OLDFIELD MUSIC LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

COMPANIES HOUSE

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BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		20,112		18,579
Current assets					
Debtors	5	55,158		82,753	
Cash at bank and in hand		54,217 ———		43,023	
	_	109,375		125,776	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(17,848)		(11,350)	
•					
Net current assets			91,527		114,426
Total assets less current liabilities			111,639		133,005
Provisions for liabilities	7		(2,980)		(2,623)
					
Net assets			108,659		130,382
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		100		100
Profit and loss reserves		•	108,559		130,282
Total equity			108,659		130,382

The director of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on $\frac{15}{4}$

D.A. Sharp

As attorney for M.G. Oldfield, Director

Company Registration No. 01233240

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Oldfield Music Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 55 Station Road, Beaconsfield, Buckinghamshire, HP9 1QL.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

12 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for royalties net of VAT. Revenue is recognised when royalties are due.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery

25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand.

1.5 Financial instruments

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 1 (2016 - 1).

3 Taxation

	2017 £	2016 £
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	16,096	8,819
		
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	357	(4,205)
		
Total tax charge	16,453	4,614
		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

4 Tangible fixed assets	Plant and machinery etc £	
Cost At 1 January 2017 Additions		108,813 8,237
At 31 December 2017		117,050
Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2017 Depreciation charged in the year		90,234 6,704
At 31 December 2017		96,938
Carrying amount At 31 December 2017		20,112
At 31 December 2016	:	18,579
5 Debtors	2017	2016
Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
Other debtors	55,158	82,753
6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors	108 16,096 8 1,636	115 8,819 1,610 806
	17,848	11,350

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

7 Deferred taxation

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the company and movements thereon:

Balan	ces:	Liabilities 2017 £	Liabilities 2016 £
Accele	erated capital allowances	2,980	2,623
Move	ments in the year:		2017 £
	y at 1 January 2017 e to profit or loss		2,623 357
Liabilit	y at 31 December 2017		2,980
Called	l up share capital	2017	2016
		£	2016 £
	ary share capital d and fully paid	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_
	rdinary Shares of £1 each	100	100
		100	100

9 Control

8

As per the previous year, the company is controlled by M.G. Oldfield, the company's sole director.