FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

31 March 2006

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COMPANIES HOUSE 12/10/2006

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

DIRECTORS

RAS Skinner

G Panter

M J Marjoram

ME Skinner

WL Skinner

SECRETARY

WL Skinner

COMPANY NUMBER

1272854 (England and Wales)

REGISTERED OFFICE

The Mills

Stradbroke, Near Eye

Suffolk

IP21 5HL

AUDITORS

Baker Tilly

7 The Close

Norwich

NR1 4DP

BUSINESS ADDRESS

The Mills

Stradbroke, Near Eye

Suffolk

IP21 5HL

BANKERS

HSBC Bank plc

1 Mount Street

Diss

Norfolk

IP22 3QD

(Chairman)

(Managing Director)

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and financial statements of Roger Skinner Limited for the year ended 31 March 2006.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of pet food manufacturers and suppliers.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

I am pleased to report that the profitability of the business has continued to increase for the fifth consecutive year to a profit before interest and tax of £342,420.

As expected, trading conditions have been difficult and we have seen considerable changes to our customer profile via acquisition and divestment. Additionally we have experienced significant increases in our energy costs which has impacted on all aspects of our business.

Heavy capital expenditure in excess of half a million pounds has made our production more efficient for the time being, but further expenditure will be required over future years to keep this momentum going.

A secondary threat to raw material costs is the development of bio-fuel plants, where cereal and oil seed crops provide the base raw material. It is possible that this development could alter the balance of supply and demand thus lifting cereal grain prices over the next few years.

Bird flu also had a negative effect on our export business by restricting the use of poultry products in the formulas to certain overseas outlets. This problem has been overcome and I am pleased to say that export sales were well ahead in the first quarter of the year.

Furthermore we continue to develop new products to take advantage of the maturing UK market via differentiation and innovation. But above all our commitment to providing our customers with the highest levels of quality and service remains paramount.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

In common with every other business, the company aims to minimise financial risk. The measures used by the directors to manage this risk include preparation of profit forecasts and regular monitoring of actual performance against these forecasts. Debtors are closely monitored to keep the risk of bad debts to a minimum.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

The directors who were in office on the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed, as far as they are aware, that there is no relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware. Each of the directors have confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditors.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The trading profit for the year after taxation was £225,665

The directors authorised payment of dividends of £94,891 during the year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

DIRECTORS

The following directors have held office since 1 April 2005:

RAS Skinner

G Panter

M J Marjoram

ME Skinner

W L Skinner

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

Directors' interests in the shares of the company, including family interests, were as follows:

	Ordinary share	es of £ 1 each
	31.3.06	1.4.05
RAS Skinner	920	920
M J Marjoram	50	50
G Panter	-	-
M E Skinner	-	~
W L Skinner	-	-
CHARITABLE DONATIONS	2006	2005
	£	£
During the year the company made the following payments:		
Charitable donations	214	260

AUDITORS

A resolution to reappoint Baker Tilly, Chartered Accountants will be put to the members at the annual general meeting.

On behalf of the board

W L Skinner Director

18 September 2006

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- c. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ROGER SKINNER LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 6 to 24.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records or if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This information comprises only the Directors' Report. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs at 31 March 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

BAKER TILLY Registered Auditor Chartered Accountants 7 The Close

Norwich

NR14DP

4 October 2006

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 March 2006

	Notes	2006 £	2005 £
TURNOVER	1	4,567,654	4,395,956
Cost of sales		1,921,507	1,913,351
Gross profit		2,646,147	2,482,605
Other operating expenses (net)	2	2,303,727	2,153,737
OPERATING PROFIT		342,420	328,868
Investment income	3	880	1,390
		343,300	330,258
Interest payable	4	57,012	49,874
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	5	286,288	280,384
Taxation	7	60,623	56,508
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	18	225,665	223,876

The operating profit for the year arises from the company's continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

	2006 £	2005 £
Profit for the financial year Unrealised surplus on revaluation of properties	225,665	223,876 498,602
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year	225,665	722,478

BALANCE SHEET

31 March 2006

	Notes	2006 £	2005 £ Restated
FIXED ASSETS			
Intangible assets	9	6,959	18,899
Tangible assets	10	2,157,574	1,866,685
		2,164,533	1,885,584
CURRENT ASSETS			,
Stocks	12	265,226	259,819
Debtors	13	779,510	783,946
Cash at bank and in hand		49,859	5,194
		1,094,595	1,048,959
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	14	800,814	884,574
NET CURRENT ASSETS		293,781	164,385
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,458,314	2,049,969
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	15	(505,447)	(270,986)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	16	(89,922)	(46,812)
		1,862,945	1,732,171
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	17	970	970
Revaluation reserve	18	709,089	709,089
Other reserves	18	141	141
Profit and loss account	18	1,152,745	1,021,971
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	19	1,862,945	1,732,171

The financial statements on pages 6 to 24 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 September 2006 and are signed on its behalf by:

RAS Skinner

Director

G Panter

Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	Notes	2006 £	2005 £
NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	20	556,406	384,712
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE		- 1 -	1.057
Interest received		843	1,357
Interest paid		(45,865)	(43,259)
Interest element of finance lease rentals		(11,147)	(6,615)
Dividends received		37	33
Net cash outflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance		(56,132)	(48,484)
TAXATION		(44,414)	(64,130)
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			
Payments to acquire tangible assets		(72,955)	(130,305)
Receipts from sales of tangible assets		34,750	34,118
Net cash outflow for capital expenditure		(38,205)	(96,187)
EQUITY DIVIDENDS PAID		(94,891)	(84,348)
Net cash inflow before management of liquid resources and financing		322,764	91,563
FINANCING			275,720
New long term bank loan		220,000	213,120
Other new short term loans		25,000	=
Government grant received		(48,438)	(309,366)
Repayment of long term bank loan		(220,000)	-
Repayment of other short term loans Capital element of finance lease contracts		(89,738)	(121,989)
Net cash outflow from financing		(113,176)	(155,635)
INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH IN THE YEAR		209,588	(64,072)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of freehold land and buildings.

The company is exempt from the requirement to prepare group accounts by virtue of section 248 of the Companies Act 1985. These financial statements therefore present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

In the current year the company has adopted Financial Reporting Standard 21 - Events after the Balance Sheet Date -for the first time. As a result dividends can only be recognised once they have been passed at a General Meeting of the members, in the case of final dividends, and the period in which they have been paid in the case of interim dividends.

This has the effect of increasing the brought forward profit and loss reserve by reversing the proposed dividend of £94,891 in the 2005 accounts (2004: £84,348) and reducing the proposed dividend creditor by the same amount.

GOODWILL

Goodwill representing the excess of the purchase price compared with the fair value of assets acquired is capitalised and written off over 43 months as in the opinion of the directors this represents the period over which the goodwill is effective.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost or valuation less depreciation.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land at rates calculated to write each asset down to its estimated residual value evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings

Plant and machinery

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

Motor vehicles

2% straight line

over a period between 1 - 10 years

over a period between 1 - 5 years

33% - 50% straight line

STOCK

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in first out basis, and includes all direct costs incurred and attributable production overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price allowing for all further costs of completion and disposal.

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements. Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

LEASED ASSETS

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership ('finance leases'), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as obligations to the lessor.

Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account in proportion to the remaining balance outstanding.

PENSIONS CONTRIBUTIONS

The company pays contributions into the personal pension plans of some employees and directors. The pension charge in the financial statements represents the amounts payable by the company to these plans in respect of the year.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the accounting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Grants are credited to deferred revenue. Grants towards capital expenditure are released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful life of the assets. Grants towards revenue expenditure are released to the profit and loss account as the related expenditure is incurred.

TURNOVER

Turnover represents the invoiced value, net of Value Added Tax, of goods sold and services provided to customers.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2006

1.	TURNOVER

Turnover is attributable to one class of business.

By geographical market:

	By geographical market:		
		2006	2005
	•	£	£
	United Kingdom	4,424,524	4,259,680
	European Union	109,154	103,023
	Other	33,976	33,253
		4,567,654 ————	4,395,956
2.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (NET)	2006	2005
		. £	£
	Dist 1 stime costs	966,697	934,751
	Distribution costs Administrative expenses	1,339,530	1,218,986
	Other operating income	(2,500)	
		2,303,727	2,153,737
3.	INVESTMENT INCOME	2006	2005
Э.	HAVESTMENT INCOME	£	£
	Bank interest	57	1,357
	Other investment income and interest	823	33
		880	1,390
4	INTEREST PAYABLE	2006	2005
4.	INTEREST FATABLE	£	£
	On bank loans and overdrafts	43,847	42,723
	Lease finance charges	11,147	6,615
	Other interest	2,018	536
		57,012	49,874

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2006 £	2005 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is	τ.	2
stated after charging/(crediting):		
Amortisation of intangible assets	11,940	11,937
Depreciation of tangible assets:		
Charge for the year:		
owned assets	144,792	121,354
leased assets	62,048	55,737
Profit on disposals	(24,735)	(30,952)
Loss on foreign exchange transactions	43	48
Auditors' remuneration	5,800	6,300
Government grants	(2,500)	-
Government grants		
6. EMPLOYEES		
The average monthly number of persons (including directors)	2006	2005
employed by the company during the year was:	No.	No.
Management and office	15	13
Production and sales		
	37	38
	£	£
Staff costs for the above persons:	806,190	763,938
Wages and salaries	800,170	87,822
· ·	05 007	07,022
Social security costs	85,987	20.560
Social security costs Other pension costs	85,987 34,218	28,569
-	=	28,569 880,329
Other pension costs	926,395	880,329
•	34,218	880,329
Other pension costs DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION	34,218 926,395 2006	880,329
Other pension costs	34,218 926,395 2006 £	880,329 2005
Other pension costs DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION Emoluments for qualifying services	34,218 926,395 2006 £ 240,382	880,329 2005 £ 224,078
Other pension costs DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION Emoluments for qualifying services Company pension contributions to money purchase schemes	34,218 926,395 2006 £ 240,382 31,371	2005 £ 224,078 26,192
Other pension costs DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION Emoluments for qualifying services	34,218 926,395 2006 £ 240,382 31,371	2005 £ 224,078 26,192
Other pension costs DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION Emoluments for qualifying services Company pension contributions to money purchase schemes Emoluments disclosed above include the following amounts paid to the highest	34,218 926,395 2006 £ 240,382 31,371	2005 £ 224,078 26,192

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

7.	TAXATION	2006	2005
٠.	1/AMITON	£	£
	Domestic current year tax		
	U.K. corporation tax	40,010	44,411
	Tax credits on franked investment income	3	
	Current tax charge	40,013	44,411
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	20,610	12,097
		60,623	56,508
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year	,	
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	286,288 ————	280,384
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK		
	corporation tax for small companies of 19.00% (2005: 19.00%)	54,395	53,273
	Effects of:		2.22.5
	Non deductible expenses	6,231	3,235
	Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	(20,319)	(10,876)
	Other tax adjustments	(294)	(1,221)
		(14,382)	(8,862)
	Current tax charge	40,013	44,411
8.	DIVIDENDS	2006	2005
٥.		£	£
	O-din		Restated
	Ordinary: Dividend paid (per share) - £97.83 (2005 - £86.96)	94,891	84,348
	Dividend hare they grand, - 821.02 (2002 - 2002 c)		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Goodwill £
	Cost 1 April 2005 and 31 March 2006	42,773
	Amortisation 1 April 2005 Charge in the year	23,874 11,940
	31 March 2006	35,814
	Net book value 31 March 2006	6,959
	31 March 2005	18,899

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 March 2006

10.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
		Land and	Plant and	Fixtures,	Motor	Total
		buildings	machinery	fittings &	vehicles	
		Freehold	•	equipment		
		£	£	£	£	£
	Cost or valuation					
	1 April 2005	1,450,000	1,032,305	116,924	207,610	2,806,839
	Additions	-	411,160	3,821	92,763	507,744
	Disposals	-	-	(774)	(75,338)	(76,112)
	31 March 2006	1,450,000	1,443,465	119,971	225,035	3,238,471
	Depreciation		- —			
	1 April 2005	-	729,363	108,216	102,575	940,154
	Charge in the year	5,004	120,537	8,634	72,665	206,840
	Disposals	-	-	(741)	(65,356)	(66,097)
	31 March 2006	5,004	849,900	116,109	109,884	1,080,897
	Net book value		_			
	31 March 2006	1,444,996	593,565	3,862	115,151	2,157,574
	31 March 2005	1,450,000	302,942	8,708	105,035	1,866,685
	J. 1122201 - 107					

Freehold land and buildings held as at 31 March 2005 were valued by the directors, in conjunction with professional advice, at that date at £1,450,000 on the assumption that planning permission for residential use would be granted in the future. As the directors are confident planning permission will be obtained, they have incorporated this valuation in these financial statements.

On 5 November 2004, Fenn Wright, Chartered Surveyors, completed a formal valuation of the company's freehold land and buildings. The valuation was carried out in accordance with RICS Appraisal and Valuation Manual (the Red Book). This valuation, based on an existing use basis, with vacant possession, was £750,000.

Included within the valuation of land and buildings is an amount of £1,200,000 which relates to the value of land. This has not been depreciated.

On an historical cost basis land and buildings would have been included at:

Off an instolled cost basis land and buildings would have soon installed an	£
Cost 1 April 2005 and 31 March 2006	944,008
Depreciation based on cost 1 April 2005 Charge in the year	75,969 12,880
31 March 2006	88,849
Net book value 31 March 2006	855,159
31 March 2005	868,039

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 March 2006

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (continued)

Included above are assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts as follows:

	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£
Net book value 31 March 2006	521,100	56,477	577,577
31 March 2005	97,771	21,776	119,547

11. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	undertakings
	£
Cost or valuation 1 April 2005 and 31 March 2006	71,980
Provisions for diminution in value 1 April 2005 and 31 March 2006	71,980
Net book value 31 March 2006	
31 March 2005	-

Shares in group

In the opinion of the directors the aggregate value of the company's investment in subsidiary undertakings is not less than the amount included in the balance sheet.

Roger Skinner Limited also holds 100% of the ordinary non-voting shares of Repnor Gold Limited.

The company was dormant during the 2006 and 2005 financial year.

Group accounts are not prepared by virtue of the exemption available to small and medium sized groups contained within section 248 of the Companies Act 1985.

12.	STOCKS	2006 £	2005 £
	Raw materials and consumables Finished goods and goods for resale	169,407 95,819	151,205 108,614
		265,226	259,819

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 March 2006

13.	DEBTORS	2006	2005
		£	£
	Due within one year:		(0.4.100
	Trade debtors	748,098	606,422
	Other debtors	536	107,591
	Prepayments and accrued income	30,876	69,933
		779,510	783,946
			<u> </u>
14.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	2006	2005
- **	5	£	£
		•	Restated
	Bank overdraft	-	164,923
	Bank loans	52,201	51,109
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	137,024	75,964
	Trade creditors	439,505	399,689
	Corporation tax	40,010	44,411
	Other taxes and social security costs	41,790	50,370
	Other creditors	4,521	2,631
	Accruals and deferred income	85,763	95,477
		800,814	884,574

The bank loans and overdraft are secured by the following:

Legal charges on life policies of one of the directors.

Debenture including fixed equitable charge over all present and future freehold and leasehold property; first fixed charge over book and other debts, chattels, goodwill and uncalled capital and first floating charge over all assets and undertakings to be given by the company.

Bank loans bear interest at 2.2% above bank base rates and are repayable in monthly instalments.

Finance leases are secured on the individual assets to which the relate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

15.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due in more than one year	2006 £	2005 £
	Bank loans	171,304	220,834
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase agreements	334,143	50,152
		505,447	270,986
	Tarma		
	Loans Wholly repayable within five years	223,505	271,943
	Included in current liabilities	(52,201)	(51,109)
		171,304	220,834
	Loan maturity analysis:		
	In more than one year but not more than two years	55,829	54,662
	In more than two years but not more than five years	115,475	166,172 ———
		2006	2005
		£	£
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts:		
	Repayable within one year	137,024	75,963
	Repayable between two and five years	334,143	50,153
		471,167	126,116
		471,167	126,116
	Included in current liabilities	(137,024)	(75,964)
		334,143	50,152

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

16.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES			m 1
		Government	Deferred	Total
		grants	taxation	£
		£	£	£
	Balance at 1 April 2005	-	46,812	46,812
	Grants received during the year	25,000	-	25,000
	Transfer from profit and loss account	(2,500)	20,610	18,110
	Balance at 31 March 2006	22,500	67,422	89,922
	Deferred taxation provided in the financial statements is as follows:		2006 £	2005 £
	Excess of tax allowances over depreciation		68,971	48,653
	Other timing differences		(1,549)	(1,841)
			67,422	46,812
17.	SHARE CAPITAL		2006	2005
17.			£	£
	Authorised:			5.000
	5,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		5,000	5,000
	Allotted, issued and fully paid:			Aw
	970 Ordinary shares of £1 each		970	970

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 March 2006

18. STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT ON RESERVES

		Revaluation reserve £	Other reserves (see below) £	Profit and loss account £
	1 April 2005 Prior year adjustment (note 1)	709,089	141	927,080 94,891
	1 April 2005 as restated Retained profit for the year	709,089	141	1,021,971 225,665
	Dividends			(94,891)
	31 March 2006	709,089	141	1,152,745
	Other reserves Capital redemption reserve Balance at 1 April 2005 & at 31 March 2006		141 ———	ı.
19.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUN	NDS	2006 £	
	Profit for the financial year Dividends		225,665 (94,891)	223,876
	Other recognised gains and losses		130,774	139,528 498,602
	Net addition to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds		130,774 1,732,171	
	Closing shareholders' funds		1,862,945	1,732,171

Opening shareholders' funds were originally £1,637,280 before prior year adjustment of £94,891.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

20.	CASH FLOWS			2006	2005 £
a.	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflo	w from operating ac	tivities	£	£
	0-1-5			342,420	328,868
	Operating profit			206,840	177,091
	Depreciation of tangible assets			11,940	11,937
	Amortisation of intangible assets			(24,735)	(30,952)
	Profit on disposal of tangible assets (Increase)/decrease in stocks			(5,407)	30,410
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors			4,436	(189,996)
	Increase in creditors within one year			23,412	57,354
	Movement on grant provision			(2,500)	-
	Net cash inflow from operating activities			556,406	384,712
		1 4	Cosh flow O	ther non-cash 31	March 2006
Ъ.	Analysis of net debt	1 April 2005	Cash now O	changes	
		£	£	£	£
	Net cash:	5 104	44.665		49,859
	Cash at bank and in hand	5,194	44,665	-	47,037
	Bank overdrafts	(164,923)	164,923		
		(159,729)	209,588		49,859
	Debt:				
	Finance leases	(126,116)	89,741	(434,792)	(471,167)
	Debts falling due within one year	(51,109)	(1,092)	-	(52,201)
	Debts falling due after one year	(220,834)	49,530	<u> </u>	(171,304)
		(398,059)	138,179	(434,792)	(694,672)
	Net debt	(557,788)	347,767	(434,792)	(644,813)
c.	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in ne	et debt		2006	2005
				£	£
	Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year			209,588	(64,072)
	Cash outflow from decrease in debt and lease fina	ncing		138,179	155,634
	Change in net debt resulting from cash flows			347,767	91,562
	New finance lease			(434,792)	(155,740)
	Movement in net debt in the year			(87,025)	(64,178)
	Opening net debt			(557,788)	(493,610)
	Closing net debt			(644,813)	(557,788)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 March 2006

21.	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS	2006 £	2005 £
	Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the financial statements	23,007	244,357

22. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 March 2006 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2006 £	2005 £
Plant and machinery expiring in the first year expiring after five years	1,199 1,820	-
	3,019	

At the year end the company had entered into forward contracts for the purchase of raw materials to the value of £300,660 (2005 - £139,084). This has not been accrued within these accounts as a liability as no stock was physically held by the company.

23. PENSION COMMITMENTS

MONEY PURCHASE SCHEME

The company pays contributions into the personal pension plans of some employees and directors. The funds are kept separate from those of the company in separately administered funds.

	2006	2005
	£	£
Contributions payable by the company for the year	34,218	28,569

24. CONTROL

The company is controlled by R A S Skinner.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 March 2006

25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year the company sold goods to Salters Pet Nutrition, a partnership of which R A S Skinner is a partner, to the value of £159,057 (2005 - £132,621). At the year end £31,731 (2005 - £18,222) was outstanding and £1,763 (2005 - £1,763) was due.

Salter Pet Nutrition paid interest to Roger Skinner Limited totalling £786 for a loan of £10,000 received in the previous year. At the year end Salter Pet Nutrition owed Roger Skinner Limited £nil (2005 - £10,000)

During the year the company sold goods to Salter & Skinner, a partnership of which R A S Skinner is a partner, to the value of £786 (2005 - £nil). At the year end £nil (2005 - £nil) was outstanding.

During the year the company made purchases on an arms length basis from Darsham Tyre & Exhaust Centre, a partnership of which R A S Skinner is a partner, to the value of £339 (2005 - £494). At the year end, the balance due was £nil (2005 - £nil).

Included within debtors is a loan of £nil (2005 - £97,091) to Roger and Wendy Skinner, directors. The maximum amount outstanding during the year was £199,631 (2005 - £211,211).