Directors' report

for the year ended 31 December 1997

Financial statements

The directors present their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1997.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- 2) make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- 4) prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Principal activity and review of the business

The company's principal activity is the distribution of remedial medical equipment, together with the research into and development of these products. During November 1997 the company sub-contracted its manufacturing to Huntleigh Neshit Evans Limited.

No significant change in activity is anticipated in 1998. The directors are optimistic for the future and believe the company is well placed to take advantage of business opportunities.

Results and dividends

The loss for the year after taxation amounted to £1,085,032

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for 1997.

The directors have decided to transfer the deficit of £1,085,032 to reserves.

A02 *AVX3SANU* 381 COMPANIES HOUSE 22/10/98

Directors' report

for the year ended 31 December 1997

Research and development

The company continually incurs expenditure in the field of research and development in order to update and improve its products. Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

Directors

The directors since 01 January 1997 were as follows:

P Butler

G A Cox

appointed 23.07.97

M W Metcalfe

D Roworth

R G Tallowin

Directors' interests

The directors who held office at 31 December 1997 had no interests in the shares (or transactions or arrangements requiring disclosure in this report) of the company or any other group company incorporated in Great Britain at the beginning and end of this or the previous financial year, with the exception of G A Cox and M W Metcalfe.

On 03 October 1997, G A Cox was granted options all under the rules of the approved scheme, within the Huntleigh Technology PLC 1995 Employee Share Ownership Scheme ('ESOT'), for over 21,000 ordinary shares of 5p each in Huntleigh Technology PLC. These options which are outstanding at 31 December 1997, are exercisable from 03 October 2000 and expire on 31 October 2007.

Full details of the ESOT are shown in the directors' report and notes to the financial statements of the ultimate holding company, Huntleigh Technology PLC.

M W Metcalfe is a director of the intermediate parent company, The Nesbit Evans Group Limited and his interest is shown in the directors' report of that company.

Creditor payment pracatice

The company's policy is to settle terms of payment with suppliers when agreeing the terms of each transaction and to ensure that suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment.

The company's creditor days at 31 December 1997 were 31 days.

Employee policy

The company's policy is to provide equality of employment opportunity. Through training, career development and promotion, it supports the employment of disabled people wherever possible, by recruitment and retraining all those who become disabled during their employment.

Effective communication with all employees is ensured through a variety of different practices such as works and health and safety committees and periodic briefings by senior managers.

Directors' report

for the year ended 31 December 1997

Health and safety, and the environment

The company continuously refines its detailed policies and procedures in respect of health and safety, and environmental matters. The impact of its business on the environment is taken seriously and the company has in place safeguards to protect the environment from pollution. The company seeks to minimise any disturbance to the local and global environment and the quality of life of local communities.

Year 2000

The company has assessed the impact of the millenium date change in relation to its products and IT systems. It has committed itself to upgrading systems software and hardware as necessary in order to ensure that continued operational efficiency is in no way impaired at any time before or from the date of change after midnight on 31 December 1999.

Auditors

During the year, Arthur Anderson resigned as auditors. Coopers & Lybrand were appointed to fill the vacancy arising.

Pursuant to section 386 of the Companies Act 1985 the company has elected to dispense with the obligations to appoint auditors annually.

This report was approved by the board on 29 May 1998

E B Sardharwala

Secretary

AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Huntleigh Akron Limited:

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 14.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 1, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those financial statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the circumstances of the company consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material mis-statement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at 31 December 1997 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Coopers & Lybrand

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Coopers x hybrard

Birmingham

29 May 1998

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 1997

	Notes	1997 £	1996 £
Turnover	2	4,431,898	4,902,120
Cost of sales		3,125,911	3,345,738
Gross profit		1,305,987	1,556,382
Distribution costs		707,007	656,134
Admiristrative expenses:		·	
other		631,929	663,445
exceptional item	3	1,543,375	
Operating (loss)/profit	3	(1,576,324)	236,803
Interest payable and similar charges	4	11,174	11,309
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2 .	(1,587,498)	225,494
Tax credit/(charge) on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	5	502,466	(71,653)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities after taxation		(1,085,032)	153,841
Dividend paid	6	-	(175,000)
Balance transferred to reserves	16	(1,085,032)	(21,159)

The results above derive from continuing activities.

The company has no recognised gains and losses other than the profit/(loss) above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

There is no difference between the profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained loss for the year stated above and their historic cost equivalents.

Balance sheet as at 31 December 1997

		- 1	
	Notes	1997 £	1996 £
Fixed assets			
Tangit ile assets	7	<u>179,329</u>	274,302
Curre nt assets			
Stocks Debtor's Cash at bank and in hand	8 9	1,863,293 <u>1,750</u> 1,865,043	658,768 976,288 1,639 1,636,695
Credit ors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(2,540,801)	(1,300,859)
Net cu rrent (liabilities)/assets		(675,758)	_335,836
Total : assets less current liabilities		_(496,429)	610,138
Credit ors: amounts falling due after n nore than one year	. 11	(845)	(20,580)
Provis ions for liabilities and charges	13		_(1,800)
Net (li abilities)/assets		(497,274)	<u>587,758</u>
Capitz I and reserves			
Called up share capital	15	50,000	50,000
Capital reserves Profit and loss account	16 16	57,314 (604,588)	57,314 480,444
Sharelholders' funds (all equity)	17	(497,274)	587,758

The firmancial statements on pages 5 to 14 were approved by the board on 29 May 1998 and were signed on its behalf by:

M W | Metcalfe

Directo or

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1997

1. Accounting policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year is set out below:

Accounting convention and compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom.

Cash flow statement

As allowed under FRS1 issued by the Accounting Standards Boards, this statement has not been prepared as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of a company which publishes consolidated financial statements including a consolidated cash flow statement.

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided net of trade discounts, VAT and other related taxes.

Research and development

Research and development expenditure is written off to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at purchase cost, less depreciation. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at a rate calculated to write off the purchase costs, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a straight line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Leasehold improvements

- over the lease term

Plant, machinery, fixtures and fittings etc

- 5 - 10 years

Motor vehicles

- 4 years

Leasing and hire purchase

Assets obtained under leases which result in the transfer to the company of substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership (finance leases) are capitalised as tangible assets at the estimated present value of underlying lease payments and are depreciated in accordance with the above policy. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of finance charges allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payments is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the outstanding balance of the net obligation in each period.

Rentals paid under other leases (operating leases) are charged against income on straight line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 1997 (continued)

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Stocks and work in progress

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is arrived at as follows:

Raw materials and goods for resale Work in progress and finished goods - purchase cost on a first-in, first-out basis

 cost of direct materials and labour plus attributable overheads based on a normal level of activity

Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Pension scheme

This company and other United Kingdom undertakings within Huntleigh Technology PLC Group make contributions to a defined benefit scheme. The cost is charged against profits on a systematic basis over the expected service lives of employees. The funds of that scheme are administered by the trustees and are separate from the Group.

Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation using the liability method to take account of timing differences between the incidence of income and expenditure for taxation and accounting purposes except to the extent that the directors consider that a liability to taxation is unlikely to crystallise.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

2. Segmental information

	1997	1996
Class of business	£	£
Medical equipment		
Turnover	4,431,898	4,902,120
	(1.587.498)	225,494
(Loss)/profit on activities before taxation	(1,367,470)	<u> 223,474</u>

The disclosure of a segmental analysis of turnover outside the United Kingdom is considered to be commercially prejudicial to the operations of the company.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 1997 (continued)

3.	Ì	Operating	profit	is	stated	after	charging:
----	---	-----------	--------	----	--------	-------	-----------

Promise to the second s	1997	1996
	£	£
Research and development	105,366	188,680
Depreciation : owned fixed assets	64,441	35,591
: assets under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	16,118	36,545
Operating lease rentals		
- other (including land and buildings)	<u>153,406</u>	<u>161,863</u>

Amounts payable to Coopers & Lybrand as auditors by the company in respect of audit services were £6,300 (1996; £nil). In 1996 audit fees of £11,915 were paid to the former auditors Arthur Anderson.

The exceptional item of £1,543,375 relates to the cost of reorganising the business during the year.

4. Interest payable

	1771	1770
	£	£
On bank overdraft repayable within 5 years not by instalment On finance leases and hire purchase contracts terminating	8,563	3,817
within five years	<u>2,611</u>	<u> 7,492</u>
	<u>11,174</u>	<u>11,309</u>

1996

1996

1997

1997

5. Credit/(charge) on tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities

Cround (change) on the or (1995), Pront on or many	1997 £	1996 £
UK Corporation Tax at 31 per cent (1996: 33 per cent) Deferred taxation (note 13)	160,293 341,102	(83,654) 10,902
Over provision for prior years	501,395 	(72,752) 1,099
	502,466	(71,653)

6. Dividend

	£	£
Interim dividend paid		<u>175,000</u>

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 1997 (continued)

7. Tangible fixed assets	8
--------------------------	---

·	Short term leasehold properties £	Plant and machinery £	Motor Vehicles £	Total £
Cost				
At 01 January 1997	43,882	398,810	151,119	593,811
Additions	1,387	15,994	64,332	81,713
Disposals	(970)	(62,118)	(45,011)	(108,099)
Revaluation adjustments		(592)		<u>(592)</u>
At 31 December 1997	44,299	352,094	170,440	<u>566,833</u>
•				
Depreciation				
At 01 January 1997	26,256	221,483	71,770	319,509
Exceptional write off	14,607	65,393	=	80,000
Provision for the year	4,406	38,902	37,251	80,559
Disposals	(970)	(62,118)	<u>(29,476)</u>	(92,564)
At 31 December 1997	44,299	<u>263,660</u>	<u>79,545</u>	387,504
Net book value:				
At 31 December 1997		<u>88,434</u>	90,895	<u>179,329</u>
At 31 December 1996	<u>17,626</u>	<u>177.327</u>	79,349	<u>274,302</u>

Short term leasehold properties comprise tenants' improvements.

Tangible fixed assets of £179,329 (1996: £274,302) include plant and machinery held under finance leases with a total net book value of £50,910 (1996: £105,534).

8. Stocks

9.

	1997	1996
	£	£
Raw materials and consumables	-	243,176
Work in progress	-	257,680
Finished goods and goods for resale		<u>157,912</u>
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		658,768
Debtors		
	1997	1996
	£	£
Trade debtors	988,548	832,951
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	319,285	9,342
Other debtors	-	37,599
Prepayments and accrued income	55,865	96,396
Corporation tax recoverable under group relief	160,293	-
Deferred taxation	339,302	
	1,863,293	976,288

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1997 (continued)

	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
10.	Obligations under finance lease contracts	19,206	37,852
	Bank loans and overdrafts	238,328	99,057
	Trade creditors	228,885	581,306
	Amounts owed to Group undertakings	1,140,300	344,521
	Amounts owed to associated undertakings	4,005	4,016
	Corporation tax	-	84,644
	Other taxation and social security	36,075	63,250
	Other creditors	42,169	<u>*</u>
	Accruals and deferred income	831,833	86,213
		2,540,801	1,300,859
	Bank loans and overdrafts are secured on the assets of the company. Interbase rates.	rest rates on the l	oank loans vary wi
14	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
11.	Cicuitors, amounts raining and arror more same and jour	1997	1996
		£	£
	Obligations under finance lease contracts repayable within 5 years	<u>845</u>	20,580
2.	Obligations under finance lease contracts		
	Net obligations under finance lease contracts are repayable:	- سوس	
		1997	1996
		£	£
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	19,206	37,852
	Within one year	845	19,213
	Between one and two years	-	
	Between two and five years		
		20,051	58,432
13.	Provisions for liabilities and charges		
	Deferred tax		
	Deferred tax Full provision has been made in the financial statements for deferred tax a	s follows:	
		s follows: 1997 £	1996 £
	Full provision has been made in the financial statements for deferred tax a	1997 £ 1,800	£ 12,702
	Full provision has been made in the financial statements for deferred tax a	1997 £	£
	Full provision has been made in the financial statements for deferred tax a At the beginning of the year Profit and loss account (see note 5)	1997 £ 1,800	£ 12,702
	Full provision has been made in the financial statements for deferred tax a	1997 £ 1,800 (341,102)	£ 12,702 (10,902)
	Full provision has been made in the financial statements for deferred tax a At the beginning of the year Profit and loss account (see note 5) At the end of the year: included in provisions for liabilities and charges	1997 £ 1,800 (341,102) ————————————————————————————————————	£ 12,702 (10,902)
	Full provision has been made in the financial statements for deferred tax a At the beginning of the year Profit and loss account (see note 5) At the end of the year: included in provisions for liabilities and charges included in debtors (see note 9)	1997 £ 1,800 (341,102) - (339,302)	£ 12,702 (10,902)
	Full provision has been made in the financial statements for deferred tax a At the beginning of the year Profit and loss account (see note 5) At the end of the year: included in provisions for liabilities and charges included in debtors (see note 9) The deferred tax liability comprises:	1997 £ 1,800 (341,102) ————————————————————————————————————	£ 12,702 (10,902)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1997 (continued)

14. Pension Costs

During the year the company has participated in a defined benefit scheme in the United Kingdom, operated by the Huntleigh Technology PLC Group. The Group reorganised the pension arrangements with effect from 05 April 1997 when a new scheme, the Huntleigh Technology (1997) Pension Scheme, was introduced replacing all previous schemes. In particular the company ceased to participate in the Akron Therapy Products Ltd Retirement and Death Benefit Scheme with effect from 05 April 1997 and the assets and liabilities were transferred to the new scheme. The assets of the schemes are held in separate trustees administered funds. Contributions to the scheme are determined on the basis of advice from independent qualified actuaries with the objective of providing funds required to meet pension obligations as they fall due. The pension costs for the year of the company was £45,287 (1996: £66,068).

A valuation of the new scheme was carried out as at 05 April 1997 taking into account the assets and liabilities transferred. The principal actuarial assumptions used to value the scheme were investment growth of 8 per cent per annum, salary increases of 6.25 per cent per annum and allowance for pension increases in accordance with guaranteed rates. The total market value of the scheme's assets as at the valuation date was £11,213,000. The actuarial value of those assets was sufficient to cover 91% of the benefits which had accrued to members after allowing for expected future increases in earnings. The valuation took into account the changes to Advance Corporation Tax that were introduced in the July 1997 budget. Further details of the pension scheme are included in the financial statements of Huntleigh Technology PLC.

15.	Called up share capital	,	•
		1997	1996
		£	£
	Authorised, allotted and fully paid	50.000	50.000
	50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	<u>50,000</u>
	_		
16.	Reserves	Profit and	Capital
		loss account	reserves
		£	£
	Balance at 01 January 1997	480,444	57,314
	Deficit for the year	(1,085,032)	
	Balance at 31 December 1997	_(604,588)	<u>57,314</u>
17.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		
		1997	1996
		£	£
	(Loss)/profit for the year after taxation	(1,085,032)	153,841
	Dividend	-	(175,000)
	Opening shareholders' funds	<u>587,758</u>	<u>608,917</u>
	Closing shareholders' funds	(497,274)	<u>587,758</u>
	-		

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 1997 (continued)

18. Contingent liability

The company has entered into a composite guarantee with its United Kingdom bankers, Barclays Bank PLC in respect of any amounts due by itself, by the parent and by certain fellow subsidiary under-takings. The amounts for that Group outstanding at 31 December 1997 were £10,168,000 (1996: £16,201,000).

These Group totals represent overdrawn balances on current accounts with those United Kingdom bankers and do not include Group credit balances and deposit accounts with them of £4,159,000 at 31 December 1997 (1996: £9,661,000).

19. Capital commitments

The company had no capital commitments at 31 December 1997 or at 31 December 1996.

20. Financial commitments

Operating leases

At 31 December 1997 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	1997		1996	
	Land and		Land and	
	Buildings	Other	Buildings	Other
Expiry date	£	£	£	£
Within one year	•	8,105	-	7,843
Between two and five years	141,750	19,239	75,250	9,838
In over five years		 .	66,500	
	141,750	<u>27,344</u>	<u>141,750</u>	<u>17,681</u>

21. Directors' emoluments

The emoluments of directors of the company were:

	1997	1996
	£	£
Aggregate emoluments	160,023	182,901
Compensation for loss of office		30,019
	<u>160,023</u>	212,920

Retirement benefits are accruing to all the directors under defined benefit arrangements.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 1997 (continued)

22. Employees

1) Number of employees

The average weekly numbers of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	1997 Number	1996 Number
Production	56	74
Sales and administration	<u>29</u>	<u>24</u>
	29 85	<u>98</u>
2) Employee costs		
	1997	1996
	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,215,180	1,307,882
Social Security costs	110,756	104,758
Other pension costs	45,287	66,068
	1,371,223	1,478,708

23. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available in FRS8, Related Party Disclosures, on the basis that it is a 100 per cent controlled subsidiary undertaking of a group incorporated in England and Wales for which consolidated financial statements, including the subsidiary, are publicly available.

The ultimate controlling party is Huntleigh Technology PLC.

24. Ultimate parent company

The directors regard Huntleigh Technology PLC, a company registered in England, as the company's ultimate parent company.

Huntleigh Technology PLC is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest groups of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are prepared. Copies of these group financial statements can be obtained from Huntleigh Technology PLC, 310-312 Dallow Road, Luton, Bedfordshire, LU1 1TD.