19).

Description	% Rate	Opening balance	Amounts advanced	Interest charged	Amounts repaid	Closing balance
		£	£	£	£	£
Loan from a director	3.00	583,393	-	12,291	(400,825)	194,859
Loan (to) a director	-	(16,285)	128,077	-	(190,800)	(79,008)
Loan (to) a director	-	(23,000)	-	-	-	(23,000)
		544,108	128,077	12,291	(591,625)	92,851
			-			

30 Controlling party

The immediate and ultimate parent company is Goldfish Property Private Limited ("GPL") (formerly Serra Mar Private Limited) a company incorporated in Singapore.

GPL is controlled by M. G. Fisher by virtue of his 100% shareholding of the issued share capital.





31	Cash generated from group operations		
J1	cash generated from group operations	2018	2017
		£	£
	Profit for the year after tax	246,424	315,095
	Adjustments for:		
	Taxation charged	71,053	85,311
	Finance costs	170,722	130,305
	Investment income	(750)	(29,167)
	Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	34,227	13,118
	Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets	80,219	32,811
	Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets	153,833	160,779
	Movements in working capital:		
	Decrease/(increase) in stocks	434,308	(305,300)
	Decrease in debtors	159,076	781,923
	Increase in creditors	109,400	749,986
	Cash generated from operations	1,458,512	1,934,861