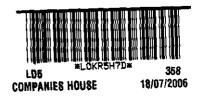
LR (Bristol) Limited

Report and Accounts

30 September 2005



CNI

LR (Bristol) Limited Report and accounts Contents

	Page
Company information	1
Directors' report	2
Statement of directors' responsibilities	3
Auditors' report	4
Profit and loss account	5
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	6
Balance sheet	7
Notes to the accounts	8 - 10

LR (Bristol) Limited Company Information

Directors

Mr I M Livingstone Mr G A Springer

Secretary

Mr R N Luck

Registered office

St Alphage House 2 Fore Street London EC2Y 5DH

Auditors

UHY Hacker Young 168 Church Road Hove East Sussex BN3 2DL

Registered number

1242543

LR (Bristol) Limited Directors' Report

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 30 September 2005.

Principal activities and review of the business

The company acts as a commercial property development company. The directors consider the financial position at 30 September 2005 to be satisfactory.

Results and dividends

The result for the year is set out in the profit and loss account on page 5. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were as follows:

Mr I M Livingstone Mr G A Springer

The directors had no interest in the ordinary shares of the company at any time during the year.

Auditors

The Company passed an Elective Resolution during the year, pursuant to Section 386 of the Companies Act 1985, electing to dispense with the obligation to re-appoint auditors annually. The resolution remains in force.

This report was approved by the board on 6 June 2006.

Mr R N Luck / 22

Secretary

LR (Bristol) Limited Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

LR (Bristol) Limited

Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of LR (Bristol) Limited

We have audited the accounts of LR (Bristol) Limited for the year ended 30 September 2005 which comprise pages 5 to 10. These accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as body, our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the accounts, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

UHY Hacker Young

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

168 Church Road

Hove

East Sussex

BN3 2DL

6 June 2006

LR (Bristol) Limited
Profit and Loss Account
for the year ended 30 September 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
Turnover	2	34,433	31,313
Other operating income Administrative expenses		(17,489)	75 (7,548)
Operating profit	3	16,944	23,840
Interest payable	4	(12,720)	(13,493)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		4,224	10,347
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	-	-
Profit for the financial year		4,224	10,347
Retained profit for the financial year	11	4,224	10,347

LR (Bristol) Limited Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 30 September 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
Profit for the financial year	11	4,224	10,347
Total recognised gains and losses related to the year		4,224	10,347

LR (Bristol) Limited Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2005

1	Notes		2005 £		2004 £
Current assets			-		_
Development Properties	6	189,558		180,481	
Debtors	7	525,466		516,133	
		715,024		696,614	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	8	(625,105)		(607,019)	
Net current assets			89,919		89,595
Total assets less current liabilities		-	89,919	_	89,595
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(173,082)		(176,982)
		-	(00,400)		(07.007)
		-	(83,163)	-	(87,387)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		549,100		549,100
Profit and loss account	11		(632,263)		(636,487)
Shareholders' funds:					
Equity		[(83,163)		(87,387)
	12	-	(83,163)		(87,387)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

Mr G A Springer

Director

Approved by the board on 6 June 2006

LR (Bristol) Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 September 2005

1 Accounting policies

Accounting convention

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Finance costs

Finance costs are amortised over the period of the loans in accordance with FRS4.

Depreciation

Compliance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 19 (SSAP 19) "Accounting for Investment Properties" requires departure from the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 relating to depreciation and an explanation for the departure is given below.

Development properties

Development properties represent property held with the intention of resale. Development property is included at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Where cost exceeds the value of the property then adjustments are made to write down the value accordingly. Cost represents all costs incurred to the balance sheet date but does not include any interest costs.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in respect of all timing differences that have originated, but not reversed, at the balance sheet date that give rise to an obligation to pay more or less tax in the future. Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless, by the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to arise on sale has been recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis. A deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption permitted by Financial Reporting Standard 1, whereby a cash flow statement need not be prepared by a small company as defined in the Companies Act 1985.

Turnover

Turnover comprises rental income net of value added tax.

2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity, wholly undertaken in the UK.

3	Operating profit	2005	2004
	This is stated after charging:	£	£
	Auditors' remuneration	1,750_	1,650

LR (Bristol) Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 September 2005

4	Interest payable	2005 £	2004 £
	Interest payable on bank borrowings Amortisation of loan fees	12,497 223	13,270 223
	7 and add on the analyses	12,720	13,493
5	Taxation No tax is considered payable due to the availability of losses for ground to the availability of losses for ground tax is considered payable.	oup relief.	
6	Development Properties	2005 £	2004 £
	Land and work in progress	189,558	180,481
7	Debtors	2005 £	2004 £
	Trade debtors	-	1,240
	Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	525,466	514,893
	the company has a participating interest	525,466	516,133
8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2005 £	2004 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	2,524	2,280
	Trade creditors	11	143
	Amounts owed to group undertakings Other taxes and social security costs	611,830 2,364	599,325 232
	Other creditors	3,343	-
	Accruals and deferred income	5,033	5,039
		625,105	607,019
9	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2005 £	2004 £
	Bank loans	173,472	177,595
	Finance costs	(390)	(613)
		173,082	176,982

The bank loan is secured by a fixed charge over the development properties and is repayable in July 2007.

LR (Bristol) Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 September 2005

10	Share capital			2005 £	2004 £
	Authorised:			_	_
	Ordinary shares of £1 each			600,000	600,000
		2005 No	2004 No	2005 £	2004 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:	.10	110	~	~
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	549,100	549,100	549,100	549,100
11	Profit and loss account			2005 £	2004 £
	At 1 October			(636,487)	(646,834)
	Retained profit			4,224	10,347
	At 30 September			(632,263)	(636,487)
12	Reconciliation of movement in sh	areholders' fun	nds	2005 £	2004 £
	At 1 October			(87,387)	(97,734)
	Profit for the financial year			4,224	10,347
	At 30 September			(83,163)	(87,387)

13 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS8 that transactions do not need to be disclosed with companies 90% or more of whose voting rights are controlled within the group.

14 Parent Undertaking

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of LR (Cardiff) Limited, a company incorporated and registered in the United Kingdom. The ultimate parent undertaking is Loopsign Ltd, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The ultimate controlling parties are I M Livingstone and R J Livingstone through their joint ownership of Loopsign Limited.