DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

Registered No: 01227597

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

COMPANY INFORMATION

Registered number 01227597

Country of incorporation England and Wales

Registered office 3 Cockspur Street

London SW1Y 5BQ

Directors P Rose

C J P Gilmore D B Willey D Mitchell

Company Secretary D B Willey

Independent Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

1 Embankment Place

London WC2N 6RH

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their report, together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hunting PLC, a company registered in England and Wales, and acts as a holding company to the Hunting PLC Group

From the perspective of the Company, the primary risks and uncertainties are integrated with the primary risks of the Hunting PLC Group and are not managed separately. The primary risks and uncertainties of the Hunting PLC Group, which include those of the Company, are discussed on pages 27 and 28 of the Hunting PLC 2011 Annual Report and Accounts. Further detail on financial risks is provided within note 13.

No change in the activities of the Company is anticipated in 2012

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results and financial position of the Company are set out in the attached financial statements. The profit for the year was £251,000 (2010 £491,000), which includes dividend income of £nil (2010 £177,000). The profit for the year has been transferred to reserves, which has increased net assets from £26,524,000 in 2010 to £26,775,000 in 2011.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2010 £nil)

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the Company's Directors are of the opinion that analysis using Key Performance Indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business

CHARITABLE AND POLITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS

The Company made no charitable or political donations in 2011 (2010 £nil)

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company who served during the year and to the date of this report were as follows

P Rose

JW Mactaggart (resigned 12 April 2012)

CJP Gilmore

DB Willey

D Mitchell (appointed 12 April 2012)

No Director had a material interest in any contract of significance to which the Company was a party

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE

Hunting PLC maintains insurance against certain liabilities which could arise from a negligent act or a breach of duty by its Directors and officers in the discharge of their duties

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company Law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the Directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") as adopted by the European Union. Under Company Law, the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable IFRSs, as adopted by the European Union, have been followed, subject
 to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT ON DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

In accordance with Companies Act requirements, all Directors in office, as at the date of this report, have confirmed so far as they are aware there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware and each Director has taken all reasonable steps necessary in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information. This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

By Order of the Board

P Rose Director

18 May 2012

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HUNTING DEFENCE LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Hunting Defence Limited for the year ended 31 December 2011, which comprise the Income Statement, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report and Financial Statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of its
 profit and cash flows for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HUNTING DEFENCE LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Paul Kerr (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
London
18 May 2012

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

	Notes	2011	2010
		£'000	£'000
Other income		-	177
Administrative expenses – exceptional	3		82_
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	4	-	259
Finance income	5	341	322
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		341	581
Taxation	6	(90)	(90)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		251_	491

The profit for the year arises from the Company's continuing operations

There is no other comprehensive income for the year

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2011

	Notes	2011	2010
		£,000	£,000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Investment in subsidiaries	7	-	5,610
Other accounts receivable	8	26,528	20,902
		26,528	26,512
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	962	752
·		962	752
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Other accounts payable	10	(8)	-
Provisions	11	(617)	(650)
Current tax liabilities		(90)	(90)_
		(715)	(740)_
Net current assets		247_	12
Net assets		26,775	26,524
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	14	45,000	45,000
Retained loss	15	(18,225)	(18,476)
Total equity		26,775	26,524

The notes on pages 11 to 23 form part of these financial statements

Approved by the Board on 18 May 2012

P Rose Director

Registered No 01227597

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

	Share	Retained	
	capital	loss	Total
	£,000	£'000	£,000
At 1 January 2011	45,000	(18,476)	26,524
Profit for the year		251_	251_
At 31 December 2011	45,000	(18,225)	26,775
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010			
	Share	Retained	
	capital	loss	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1 January 2010	45,000	(18,967)	26,033
Profit for the year		491	491_
At 31 December 2010	45,000	(18,476)	26,524

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

		Restated
	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Operating activities		
Profit from operations	-	259
Investment income	-	(177)
Decrease in payables and provisions	(25)	(93)
Taxation paid	(90)	(111)
Non-cash flow items – warranty provision		(82)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(115)	(204)
Investing activities		
Interest received	325	321
Dividends received from subsidiaries		177
Net cash inflow from investing activities	325	498
Net inflow in cash and cash equivalents	210	294
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	752	458_
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (note 9)	962	752

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1 1 Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (IFRSs as adopted by the EU), IFRIC Interpretations and the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention.

Until 31 December 2010, the Company disclosed interest received in financing activities of the statement of cash flows. The statement of cash flows for 2010 has been restated to show the cash flows in investing activities, which better reflects their nature.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented

Adoption of new standards, amendments and interpretations

The following new standards, amendments and interpretations became effective for and were adopted during the year ended 31 December 2011

- IAS 24 (revised) Related Party Disclosures
- Improvements to IFRSs May 2010

Although the adoption of these standards, amendments and interpretations represents a change in accounting policy, comparative figures for 2010 have not been restated, as these changes do not impact the financial performance or position of the Company

Standards, Amendments and Interpretations Effective Subsequent to the Year End

- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments*
- IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities*
- IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement*
- IAS 27 (revised) Separate Financial Statements*
- Amendment to IAS 1 Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income*

It is not anticipated that any of the new requirements will significantly impact the Company's results or financial position

12 Investment in Subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration paid, less provision for impairment

^{*} Not yet endorsed by the European Union

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

13 Foreign Currency Translation

The financial statements of the Company are prepared and presented using its functional currency, which is sterling. The functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in non-functional currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of the Company are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of transaction. All exchange differences are taken to the income statement.

14 Interest

Interest income is recognised in the income statement using the effective interest method and is included in finance income

15 Exceptional Items

Exceptional items are regarded as significant items of income and expense, which are separately disclosed by virtue of their size, incidence or nature to enable a full understanding of the Company's financial performance

16 Taxation

The taxation charge in the income statement comprises current tax arising on the current year's profit before tax

Current tax is the expected net tax payable arising in the current year on the current year's profit before tax, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

17 Provisions

Provisions are liabilities where the amount or timing of future expenditure is uncertain. Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the obligation. If the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted to their present value.

If an obligation is not capable of being reliably estimated it is classified as a contingent liability

18 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand. Accrued interest is disclosed as part of the year-end balance

19 Dividend Income

Dividend income is recognised in the income statement as other income in the period in which it has been received, for interim dividends, or approved, for final dividends, by the relevant company's shareholders

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1 10 Financial Assets

The Company classifies its financial assets into loans and receivables. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date. Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value at the trade date, which is normally the consideration paid, plus transaction costs.

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether a financial asset is impaired by comparing its carrying value with the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at a rate relevant to the nature of the financial asset Management will, however, use an alternative method where this would result in a more accurate fair value. If the carrying amount is higher, it is reduced to the appropriate value and the loss is recognised in the income statement immediately. Financial assets cease to be recognised when the right to receive cash flows has expired or has been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. The Company's loans and receivables comprise receivables due from fellow group companies and cash and cash equivalents. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. If collection is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets. Interest accrued on loans carried at amortised cost is regarded as an integral part of the loan balance and, therefore, included within the carrying value of those loans. Consequently, interest receivable within twelve months on loans due after more than one year is recognised within non-current assets.

1 11 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value at the trade date, which is normally the consideration received less transaction costs. The Company subsequently re-measures all of its financial liabilities, including other accounts payable, at amortised cost. Payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

1 12 Group Accounts

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing group accounts under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 as it is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hunting PLC, a company registered in England and Wales, in whose consolidated financial statements the Company is included

1 13 Share Capital

The Company's share capital comprises a single class of Ordinary shares, which are classified as equity

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1 14 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements and assumptions about the future, resulting in the use of accounting estimates. These will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results and adjustments will consequently be necessary. Estimates are continually evaluated, based on experience, consultation with experts and reasonable expectations of future events. Accounting estimates are applied in determining the carrying value of provisions and accruals.

2 DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

None of the Directors received any remuneration during the year in respect of their services to the Company (2010 £nil) Remuneration received by Directors was for their services to Hunting PLC, the ultimate parent company acting in various Group capacities. The key management of Hunting Defence Limited is its Directors.

The average number of persons employed by the Company during the year was nil (2010 nil)

3. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES - EXCEPTIONAL

	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
New provision for employee claims	-	150
Release of provision for employee claims		(232)
		(00)
	-	(82)

During 2010, the Company released part of its warranty provision for employee claims brought against the Company by former employees of its former subsidiary, Aero Sekur SpA, which was sold on 12 July 2007 Further details are shown in note 11

4. PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS

Auditors' remuneration of £3,000 (2010 £3,000) has been paid by Hunting PLC, the Company's ultimate parent company, for services provided to the Company for the statutory audit of the financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

5. FINANCE INCOME

		2011	2010
		£'000	£'000
	Bank balances	13	9
	Fellow group companies	328	313
	. onen group companies		
		341	322
6.	TAXATION		
		2011	2010
		£'000	£'000
	UK Corporation Tax	£ 000	£ 000
	·	00	00
	Current tax – current year expense	90	90_
	Total tax charge	90	90
	The tax charge for the year is the same (2010 lower) than the UK standard 26 5% (2010 28%)	d rate for corpo	ration tax of
		2011	2040
			2010
		£'000	£'000
	Profit before tax	341	581
	Taxation at the standard UK corporation tax rate of 26 5% (2010 28%)	90	163
	Non-taxable income	-	(50)
	Permanent differences		(23)
		90	90_

A number of changes to the UK corporation tax system were announced in the March 2011 Budget Statement. The main rate of corporation tax was reduced from 28% to 26% from 1 April 2011 and was substantively enacted on 29 March 2011. A further reduction to 25% from 1 April 2012 was substantively enacted on 5 July 2011 and is therefore taken into account in these financial statements. In addition to this, a further reduction was announced in the March 2012 Budget Statement to reduce the main rate of corporation tax to 24% from 1 April 2012. Further reductions to the main rate are proposed to reduce the rate by 1% per annum to 22% by 1 April 2014. Beyond the reduction to 25%, the changes have not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and, therefore, are not included in these financial statements. The changes are not expected to have a material impact on the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

7. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

At 31 December	<u>-</u>	5,610
Liquidation	(5,610)	<u> </u>
At 1 January	5,610	5,610
Cost:		
	£'000	£'000
	2011	2010

On 6 July 2011, Hunting Brae Limited was placed into members' voluntary liquidation. On 27 October 2011, a first and final in specie distribution was made by Hunting Brae Limited to the Company totalling £5,610,000, representing a distribution of £1 per share based on the shareholding of 5,610,000 ordinary £1 shares. The distribution comprised the assignment of a book debt of £5,610,000 due from Hunting PLC to the Company. On 1 March 2012, Hunting Brae Limited was dissolved.

8. OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Non-current.		
Receivables due from fellow group companies	26,528	20,902

During the year, a loan due to Hunting Brae Limited was assigned to the Company to settle the final distribution of £5,610,000 made by Hunting Brae Limited on liquidation

At 31 December 2011, none of the Company's other accounts receivable were overdue and the Company does not consider it necessary to provide for any impairment, as the receivables are due from fellow group companies. Other accounts receivable are expected to be fully recovered as there is no recent history of default or any indications that the debtors will not meet their payment obligations. At the year end there are no receivables (2010 none) whose terms have been renegotiated and would otherwise be overdue or impaired.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is the fair value of each class of receivable, as shown in note 12

The Company does not hold any collateral as security and no assets have been acquired through the exercise of any collateral previously held

Non-current amounts owed by fellow group companies are unsecured. Interest is charged at 1% above UK base rate. All of the Company's financial assets included in other accounts receivable are denominated in sterling.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

9 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		2011 £'000	2010 £'000
	Cash at bank and in hand	962	752
	Cash and cash equivalents have been deposited with a bank that has a F and are expected to be fully recovered. Cash and cash equivalents at the in sterling		
10.	OTHER ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		
		201 1 £'000	2010 £'000
	Accruals	8	
11.	PROVISIONS		
			Warranties £'000
	At 1 January 2011 Provision utilised		650 (33)
	At 31 December 2011		617

The remaining provision is expected to be utilised during 2012 and is denominated in sterling

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

12 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts of each measurement category of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are stated below, together with a comparison of the fair value and carrying amount for each class of financial asset and financial liability

		201	1	
		Financial		
		liabilities		
		measured		
		at	Total	Total
	Loans and	amortised	carrying	fair
	receivables	cost	amount	value
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Non-current assets				
Receivables due from fellow group companies	26,528	_	26,528	26,528
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	962	-	962	962
Current liabilities				
Provisions	-	(617)	(617)	(617)
Accruals		(8)	(8)	(8)
	27,490	(625)	26,865	26,865

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

	2010			
		Financial		
		liabilities		
		measured at	Total	
	Loans and	amortised	carrying	Total faır
	receivables	cost	amount	value
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Non-current assets				
Receivables due from fellow group companies	20,902	-	20,902	20,902
Output and a				
Current assets			750	750
Cash and cash equivalents	752	-	752	752
Current liabilities				
Provisions		(650)	(650)	(650)_
	21,654	(650)	21,004	21,004

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using standard valuation techniques, predominantly based on discounted cash flows. The carrying amounts of current financial assets and liabilities are a reasonable approximation of their fair values, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

13. FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS

The Company's activities expose it to certain financial risks, namely market risk (including cash flow interest risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. From the perspective of the Company, these financial risks are integrated with the financial risks of the Hunting PLC Group and are not managed separately.

a) Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk from its cash and cash equivalents and from amounts owed by group companies, which are at variable interest rates

b) Credit risk

The Company's credit risk arises from its outstanding receivables and cash and cash equivalents. The Company is exposed to credit risk to the extent of non-receipt of its financial assets, however, it has no significant concentrations of credit risk other than from related parties. Credit risk is continually monitored and no individual exposure is considered to be significant in the ordinary course of the Company's activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

13 FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (continued)

The Company's outstanding receivables are due from fellow group companies, and no losses are expected from non-performance of these counterparties

Funds are only invested with approved financial institutions and no losses are expected from non-performance of the counterparty

c) Liquidity risk

The Company has sufficient facilities available to satisfy its requirements

The table below analyses the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date of the financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the table are the contractual *undiscounted* cash flows, whereas the carrying amounts in the balance sheet are the *discounted* amounts. Balances due within one year have been included in the maturity analysis at their carrying amounts, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	On demand or within 1 year	
	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Non-derivative financial liabilities		
Provisions	617	650
Accruals	8	
	625_	650

The Company did not have any derivative financial instruments

d) Sensitivity analysis

The following sensitivity analysis is intended to illustrate the sensitivity to changes in market variables on the Company's financial instruments, and show the impact on profit or loss and shareholders' equity. Financial instruments affected by market risk include cash and cash equivalents and receivables. The sensitivity analysis relates to the position as at 31 December 2011.

The sensitivity analysis has been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt and the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt remain unchanged at 31 December 2011

The analysis excludes the impact of movements in market variables on the carrying value of non-financial assets and liabilities

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

13. FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (continued)

The following assumptions have been made in calculating the sensitivity analysis

• The carrying values of financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost do not change as interest rates change

(i) Interest rate sensitivity

The table below shows the post-tax impact for the year of a reasonable change in the UK interest rate, with all other variables held constant, at 31 December

	2011	2010
	Income	Income
	statement	statement
	£'000	£'000
UK interest rates +0 25% (2010 +0 5%)	51	78
UK interest rates -0 25% (2010 -0 5%)	(51)	(78)

The movements arise from the sterling denominated floating rate loans to fellow group companies and bank accounts

There was no impact on equity

14. SHARE CAPITAL

	2011	2010
	£,000	£'000
Ordinary equity shares of £1 each		
Allotted, issued and fully paid	45,000	45,000

There are no restrictions to any of the Ordinary shares in issue and all Ordinary shares carry equal voting rights

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

15. RETAINED LOSS

	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
At 1 January Profit for the year	(18,476) 251_	(18,967) 491
At 31 December	(18,225)	(18,476)

16 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's capital consists of equity and net cash, comprising cash and cash equivalents and amounts owed by fellow group companies

It is managed with the aim of maintaining an appropriate level of financing available for the Company's activities, having due regard to interest rate and currency risks and the availability of borrowing facilities

Changes in equity arise from the retention of earnings and, from time to time, issues of share capital Net cash is monitored on a periodic basis and is managed by the control of dividend payments and the purchase and disposal of investments

At the year end, capital comprised

	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Total equity Net cash	26,524 (27,490)	26,524 (21,654)
Gross capital employed	(966)	4,870

There have been no significant changes in the Company's funding policy during the year

17 BANKING ARRANGEMENTS

The Company is party to a Group set-off arrangement with Lloyds TSB Bank Plc

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

18. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The immediate parent company is Hunting Oil Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales

The ultimate parent company is Hunting PLC, a company registered in England and Wales. The only group of which the Company is a member and for which consolidated financial statements are prepared is Hunting PLC. The consolidated financial statements of Hunting PLC can be obtained from its registered office at 3 Cockspur Street, London, SW1Y 5BQ.

19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Hunting PLC, the ultimate parent company, owed the Company £18,266,000 (2010 £12,640,000) on an interest bearing loan at the year-end. The Company charged £204,000 (2010 £189,000) interest on the loan.

Hunting Oil Holdings Limited, the immediate parent company, owed the Company £8,262,000 (2010 £8,262,000) on an interest bearing loan at the year-end. The Company charged £124,000 (2010 £124,000) interest on the loan