H. CARSON LIMITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31ST DECEMBER 2002

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COMPANIES HOUSE 03/04/03

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H. CARSON LIMITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2002

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2002

	2002			2001	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Intangible assets			1		1
Tangible assets			32,030	•	37,682
			32,031		37,683
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		40,922		47,166	
Debtors		67,057		69,844	
Cash at bank and in hand		67,660		47,843	
		175,639		164,853	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
within one year		(115,937)		(140,904)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			59,702		23,949
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	LIABII	ITIES	91,733		61,632

The balance sheet continues on the following page.
The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2002

		2002	2001
	Note	£	£
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called-up equity share capital	3	100	100
Profit and Loss Account		91,633	61,532
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		91,733	61,632

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the accounts for the Year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The director acknowledges her responsibility for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial Year and of its profit or loss for the financial Year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

MRSKM GOORAH

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31ST DECEMBER 2002

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention,, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the Year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

- Straight line over 10 years

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold Property

- Straight line over the life of the lease

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

- 15% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the Profit and Loss Account.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31ST DECEMBER 2002

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred taxation

The charge for taxation takes into account taxation deferred as a result of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. In general, deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. However, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider it is more likely than not that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred taxation is measured on a non-discounted basis at the average tax rates that would apply when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted by the balance sheet date.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Intangible Assets £	Tangible Assets £	Total £
COST			
At 1st January 2002 and 31st December 2002	8,750	48,866	57,616
DEPRECIATION			
At 1st January 2002	8,749	11,184	19,933
Charge for Year		5,652	5,652
At 31st December 2002	8,749	16,836	25,585
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31st December 2002	_1	32,030	32,031
At 31st December 2001	1	37,682	37,683

3. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	£ 100	£ 100
	2002 £	2001 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid: 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

2002

2001