PRIESTLEY & PARTNERS (INSURANCE) BROKERS LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR

30 SEPTEMBER 2006



EDWARDS VEEDER LLP

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors
Alex House
260/8 Chapel Street
Salford
MANCHESTER
M3 5JZ

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2006

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THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2006

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the financial statements of the company for the period ended 30 September 2006.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of Insurance Brokers.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the period, after taxation, amounted to £86,589. Particulars of dividends paid are detailed in note 5 to the financial statements.

THE DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS IN THE SHARES OF THE COMPANY

The directors who served the company during the period together with their beneficial interests in the shares of the company were as follows:

	Ordinary Shares of £0.01 each	
	At	
	30 September 2006	1 October 2005
MR N R SWIFT	1,625,000	1,625,000
MR B R McGLAULIN	875,000	875,000

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to select suitable accounting policies, as described on pages 7 to 8, and then apply them on a consistent basis, making judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable. The directors must also prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business,

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware:

there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and

the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2006

AUDITOR

A resolution to re-appoint Edwards Veeder LLP as auditor for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

SMALL COMPANY PROVISIONS

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

Registered office: Hale Brook House Scott Drive Altrincham Cheshire WA15 8AB

Signed by order of the directors

MR B R McGLAULIN Company Secretary

Approved by the directors on 30111/206

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF PRIESTLEY & PARTNERS (INSURANCE) BROKERS LIMITED

PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2006

We have audited the financial statements of Priestley & Partners (Insurance) Brokers Limited for the period ended 30 September 2006 on pages 5 to 12 which have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective March 2005) and on the basis of the accounting policies set out on pages 7 to 8.

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

OPINION

In our opinion:

the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF PRIESTLEY & PARTNERS (INSURANCE) BROKERS LIMITED (continued)

PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2006

Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities, of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2006 and of its profit for the period then ended;

the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and

the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements period ended 30 September 2006.

EDWARDS VEEDER LLP Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

Edwards Need

Alex House 260/8 Chapel Street Salford MANCHESTER M3 5JZ

J0/11/200

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2006

		2006	2005
	Note	£	£
TURNOVER		908,699	893,542
Administrative expenses		768,997	722,247
OPERATING PROFIT	2	139,702	171,295
Interest receivable		30,236	32,366
Amounts written off investments	3	(50,000)	(75,000)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE	E		
TAXATION		119,938	128,661
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	33,349	39,822
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		86,589	88,839
			2

BALANCE SHEET

30 SEPTEMBER 2006

		2006	i	2005	, 1
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	6		36,755		45,251
Investments	7		1,020		51,020
			37,775		96,271
CURRENT ASSETS			•		
Debtors	8	655,155		633,068	
Cash at bank and in hand		690,035		684,758	
		1,345,190		1,317,826	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
within one year	9	1,078,937		1,121,097	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			266,253		196,729
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	LIABI	LITIES	304,028		293,000
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred taxation	10		3,553	•	4,114
			300,475		288,886
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	12		25,000		25,000
Profit and loss account	13		275,475		263,886
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			300,475		288,886

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective March 2005).

These financial statements were approved by the directors on the Jahl land are signed on their behalf by:

MR N R SWIFT

MR B R McGLAULIN

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective March 2005).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the period.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Computer Costs

25%

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after charging:

	2006	2005
	£	£
Directors' emoluments	102,109	98,407
Pension contributions	91,309	92,557
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	9,095	11,370
Auditor's fees	4,800	4,612

3. AMOUNTS WRITTEN OFF INVESTMENTS

	2006	2005
	£	£
Amount written off investments	50,000	75,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2006

4. TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

		2006 £		2005 £
	Current tax:	~		2
	In respect of the period:			
	UK Corporation tax based on the results for the period at 19% (2005 - 19%)	33,910		40,133
	Total current tax	33,910		40,133
	Deferred tax:			
	Origination and reversal of timing differences (note 10) Capital allowances	(561)		(311)
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	33,349		39,822
5.	DIVIDENDS			
	Dividends on equity shares	2006 £		2005 £
	Paid Equity dividends on ordinary shares	75,000		75,000
6.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
		Computer Equipment £	Fixtures & Fittings £	Total £
	COST At 1 October 2005 Additions	64,817 599	36,951 -	101,768 599
	At 30 September 2006	65,416	36,951	102,367
	DEPRECIATION At 1 October 2005 Charge for the period	43,238 5,544	13,279 3,551	56,517 9,095
	At 30 September 2006	48,782	16,830	65,612
	NET BOOK VALUE At 30 September 2006	16,634	20,121	36,755
	At 30 September 2005	21,579	23,672	45,251

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2006

7. INVESTMENTS

					Shares in group companies brought forward £
	Cost Balance brought forward				357,625
	Balance carried forward				357,625
	Amounts provided Balance brought forward Written off in year				306,605 50,000
	Balance carried forward				356,605
	Net book value Balance carried forward				1,020
	Net book value Balance brought forward				51,020
8.	DEBTORS				
	Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income		2006 £ 649,693 5,462 655,155		2005 £ 630,409 2,659 633,068
9.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling du	ue within one year			
	Trade creditors Other creditors including taxation as Corporation tax PAYE and social security Directors current accounts Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	2006 £ and social security: 33,910 20,744 75,000 1,020 42,846	£ 905,417	200 £ 40,133 18,602 75,000 51,020 50,816	5 £ 885,526
			173,520		235,571
			1,078,937		1,121,097

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2006

10. DEFERRED TAXATION

The movement in the deferred taxation provision during the period was:

	2006	2005
	£	£
Provision brought forward	4,114	4,425
Profit and loss account movement arising du	iring the	
period	(561)	(311)
Provision carried forward	3,553	4,114

The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

	2006	2005
	£	£
Excess of taxation allowances over depreci	iation on	
fixed assets	3,553	4,114
	3,553	4,114
	=	

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company was under the control of Mr Swift throughout the current and previous year. Mr Swift is the managing director and majority shareholder.

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under Frsse 2005.

12. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

2006	2005
25,000	25,000
	£

	2006		2005	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	2,500,000	25,000	2,500,000	25,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2006

13. RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND MOVEMENT ON RESERVES

	Share capital	Profit and loss account	Total share- holders' funds £
Balance brought forward	25,000	263,886	288,886
Profit for the period	_	86,589	86,589
Equity dividends		<u>(75,000)</u>	(75,000)
Balance carried forward	25,000	275,475	300,475