G & B Foam (High Wycombe) Limited
Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 July 2020

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Directors and other information

Directors B Bailey

J Caldwell

Secretary Mrs A Mathews

Company number 01263665

Registered office The Clock House

Station Approach

Marlow Bucks SL7 1NT

Accountants Pink Affinity Ltd

Chartered accountants report to the board of directors on the preparation of the

unaudited statutory financial statements of G & B Foam (High Wycombe) Limited

Year ended 31 July 2020

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of G & B Foam (High Wycombe) Limited for the year ended 31 July 2020 which comprise the statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of G & B Foam (High Wycombe) Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of G & B Foam (High Wycombe) Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of G & B Foam (High Wycombe) Limited as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than G & B Foam (High Wycombe) Limited and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that G & B Foam (High Wycombe) Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of G & B Foam (High Wycombe) Limited. You consider that G & B Foam (High Wycombe) Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of G & B Foam (High Wycombe) Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Pink Affinity Ltd

18 January 2021

Statement of financial position

31 July 2020

		2020		2019	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6	10,767		19,262	
			10,767		19,262
Current assets					
Stocks		81,934		66,808	
Debtors	7	186,506		398,199	
Cash at bank and in hand		884,477		639,060	
		1,152,917		1,104,067	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	8	(838,625)		(797,178)	
Net current assets			314,292		306,889
Tatal anasta lana suumant liabilitiisa			205.050		226 454
Total assets less current liabilities			325,059		326,151
Provisions for liabilities	9		(2,046)		(3,660)
Net assets			323,013		322,491
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			120		120
Profit and loss account			322,893		322,371
Shareholders funds			323,013		322,491

For the year ending 31 July 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to

companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial
Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.
These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 January 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:
B Bailey Director
Company registration number: 01263665

Statement of changes in equity

Year ended 31 July 2020

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 August 2018	120	320,714	320,834
Profit for the year		1,657	1,657
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,657	1,657
At 31 July 2019 and 1 August 2019	120	322,371	322,491
Profit for the year		522	522
Total comprehensive income for the year		522	522
At 31 July 2020	120	322,893	323,013

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 July 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is The Clock House, Station Approach, Marlow, Bucks, SL7 1NT.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The Triennial review 2017 amendments to the standard have been early adopted.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, and are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

Taxation

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 20 % straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 28 (2019: 26).

5. Tax on profit

At 31 July 2019

Major components of tax expense

	2020	2019
Current tax:	£	£
UK current tax expense	1,736	2,015
on current tax expense	1,700	2,010
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(1,614)	(1,626)
Tax on profit	122	389
Reconciliation of tax expense		
The tax assessed on the profit for the year is the same as (2019: the same as) the standa in the UK of 19.00 % (2019: 19.00%).	ard rate of corp	oration tax
	2020	2019
	£	£
Profit before taxation	644	2,046
Profit multiplied by rate of tax	122	389
Effect of capital allowances and depreciation	1,614	1,626
Tax on profit	1,736	2,015
6. Tangible assets		
Long leasehold property	Plant and machinery	Total
£	£	£
Cost		
At 1 August 2019 and 31 July 2020 1,065	276,791	277,856
Depreciation		
Depreciation At 1 August 2019	258,594	258,594
Charge for the year -	8,495	8,495
At 31 July 2020 -	267,089	267,089
Carrying amount		
At 31 July 2020 1,065	9,702	10,767

1,065

18,197

19,262

7. Debtors

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade debtors	186,506	397,431
Other debtors	-	768
	186,506	398,199
8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade creditors	417,253	383,876
Corporation tax	1,736	2,015
Social security and other taxes	98,188	78,650
Other creditors	321,448	332,637
	838,625	797,178
9. Provisions		
	Deferred tax (note 10)	Total
	£	£
At 1 August 2019	3,660	3,660
Additions	(1,614)	(1,614)
At 31 July 2020	2,046	2,046

10. Deferred tax

The deferred tax included in the statement of financial position is as follows:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Included in provisions (note 9)	2,046	3,660
The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	2,046	3,660

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.