# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005



#### PARENT UNDERTAKING

Bibby Line Limited

#### ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

Bibby Line Group Limited

#### **DIRECTORS**

Cyril Joseph Green Jonathan Osborne Simon Jeremy Kitchen Sean Thomas Golding

#### **SECRETARY**

Bibby Bros. & Co. (Management) Limited

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

105 Duke Street Liverpool L1 5JQ www.bibbyline.co.uk

Incorporated in England and Wales Registered No. 1195555

#### **AUDITORS**

KPMG LLP 8 Princes Parade Liverpool L3 1QH

#### FLEET

#### Owned

'Bibby Altona'
'Bibby Bergen'
'Bibby Challenge'

'Bibby Kalmar'

'Bibby Portsmouth'
'Bibby Progress'

'Bibby Stockholm'

Floating Accommodation Vessel Floating Accommodation Vessel

### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005.

#### **ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company is the ownership and operation of floating accommodation vessels.

#### TRADING RESULT AND DIVIDEND

The result for the year is set out in the profit and loss account. The directors consider the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2005 to be satisfactory given the continued financial support of the parent undertaking.

During 2005, two vessels were sold, Bibby Goteborg and Casa Marina, whilst the Bibby Stockholm and Bibby Kalmar underwent significant conversions.

The directors do not anticipate any major changes in the Company's trading position in the foreseeable future.

The directors do not recommend a dividend in respect of the year.

#### DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors during the year were:

Cyril Joseph Green John Stewart Whewell Hogarth Jonathan Osborne Simon Jeremy Kitchen - Appointed 7 October 2005

Since the year end, John Stewart Whewell Hogarth resigned as a director of the Company on 6 January 2006 and Sean Thomas Golding was appointed as a director of the Company on 1 January 2006.

The interests of the directors in the shares of Bibby Line Group Limited were as follows:-

	31 December 2005 Beneficial	1 January 2004 Beneficial
J. S. W. Hogarth		
£1,000 Ordinary Shares	~	1

None of the other directors held any interests in either the shares of the Company or any of the Bibby Line Group Limited group of companies.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005 (CONTINUED)

#### **AUDITORS**

In accordance with the Companies Act 1985 the directors have passed an elective resolution to dispense with the annual appointment of auditors, the holding of Annual General Meetings and the laying of accounts at the Annual General Meeting. KPMG LLP have expressed their willingness to remain in office.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards.

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the Board

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Bibby Bros. & Co. (Management) Limited

Secretary

31 March 2006

#### **KPMG LLP**

8 Princes Parade Liverpool United Kingdom

#### Independent auditors' report to the members of Bibby Maritime Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Bibby Maritime Limited for the year ended 31 December 2005 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account and the Balance Sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 3, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2005 and of its loss for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

Khuhul

31 March 2006

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

	Note	2005 US\$	2004 US\$
Turnover	2	8,737,836	6,381,346
Cost of sales		( <u>7,952,891</u> )	( <u>7,707,510</u> )
Gross profit/(loss)		784,945	(1,326,164)
Administration expenses		( <u>2,640,450</u> )	(2,176,058)
Operating loss		(1,855,505)	(3,502,222)
Loss on sale of fixed assets		(638,171)	(1,187,286)
Interest payable		( <u>423,444</u> )	( <u>746,183</u> )
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	3	(2,917,120)	(5,435,691)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	4	( <u>1,806,943</u> )	1,532,509
Retained loss for the financial year	11	( <u>4,724,063</u> )	( <u>3,903,182</u> )

There are no recognised gains or losses in 2005 or 2004 other than those dealt with in the profit and loss account.

The turnover and loss on ordinary activities derive from continuing activities.

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2005

	Note	2005 US\$	2004 US\$
Fixed assets:			
Tangible assets	5	26,223,919	22,009,909
Current assets:			
Debtors Cash at bank	6	2,302,807 405,961	3,428,135 2,887,950
		2,708,768	6,316,085
Creditors (amounts falling due within one year)	7	(30,374,261)	(13,416,396)
Net current liabilities		(27,665,493)	( <u>7,100,311</u> )
Total assets less current liabilities		( <u>1,441,574</u> )	14,909,598
Creditors (amounts falling due after more than one year)	8	3,539,100	17,287,048
Provision for liabilities and charges	9	6,112,151	3,991,312
Capital and reserves:			
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	10 11	155 ( <u>11,092,980</u> )	155 ( <u>6,368,917</u> )
Equity shareholders' funds	12	( <u>11,092,825</u> )	( <u>6,368,762</u> )
		( <u>1,441,574</u> )	14,909,598

Approved by the Board on 31 March 2006

Sa Gold

S. T. Golding Director

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

#### ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparation

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items considered to be material to the company's financial statements.

The financial statements are stated in US Dollars. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the method used to translate the issued share capital and the carrying value of the vessels to US Dollars, and in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards.

The US Dollar value of the issued share capital is arrived at by converting from Sterling at the exchange rate ruling at the date the accounts were first presented in US Dollars.

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons. The company is dependent for its working capital on funds guaranteed by other group companies. Bibby Line Limited, the parent company, has provided the company with an undertaking that, for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, it will continue to make available such funds and guarantees as are needed by the company. This should enable the company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for payment. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

Based on this undertaking the directors believe that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the basis of preparation being inappropriate.

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are included at cost less depreciation. The US dollar value of the vessel is arrived at by converting from sterling at the exchange rate ruling at the date the accounts were first presented in US\$. Subsequent additions are stated at cost.

Depreciation is provided on a straight line basis to write off the cost of the vessels over their useful economic lives, estimated to be between twelve and twenty five years.

#### Fleet insurance

The accommodation vessels are fully insured outside of the Group.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. The deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005 (CONTINUED)

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet date. All exchange differences are dealt with through the profit and loss account.

#### Floating accommodation vessels' relocation and refurbishment costs

After a floating accommodation vessel completes a contract, the costs of relocation and refurbishment are normally written off over the life of that vessel's next contract. However, if the next contract is of a short term nature, the costs are written off to the profit and loss account in the year of expenditure.

#### Cash flows

A statement of Group cash flows has been included in the consolidated accounts presented by the parent undertaking. Consequently, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 1 (Revised 1996).

#### Related party transactions

Under Financial Reporting Standard 8, the Company is exempt from disclosing related party transactions with other group companies, as more than 90% of the voting rights are controlled by the ultimate parent undertaking, Bibby Line Group Limited.

Transactions between Bibby Line Group Limited and its related parties and a statement of substantial shareholdings in Bibby Line Group Limited are included in that company's consolidated financial statements.

#### 2. TURNOVER

Turnover is the freight and charter hire earned and is recognised at the time the relevant service is provided to customers.

## 3. LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION is stated after charging/(crediting) the following amounts:-

	2005	2004
	US\$	US\$
Foreign exchange differences	16,442	(46,464)
Depreciation	3,660,382	2,959,494
Interest payable on finance loans	<u>423,444</u>	<u>746,183</u>

There were no emoluments paid to the directors for the year (2004 - Nil). Auditors' remuneration is borne by the parent company.

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005 (CONTINUED)

Current tax credit for the year

4.	TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	2005 US\$	2004 US\$
	The taxation (charge)/credit comprises:	US\$	USS
	Amount receivable in respect of group relief surrendered	313,896	1,009,237
	Current tax credit	313,896	1,009,237
	Deferred taxation (charge)/credit	(2,120,839)	<u>523,272</u>
		( <u>1,806,943</u> )	1,532,509
	Factors affecting the tax (charge)/credit for the year:		
	The current tax charge is lower than the anticipated charge charge is based on the average rate of tax across the Company		d current tax
	The differences are explained as follows:		
		2005 US\$	2004 US\$
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(2,917,120)	( <u>5,435,691</u> )
	Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by the rate of tax of 30% (2004 - 30%)	875,136	1,630,707
	Effects of: Loss on sale of fixed assets not subject to corporation tax Surrender of group relief at less than full value Non taxable exchange difference Difference between capital allowances and depreciation	(191,451) (34,877) (4,932) ( <u>329,980</u> )	(356,186) (112,137) 13,940 ( <u>167,087</u> )

1,009,237

<u>313,896</u>

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005 (CONTINUED)

#### 5. TANGIBLE ASSETS

			Fleet US\$
	Cost At 1 January 2005 Additions Disposals		56,936,892 8,799,745 ( <u>5,933,385</u> )
	At 31 December 2005		59,803,252
	Accumulated Depreciation At 1 January 2005 Disposals Charge for the year At 31 December 2005 Net book amount at 31 December 2005 Net book amount at 31 December 2004		34,926,983 (5,008,032) 3,660,382 33,579,333 26,223,919 22,009,909
6.	DEBTORS	2005 US\$	2004 US\$
	Trade debtors Amount owed by group undertakings Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	604,143 297,454 1,401,210 ————————————————————————————————————	2,168,252 1,055,701 90,132 114,050 3,428,135
7.	CREDITORS (amounts falling due within one year)	2005 US\$	2004 US\$
	Amounts owed to group undertakings Bank loans (note 8) Other creditors Taxation and social security Accruals and deferred income	28,588,370 1,179,700 3,866 147,351 <u>454,974</u>	8,898,076 3,984,200 127,931 - 406,189
		<u>30,374,261</u>	<u>13,416,396</u>

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005 (CONTINUED)

8.	CREDITORS

(amounts falling due after more than one year)

	(amounts falling due after more than one year)		
		2005 US\$	2004 US\$
	Bank loan (see below)	3,539,100	<u>17,287,048</u>
	Euro bank loans, secured by statutory mortgages over carrying interest at up to 1.625 per cent above US Doi instalments over periods to 2007 as follows:-	certain vessels Ilar EURIBOR,	of the fleet and are repayable by
		2005 US\$	2004 US\$
	Within one year Between one and two years Between two and five years	1,179,700 3,539,100	3,984,200 3,984,200 13,302,848
		4,718,800	<u>21,271,248</u>
9.	PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES		Deferred Taxation
			US\$
	At 1 January 2005 Deferred taxation transferred from profit and loss account (	(note 4)	3,991,312 2,120,839
	At 31 December 2005		6,112,151
	Deferred tax allowances relate to accelerated capital allowa	ances.	
10.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL	2005 US\$	2004 US\$
	Authorised, allotted and fully paid: 100 ordinary equity shares of £1 each	<u>155</u>	<u>155</u>

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005 (CONTINUED)

#### 11. RESERVES

11.	KESEKVES		Profit and Loss Account US\$
	At 1 January 2005 Loss for the financial year		(6,368,917) ( <u>4,724,063</u> )
	At 31 December 2005		(11,092,980)
12.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	2005 US\$	2004 US\$
	Loss for the financial year	(4,724,063)	(3,903,182)
	Opening deficit in equity shareholders' funds	( <u>6,368,762</u> )	( <u>2,465,580</u> )
	Closing deficit in equity shareholders' funds	(11,092,825)	( <u>6,368,762</u> )

#### 13. PARENT UNDERTAKING

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Bibby Line Limited, which itself is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Bibby Line Group Limited both of which are registered in England. Bibby Line Group Limited is the parent undertaking of the largest group which consolidates these accounts and of which the Company is a member. Bibby Line Limited is the parent undertaking of the smallest group which consolidates these accounts and of which the Company is a member.

Copies of the Group financial statements may be obtained from Bibby Line Group Limited, 105 Duke Street, Liverpool L1 5JQ (www.bibbygroup.co.uk).