Registration number: 01289020

# Charles Day (Steels) Limited

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019



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# **Company Information**

**Directors** 

P Braithwaite

J C W Day

P Law

Company secretary P Braithwaite

Registered office

Downgate Drive Sheffield

S4 8BT

**Accountants** 

**Hawsons Chartered Accountants** 

Pegasus House

463a Glossop Road

Sheffield

South Yorkshire

S10 2QD

(Registration number: 01289020)

#### Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	3,293,482	2,909,679
Investment property	5	11,293	10,869
Investments	6	43,075	43,075
		3,347,850	2,963,623
Current assets			
Stocks		693,210	556,528
Debtors	7	2,782,734	2,403,199
Cash at bank and in hand		26,378	6,498
		3,502,322	2,966,225
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(4,335,959)	(3,700,386)
Net current liabilities		(833,637)	(734,161)
Total assets less current liabilities		2,514,213	2,229,462
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(1,476,791)	(1,155,678)
Provisions for liabilities		(270,000)	(240,000)
Net assets		767,422	833,784
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		21,000	21,000
Revaluation reserve	9	10,251	9,827
Profit and loss account		736,171	802,957
Total equity		767,422	833,784

For the financial year ending 30 April 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

# Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Directors' Report and the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

(Registration number: 01289020)

# Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2019 (continued)

These financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities, were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on ...2.10 and signed on its behalf by:

J C W Day

Director

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Statutory information

Charles Day (Steels) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, domiciled in England and Wales, company number 01289020. The registered office is at Downgate Drive, Sheffield, S4 8BT.

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006. There has been no material departure from this standard.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

#### **Government grants**

Grants that relate to the financing of projects to expand the operations of the business are amortised over the expected useful economic lives of the assets or projects concerned. Grants relating to the revenue expenditure are credited to income where receivable.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax shall be recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date, except as otherwise required by FRS102. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets shall be recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019 (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, less their estimated residual values, over their estimated useful lives as follows:

#### Asset class

Alterations to leasehold property Plant and machinery Motor vehicles Other fixed assets

#### Depreciation method and rate

10% straight line 10% - 20% straight line 20% reducing balance 10% - 20% straight line

#### **Investment property**

The company's property is held for long-term investment.

Investment properties are initially recognised at cost which includes purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure.

Investment properties whose fair value can be measured reliably are measured at fair value at each reporting date, with changes in fair value recognised in the profit and loss account for the period.

#### Investments

Investments are measured at cost less impairment.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019 (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the profit and loss account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### Defined contribution pension obligation

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### **Employer-Financed Retirement Benefit Scheme (EFRBS)**

The company has established trusts for the benefit of employees and persons connected with them. Monies held in these trusts are held by independent trustees and managed at their discretion. The trustees are empowered to provide both retirement and other employee benefits.

Where the company retains future economic benefit from, and has de facto control of the assets and liabilities of the trust, they are accounted for as assets and liabilities of the company until the earlier of the date that an allocation of trust funds to employees in respect of past services is declared and the date that assets of the trust vest in identified individuals.

Where monies held in a trust are determined by the company on the basis of employees' past services to the business and the company can obtain no future economic benefit from those monies, such monies, whether in the trust or accrued for by the company are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

Where monies held in a trust are determined by the company on the basis of employees' past services to the business and are payable after completion of the employment, such monies are charged to the profit and loss account in the period during which services are rendered by employees.

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019 (continued)

#### 2 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 49 (2018 - 50).

#### 3 Exceptional items

Within administrative expenses is an exceptional one-off cost of £255,742 (2018 - £nil) relating to the settlement of tax involving an EFRB Scheme relating to prior years.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019 (continued)

#### 4 Tangible assets

•					
	Alterations to leasehold property £	Plant and equipment £	Other assets £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 May 2018	121,747	6,186,695	647,325	163,849	7,119,616
Additions	1,272	802,861	65,038		869,171
At 30 April 2019	123,019	6,989,556	712,363	163,849	7,988,787
Depreciation					
At 1 May 2018	101,261	3,496,800	463,511	148,365	4,209,937
Charge for the year	4,156	408,353	68,779	4,080	485,368
At 30 April 2019	105,417	3,905,153	532,290	152,445	4,695,305
Carrying amount					
At 30 April 2019	17,602	3,084,403	180,073	11,404	3,293,482
At 30 April 2018	20,486	2,689,895	183,814	15,484	2,909,679

The net book value of assets held under finance lease and hire purchase contracts included above is £2,750,876 (2018 - £2,442,090).

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019 (continued)

#### 5 Investment properties

Fair value	£ .
At 1 May 2018	10,869
Revaluation during the year	424_
At 30 April 2019	11,293

The freehold interest in the investment property is held subject to a 99 year lease granted in 1996 and yielding a rent of £50 per annum. It was valued by the directors at the amount shown above.

#### 6 Investments

#### **Unlisted investments**

Cost or valuation	£
At 1 May 2018 and 30 April 2019	43,075

#### 7 Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	2,396,427	2,078,035
Directors' current accounts	77,559	73,855
Prepayments and accrued income	166,270	161,121
Other debtors	142,478_	90,188
	2,782,734	2,403,199
Less non-current portion	·	(90,000)
	2,782,734	2,313,199

#### Details of non-current trade and other debtors

£Nil (2018 - £90,000) of other debtors is classified as non current.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019 (continued)

#### 8 Creditors

	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	1,770,194	1,559,139
Accruals and deferred income	375,016	301,829
Other creditors	1,532,832	1,200,534
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	491,452	473,167
Taxation and social security	166,465	165,717
	4,335,959	3,700,386
	2019 £	2018 £
Due after one year		
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	1,143,048	958,643
Deferred income	162,407	197,035
Other creditors	171,336	
	1,476,791	1,155,678

Within other creditors are amounts due to invoice discounters of £1,442,139 (2018 - £1,184,889) secured on the trade debts of the business.

The obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts are secured on the assets concerned.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019 (continued)

# 9 Investment property revaluation reserve

	Revaluation
	reserve
	£
As at 1 May 2018	9,827
Transfer of gain on investment property from profit and loss account	424
As at 30 April 2019	10,251

# . 10 Related party transactions

### **Transactions with directors**

2019 J C W Day	At 1 May 2018 £	Cash drawn and private expenses £	At 30 RepaidApril 2019 £ £
Amounts due from director	73,855	188,064	(184,360) 77,559
2018	At 1 May 2017 £	Cash drawn and private expenses £	At 30 RepaidÁpril 2018 £ £
J C W Day			
Amounts due from director	76,669	244,186	(247,000) 73,855