Registration number: 01289020

# Charles Day (Steels) Limited

**Unaudited Financial Statements** 

for the Year Ended 30 April 2022

WEUNESDAY



A22

21/09/2022 COMPANIES HOUSE

#19

# Contents

Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2 to 3
Notes to the Financial Statements	4 to 9

# **Company Information**

**Directors** P Braithwaite

J C W.Day

P Law C R Day J C Day

Company secretary P Braithwaite

Registered office Downgate Drive

Sheffield S4 8BT

Accountants Hawsons Chartered Accountants

Pegasus House 463a Glossop Road Sheffield

Sheffield South Yorkshire S10 2QD

(Registration number: 01289020)

### Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	3,124,813	2,579,597
Investment property	4	12,742	12,742
Investments	5	43,075	43,075
•		3,180,630	2,635,414
Current assets			
Stocks		989,475	693,430
Debtors	6	3,472,840	2,812,440
Cash at bank and in hand		282,438	131,731
		4,744,753	3,637,601
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	(5,394,478)	(4,654,685)
Net current liabilities		(649,725)	(1,017,084)
Total assets less current liabilities		2,530,905	1,618,330
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(1,217,139)	(937,265)
Provisions for liabilities		(520,000)	(230,000)
Net assets		793,766	451,065
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		21,000	21,000
Revaluation reserve		11,700	11,700
Profit and loss account		761,066	418,365
Total equity		793,766	451,065

For the financial year ending 30 April 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Directors' Report and the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

(Registration number: 01289020)

# Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2022 (continued)

These financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities, were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on the small signed on its behalf by:

J C W Day

Director

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

## Statutory information

Charles Day (Steels) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, domiciled in England and Wales, company number 01289020. The registered office is at Downgate Drive, Sheffield, S4 8BT.

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Going concern

After due consideration of all relevant factors, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

#### **Government grants**

Grants that relate to the financing of projects to expand the operations of the business are amortised over the expected useful economic lives of the assets or projects concerned. Grants relating to the revenue expenditure are credited to income where receivable.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax shall be recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date, except as otherwise required by FRS102. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022 (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets shall be recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, less their estimated residual values, over their estimated useful lives as follows:

#### Asset class

Alterations to leasehold property Plant and machinery Motor vehicles Other fixed assets

#### Depreciation method and rate

10% straight line 10% - 20% straight line 20% reducing balance 10% - 20% straight line

#### **Investment property**

The company's property is held for long-term investment.

Investment properties are initially recognised at cost which includes purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure.

Investment properties whose fair value can be measured reliably are measured at fair value at each reporting date, with changes in fair value recognised in the profit and loss account for the period.

#### Investments

Investments are measured at cost less impairment.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022 (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the profit and loss account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

### Defined contribution pension obligation

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

#### 2 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 51 (2021 - 49).

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022 (continued)

### 3 Tangible assets

	Alterations to leasehold property £	Plant and equipment £	Other assets £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 May 2021	150,469	6,733,746	888,504	179,203	7,951,922
Additions	63,889	1,213,429	84,952	19,495	1,381,765
Disposals		(400,000)		(49,355)	(449,355)
At 30 April 2022	214,358	7,547,175	973,456	149,343	8,884,332
Depreciation					
At 1 May 2021	118,139	4,497,247	670,757	86,182	5,372,325
Charge for the year	8,511	468,590	68,952	14,822	560,875
Eliminated on disposal		(165,000)	<u> </u>	(8,681)	(173,681)
At 30 April 2022	126,650	4,800,837	739,709	92,323	5,759,519
Carrying amount					
At 30 April 2022	87,708	2,746,338	233,747	57,020	3,124,813
At 30 April 2021	32,330	2,236,499	217,747	93,021	2,579,597

The net book value of assets held under finance lease and hire purchase contracts included above is £2,041,273 (2021 - £1,994,121).

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022 (continued)

# 4 Investment properties

Fair value	£
At beginning and end of year	12,742

The freehold interest in the investment property is held subject to a 99 year lease granted in 1996 and yielding a rent of £50 per annum. It was valued by the directors at the amount shown above.

# 5 Investments

#### Unlisted investments

Cost or valuation		£
At beginning and end of year		43,075
6 Debtors		
	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors	3,177,146	2,486,467
Prepayments and accrued income	116,336	159,154
Other debtors	129,358	142,803
Corporation tax recoverable	50,000	24,016

3,472,840

2,812,440

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022 (continued)

#### 7 Creditors

	2022 £	2021 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	2,399,291	1,723,868
Accruals and deferred income	448,217	619,595
Other creditors	1,682,570	1,316,525
Bank loans	125,000	125,000
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	471,708	475,966
Taxation and social security	232,707	364,600
Directors' current accounts	34,985	29,131
	5,394,478	4,654,685
	2022 £	2021 £
Due after one year		
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	1,155,618	588,356
Deferred income	61,521	93,150
Other creditors	_	130,759
Bank loans		125,000
	1,217,139	937,265
	2022	2021
·	2022 £	2021 £
Due after more than five years		
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	223,107	<u> </u>

Within other creditors are amounts due to invoice discounters of £1,463,030 (2021 - £1,236,496) secured on the trade debts of the business.

The obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts are secured on the assets concerned.

A debenture over all present and future assets of the company exists in favour of HSBC Bank plc as part of the company's bank loan.

#### 8 Parent undertaking

The company's immediate and ultimate parent undertaking is Charles Day (Steels) Holdings Limited, incorporated in England and Wales.