REGISTERED NUMBER: 01237354 (England and Wales)

Strategic Report, Report of the Director and

Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

<u>for</u>

Owen Taylor and Sons Limited

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Owen Taylor and Sons Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

DIRECTOR:

R J O Taylor

REGISTERED OFFICE:

27 Main Road Leabrooks Alfreton Derbyshire DE55 1LA

REGISTERED NUMBER:

01237354 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Bates Weston Audit Ltd Statutory Auditors Chartered Accountants

The Mills Canal Street Derby DE1 2RJ

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

The director presents his strategic report for the year ended 31 January 2016.

The company's principal activity continues to be that of predominantly a wholesale catering butcher and a single retail butchers shop.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The results for the period and financial position are shown in the financial statements.

Turnover for the year increased by over £1.3m on 2015 and the gross margin increased from 15.6% in 2015 to 17% in the current year. The profit before tax was £882,808 and resulted in positive cash flows during the period. This improved financial performance is in line with expectations, due to the continued improvement to the way the business is conducted.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company continues to face challenges from global food price increases, tight margins on sales and a greater than average risk of insolvency in the catering market.

ORGANISATION

The director continues to monitor the company's organisation and profitability with the intention of constantly improving them wherever possible.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company uses basic financial instruments, comprising hire purchase but due to the high cash resources in place, the need for other financial instruments are minimal.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Performance is measured by debtor days, sales margins by customer, bank balance and involves a review of the monthly management accounts.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

R J O Taylor - Director

Date:

1 5 AUG 2016

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Report of the Director for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 January 2016.

DIVIDENDS

Interim dividends totalling £2.16298 per share were paid during the year. The director recommends that no final dividend be paid.

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31 January 2016 will be £130,000.

DIRECTOR

R J O Taylor held office during the whole of the period from 1 February 2015 to the date of this report.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

R J O Faylor - Director

1 5 AUG 2016

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Owen Taylor and Sons Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Owen Taylor and Sons Limited for the year ended 31 January 2016 on pages six to twenty three. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of director and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities set out on page three, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the director; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Director to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 January 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Owen Taylor and Sons Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

lan Neal FCA CTA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Bates Weston Audit Ltd Statutory Auditors Chartered Accountants The Mills Canal Street Derby DE1 2RJ

Date: 2 5 AUG 2016

Profit and Loss Statement for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

| · | | 20 | 16 | 20 | 15 |
|---|-------|----------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| TURNOVER | | | 16,065,727 | | 14,735,968 |
| Cost of sales | | | 13,330,390 | | 12,433,223 |
| GROSS PROFIT | | | 2,735,337 | | 2,302,745 |
| Distribution costs Administrative expenses | | 803,452 1,060,583 | | 761,812 957,286 | |
| · | | | 1,864,035 | | 1,719,098 |
| | | | 871,302 | | 583,647 |
| Other operating income | | | 12,484 | | 13,850 |
| OPERATING PROFIT | 3 | | 883,786 | | 597,497 |
| Interest receivable and similar income | | | 2,423 | | 2,150 |
| | | | 886,209 | | 599,647 |
| Interest payable and similar charges | 4 | | 3,401 | | 5,489 |
| PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION | | | 882,808 | | 594,158 |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities | 5 | | 249,594 | | 88,404 |
| PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR | | | 633,214 | | 505,754 |

Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

| Notes | 2016 £ | 2015 £ |
|---|-----------|-------------|
| PROFIT FOR THE YEAR | 633,214 | 505,754 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Valuation movement Income tax relating to other comprehensive income | • | 20,000 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF INCOME TAX | <u> </u> | 15,979 |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR | 633,214 | 521,733 |

Balance Sheet 31 January 2016

| | | 201 | 6 | 201 | 5 |
|---|-------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| FIXED ASSETS | | | | | |
| Tangible assets | 7 | | 936,979 | | 868,195 |
| Investment property | 8 | | 60,500 | | 90,000 |
| | | • | 997,479 | | 958,195 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | |
| Stocks | 9 | 1,143,080 | | 1,079,555 | |
| Debtors | 10 | 1,592,986 | | 1,495,276 | |
| Investments | 11 | 250,000 | | 250,000 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | • | 981,980 | | 625,921 | |
| | | | | - | |
| • | | 3,968,046 | | 3,450,752 | |
| CREDITORS | | | | 4 070 500 | |
| Amounts falling due within one year | 12 | 1,392,801 | | 1,379,530 | |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS | | | 2,575,245 | | 2,071,222 |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | 3,572,724 | | 3,029,417 |
| CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year | 13 | | (7,767) | | (39,674) |
| DROVICIONS FOR LIABILITIES | 46 | | (116 FO1) | | (44 521) |
| PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES | 16 | | (116,521) ———— | | (44,521) |
| NET ASSETS | | | 3,448,436 | | 2,945,222 |
| | | | | | |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 17 | | 60,102 | | 60,102 |
| Revaluation reserve | 18 | | | | 70,936 |
| Capital redemption reserve | 18 | | 20,572 | | 20,572 |
| Retained earnings | 18 | | 3,367,762 | | 2,793,612 |
| SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS | | | 3,448,436 | | 2,945,222 |

The financial statements were approved by the director on 15 AUG 2016 and were signed by:

R J O Yavlor - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

| | Called up share capital £ | Retained earnings | Revaluation reserve £ | Capital redemption reserve £ | Total equity £ |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Balance at 1 February 2014 | 60,102 | 2,387,858 | 86,915 | 20,572 | 2,555,447 |
| Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 January 2015 | 60,102 | (100,000) 505,754 2,793,612 | (15,979) 70,936 | 20,572 | (100,000) 489,775 2,945,222 |
| Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income | - - | (130,000) 704,150 | - (70,936) | • · | (130,000) 633,214 |
| Balance at 31 January 2016 | 60,102 | 3,367,762 | | 20,572 | 3,448,436 |

Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

| | | 2016 | 2015 |
|---|-------|------------------------|---------------------|
| | Notes | £ | £ |
| Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest element of hire purchase | 22 | 910,760 | 838,907 |
| payments paid Tax paid | | (3,401) (94,594) | (5,489) (67,404) |
| Net cash from operating activities | | 812,765 | 766,014 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | |
| Purchase of tangible fixed assets Purchase of investment property | | (204,466) (60,500) | (311,066) |
| Sale of tangible fixed assets Sale of investment property | | 1,500 90,000 | 783 |
| Interest received | | <u>2,423</u> | 2,150 |
| Net cash from investing activities | | (171,043) | (308,133) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | |
| Capital repayments in year | | (49,056) | (54,908) |
| Amount introduced by directors | | 30,000 | 24,158 (5,849) |
| Amount withdrawn by directors Equity dividends paid | | (136,607) (130,000) | (100,000) |
| Net cash from financing activities | | (285,663) | (136,599) |
| | | | |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at | S | 356,059 | 321,282 |
| beginning of year | 23 | 625,921 | 304,639 |
| Cook and each equivalents at and of | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | 23 | 981,980 | 625,921 |

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

Turnover

Turnover represents the net sales of invoiced goods on despatch or pick-up, excluding value added tax. Turnover is recognised when the company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer and it is probable that the company will receive the agreed upon payment.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Freehold property

- 2% on cost - 10% on cost

Improvements to property Plant and machinery

- 15% on reducing balance

Motor vehicles

- at varying rates on cost

Computer equipment

- 33% on cost

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively as appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'administrative expenses' in the profit and loss statement.

Investment property

Investment property is shown at most recent valuation. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making allowances for obsolete and slow moving items. Cost is based on a first in, first out basis and is calculated as original purchase price plus labour costs of production and preparation.

At each reporting date, stock is assessed for impairment. If impaired, the carrying amount is reduced and the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable total profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only when it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences and losses can be deducted.

Provision is made at current rates for taxation deferred in respect of all material timing differences.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the relevant period using the effective rate of interest. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as they are incurred.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payments obligations. The contributions are recognised as an expense when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

Current asset investments

Current asset investments are stated at cost less provision for permanent diminution in value.

Grants

Grants are recognised in the profit and loss account so as to match them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Employee benefit trust

Where the Company retains future economic benefit from, and has de facto control of, the assets and liabilities of the trust they are accounted for as assets and liabilities of the Company until the earlier of the date that an allocation of trust funds to employees in respect of past services is declared and the date the assets of the trust vest in identified individuals.

Where monies held in a trust are determined by the Company on the basis of employee's past services to the to the business and the Company can obtain no future economic benefit from those monies, such monies, whether in trust or accrued for by the Company, are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful economic lives taking in to account their residual values where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing the asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual values consider such things as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

The recoverability of debtors is assessed on the likelihood and circumstances of the particular cost.

The value of stock is assessed for impairment. In re-assessing the stock value, factors such as slow movement and obsolescence are taken in to account.

Investment properties are not depreciated but are held at fair value based on the directors' judgement and experience taking into account local conditions, market values for similar properties and the company's long-term plans for their use at the balance sheet date. The assumptions are reviewed at least annually and revisions recognised in the current or previous period as is applicable.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

| 2. | STAFF COSTS | 2016 | 2015 |
|----|--|--|--|
| | | £ | £ |
| | Wages and salaries | 2,536,870 | 2,289,293 |
| | Social security costs | 196,212 | 178,048 |
| | Other pension costs | 179,957 | 180,580 |
| | | 2,913,039 | 2,647,921 |
| | The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows: | | |
| | | 2016 | 2015 |
| | Direct | 94 | 86 |
| | Drivers | 23 | 23 |
| | Administration | 24 | 24 |
| | | 141 | 133 |
| 3. | OPERATING PROFIT | | |
| | The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting): | | |
| | | 2016 | 2015 |
| | | £ | £ 71,172 |
| | | | /11/2 |
| | Depreciation - owned assets | 110,948 | |
| | Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts | 24,734 | 27,581 |
| | Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Profit on disposal of fixed assets | 24,734 (1,500) | 27,581 (783) |
| | Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts | 24,734 | 27,581 |
| | Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Profit on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration | 24,734 (1,500) 8,250 | 27,581 (783) 8,250 |
| | Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Profit on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration Other operating leases Director's remuneration | 24,734 (1,500) 8,250 29,741 ———————————————————————————————————— | 27,581 (783) 8,250 31,052 |
| | Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Profit on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration Other operating leases | 24,734 (1,500) 8,250 29,741 | 27,581 (783) 8,250 31,052 |
| | Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Profit on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration Other operating leases Director's remuneration | 24,734 (1,500) 8,250 29,741 ———————————————————————————————————— | 27,581 (783) 8,250 31,052 |
| | Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Profit on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration Other operating leases Director's remuneration Director's pension contributions to money purchase schemes The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as | 24,734 (1,500) 8,250 29,741 ———————————————————————————————————— | 27,581 (783) 8,250 31,052 |
| | Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Profit on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration Other operating leases Director's remuneration Director's pension contributions to money purchase schemes | 24,734 (1,500) 8,250 29,741 = | 27,581 (783) 8,250 31,052 ———————————————————————————————————— |
| 4. | Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Profit on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration Other operating leases Director's remuneration Director's pension contributions to money purchase schemes The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as | 24,734 (1,500) 8,250 29,741 = | 27,581 (783) 8,250 31,052 ———————————————————————————————————— |
| 4. | Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Profit on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration Other operating leases Director's remuneration Director's pension contributions to money purchase schemes The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as Money purchase schemes | 24,734 (1,500) 8,250 29,741 ———————————————————————————————————— | 27,581 (783) 8,250 31,052 ———————————————————————————————————— |
| 4. | Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Profit on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration Other operating leases Director's remuneration Director's pension contributions to money purchase schemes The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as Money purchase schemes INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES | 24,734 (1,500) 8,250 29,741 11,606 71,150 follows: 1 2016 £ | 27,581 (783) 8,250 31,052 18,879 84,720 1 |
| 4. | Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Profit on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration Other operating leases Director's remuneration Director's pension contributions to money purchase schemes The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as Money purchase schemes | 24,734 (1,500) 8,250 29,741 ———————————————————————————————————— | 27,581 (783) 8,250 31,052 ———————————————————————————————————— |

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

5. TAXATION

| Analysis of the tax charge | | | |
|---|---------------|--|----------------------|
| The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year | was as follow | /s: 2016 £ | 2015 £ |
| Current tax: | | | |
| UK corporation tax Adjustment re prior period | | 178,000 (406) | 95,000 (6,596) |
| Total current tax | | 177,594 | 88,404 |
| Deferred tax | | 72,000 | |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities | | 249,594 | 88,404 |
| Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and lo The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard difference is explained below: | | rporation tax in | the UK. The |
| | | 2016 | 2015 |
| Profit on ordinary activities before tax | | £ 882,808 ——— | £ 594,158 ———— |
| Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.162% (2015 - 21.323%) | | 177,992 | 126,692 |
| Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes | | 6,919 | 11,215 |
| Capital allowances in excess of depreciation | | (22,867) | (38,178) |
| Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods | | (406) | (6,596) |
| Marginal relief | | (248) | (3,441) |
| Short term timing differences | | 70.000 | (1,288) |
| Deferred tax | | 72,000 16,204 | _ |
| Gain on sale of investment property | | —————————————————————————————————————— | |
| Total tax charge | | 249,594 | <u>88,404</u> |
| Tax effects relating to effects of other comprehensive inc | ome | | |
| | | 2016 | |
| | Gross | Tax | Net |
| Valuation movement | £ | £ | £ |
| valuation movement | | | |
| | ==== | | |
| | | 2015 | |
| | Gross | Tax | Net |
| Maluation requirement | £ | £ (4.021) | £ 15.070 |
| Valuation movement | 20,000 | (4,021) | 15,979 |
| | 20,000 | (4,021) | 15,979 |

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

| 6. | DIVIDENDS | | 2016 | 2015 |
|----|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Interim . | | £ 130,000 | 100,000 ——— |
| 7. | TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS | | | |
| | | Freehold property £ | Improvements to property £ | Plant and machinery £ |
| | COST At 1 February 2015 Additions Disposals | 249,974 - - | 473,291 - - | 900,159 97,919 (1,045) |
| | At 31 January 2016 | 249,974 | 473,291 | 997,033 |
| | DEPRECIATION At 1 February 2015 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal | 102,742 4,467 | 473,291 - - | 614,663 47,854 (1,045) |
| | At 31 January 2016 | 107,209 | 473,291 | 661,472 |
| | NET BOOK VALUE At 31 January 2016 | 142,765 | - | 335,561 |
| | At 31 January 2015 | 147,232 | <u> </u> | 285,496 |
| | | Motor vehicles £ | Computer equipment £ | Totals £ |
| | COST | | | |
| | At 1 February 2015 Additions | 497,274 95,709 | 268,920 10,838 | 2,389,618 204,466 |
| | Disposals | (74,304) | - | (75,349) |
| | At 31 January 2016 | 518,679 | 279,758 | 2,518,735 |
| | DEPRECIATION At 1 February 2015 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal | 272,270 58,859 (74,304) | 58,457 24,502 | 1,521,423 135,682 (75,349) |
| | At 31 January 2016 | 256,825 | 82,959 | 1,581,756 |
| | NET BOOK VALUE At 31 January 2016 | 261,854 | 196,799 | 936,979 |
| ٠. | At 31 January 2015 | 225,004 | 210,463 | 868,195 |

Included in cost of land and buildings is freehold land of £26,620 (2015 - £26,620) which is not depreciated.

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes £71,415 (2015 - £125,210) in respect of assets held under hire purchase contracts.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

8.

9.

10.

| INVESTMENT PROPERTY | | |
|--|---|--------------------|
| | | Total £ |
| FAIR VALUE | | |
| At 1 February 2015 | | 90,000 |
| Additions Disposals | | 60,500 (90,000) |
| Disposais | | |
| At 31 January 2016 | | 60,500 |
| NET BOOK VALUE | | |
| At 31 January 2016 | | 60,500 |
| At 31 January 2015 | | 90,000 |
| | | |
| Cost or valuation at 31 January 2016 is represented by: | | |
| | | £ |
| Valuation in 2016 | | 60,500 |
| If investment property had not been revalued it would have been in cost: | cluded at the follo | owing historical |
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Cost | £ 60,500 | £ 2,981 |
| · | ===== | ===== |
| Aggregate depreciation | (1,210) | (2,340) |
| Investment property was valued on a fair value basis on 31 January 20 | 16 by the director. | |
| STOCKS | | |
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Canalina blee medicarina and | £ | £ |
| Consumables, packaging and hygiene | 30,066 | 20,019 |
| Raw meat/produce | 1,113,014 | 1,059,536 |
| | 1,143,080 | 1,079,555 |
| | ======================================= | |
| DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR | | |
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Trade debtors | £ 1,439,874 | £ 1,332,352 |
| Other debtors | 79,756 | 92,069 |
| Prepayments | 73,356 | 70,855 |
| | 1,592,986 | 1,495,276 |
| | 1,092,900 | 1,485,276 |

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

| 11. | CURRENT ASSET INVESTMENTS | | |
|-----|--|----------------------|-------------------|
| | | 2016 | 2015 |
| | Unlisted investments | £ 50,000 | £ 50,000 |
| | Other | 200,000 | 200,000 |
| | | 050,000 | 050.000 |
| | | 250,000 | 250,000 ===== |
| | | | |
| 12. | CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR | 2016 | 2015 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Hire purchase contracts (see note 14) | 31,907 | 49,056 |
| | Trade creditors Tax | 1,027,065 178,000 | 979,281 95,000 |
| | Social security and other taxes | 57,215 | 50,285 |
| | Other creditors | 60,007 | 68,931 |
| | Director's current account | 1,594 37,013 | 108,201 28,776 |
| | Accrued expenses | | 20,770 |
| | | 1,392,801 | 1,379,530 |
| | | | |
| 13. | CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE | | |
| | YEAR | 2016 | 2015 |
| | • | £ | £ |
| | Hire purchase contracts (see note 14) | 7,767 | 39,674 |
| | | | |
| 14. | LEASING AGREEMENTS | | |
| | Obligations under hire purchase contracts and leases: | | |
| | | Hire purchase | contracts |
| | | 2016 | 2015 |
| | Net obligations repayable: | £ | £ |
| | Within one year | 31,907 | 49,056 |
| | Between one and five years | 7,767 | 39,674 |
| | * | 39,674 | 88,730 |
| | · · · · · · | <u> </u> | |
| | | | |
| | The following operating lease payments are committed to be paid. | | |
| | | Other operating | |
| | | 2016 | 2015 |
| | Obligations repayable: | £ | £ |
| | Within one year | 16,120 | 17,167 |
| | Between one and five years | 13,620 | 17,491 |
| | | 29,740 | 34,658 |
| | = | | |

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

15. SECURED DEBTS

| The following secured debts | are included within creditors: |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|

| | The following | secured debts are incli | uded w | ithin creditors: | | | |
|-----|--|--|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Hire purchase | e contracts | | | | 2016 £ 39,674 | 2015 £ 88,730 |
| | Hire purchase | e balances are secured | agains | t the assets to | which they relate | | |
| 16. | PROVISIONS | S FOR LIABILITIES | | | | 2016 £ | 2015 £ |
| | | capital allowances carried forward valuation | | | | 116,521 - - | 30,923 (2,485) 16,083 |
| | | | | | | 116,521 | 44,521 |
| | Ralance at 1 | February 2015 | | | | | Deferred tax £ 44,521 |
| | Provided duri | | | | | | 72,000 |
| | Balance at 31 | January 2016 | | | | | 116,521 |
| 17. | CALLED UP | SHARE CAPITAL | | | | | |
| | Number: | ed and fully paid: Class: | | | Nominal value: | 2016 £ | 2015 £ |
| | 60,102 | Ordinary | | | £1 | 60,102 | 60,102 |
| 18. | RESERVES | | | Retained | Revaluation | Capital redemption | T -4-1- |
| | • | | | earnings £ | reserve £ | reserve £ | Totals £ |
| | At 1 February Profit for the y Dividends | rear | | 2,793,612 633,214 (130,000) | 70,936 | 20,572 | 2,885,120 633,214 (130,000) |
| | Realised on d | · | | 70,936 | (70,936) | - | |
| | At 31 January | 2016 | | 3,367,762 | | 20,572 | 3,388,334 |

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

19. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The director maintains an interest free current account with the company. At the balance sheet date the amount owing to the director is shown in the creditors note. The balance is repayable upon demand.

The director and his wife purchased the investment property from the company at book value of £90,000 during the year.

Other current asset investments relate to assets of an Employee Benefit Trust to provide benefits to officers and employees and their wider families.

During the year interim dividends of £130,000 (2015: £100,000) were paid to the director and his wife.

20. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is R J O Taylor.

21. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Included in the notes to the financial statements are payments to the employee benefit trust of £nil (2015: £nil) and defined contribution pension scheme of £179,957 (2015: £180,580).

22. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| | £ | £ |
| Profit before taxation | 882,808 | 594,158 |
| Depreciation charges | 135,682 | 98,753 |
| Profit on disposal of fixed assets | (1,500) | (783) |
| Finance costs | 3,401 | 5,489 |
| Finance income | (2,423) | (2,150) |
| | 1,017,968 | 695,467 |
| Increase in stocks | (63,525) | (44,663) |
| Increase in trade and other debtors | (97,710) | (27,596) |
| Increase in trade and other creditors | 54,027 ————— | 215,699 |
| Cash generated from operations | 910,760 | 838,907 |
| | | |

23. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

| Year | ended | 31. | January | 2016 |
|------|-------|-----|----------|------|
| ıeaı | enucu | | aiiuai y | 2010 |

| | 31.1.16 | 1.2.15 |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|
| | £ | £ |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 981,980 | 625,921 |
| | | = |
| Year ended 31 January 2015 | | |
| | 31.1.15 | 1.2.14 |
| • | £ | £ |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 625,921 | 304,639 |
| | | |

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 January 2016

24. FRS 102 TRANSITION

The following adjustments arose at the transition date of 1 February 2014 as a result of a change in the calculation of hire purchase interest from a straight line basis to an effective rate basis, an inclusion of a holiday pay accrual and the inclusion of a deferred tax provision for taxation not previously provided on revalued property.

Reconciliation of Equity 1 February 2014 (Date of Transition to FRS 102)

| | Notes | UK GAAP £ | Effect of transition to FRS 102 | FRS 102 £ |
|---|-------|-----------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| FIXED ASSETS | Notes | ~ | - | ~ |
| Tangible assets | 7 | 603,610 | | 603,610 |
| Investment property | 8 | 110,000 | _ | 110,000 |
| mvestment property | • | | | |
| | | 713,610 | - | 713,610 |
| | | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | | |
| Stocks | 9 | 1,034,892 | - | 1,034,892 |
| Debtors | 10 | 1,467,680 | - | 1,467,680 |
| Investments | 11 | 250,000 | - | 250,000 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 304,639 | | 304,639 |
| | | 3,057,211 | - | 3,057,211 |
| | | | | |
| CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year | 12 | (1,118,697) | (2,227) | (1,120,924) |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS | | 1,938,514 | (2,227) | 1,936,287 |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 2,652,124 | (2,227) | 2,649,897 |
| CREDITORS | | | | |
| Amounts falling due after more than one year | 13 | (43,680) | (2,228) | (45,908) |
| PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES | 16 | (28,438) | (20,104) | (48,542) |
| NET ASSETS | | 2,580,006 | (24,559) | 2,555,447 |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 17 | 60,102 | - | 60,102 |
| Revaluation reserve | 18 | 107,019 | (20,104) | 86,915 |
| Capital redemption reserve | 18 | 20,572 | (20,101) | 20.572 |
| Retained earnings | 18 | 2,392,313 | (4,455) | 2,387,858 |
| SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS | | 2,580,006 | (24,559) | 2,555,447 |
| | | | | ==== |

Reconciliation of Equity - continued 31 January 2015

| | Notes | UK GAAP £ | Effect of transition to FRS 102 | FRS 102 £ |
|--|-------|-----------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| FIXED ASSETS | Hotes | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| Tangible assets | 7 | 868,195 | _ | 868,195 |
| Investment property | 8 | 90,000 | _ | 90,000 |
| investment property | O | | | |
| | | 958,195 | - | 958,195 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | , | | |
| Stocks | 9 | 1,079,555 | - | 1,079,555 |
| Debtors | 10 | 1,495,276 | - | 1,495,276 |
| Investments | 11 | 250,000 | - | 250,000 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 625,921 | - | 625,921 |
| | | 3,450,752 | | 3,450,752 |
| CREDITORS | | | | |
| Amounts falling due within one year | 12 | (1,378,823) | (707) | (1,379,530) |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS | | 2,071,929 | (707) | 2,071,222 |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 3,030,124 | (707) | 3,029,417 |
| ODEDITORS. | | | , , | |
| CREDITORS | | | | |
| Amounts falling due after more than one year | 13 | (37,498) | (2,176) | (39,674) |
| PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES | 16 | (28,438) | (16,083) | (44,521) |
| NET ASSETS | | 2,964,188 | (18,966) | 2,945,222 |
| CARITAL AND DECENTED | | | | |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | 4- | 00.400 | | 00.460 |
| Called up share capital | 17 | 60,102 | - (40.000) | 60,102 |
| Revaluation reserve | 18 | 87,019 | (16,083) | 70,936 |
| Capital redemption reserve | 18 | 20,572 | (0.000) | 20,572 |
| Retained earnings | 18 | 2,796,495 | (2,883) | 2,793,612 |
| SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS | | 2,964,188 | (18,966) | 2,945,222 |

Reconciliation of Profit for the Year Ended 31 January 2015

| | UK | Effect of transition | |
|--|--------------|----------------------|--------------|
| | GAAP | to FRS 102 | FRS 102 |
| | £ | £ | £ |
| TURNOVER | 14,735,968 | _ | 14,735,968 |
| Cost of sales | (12,436,394) | 3,171 | (12,433,223) |
| GROSS PROFIT | 2,299,574 | 3,171 | 2,302,745 |
| Distribution costs | (761,812) | - | (761,812) |
| Administrative expenses | (957,287) | 1 | (957,286) |
| Other operating income | 13,850 | - | 13,850 |
| OPERATING PROFIT | 594,325 | 3,172 | 597,497 |
| Interest receivable and similar income | 2,150 | - | 2,150 |
| Interest payable and similar charges | (4,889) | (600) | (5,489) |
| PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES | | | |
| BEFORE TAXATION | 591,586 | 2,572 | 594,158 |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities | (87,404) | (1,000) | (88,404) |
| PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR | 504,182 | 1,572 | 505,754 |
| | | | |